

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

MADAM PRESIDENT and MR. SPEAKER: Your committee on conference on Senate amendments to **HB 2111** submits the following report:

The House accedes to all Senate amendments to the bill, and your committee on conference further agrees to amend the bill as printed with Senate Committee amendments, as follows:

On page 1, following line 5, by inserting:

"Section 1. K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 20-302b is hereby amended to read as follows: 20-302b.

(a) Subject to assignment pursuant to K.S.A. 20-329, and amendments thereto, a district magistrate judge shall have the jurisdiction and power, in any case in which a violation of the laws of the state is charged, to conduct the trial of traffic infractions, violations of the wildlife, parks and tourism laws of this state or rules and regulations adopted thereunder, cigarette or tobacco infractions or misdemeanor charges, to conduct felony first appearance hearings and the preliminary examination of felony charges and to hear misdemeanor or felony arraignments. A district magistrate judge shall have jurisdiction over uncontested actions for divorce. Except as otherwise specifically provided in this section, ~~in civil cases~~, a district magistrate judge shall have jurisdiction over actions filed under the code of civil procedure for limited actions, K.S.A. 61-2801 et seq., and amendments thereto, and all other civil cases, and shall have concurrent jurisdiction, powers and duties with a district judge. ~~Except as otherwise specifically provided in this subsection and subsection (b), in all other civil cases, a district magistrate judge shall have jurisdiction over any civil action not filed under the code of civil procedure for limited actions only with the consent of the parties. A district magistrate judge shall have jurisdiction over~~

uncontested actions for divorce. Except with consent of the parties, or as otherwise specifically provided in this section, a district magistrate judge shall not have jurisdiction or cognizance over the following actions:

(1) Any action, other than an action seeking judgment for an unsecured debt not sounding in tort and arising out of a contract for the provision of goods, services or money, in which the amount in controversy, exclusive of interests and costs, exceeds \$10,000. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to actions filed under the code of civil procedure for limited actions, K.S.A. 61-2801 et seq., and amendments thereto. In actions of replevin, the affidavit in replevin or the verified petition fixing the value of the property shall govern the jurisdiction. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as limiting the power of a district magistrate judge to hear any action pursuant to the Kansas probate code or to issue support orders as provided by subsection (a)(6);

(2) actions against any officers of the state, or any subdivisions thereof, for misconduct in office;

(3) actions for specific performance of contracts for real estate;

(4) actions in which title to real estate is sought to be recovered or in which an interest in real estate, either legal or equitable, is sought to be established. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as limiting the right to bring an action for forcible detainer as provided in the acts contained in K.S.A. 61-3801 through 61-3808, and amendments thereto. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as limiting the power of a district magistrate judge to hear any action pursuant to the Kansas probate code;

(5) actions to foreclose real estate mortgages or to establish and foreclose liens on real estate as provided in the acts contained in article 11 of chapter 60 of the Kansas Statutes.

Annotated, and amendments thereto:

(6) contested actions for divorce, separate maintenance or custody of minor children. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as limiting the power of a district magistrate judge to: (A) Except as provided in subsection (e), hear any action pursuant to the Kansas code for care of children or the revised Kansas juvenile justice code; (B) establish, modify or enforce orders of support, including, but not limited to, orders of support pursuant to the Kansas parentage act, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 23-2201 et seq., and amendments thereto, the uniform interstate family support act, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 23-36,101 et seq., and amendments thereto, articles 29 or 30 of chapter 23 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, K.S.A. 39-709, 39-718b or 39-755 or K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 23-3101 through 23-3113, 38-2348, 38-2349 or 38-2350, and amendments thereto; or (C) enforce orders granting visitation rights or parenting time;

(7) habeas corpus;

(8) receiverships;

(9) declaratory judgments;

(10) mandamus and quo warranto;

(11) injunctions;

(12) class actions; and

(13) actions pursuant to K.S.A. 59-29a01 et seq., and amendments thereto.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), in the absence, disability or disqualification of a district judge, a district magistrate judge may:

(1) Grant a restraining order, as provided in K.S.A. 60-902, and amendments thereto;

(2) appoint a receiver, as provided in K.S.A. 60-1301, and amendments thereto; and

(3) make any order authorized by K.S.A. 23-2707, and amendments thereto.

(c) (1) ~~All actions or proceedings~~ Every action or proceeding before a district magistrate judge regularly admitted to practice law in Kansas shall be on the record if such ~~actions or proceedings~~ action or proceeding would be on the record before a district judge.

