Session of 2023

HOUSE BILL No. 2369

By Representative Haswood

2-8

AN ACT concerning children and minors; enacting the Kansas Indian 1 2 child welfare act; providing additional requirements for child custody 3 proceedings involving Indian children. 4 5 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas: 6 Section 1. (a) Sections 1 through 7, and amendments thereto, shall be 7 known and may be cited as the Kansas Indian child welfare act. 8 (b) The purpose of the Kansas Indian child welfare act is to 9 implement the provisions of the federal Indian child welfare act of 1978, 10 25 U.S.C. § 1901 et seq. 11 (c) It is hereby declared the policy of the state to: (1) Recognize that 12 Indian tribes and nations have a valid governmental interest in Indian 13 children regardless of whether such children are in the physical or legal custody of an Indian parent or Indian custodian when state proceedings are 14 initiated; and (2) cooperate fully with Indian tribes to ensure that the intent 15 and provisions of the federal Indian child welfare act of 1978 are enforced. 16 (a) As used in the Kansas Indian child welfare act: 17 Sec. 2. "Indian" means a person who is a member of an Indian tribe. 18 (1)19 (2) "Indian child" means any unmarried or unemancipated person 20 who is 18 years of age or younger and is either: 21 (A) A member of an Indian tribe; or 22 (B) eligible for membership in an Indian tribe and the biological child 23 of a member of an Indian tribe. 24 (3) "Indian custodian" means any Indian person who has legal 25 custody of an Indian child under tribal law or custom or under state law or 26 to whom temporary physical care, custody and control has been transferred 27 by the parent of such child. 28 (4) "Indian tribe" means the same as defined in K.S.A. 50-6a07, and 29 amendments thereto. 30 (5) "Secretary" means the same as defined in K.S.A. 38-2202, and 31 amendments thereto. 32 Sec. 3. (a) The Kansas Indian child welfare act, in accordance with 33 the federal Indian child welfare act of 1978, applies to all child custody 34 proceedings involving an Indian child, except a child custody proceeding 35 arising from: 36 (1) A divorce proceeding; or

1 (2) an adjudication pursuant to the revised Kansas juvenile justice 2 code, K.S.A. 38-2301 et seq., and amendments thereto, unless there has 3 been a request for termination of parental rights.

4 (b) Except as provided in subsection (a), the Kansas Indian child 5 welfare act applies to all voluntary and involuntary state child custody 6 proceedings involving Indian children regardless of whether or not the 7 children involved are in the physical or legal custody of an Indian parent 8 or Indian custodian at the time state proceedings are initiated.

9 (c) The determination of the Indian status of a child shall be made as 10 soon as practicable to meet notice requirements pursuant to section 4, and 11 amendments thereto.

12

(d) The court shall determine the Indian status of a child when:

(1) The court has been informed by an interested party, an officer of
 the court, a tribe, an Indian organization or a public or private agency that
 the child who is the subject of the proceeding is an Indian child;

16 (2) the child who is the subject of the proceeding gives the court 17 reason to believe that the child is an Indian child; or

(3) the court has reason to believe the residence or domicile of thechild who is the subject of the proceeding is a predominantly Indiancommunity.

(e) The court shall verify the Indian status of the child with the Indian
tribe of which the child is alleged to be a member or the United States
bureau of Indian affairs. The court shall accept a determination of
membership by an Indian tribe as conclusive. If there is no such
determination, the court shall accept the determination of membership by
the United States bureau of Indian affairs as conclusive.

Sec. 4. (a) In all child custody proceedings subject to the Kansas
Indian child welfare act, including review hearings, the district attorney,
county attorney or any other person initiating the proceeding shall send
notice pursuant to subsection (b) to:

31

(1) The parent or to the Indian custodian, if any;

32 33

38

41

(2) the tribe that is or may be the tribe of the Indian child; and (2) the empropriate United States hurson of Indian efforts are offi

(3) the appropriate United States bureau of Indian affairs area office.

