

Kansas Framework for Growth



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Contents

1. Process and Principles

The approach to developing a comprehensive strategy follows four phases



The strategy will be built from insights across regional leaders, public engagement, expert interviews, and a mix of quantitative and qualitative research



Expert interviews

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Business and industry perspective

- Seven regional workshops across the state engaging 250+ participants from October to December across economic development, education, and industry leaders, reviewing Kansas' economic performance, the region's strengths and assets and discussing potential priority initiatives
- Targeted interviews of 50+ experts supporting a range of analyses, including, but not limited to: KDC subject matter experts, Kansas thought leaders, business leaders, educators and reviewing best practice case studies
- Ongoing thematic working sessions planned on priority topics to engage subject experts in review of current context and initiative development
- Analysis of macroeconomic data to assess current performance and competitiveness, isolating priority opportunities statewide and regionally:
 - Benchmarking macroeconomic performance to peers
 - Sector-based target industry identification and cluster analysis
 - Assessment of enablers of growth (e.g., innovation, infrastructure, business climate, talent)
 - Identification of best practices and relevant case studies to inform strategies
 - Review and synthesis of existing plans and strategies
- Ongoing engagement with broader public to gather diverse perspectives and generate momentum for the effort:
 - Public survey and website to share progress and gather insights
 - Public townhalls to share findings on key strengths and challenges for the State
 - Strategy roadshow to gather feedback on strategy
- Business Council formed, consisting of 20+ business leaders in Kansas to share diverse industry perspectives and help shape the strategy
- Interviews with business leaders across industries to discuss key trends, challenges, and opportunities for impact

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1. Process and Principles

2. Findings from the economic assessment Macroeconomics Strengths Vulnerabilities

Over the past decade Kansas has fallen out of the top half of states, and is projected to continue struggling to keep pace with the nation



Kansas' economic growth and productivity trails the US and peer average





1 Peers Arkansas, Georgia, Illinois, Iowa, Louisiana, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, North Carolina, Oklahoma, and Texas

SOURCE: Bureau of Economic Analysis, US Census, Moody's Analytics

Kansas has several foundational strengths that can drive future competitiveness, but must address challenges to economic fundamentals

Strengths		<u> }</u>	
11th in the country in graduate production	High quality of life in terms of affordability, safety, and schools	43rd in employment growth and 42nd in wage growth in 2018	Rural Kansas faces more acute challenges than the rest of the state
13th highest labor force participation in the nation	Location in the heart of the country and strong road systems	<mark>44th</mark> in migration to the State	39th in retention of college graduates in the nation
Increasing presence in the sectors driving growth (e.g. business services, logistics)	Efficient incentives program in both jobs and capital expenditure per dollar	22% job displacement expected from automation by 2030	38th in start up creation in the country

Kansas' economy has experienced below average growth across many of the State's largest tradeable sectors

Tradeable¹ Semi-tradable

Sector	Total Kansas j	obs, Ths. 2019	Kansas grow	th rate, C	CAGR 2014-2019	Kansas employment to US ²	growth relative
Manufacturing			166	0.4	4		-0.3
Accommodation and Food		112		1	.0		-0.7
Admin and Support		79	-1.	0		-1	.7
Professional Services		74			1.9		-1.3
Wholesale Trade	59		-0.	.8			-0.7
Finance and Insurance	58			0.2		-2.1	
Transportation and Warehousing	53				4.3		-0.1
Management of Companies	26				6.9	-2.8	
Information	19		-7.8			-3.8	
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	17				1.3		-1.1
Educational Services	15			0.5	5	-2.9	
Agriculture	13				1.7		C
Mining and Oil & Gas	7		-8.3			-3.7	
Utilities	6		-4.1			-1.9	
							-

US Avg. = 1.6

1 Traded clusters are groups of related industries that serve markets beyond the region in which they are located. Local clusters, in contrast, consist of industries that serve the local market 2 KS 5 year GDP CAGR minus US GDP CAGR

SOURCE: Kansas Department of Labor Statistics in Conjunction with US Bureau of Labor Statistics, Economic Modeling Specialists International (EMSI)

Kansas has outperformed U.S. trends in computer services and corporate headquarters, but has opportunity to capture more value in business support and consulting services



1 The expected change in the industry if it followed national trends 2 The over/underperformance of the sector in Kansas relative to national trends

SOURCE: EMSI

Kansas performs strongly in electronic and catalog shopping, warehousing and storage, and trucking, but has lagged peers in ground transportation support activities and wholesale goods

- KS - Peers¹



1 Peers include Arkansas Georgia Iowa Illinois, Kansas, Louisiana, Missouri, North Carolina, Nebraska, Nevada, Oklahoma, Texas

DISTRIBUTION, TRANSPORTATION AND E-COMMERCE

Over the next five years, Kansas is forecasted to outperform peers' and U.S.' growth rates in all subsectors except trucking and electronic and catalog shopping

---- KS forecasted job growth higher than U.S.

