

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

MADAM PRESIDENT:

The Committee on **Judiciary** recommends **SB 11** be amended on page 8, in line 30, by striking "or" and inserting a comma; in line 31, after "service" by inserting ", cable or video service";

On page 9, in line 8, by striking "5" and inserting "6";

On page 19, following line 25, by inserting:

"Sec. 11. K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-6804 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-6804.

(a) The provisions of this section shall be applicable to the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes. The following sentencing guidelines grid shall be applicable to nondrug felony crimes:

SENTENCING RANGE - NONDRUG OFFENSES

| Category | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I |
|------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| Severity Level ↓ | 3+ Person Felonies | 2 Person Felonies | 1 Person & 1 Nonperson Felonies | 1 Person Felony | 3+ Nonperson Felonies | 2 Nonperson Felonies | 1 Nonperson Felony | 2+ Misdemeanors | 1 Misdemeanor No Record |
| I | 653 620 592 | 618 586 554 | 285 272 258 | 267 253 240 | 246 234 221 | 226 214 203 | 203 195 184 | 186 176 166 | 165 155 147 |
| II | 493 467 442 | 460 438 416 | 216 205 194 | 200 190 181 | 184 174 165 | 168 160 152 | 154 146 138 | 138 131 123 | 123 117 109 |
| III | 247 233 221 | 228 216 206 | 107 102 96 | 100 94 89 | 92 88 82 | 83 79 74 | 77 72 68 | 71 66 61 | 61 59 55 |
| IV | 172 162 154 | 162 154 144 | 75 71 68 | 69 66 62 | 64 60 57 | 59 56 52 | 52 50 47 | 48 45 42 | 43 41 38 |
| V | 136 130 122 | 128 120 114 | 60 57 53 | 55 52 50 | 51 49 46 | 47 44 41 | 43 41 38 | 38 36 34 | 34 32 31 |
| VI | 46 43 40 | 41 39 37 | 38 36 34 | 36 34 32 | 32 30 28 | 29 27 25 | 26 24 22 | 21 20 19 | 19 18 17 |
| VII | 34 32 30 | 31 29 27 | 29 27 25 | 26 24 22 | 23 21 19 | 19 18 17 | 17 16 15 | 14 13 12 | 13 12 11 |
| VIII | 23 21 19 | 20 19 18 | 19 18 17 | 17 16 15 | 15 14 13 | 13 12 11 | 11 10 9 | 11 10 9 | 9 8 7 |
| IX | 17 16 15 | 15 14 13 | 13 12 11 | 13 12 11 | 11 10 9 | 10 9 8 | 9 8 7 | 8 7 6 | 7 6 5 |
| X | 13 12 11 | 12 11 10 | 11 10 9 | 10 9 8 | 9 8 7 | 8 7 6 | 7 6 5 | 7 6 5 | 6 5 |

| |
|--------------------------|
| LEGEND |
| Presumptive Probation |
| Boiler Box |
| Presumptive Imprisonment |

(b) Sentences expressed in the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes represent months of imprisonment.

(c) The sentencing guidelines grid is a two-dimensional crime severity and criminal history classification tool. The grid's vertical axis is the crime severity scale which classifies current crimes of conviction. The grid's horizontal axis is the criminal history scale which classifies criminal histories.

(d) The sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes as provided in this section defines presumptive punishments for felony convictions, subject to the sentencing court's discretion to enter a departure sentence. The appropriate punishment for a felony conviction should depend on the severity of the crime of conviction when compared to all other crimes and the offender's criminal history.

(e) (1) The sentencing court has discretion to sentence at any place within the sentencing range. In the usual case it is recommended that the sentencing judge select the center of the range and reserve the upper and lower limits for aggravating and mitigating factors insufficient to warrant a departure.

(2) In presumptive imprisonment cases, the sentencing court shall pronounce the complete sentence which shall include the:

(A) Prison sentence;

(B) maximum potential reduction to such sentence as a result of good time; and

(C) period of postrelease supervision at the sentencing hearing. Failure to pronounce the period of postrelease supervision shall not negate the existence of such period of postrelease supervision.

(3) In presumptive nonprison cases, the sentencing court shall pronounce the:

(A) Prison sentence; and

(B) duration of the nonprison sanction at the sentencing hearing.