(2) In accordance with the limitations and procedures prescribed by law, and subject to any rules of the supreme court relating thereto, any appeal permitted to be taken from an order or final decision of a district magistrate judge: (A) who is not regularly admitted to practice law in Kansas shall be tried and determined de novo by a district judge, except that in civil cases where a record was made of the action or proceeding before the district magistrate judge, the appeal shall be tried and determined on the record by a district judge; and (B) who is regularly admitted to practice law in Kansas shall be to the court of appeals.

(d) Except as provided in subsection (e), upon motion of a party, the chief judge may reassign an action from a district magistrate judge to a district judge.

(e) Upon motion of a party ~~for, the chief judge shall reassign~~ a petition or motion ~~filed under the Kansas code for care of children~~ requesting termination of parental rights pursuant to K.S.A. 2014 Supp. ~~38-2361 through 38-2367~~ 38-2266 and 38-2267, and amendments thereto, ~~the chief judge shall reassign such action~~ from a district magistrate judge to a district judge.

(f) This section shall apply to every action or proceeding on or after July 1, 2014, regardless of the date such action or proceeding was filed or commenced.

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 20-3127 is hereby amended to read as follows: 20-3127. (a) Except as provided further, all fees collected pursuant to K.S.A. 20-3126, and amendments thereto, shall be used to establish and maintain the county law library. A board of trustees, appointed as provided in this section, shall have the management and control of such library and shall use the fees paid for registration, and all other sums, books, or library materials or equipment donated or provided

by law, for the purpose of establishing and maintaining such library in the county courthouse or other suitable place to be provided and maintained by the county commissioners of such county, including acquiring and maintaining materials and technology that may, at the discretion of the board of trustees, be loaned to library users for use outside the premises of the library. The district judge or district judges of the district court, members of the bar who have registered and paid the fee provided for in K.S.A. 20-3126, and amendments thereto, judges of all other courts in the county and county officials shall have the right to use the library in accordance with the rules and regulations established by the board of trustees. The board of trustees shall develop guidelines to provide members of the public reasonable access to the law library.

(b) The board of trustees of any law library established or governed under this act, and amendments thereto, in Johnson and Sedgwick counties shall consist of five members, two of which shall be judges of the district court, appointed by a consensus of all judges of the district court in those counties, and three of which shall be members of the Johnson or Sedgwick county bar association, appointed by selection of the county bar association pursuant to the Johnson or Sedgwick county bar association's bylaws for two-year terms. The board of trustees of the law library in all other counties shall consist of the district judge or judges of the district court presiding in such county and not less than two attorneys who shall be elected for two-year terms by a majority of the attorneys residing in the county.

(c) The clerk of the district court of the county shall be treasurer of the library and shall safely keep the funds of such library and disburse them as the trustees shall direct. The clerk shall be liable on an official bond for any failure, refusal or neglect in performing such duties.

(d) The board of county commissioners of any county designated an urban area pursuant to K.S.A. 19-2654, and amendments thereto, wherein an election has been held to come

under the provisions of this act is hereby authorized to appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the board of trustees of the law library of such county, a librarian, who shall act as custodian of the law library of such county and shall assist in the performance of the clerk's duties as treasurer thereof, and such assistants as are necessary to perform the duties of administering the law library. The librarian and any assistants so appointed shall be employees of the county under the supervision of the board of county commissioners, or the board's designated official, with the advice and recommendations of the board of trustees of the law library, and shall be subject to the personnel policies and procedures established by the board of county commissioners for all employees of the county. The librarian and any assistants shall receive as compensation such salaries and benefits as established by the law library board of trustees, subject to the approval of the board of county commissioners, which shall be payable from the general fund of the county, through the county payroll process, from funds budgeted and made available by the law library board of trustees for that purpose through the collection of fees or other funds authorized by this act.

(e) All attorneys registered under this act shall not be liable to pay any occupational tax or city license fees levied under the laws of this state by any municipality.

(f) (1) Except as provided by subsection (f)(2), the board of trustees of a county law library established pursuant to this section may authorize the chief judge of the judicial district to use fees collected pursuant to K.S.A. 20-3126, and amendments thereto, for the purpose of facilitating and enhancing functions of the district court of the county. No judge shall participate in any decision made by the board of trustees of a county law library pursuant to this paragraph to authorize the chief judge of the judicial district to use fees collected pursuant to K.S.A. 20-3126, and amendments thereto.