Industry	Kansas of Ths 2018	employment		KS for % CA	r ecast GR 2018-23	}	Peer fo % CAG	recast R 2018-23	US fore % CAG	ecast R 2018-23	ed 12/18/2019 12
Ground Transportation Support Activities	3.9					5.3		2.3		2.0	:54 PM Eastern Standard Ti
Warehousing and Storage		15.0			4.1			3.0		3.5	ine
Wholesale (all goods)			34.9	1	.4		1.2		0.8		Printed
Trucking		11.1		0.5			1.0		0.6		
Electronic and Catalog Shopping	2.4				1.7			3.0		2.7	

24%

Job demand has been highest in skilled positions, with nurses the most unmet need

Unmet employer needs¹ Avg. Monthly Hires

Unique job postings in Kansas by top-10 occupations with unmet need in 2018, Number

college (Middle

Associate's or some	Web Developers		76%		24%	212
college (Middle skill)	Computer User Support Specialists	18%		82%		449
28	Radiologic Technologies	4	3%	57%		102
	Cardiovascular Technologies and Technicians		71%		29%	39
	Electrical and electronics Engineering Technicians	42	2%	58%		57
	Industrial Engineering Technicians		52%	48	%	42
	Diagnostic Medical Sonographers		55%	Z	5%	40
	Environmental Science and Protection Technicians, Including Health		51%	49	%	34
	Respiratory Therapists	20%		80%		46
	Clinical Laboratory Technologies and Technicians	7%		93%		119
Bachelor's+	Registered Nurses		59%		41%	2,528
(High skill)	Teachers and Instructors, All Other		81%		19%	478
	Business Operations Specialists, All Other		51%	49	%	662
	Computer Occupations, All Other		81%		19%	379
	Software Developers, applications		56%		44%	534
	Sales Managers		70%		30%	424
	Marketing Managers	78%			22%	324
	Physical Therapists		66%		34%	
	Medical and Health Service Mangers		53%	47	7%	298
	Family and General Practitioners		87%		13%	173

76%

1 Employer needs (i.e., unique job postings) not met by number of hires

Wages in Kansas are not competitive compared to peers and the US, even after adjusting for cost of living

Median annual wage, \$ Ths, 2018

Illinois		40.2
Texas		37.3
Nebraska		37.2
Iowa		37.2
Missouri		36.1
Georgia		36.0
Kansas		36.0
Nevada		35.9
North Carolina		35.9
Oklahoma		34.6
Louisiana		33.7
Arkansas	3.	2.1
United States		38.8

Cost of living adjusted median annual wage, \$ Ths, 2018



Kansas' economy has few high-skill opportunities for workers with a bachelor's degree or higher



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Automatable (FTE equivalent) Not automatable

Automation potential

Hiah

Approximately 44% of Kansas' labor force, could be impacted by automation, including three of its top four sectors

Estimates of number of jobs¹ impacted by industry in Kansas 2019 Thousands

Medium

Low

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 Largest impacts
from automation
will come in sectors
where larger
portions of the
work are
predictable
physical labor, and
data collecting and
processing

As tasks are automated away, focus may be a needed on redeploying or retraining workers, and adapting business models to reflect new cost structures

Vlanufacturing		98			166	59
Retail Trade		72		1	45	50
Accommodation and Food		60		112		53
Healthcare		56			181	31
Fransportation and Warehousing	33	53	3			62
Construction	29		62			47
Admin and Support	28		79			35
Nholesale Trade	25		59			42
Professional Services	22		74			30
Finance and Insurance	21		58			37
Other Services	15	34				45
Management of Companies	9	26				33
nformation	<u>6</u> 1	9				35
Real Estate	<u> </u>	j				33
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	<mark>5</mark> 1 ⁻	7				30
Agriculture	<u>5</u> 13					40
Educational Services	<mark>4</mark> 15					24
Vining and Oil & Gas	<mark>3</mark> 7					48
Jtilities	36					45
Fotal			500		/// 1,	141 42