(f) Each grid block states the presumptive sentencing range for an offender whose crime of conviction and criminal history place such offender in that grid block. If an offense is classified in a grid block below the dispositional line, the presumptive disposition shall be nonimprisonment. If an offense is classified in a grid block above the dispositional line, the presumptive disposition shall be imprisonment. If an offense is classified in grid blocks 5-H, 5-I or 6-G, the court may impose an optional nonprison sentence as provided in subsection (q).

(g) The sentence for a violation of K.S.A. 21-3415, prior to its repeal, aggravated battery against a law enforcement officer committed prior to July 1, 2006, or a violation of ~~subsection (d) of~~ K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5412(d), and amendments thereto, aggravated assault against a law enforcement officer, which places the defendant's sentence in grid block 6-H or 6-I shall be presumed imprisonment. The court may impose an optional nonprison sentence as provided in subsection (q).

(h) When a firearm is used to commit any person felony, the offender's sentence shall be presumed imprisonment. The court may impose an optional nonprison sentence as provided in subsection (q).

(i) (1) The sentence for the violation of the felony provision of K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 8-1025, K.S.A. 8-2,144, K.S.A. 8-1567, ~~subsection (b)(3) of~~ K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5414(b)(3), ~~subsections (b)(3) and (b)(4) of~~ K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5823(b)(3) and (b)(4), K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-6412 and K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-6416, and amendments thereto, shall be as provided by the specific mandatory sentencing requirements of that section and shall not be subject to the provisions of this section or K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-6807, and amendments thereto.

(2) If because of the offender's criminal history classification the offender is subject to presumptive imprisonment or if the judge departs from a presumptive probation sentence and the offender is subject to imprisonment, the provisions of this section and K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-6807, and

amendments thereto, shall apply and the offender shall not be subject to the mandatory sentence as provided in K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5823, and amendments thereto.

(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other section, the term of imprisonment imposed for the violation of the felony provision of K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 8-1025, K.S.A. 8-2,144, K.S.A. 8-1567, ~~subsection (b)(3) of K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5414(b)(3), subsections (b)(3) and (b)(4) of K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5823(b)(3) and (b)(4),~~ K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-6412 and K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-6416, and amendments thereto, shall not be served in a state facility in the custody of the secretary of corrections, except that the term of imprisonment for felony violations of K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 8-1025 or K.S.A. 8-2,144 or K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, may be served in a state correctional facility designated by the secretary of corrections if the secretary determines that substance abuse treatment resources and facility capacity is available. The secretary's determination regarding the availability of treatment resources and facility capacity shall not be subject to review. Prior to imposing any sentence pursuant to this subsection, the court may consider assigning the defendant to a house arrest program pursuant to K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-6609, and amendments thereto.

(j) (1) The sentence for any persistent sex offender whose current convicted crime carries a presumptive term of imprisonment shall be double the maximum duration of the presumptive imprisonment term. The sentence for any persistent sex offender whose current conviction carries a presumptive nonprison term shall be presumed imprisonment and shall be double the maximum duration of the presumptive imprisonment term.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, as used in this subsection, "persistent sex offender" means a person who:

(A) (i) Has been convicted in this state of a sexually violent crime, as defined in K.S.A. 22-3717, and amendments thereto; and

(ii) at the time of the conviction under subsection (j)(2)(A)(i) has at least one conviction for a

sexually violent crime, as defined in K.S.A. 22-3717, and amendments thereto, in this state or comparable felony under the laws of another state, the federal government or a foreign government; or

(B) (i) has been convicted of rape, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3502, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5503, and amendments thereto; and

(ii) at the time of the conviction under subsection (j)(2)(B)(i) has at least one conviction for rape in this state or comparable felony under the laws of another state, the federal government or a foreign government.

(3) Except as provided in subsection (j)(2)(B), the provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any person whose current convicted crime is a severity level 1 or 2 felony.

(k) (1) If it is shown at sentencing that the offender committed any felony violation for the benefit of, at the direction of, or in association with any criminal street gang, with the specific intent to promote, further or assist in any criminal conduct by gang members, the offender's sentence shall be presumed imprisonment. The court may impose an optional nonprison sentence as provided in subsection (q).

(2) As used in this subsection, "criminal street gang" means any organization, association or group of three or more persons, whether formal or informal, having as one of its primary activities:

(A) The commission of one or more person felonies; or

(B) the commission of felony violations of article 57 of chapter 21 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 21-36a01 through 21-36a17, prior to their transfer, or any felony violation of any provision of the uniform controlled substances act prior to July 1, 2009; and

(C) its members have a common name or common identifying sign or symbol; and

(D) its members, individually or collectively, engage in or have engaged in the commission, attempted commission, conspiracy to commit or solicitation of two or more person felonies or felony

violations of article 57 of chapter 21 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 21-36a01 through 21-36a17, prior to their transfer, any felony violation of any provision of the uniform controlled substances act prior to July 1, 2009, or any substantially similar offense from another jurisdiction.