(2) The provisions of subsection (f)(1) shall not apply to the board of trustees of any law library established in Johnson and Sedgwick counties.";

Also, on page 1, following line 32, by inserting:

"Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 60-2403 is hereby amended to read as follows: 60-2403. (a) (1) Except as provided in subsection (b)-~~or (d)~~, if a renewal affidavit is not filed or if execution, including any garnishment proceeding, support enforcement proceeding or proceeding in aid of execution, is not issued, within five years from the date of the entry of any judgment in any court of record in this state, including judgments in favor of the state or any municipality in the state, or within five years from the date of any order reviving the judgment or, if five years have intervened between the date of the last renewal affidavit filed or execution proceedings undertaken on the judgment and the time of filing another renewal affidavit or undertaking execution proceedings on it, the judgment, including court costs and fees therein shall become dormant, and shall cease to operate as a lien on the real estate of the judgment debtor. When a judgment becomes and remains dormant for a period of two years, it shall be the duty of the judge to release the judgment of record when requested to do so.

(2) A "renewal affidavit" is a statement under oath, signed by the judgment creditor or the judgment creditor's attorney, filed in the proceedings in which the judgment was entered and stating the remaining balance due and unpaid on the judgment.

(3) A "support enforcement proceeding" means any civil proceeding to enforce any judgment for payment of child support or maintenance and includes, but is not limited to, any income withholding proceeding under the income withholding act, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 23-3101 et seq., and amendments thereto, any contempt proceeding and any civil proceeding under the uniform interstate family support act, K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 23-36,101 et seq., and amendments

thereto.

(b) Except for those judgments which have become void as of July 1, 2007, no judgment for the support of a child shall be or become dormant for any purpose except as provided in this subsection. Except for those judgments which have become void as of July 1, 2015, no judgment for court costs, fees, fines or restitution shall be or become dormant for any purpose except as provided in this subsection. If a judgment would have become dormant under the conditions set forth in subsection (a), the judgment shall cease to operate as a lien on the real estate of the judgment debtor as of the date the judgment would have become dormant, but the judgment shall not be released of record pursuant to subsection (a).

(c) The time within which action must be taken to prevent a judgment from becoming dormant does not run during any period in which the enforcement of the judgment by legal process is stayed or prohibited.

~~(d) If a renewal affidavit is not filed or if execution is not issued, within 10 years from the date of the entry of any judgment of restitution in any court of record in this state, the judgment, including court costs and fees therein shall become dormant, and shall cease to operate as a lien on the real estate of the judgment debtor. Except as provided in subsection (b), when a judgment becomes and remains dormant for a period of two years, it shall be the duty of the judge to release the judgment of record when requested to do so.~~

Sec. 5. K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 75-719 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-719. (a) ~~The attorney general~~ judicial administrator is authorized to enter into contracts in accordance with this section for collection services for debts owed to courts or restitution owed under an order of restitution. On and after July 1, 1999, the cost of collection shall be paid by the defendant as an additional court cost in all criminal, traffic and juvenile offender cases where the

defendant fails to pay any amount ordered by the court and the court utilizes the services of a contracting agent pursuant to this section. The cost of collection shall be deemed an administrative fee to pay the actual costs of collection made necessary by the defendant's failure to pay court debt and restitution.

(b) As used in this section:

(1) "Beneficiary under an order of restitution" means the victim or victims of a crime to whom a district court has ordered restitution be paid;

(2) "contracting agent" means a person, firm, agency or other entity who contracts hereunder to provide collection services;

(3) "cost of collection" means the fee specified in contracts hereunder to be paid to or retained by a contracting agent for collection services. Cost of collection also includes any filing fee required under K.S.A. 60-4303, and amendments thereto, or administrative costs prescribed by ~~the attorney general pursuant to rules and regulations~~ rules of the supreme court; and

(4) "debts owed to courts" means any assessment of court costs, fines, fees, moneys expended by the state in providing counsel and other defense services to indigent defendants or other charges which a district court judgment has ordered to be paid to the court, and which remain unpaid in whole or in part, and includes any interest or penalties on such unpaid amounts as provided for in the judgment or by law. "Debts owed to courts" also includes: (A) The cost of collection when collection services of a contracting agent hereunder are utilized; and (B) court costs, fines, fees or other charges arising from failure to comply with a traffic citation within 30 days from the date of the mailing of the notice pursuant to K.S.A. 8-2110(b)(1), and amendments thereto.