(b) Except as provided by subsection (c), such notice shall be mailed
by certified mail with return receipt requested, written clearly and include:

36 (1) The name and tribal affiliation of the Indian child who is the37 subject of the proceeding;

(2) a copy of the petition for the proceeding;

39 (3) the rights of the biological parent or Indian custodian, and the40 Indian tribe to:

(A) Intervene in the proceeding;

42 (B) petition the court to transfer the proceeding to the tribal court of 43 the Indian child; and

(C) request an additional 20 days from receipt of the notice to prepare 1 2 for the proceeding that may be granted by the court;

3

(4) the potential legal consequences of an adjudication on the future custodial rights of the parent or Indian custodian; and 4

5

(5) a statement that counsel will be appointed by the court to 6 represent such parent or Indian custodian if such parent or custodian is 7 unable to afford counsel.

8 (c) Tribal officials shall maintain the confidentiality of the 9 information in such notice.

10 (d) Notice of review hearings shall be sent through regular first-class mail to the tribe of the Indian child, unless the tribe is present at the time 11 the review hearing is set and consents to the date of the review. A tribe's 12 right to notice pursuant to this subsection shall depend on whether such 13 14 tribe intervenes in the case. Any person who sends a notice pursuant to this subsection shall file a certificate of mailing with the court prior to the 15 16 review hearing.

17 Sec. 5. (a) When a court order authorizes the temporary removal of an 18 Indian child from the parent or Indian custodian of such child, such order 19 shall be accompanied by an affidavit containing:

20 (1) The names, tribal affiliations and addresses of the Indian child, 21 the parent of the Indian child and the Indian custodian, if any;

22 (2) a specific and detailed account of the circumstances that led the 23 secretary to initiate the temporary custody; and

(3) information whether any assistance was provided to the parent or 24 Indian custodian for the safe return of the child to such parent's or Indian 25 26 custodian's custody.

27 (b) No order issued for temporary custody shall remain in force or in effect for more than 30 days without a determination by the court, 28 supported by clear and convincing evidence and the testimony of at least 29 one qualified expert witness, whether the custody of the child by the parent 30 31 or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical 32 damage to the child. For good cause, the court may extend the order for an 33 additional period of 60 days.

Sec. 6. (a) The placement preferences specified in 25 U.S.C. § 1915 34 35 shall apply to all:

- 36 (1) Temporary or emergency placements;
- (2) preadoptive placements; 37
- (3) adoptive placements; and 38
- 39 (4) foster care placements.

(b) In deciding placement for an Indian child, the secretary shall use 40 to the maximum extent possible the services of the Indian tribe of the child 41 in the placement of the child pursuant to the Kansas Indian child welfare 42 43 act.

1 (c) Subsection (b) shall apply when a parent states a desire for 2 anonymity when relinquishing parental rights. The court shall give weight 3 to such statement in applying the preferences pursuant to subsection (a) 4 after notice is given to the child's tribe and such tribe is provided 20 days 5 to intervene and request a hearing on available tribal placement resources 6 that may protect parental confidentiality. Notice of such hearing shall be 7 given to the relinquishing parent.

8 Sec. 7. (a) The secretary shall enter into agreements with Indian tribes 9 in Kansas on behalf of the state regarding the care and custody of Indian 10 children and jurisdiction over child custody proceedings. Such agreements shall include a procedure for the orderly transfer of jurisdiction on a case-11 by-case basis and concurrent jurisdiction between the state and the Indian 12 tribe, as authorized by the federal Indian child welfare act, 25 U.S.C. § 13 14 1919. Any agreement entered into pursuant to this section shall be 15 enforceable in any case filed or pending at the time that an agreement 16 vesting concurrent jurisdiction is entered into between the state and an 17 Indian tribe

(b) When an Indian child in custody of the secretary is placed by
either the secretary or the tribe having jurisdiction of the Indian child with
a foster home licensed and approved by a tribe, the secretary shall pay the
costs in the same manner and amount paid for the costs of state-licensed
or secretary-approved foster homes. The licensing tribe shall cooperate
with the secretary and comply with state law and policy that is required by
federal funding laws.

(c) The secretary shall maintain all records of each placement of any Indian child in the custody of the secretary in addition to records maintained by the secretary in the regular course of business. The secretary shall make such records available within seven days of a request by the tribe of the Indian child or by the United States secretary of the interior. Such records maintained pursuant to this subsection shall include, but not be limited to:

32 33

36

(1) All reports of the assigned case manager;

(2) documented efforts to rehabilitate the parents of the Indian child;

34 (3) a list of the names and addresses of families and tribe-approved35 homes contacted regarding placement; and

(4) the reason for the final placement decision.

37 Sec. 8. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 38 publication in the statute book.