(l) Except as provided in subsection (o), the sentence for a violation of ~~subsection (a)(1) of~~ K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5807(a)(1), and amendments thereto, or any attempt or conspiracy, as defined in K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5301 and 21-5302, and amendments thereto, to commit such offense, when such person being sentenced has a prior conviction for a violation of ~~subsection (a) or (b) of~~ K.S.A. 21-3715(a) or (b), prior to its repeal, 21-3716, prior to its repeal, ~~subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) of~~ K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5807(a)(1) or (a)(2), or ~~subsection (b) of~~ K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5807(b), and amendments thereto, or any attempt or conspiracy to commit such offense, shall be presumptive imprisonment.

(m) The sentence for a violation of K.S.A. 22-4903 ~~or subsection (a)(2) of~~ K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5913(a)(2), and amendments thereto, shall be presumptive imprisonment. If an offense under such sections is classified in grid blocks 5-E, 5-F, 5-G, 5-H or 5-I, the court may impose an optional nonprison sentence as provided in subsection (q).

(n) The sentence for a violation of criminal deprivation of property, as defined in K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5803, and amendments thereto, when such property is a motor vehicle, and when such person being sentenced has any combination of two or more prior convictions of ~~subsection (b) of~~ K.S.A. 21-3705(b), prior to its repeal, or of criminal deprivation of property, as defined in K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5803, and amendments thereto, when such property is a motor vehicle, shall be presumptive imprisonment. Such sentence shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.

(o) The sentence for a felony violation of theft of property as defined in K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5801, and amendments thereto, or burglary as defined in ~~subsection (a) of~~ K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5807(a), and amendments thereto, when such person being sentenced has no prior convictions for a

violation of K.S.A. 21-3701 or 21-3715, prior to their repeal, or theft of property as defined in K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5801, and amendments thereto, or burglary as defined in ~~subsection (a)~~ of K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5807(a), and amendments thereto; or the sentence for a felony violation of theft of property as defined in K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5801, and amendments thereto, when such person being sentenced has one or two prior felony convictions for a violation of K.S.A. 21-3701, 21-3715 or 21-3716, prior to their repeal, or theft of property as defined in K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5801, and amendments thereto, or burglary or aggravated burglary as defined in K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5807, and amendments thereto; or the sentence for a felony violation of burglary as defined in ~~subsection (a)~~ of K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5807(a), and amendments thereto, when such person being sentenced has one prior felony conviction for a violation of K.S.A. 21-3701, 21-3715 or 21-3716, prior to their repeal, or theft of property as defined in K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5801, and amendments thereto, or burglary or aggravated burglary as defined in K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5807, and amendments thereto, shall be the sentence as provided by this section, except that the court may order an optional nonprison sentence for a defendant to participate in a drug treatment program, including, but not limited to, an approved after-care plan, if the court makes the following findings on the record:

- (1) Substance abuse was an underlying factor in the commission of the crime;
- (2) substance abuse treatment in the community is likely to be more effective than a prison term in reducing the risk of offender recidivism; and
- (3) participation in an intensive substance abuse treatment program will serve community safety interests.

A defendant sentenced to an optional nonprison sentence under this subsection shall be supervised by community correctional services. The provisions of ~~subsection (f)(1)~~ of K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-6824(f)(1), and amendments thereto, shall apply to a defendant sentenced under this subsection. The sentence under this subsection shall not be considered a departure and shall not be

subject to appeal.