(c) (1) Contracts authorized by this section may be entered into with state or federal

agencies or political subdivisions of the state of Kansas, including contracts for participation in the collection program authorized by K.S.A. 75-6201 et seq., and amendments thereto. Such contracts also may be entered into with private firms or individuals selected by a procurement negotiation committee in accordance with K.S.A. 75-37,102, and amendments thereto, except that the ~~attorney general~~ judicial administrator shall designate a representative to serve as the chief administrative officer member of such committee and that the other two members of such committee shall be designated by the director of purchases and the judicial administrator.

(2) Prior to negotiating any contract for collection services, this procurement negotiation committee shall advertise for proposals, negotiate with firms and individuals submitting proposals and select among those submitting such proposals the party or parties to contract with for the purpose of collection services.

(3) The ~~attorney general~~ supreme court may adopt rules ~~and regulations~~ as deemed appropriate for the administration of this section, including procedures to be used in the negotiation and execution of contracts pursuant to this section and procedures to be followed by those who utilize collection services under such contracts.

(4) For purposes of this section, the agencies, firms or individuals with whom contracts are entered under this section shall be known as contracting agents. The ~~attorney general~~ judicial administrator shall publish a list of the contracting agents for use by courts or beneficiaries under orders of restitution who desire to utilize the collection services of such agents.

(5) Each contract entered pursuant to this section shall provide for a fee to be paid to or retained by the contracting agent for collection services. Such fee shall be designated as the cost of collection hereunder, and shall not exceed 33% of the amount collected. The cost of collection shall be paid from the amount collected, but shall not be deducted from the debts owed to courts

or restitution. If a contracting agent uses the debt setoff procedures pursuant to K.S.A. 75-6202 et seq., and amendments thereto, to recover debts owed to the courts, the contracting agent's cost of collection for debt recovered through that program shall be the amount established by contract minus the collection assistance fee imposed by the director of accounts and reports of the department of administration pursuant to K.S.A. 75-6210, and amendments thereto.

(d) Judicial districts of the state of Kansas are authorized to utilize the collection services of contracting agents pursuant to this section for the purpose of collecting all outstanding debts owed to courts. Subject to rules and orders of the Kansas supreme court, each judicial district may establish by local rule guidelines for the compromise of court costs, fines, attorney fees and other charges assessed in district court cases.

(e) Any beneficiary under an order of restitution entered by a court after this section takes effect is authorized to utilize the collection services of contracting agents pursuant to this section for the purpose of collecting all outstanding amounts owed under such order of restitution.

(f) Contracts entered hereunder shall provide for the payment of any amounts collected to the clerk of the district court for the court in which the debt being collected originated, after first deducting the collection fee. In accounting for amounts collected from any person pursuant to this section, the district court clerk shall credit the person's amount owed in the amount of the net proceeds collected and shall not reduce the amount owed by any person by that portion of any payment which constitutes the cost of collection pursuant to this section.

(g) With the appropriate cost of collection paid to the contracting agent as agreed upon in the contract hereunder, the clerk shall then distribute amounts collected hereunder as follows:

(1) When collection services are utilized pursuant to subsection (d), all amounts shall

be applied against the debts owed to the court as specified in the original judgment creating the debt;

(2) when collection services are utilized pursuant to subsection (e), all amounts shall be paid to the beneficiary under the order of restitution designated to receive such restitution, except where that beneficiary has received recovery from the Kansas crime victims compensation board and such board has subrogation rights pursuant to K.S.A. 74-7312, and amendments thereto, in which case all amounts shall be paid to the board until its subrogation lien is satisfied.

(h) Whenever collection services are being utilized against the same debtor pursuant to both subsections (d) and (e), any amounts collected by a contracting agent shall be first applied to satisfy subsection (e) debts, debts pursuant to an order of restitution. Upon satisfaction of all such debts, amounts received from the same debtor shall then be applied to satisfy subsection (d) debts, debts owed to courts.

Sec. 6. K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 75-6202 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-6202. As used in this act:

(a) "Debtor" means any person who:

(1) Owes a debt to the state of Kansas or any state agency or any municipality;

(2) owes support to an individual, or an agency of another state, who is receiving assistance in collecting that support under K.S.A. 39-756 or K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 20-378, and amendments thereto, or under part D of title IV of the federal social security act, 42 U.S.C. § 651 et seq., as amended; or

(3) owes a debt to a foreign state agency.