1 Does not include public sector jobs, except schools, hospitals, and USPS

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Kansas is estimated to experience 22% displacement from automation, with some geographies and occupations hit harder than others

Midpoint displacement rate ¹ for Kansas	Jobs lost by occupation in Kans adoption scenario, (2017-30, K)	Displacement rate, %			
Estimated share of displacement by county ¹ in 2030,%	Midpoin	LIS avg = 20%	Secretaries and administrative assistants	10	30
		24%	Retail salespersons	10	23
			Stock clerks and order fillers	9	46
Oakley Oakley Junction City	hattan	Kansas City	Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	9	49
	Empo	Lawrence	Cashiers	9	24
Garden City			Aircraft structure, surfaces, rigging, and systems assemblers	8	44
Dodge city			Office clerks, general	7	34
			Combined food preparation and serving workers	7	22
In Ford County, over 20% of jobs can be automated at high rates – more than 80% of the tasks within			Farmers, ranchers, and other agricultural managers	6	17
1 Total jobs lost divided by total jobs 2030			Waiters and waitresses	6	25

JODS IOST DIVIDED BY TOTAL JODS 2030

2 Jobs with the highest expected full time employee impact in Ford County, KS include: Meat, poultry and fish trimmers; Slaughterers and meatpackers; Helpers - production workers; Heavy & tractor-trailer truck drivers; and Packaging and filling machine operators

SOURCE: McKinsey Global Institute, "The future of work in America: People and places, today and tomorrow," July 2019

Kansas has strong performance across the education pipeline, particularly in pre-K and post-secondary education

•		KS state rar	nk in US	Total graduates 2017	s per 1,000 people in Kansas,	Rank
Kansas' performanc	e compared to other states across the pipe	eline	# Middle 15 # Bottom 20	laura (04.0	
1 Pre-K	2 K-12	3 Post-secondary matriculation	4 Employment	Iowa	21.6	, 5
\sim	尺	F	τΛΓ	Kansas	18.5	11
				Missouri	16.9	15
				Illinois	16.9	16
US Leading Sta	ates Index: #15 for Preschool - 12	US Leading States Index	: #13 for Higher Education	Nebraska	16.5	18
% of <5 year olds enrolled in pre K	3 On time graduation 22 G rates from for secondary school d	Braduation rates 29 or bachelors	Unemployment 17 rate	Arkansas	15.4	27
		-3,		Oklahoma	14.8	30
	% of students meeting college	Braduation rates 8	Labor force 13	North Carolina	14.6	34
	standards ¹ ir	nstitutions		Louisiana	14.3	38
	NAEP Math scores 20 A	verage student 22	Educational 15	Georgia	14.2	39
	- u	ebi		Texas	12.9	43
	NAEP Reading 20 A scores	verage tuition 25		Nevada	8.8	50

Kansas trails most peers in working age population, and it is expected to continue declining

Working age population over time, Indexed to 2007



Kansas trails most peers in working age population, and it is expected to continue declining

2018 Working age population by state (15-64), %

Working age population over time, Indexed to 2007



Over the past few years, Kansas has seen many of its higher-educated population leave the State

Net migration by educational attainment in Kansas,

Population age 25 years and over



Graduates that live in state where they graduated,

Percent, 2018



~22% of Kansans are moving to Missouri, the vast majority moving to Kansas City, followed by Texas and Oklahoma

Where are Kansans moving?

2017¹ Kansas population outflow to other US States, Rank

Outflow from Kansas 20 20,000



Millennials indicate a preference for areas with adequate living expenses, strong economic outlook, and metro features



1 Net activity density, presence of mixed-use center, walkability and street network connectivity

SOURCE: American Planning Association, Investing in Place Report May 2014; New Jersey Future, ALICE: A Study of Financial Hardship in New Jersey 2018

Printeo

Kansas has relatively poor outcomes across the innovation pipeline, particularly in research and start-up creation



1 The number of jobs created in the first year of business

- 2 The percentage of new entrepreneurs who created a business out of choice instead of necessity
- 3 The rate of survival in the first year of business

SOURCE: Kauffman Foundation, National Science Foundation, US Census, US Patent and Trademark Office, Moody's Analytics, US Small Business Administration

Young companies have driven job creation in the U.S. over the past decade, but Kansas has a lower share of them in its economy



Despite recent growth, venture capital funding in Kansas continues to lag behind its peers

Venture capital funding (all stages) by State, 2013 and 2018, in USD Mil.