(p) The sentence for a felony violation of theft of property as defined in K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5801, and amendments thereto, when such person being sentenced has any combination of three or more prior felony convictions for violations of K.S.A. 21-3701, 21-3715 or 21-3716, prior to their repeal, or theft of property as defined in K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5801, and amendments thereto, or burglary or aggravated burglary as defined in K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5807, and amendments thereto; or the sentence for a violation of burglary as defined in ~~subsection (a)~~ of K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5807(a), and amendments thereto, when such person being sentenced has any combination of two or more prior convictions for violations of K.S.A. 21-3701, 21-3715 and 21-3716, prior to their repeal, or theft of property as defined in K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5801, and amendments thereto, or burglary or aggravated burglary as defined in K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5807, and amendments thereto, shall be presumed imprisonment and the defendant shall be sentenced to prison as provided by this section, except that the court may recommend that an offender be placed in the custody of the secretary of corrections, in a facility designated by the secretary to participate in an intensive substance abuse treatment program, upon making the following findings on the record:

- (1) Substance abuse was an underlying factor in the commission of the crime;
- (2) substance abuse treatment with a possibility of an early release from imprisonment is likely to be more effective than a prison term in reducing the risk of offender recidivism; and
- (3) participation in an intensive substance abuse treatment program with the possibility of an early release from imprisonment will serve community safety interests by promoting offender reformation.

The intensive substance abuse treatment program shall be determined by the secretary of corrections, but shall be for a period of at least four months. Upon the successful completion of such intensive treatment program, the offender shall be returned to the court and the court may modify the

sentence by directing that a less severe penalty be imposed in lieu of that originally adjudged within statutory limits. If the offender's term of imprisonment expires, the offender shall be placed under the applicable period of postrelease supervision. The sentence under this subsection shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.

(q) As used in this section, an "optional nonprison sentence" is a sentence which the court may impose, in lieu of the presumptive sentence, upon making the following findings on the record:

(1) An appropriate treatment program exists which is likely to be more effective than the presumptive prison term in reducing the risk of offender recidivism; and

(2) the recommended treatment program is available and the offender can be admitted to such program within a reasonable period of time; or

(3) the nonprison sanction will serve community safety interests by promoting offender reformation.

Any decision made by the court regarding the imposition of an optional nonprison sentence shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.

(r) The sentence for a violation of ~~subsection (e)(2)~~ of K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5413(c)(2), and amendments thereto, shall be presumptive imprisonment and shall be served consecutively to any other term or terms of imprisonment imposed. Such sentence shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.

(s) The sentence for a violation of K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5512, and amendments thereto, shall be presumptive imprisonment. Such sentence shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.

(t) (1) If the trier of fact makes a finding that an offender wore or used ballistic resistant material in the commission of, or attempt to commit, or flight from any felony, in addition to the sentence imposed pursuant to the Kansas sentencing guidelines act, the offender shall be sentenced to

an additional 30 months' imprisonment.

(2) The sentence imposed pursuant to subsection (t)(1) shall be presumptive imprisonment and shall be served consecutively to any other term or terms of imprisonment imposed. Such sentence shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.

(3) As used in this subsection, "ballistic resistant material" means: (A) Any commercially produced material designed with the purpose of providing ballistic and trauma protection, including, but not limited to, bulletproof vests and kevlar vests; and (B) any homemade or fabricated substance or item designed with the purpose of providing ballistic and trauma protection.

(u) The sentence for a violation of K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-6107, and amendments thereto, or any attempt or conspiracy, as defined in K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5301 and 21-5302, and amendments thereto, to commit such offense, when such person being sentenced has a prior conviction for a violation of K.S.A. 21-4018, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-6107, and amendments thereto, or any attempt or conspiracy to commit such offense, shall be presumptive imprisonment. Such sentence shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.

(v) The sentence for a third or subsequent violation of K.S.A. 8-1568, and amendments thereto, shall be presumptive imprisonment and shall be served consecutively to any other term or terms of imprisonment imposed. Such sentence shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.

(w) The sentence for a violation of K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-5813(b), and amendments thereto, when such person being sentenced has a prior conviction for any nonperson felony shall be presumptive imprisonment. Such sentence shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.";

On page 20, in line 20, by striking "therein";

On page 26, in line 21, by striking "stockholder;" and inserting "manager, officer or director

thereof, and each stockholder owning in the aggregate more than 25% of the stock of such corporation; or partnership or"; also in line 21, after "each" by inserting "partner or"; in line 22, by striking "; or partnership, the name and address of each partner";

On page 28, in line 39, after "all" by inserting "partners or";

On page 29, in line 10, after "premises" by inserting "upon which the place of business is located";

On page 30, in line 33, by striking "site" and inserting "place of business"; in line 34, by striking "scrap metal sites or locations" and inserting "place of business"; in line 40, after "21-6604c," by inserting "21-6804,";

And by renumbering sections accordingly;

On page 1, in the title, in line 4, after "21-6604," by inserting "21-6804,"; and the bill be passed as amended.

Chairperson