(b) "Debt" means:

(1) Any liquidated sum due and owing to the state of Kansas, or any state agency,

municipality or foreign state agency which has accrued through contract, subrogation, tort, operation of law, or any other legal theory regardless of whether there is an outstanding judgment for that sum. A debt shall not include special assessments except when the owner of the property assessed petitioned for the improvement and any successor in interest of such owner of property;  
 or

(2) any amount of support due and owing an individual, or an agency of another state, who is receiving assistance in collecting that support under K.S.A. 39-756 or K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 20-378, and amendments thereto, or under part D of title IV of the federal social security act, 42 U.S.C. § 651 et seq., as amended, which amount shall be considered a debt due and owing the district court trustee or the Kansas department for children and families for the purposes of this act; or

(3) any assessment of court costs, fines, fees, moneys expended by the state in providing counsel and other defense services to indigent defendants or other charges which a district court judgment has ordered to be paid to the court and which remain unpaid in whole or in part, and includes any interest or penalties on such unpaid amounts as provided for in the judgment or by law. Such amount also includes the cost of collection when the collection services of a contracting agent are utilized.

(c) "Refund" means any amount of ~~Kansas~~ income tax refund due to any person as a result of an overpayment of tax, and for this purpose, a refund due to a husband and wife resulting from a joint return shall be considered to be separately owned by each individual in the proportion of each such spouse's contribution to income, as the term "contribution to income" is defined by rules and regulations of the secretary of revenue.

(d) "Net proceeds collected" means gross proceeds collected through final setoff against

a debtor's earnings, refund or other payment due from the state or any state agency minus any collection assistance fee charged by the director of accounts and reports of the department of administration.

(e) "State agency" means any state office, officer, department, board, commission, institution, bureau, agency or authority or any division or unit thereof and any judicial district of this state or the clerk or clerks thereof. "State agency" also shall include any: (1) District court utilizing collection services pursuant to K.S.A. 75-719, and amendments thereto, to collect debts owed to such court; and (2) contracting agent, as defined in K.S.A. 75-719, and amendments thereto, with which a district court contracts to collect debts owed to such court. Such contracting agent may directly establish a debt setoff account with the director for the sole purpose of collecting debts owed to courts.

(f) "Person" means an individual, proprietorship, partnership, limited partnership, association, trust, estate, business trust, corporation, other entity or a governmental agency, unit or subdivision.

(g) "Director" means the director of accounts and reports of the department of administration.

(h) "Municipality" means any municipality as defined by K.S.A. 75-1117, and amendments thereto.

(i) "Payor agency" means any state agency which holds money for, or owes money to, a debtor.

(j) "Foreign state or foreign state agency" means the states of Colorado, Missouri, Nebraska or Oklahoma or any agency of such states which has entered into a reciprocal agreement pursuant to K.S.A. 75-6215, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 7. K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 75-6204 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-6204. (a) Subject to the limitations provided in this act, if a debtor fails to pay to the state of Kansas or any state agency, foreign state agency, municipality or the federal department of the treasury an amount owed, the director may setoff such amount and a reasonable collection assistance fee determined in accordance with K.S.A. 75-6210, and amendments thereto, against any money held for, or any money owed to, such debtor by the state or any state agency.

(b) The director may enter into an agreement with a municipality for participation in the setoff program for the purpose of assisting in the collection of a debt as defined by K.S.A. 75-6202, and amendments thereto. The director shall include in any such agreement a provision requiring the municipality to certify that the municipality has made at least three attempts to collect a debt prior to submitting such debt to setoff pursuant to this act.

(c) (1) Except as provided in subsection (c)(2), the director shall add the cost of collection and the debt for a total amount subject to setoff against a debtor.

(2) Any debts due and owing to an individual, the state of Kansas or an agency of another state that are being enforced by the Kansas department for children and families under part D of title IV of the federal social security act, 42 U.S.C. § 651 et seq., as amended, shall not have the cost of collection added to the debt owed and subject to setoff. Such cost of collection shall be paid by the Kansas department for children and families.

Sec. 8. K.S.A. 75-6209 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-6209. (a) In accordance with the applicable times under K.S.A. 75-6208, and amendments thereto, the director shall complete the setoff by adding and retaining the collection assistance fee permitted by K.S.A. 75-6210, and amendments thereto, and transferring the net proceeds collected for credit or payment and by refunding any outstanding balance to the debtor.

(b) Upon completing the setoff, the director shall notify the debtor in writing of the action taken along with an accounting of the action taken. If there is an outstanding balance after setoff, the notice under this section shall accompany the balance when refunded.