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2. Findings from the economic assessment

3. Draft Strategy Pillars

Key strategy pillars for the Framework for Growth

PRELIMINARY

Empower individuals, businesses and communities to achieve prosperity in Kansas by...



Become a leader in **business services** to create more high wage jobs in a growing sector

- Take advantage of geographical position to become a U.S. leader in **distribution**, transportation, and e-commerce
- Maintain and grow expertise in the aerospace sector, particularly in disruptive technologies in the industry
 - Advance growth in innovative and thriving sub-sectors in the food and agriculture industries
 - Remain on the forefront of advanced manufacturing to build the goods, materials, and machines of the future
 - Push boundaries in promising disruptive technologies by capitalizing on unique assets¹



Win the talent war to attract and retain top talent and prepare our workforce for the jobs of the future

F

Build an innovation ecosystem to make Kansas a home for entrepreneurs, start-ups, and innovators

Invest in a rural "playbook" to revitalize rural communities and enable shared prosperity through collaboration



Promote placemaking and liveability to make Kansas' cities great places to live, work, and play

Kansas' needs to enact a bold set of initiatives to punch above its weight again

To achieve its aspiration, Kansas will need to consider a bold set of initiatives

- In the face of these challenges, Kansas has set an ambitious aspiration to meet become a top 10 economic growth leader in the next 10 years while ensuring that the growth is sustainable, resilient through economic downturns, and is shared across all regions
- To achieve this aspiration, the State will likely need to:
 - Develop a portfolio of target sectors where it has a competitive advantage by finding pockets of growth in legacy sectors (e.g., precision agriculture), and doubling down on high growth / high wage sectors (e.g., business services)
 Invest in strategies to enable cross-cutting economic growth

Kansas needs to develop a portfolio of target sectors where it has a competitive advantage

- Deepen strengths to lead the nation in professional and technical services to create more high wage opportunities in a growing sector
- Take advantage of geographical position to become a U.S. leader in distribution, transportation, and e-commerce
- Maintain and grow expertise in the aerospace sector, particularly in disruptive technologies in the industry
- Advance growth in innovative and thriving sub-sectors in the food and agriculture industries
- Remain on the forefront of advanced manufacturing to build the goods, materials, and machines of the future
- Push boundaries in promising disruptive technologies by capitalizing on our unique assets

Kansas should invest in strategies to enable crosscutting economic growth

3

- Win the talent war by attracting, retaining top talent and strengthening our talent and skill production
- Build an innovation ecosystem by improving commercialization and start-up outcomes
- Invest in a rural "playbook by empowering community collaboration and connectivity at scale for shared prosperity
- Develop urban vibrancy by enhancing the vitality and liveability of downtowns and urban areas

Kansas may be able to support job creation and long-term economic growth by focusing on several target sectors

Cluster	Example sub-clusters 20	otal jobs 019	Avg. earning / job ¹ 2019, USD	US 10yr job growth CAGR 2019-29	Specialization, LQ 2019
Aerospace Vehicles and Defense	 Aircraft manufacturing Search & navigation equipment Missile & space vehicle 	33	80	-0.1%	5.2
Agricultural Inputs and Services	Crop productionAnimal productionSoil preparation	31	45	0.3%	1.8
Livestock Processing	Meat processingLivestock merchant wholesalers	20	49	0.3%	0.9
Transportation and Logistics	TruckingGround transport supportAir transport	17	57	0.7%	1.0
Food Processing and Manufacturing	 Dairy products Animal foods Farm wholesalers Milling and cereals 	19	56	0.6%	1.8
Electric Power Generation and Transmission	Alternative energyFossil fuel electricityElectric power distribution	3	113	0.7%	1.7
Distribution & E- commerce	WarehousingE-shopping	60	64	0.9%	3.9
Business Services	Business supportComputer servicesConsulting services	87	83	1.5%	2.2
Production Technology and Heavy Machinery	 Industrial machinery Ag and construction machinery & components Process equipment 	20	55 KS Avg - 46	0%	0.9

Strength

SOURCE: US Bureau of Labor Statistics, US Bureau of Economic Analysis, Economic Modeling Specialists International (EMSI), Moody's Analytics

Potential sectoral initiatives to accelerate growth

Potential initiatives

- Become the home of corporate HQs in the nation by attracting the U.S. locations of foreign companies
- Create focused attraction efforts for computer services through talent sourcing and financial incentives
- Build business service Centers of Excellence around key sectors in Kansas (e.g. advanced analytics for agriculture)
- Create a business tech talent program to attract talent for high-potential occupations
- Make Kansas a best in class maintenance and repair provider
- Expand the State's aerospace training curricula and employer driven training programs
- Expand Kansas' position as a leader in aerospace innovation by leveraging specialization and assets (e.g., NIAR)
- Work with companies to retrain drivers to manage autonomous vehicles and emerging forms of last-mile delivery
- Incentivize logistics companies to offer internships to students at four-year universities or technical schools
- Bolster air transportation to win multimodal logistics deals
- Work with developers to invest in prospective site development in highly connected areas
- Develop the premier animal health services corridor in the world by expanding business and research
- Promote the development of ag-technology in Kansas through increased research funding and support for ag-tech startups
- Become a leader in sustainable agriculture (e.g. improved water irrigation technologies) and continue build trust and transparency for Kansas' agriculture products
- Support companies digitizing legacy systems by helping to invest in the technology, facilitate the transition, and train employees
- Incentivize out-of-state manufacturers developing innovative solutions (e.g., advanced robotics) to relocate to Kansas
- Create or expand partnerships between technical colleges and manufacturers to give middle-skilled workers access to classes on basic coding and data analysis

Business services



Aerospace



E-commerce, transportation

Promising sectors

Food & agriculture



Advanced manufacturing

Potential driver initiatives to accelerate growth

Potential initiatives

- Find innovative incentives to attract and retain top talent (e.g., housing solutions, ease licensing requirements)
- Strengthen job pipeline for Kansas graduates to keep more of the talent we produce
- Bridge the skill gap for in demand and high wage positions (e.g., coding, automated machinery operation)
- Develop innovation hubs around Kansas' anchor universities to improve commercialization outcomes
- Expand support services and access to capital for Kansas entrepreneurs
- Improve the culture of innovation in Kansas through company sponsored innovation competition expansion of innovation classes
- Provide at-scale investment for rural clusters to promote downtown revitalization, innovation, and education in rural communities
- Double-down on growing industries where rural communities have a competitive advantage
- Invest in physical and digital infrastructure to improve connectivity rural communities (e.g., broadband)
- Placemaking

- Invest in the downtowns of the future (e.g., walkability, micro-mobility, main street revitalization, lifestyle amenities, and technology solutions)
- Make a sustained and concerted effort to develop a vibrant urban core in Kansas that rivals the urban growth hubs of the U.S.
- Collaborate with corporations, developers, localities, and state agencies to promote vibrant placemaking



Innovation



of

Growth





If clusters achieve competitive growth, the portfolio of primary clusters can enable Kansas to add up to 25k direct jobs over the next 10 years, and almost 95k including indirect jobs

Clusters		Current Employment in Kansas Thousands, 2019				Projected 10-year growth in Kansas Thousands 2019-2029			Industry multiplier
Advanced Manufacturing		19.9				0-0.7			3.0
Aerospace		3	2.7			0- 1.4			1.5
Distribution, Transportation and E-Commerce				77.1		6	.0	11.4	2.4
Food and Agriculture				70.8	(0.3-	5.1		2.8
Professional and Technical Services					87.2	2.6			18.0 3.0
Electric Power Generation and Transmission		2.9			(0.1 0.3			3.0
Biopharmaceuticals and Life Sciences		3.3				0.4 0.2			3.3
Total	Cluster total	288k				9 - 37k	(
ſ	With an average multiplier of nearly 2.6, the primary clusters have the potential to drive 94K new jobs in Kansas								

1 Assumed CAGR takes the min and the max value from three scenarios: Kansas' 10 year forecast, the US 10 year forecast, and the peer maximum 10 year forecast Note: only includes direct jobs

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- 4. Next Steps

Key next steps as the Framework for Growth continues

- 1 Continue engaging and gathering the perspectives of diverse stakeholders across the State
- **2** Continue to develop and prioritize initiatives

3 Develop more detailed action plans for prioritized initiatives

4 Draft a public report with key findings and proposed strategies