(c) When a setoff is completed against earnings of an employee for any pay period and the setoff does not fully liquidate the debt due, further setoff in subsequent pay periods may be made without further certifications or notice to the debtor, except that the director shall notify the debtor in writing of the action taken and give an accounting thereof. The debtor may request an opportunity for hearing in regard to any further setoff in subsequent pay periods by making a written request therefor to the director. Any such request shall not stay future setoffs, but such hearing shall be held within a reasonable time, not to exceed 15 days after the request, unless a longer time has been agreed to by the debtor. Hearings under this subsection shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act. Orders resulting from hearings under this subsection shall not be subject to administrative review.

Sec. 9. K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 75-6210 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-6210. (a) Upon completion of a setoff transaction, the director shall transfer the net proceeds collected to the account or fund of the state agency, foreign state agency or municipality to which the debt was owed.

(b) (1) From the gross proceeds collected by the director through setoff, the director shall retain a reasonable collection assistance fee in an amount based on cost, as determined by generally accepted cost allocation techniques, except that in the case of transactions for collection of debts arising from the employment security law such fee shall not exceed \$300 for any transaction. Except as provided further, the director shall add the collection assistance fee to the debt after the debt is submitted to the director in accordance with K.S.A. 75-6206, and

amendments thereto. Any debts due and owing to an individual, the state of Kansas or an agency of another state that are being enforced by the Kansas department for children and families under part D of title IV of the federal social security act, 42 U.S.C. § 651 et seq., as amended, shall not have the collection assistance fee added to the debt owed and subject to setoff, and such fee shall be paid by the Kansas department for children and families.

(2) The director shall retain a reasonable collection assistance fee from the gross proceeds of collections through setoff on behalf of a municipality as specified in an agreement entered into pursuant to K.S.A. 75-6204, and amendments thereto, or foreign state agency in such amount as specified in the reciprocal agreement entered into pursuant to K.S.A. 75-6215, and amendments thereto.

(3) The collection assistance fee shall be paid as an additional cost for all debts owed to the court when the court utilizes debt setoff procedures pursuant to K.S.A. 75-6202 et seq., and amendments thereto. The collection assistance fee shall be retained from the amount collected, but shall not be deducted from the debts owed to the court.

(4) The director may credit a portion of the collection assistance fee to the appropriate account or fund of any other state agency that has incurred expenses in assisting in the collection of the debt.

(5) The amount of the collection assistance fee retained by the director shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the accounting services recovery fund.

(c) Upon receipt by the state agency, foreign state agency or municipality of the net proceeds collected, the state agency, foreign state agency or municipality shall credit the debtor's

obligation in the amount of the gross proceeds collected.

(d) Except as otherwise prescribed by the director or the secretary of administration, any state agency, foreign state agency or municipality which receives any payment from a debtor after notification to the debtor under K.S.A. 75-6206, and amendments thereto, other than payments collected pursuant to K.S.A. 44-718, and amendments thereto, or collected through the federal government or judicial process, shall remit the collection assistance fee imposed under subsection (b) to the director which shall be credited to the accounting services recovery fund. If a state agency fails to remit the collection assistance fee as required by this subsection, the director may transfer an amount equal to such collection assistance fee from the appropriate account or fund of the state agency to the accounting services recovery fund. If a foreign state agency or municipality fails to remit the collection assistance fee as required by this subsection, the director may seek collection of such fee in such manner as may be allowed by law.

(e) In cases involving the collection of debts arising from the employment security law, the entire amount collected shall be credited to the employment security fund and the collection assistance fee shall be transferred from the special employment security fund to the accounting services recovery fund.";

Also on page 1, in line 33, before "K.S.A" by inserting "K.S.A. 20-3127 and 75-6209 and"; also in line 33, after "Supp." by inserting "20-302b,"; also in line 33, by striking "is" and inserting ", 60-2403, 75-719, 75-6202, 75-6204 and 75-6210 are"; in line 35, by striking "Kansas register" and inserting "statute book";

And by renumbering sections accordingly;

On page 1, in the title, in line 1, by striking all after "concerning"; by striking all in lines 2; in line 3, by striking all before the period and inserting "courts; relating to district magistrate

judge jurisdiction and power; county law libraries; code of civil procedure, items allowable as costs; court costs, fees, fines and restitution; debts owed to courts; amending K.S.A. 20-3127 and 75-6209 and K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 20-302b, 60-2003, 60-2403, 75-719, 75-6202, 75-6204 and 75-6210 and repealing the existing sections";

And your committee on conference recommends the adoption of this report.

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Conferees on part of Senate

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Conferees on part of House