Session of 2016

## HOUSE BILL No. 2479

By Committee on Agriculture and Natural Resources

1-19

AN ACT concerning agriculture; relating to noxious weeds; amending K.S.A. 2-1314b, 2-1320, 2-1323, 2-1330 and 2-1332 and K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 2-1314, 2-1315, 2-1316, 2-1317, 2-1318, 2-1319, 2-1322 and 2-1331 and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 2-1316a, 2-1325, 2-1326, 2-1328 and 2-1329 and K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 2-1327 and 2-1334.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. (a) The provisions of article 13 of chapter 2 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, and sections 1 through 5, and amendments thereto, shall be known and may be cited as the noxious weed act.

- (b) For the purposes of this act:
- (1) "Act" means the noxious weed act;
- (2) "article" means any material or tangible object that could harbor, carry or is capable of disseminating noxious weeds;
- (3) "certified weed free" means any unprocessed plant product that has been inspected by authorized state or county officials and found to be free of the reproductive parts of noxious and invasive weeds according to standards set forth by the North American invasive species management association:
- (4) "control" means the removal or destruction of the reproductive parts of any noxious weeds before such weeds propagate and spread or whenever required by the secretary or the county weed supervisor;
- (5) "drift" means the movement of pesticide spray away from the land to which it was applied.
- (5) (6) "governing body" means the board, body or persons in which the powers of a political subdivision as a body corporate are vested;
- (6) (7) "governmental agency" means the state or any agency or political subdivision thereof or the government of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof;
- 32 (7) (8) "noxious weed" means any species of plant that the secretary legislature shall determine to be a noxious weed in rules and regulations adopted and promulgated by the secretary K.S.A. 1314, and amendments thereto;
  - (8) (9) "noxious weed plant material" means any noxious weed plant

 or plant part that is capable of reproducing sexually or asexually;

- (9) (10) "political subdivision" means any agency or unit of the state authorized to levy taxes or empowered to cause taxes to be levied;
- (10) (11) "secretary" means the secretary of agriculture or the secretary's designated representative; and
- (11) (12) "weed supervisor" means a person hired by a county, township or city and approved by the secretary to enforce the noxious weed act and to control and manage noxious weeds within the confines of the supervisor's jurisdiction.
- New Sec. 2. (a) The secretary may make an emergency declaration of noxious weeds if:
- (1) A new and potentially harmful noxious weed is discovered growing in the state and is verified by the secretary; or
- (2) the state is facing a potential influx of noxious weeds as the result of a natural disaster.
- (b) Once a weed has been declared noxious under this section, the secretary shall consider such weed as noxious as provided in K.S.A. 2-1314, and amendments thereto, and take every action and use any means available to control or eradicate such noxious weed species as authorized in this act.
- (c) (b) The secretary shall not make an emergency declaration for the same weed more than once without the recommendation of the state advisory committee.
- (d) (c) The declaration shall remain in effect for the earlier of 18 months or until action can be is taken by the secretary legislature to declare the species a noxious weed by rules and regulations.
- (e) (d) (1) Within 90 days after the secretary makes an emergency declaration pursuant to this section, the secretary shall call a meeting of the state advisory committee to review and approve the emergency declaration. If the committee does not approve of such emergency declaration with within such 90 days, the emergency declaration will no longer remain in effect.
- (2) The provisions of this subsection shall expire on December 15, 2019.

New Sec. 3. (a) There is hereby created the state noxious weed advisory committee, referred to in this section as the state advisory committee. The state advisory committee shall consist of—H 13 voting members and the secretary or a duly appointed representative of the secretary as a non-voting ex officio member. Representation on the state advisory committee shall reflect the different geographic areas of the state equally to the greatest extent possible. Such members shall receive no compensation for serving on such state advisory committee, but shall be paid subsistence allowances, mileage and other expenses as provided in

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K.S.A. 75-3223, and amendments thereto, from moneys appropriated therefor to the Kansas department of agriculture. The—11 13 voting members shall be appointed by the secretary as follows:

- (1) One member shall represent a natural resource management professional from the Kansas department of wildlife, parks and tourism;
- (2) two members shall represent weed specialists from Kansas state university college of agriculture or the Kansas state research and extension and shall be appointed upon the recommendation of the dean of the college of agriculture and the director of Kansas state research and extension;
- (3) one member shall be a county commissioner and shall be appointed upon recommendation of the Kansas association of counties;
- (4) three members shall be private landowners, at least one of which shall be an organic or specialty crop producer;
- (5) two members shall represent county weed directors and shall be appointed upon the recommendation of the board of directors of the county weed directors association of Kansas;
- (6) one member shall represent the agricultural industries in the state and shall be appointed upon the recommendation of the board of directors of the Kansas agribusiness retailers association; and
- (7) one member shall be appointed upon the recommendation of the board of directors of the Kansas cooperative council;
- (8) one member shall represent a natural resource management professional from the Kansas biological survey and shall be appointed upon the recommendation of the director of the Kansas biological survey; and
- (9) one member shall represent the Kansas pest control association and shall be appointed by upon the recommendation of the president of the Kansas pest control association.
- (b) (1) Except as provided in this section, the term of office of each member of the committee shall be four years. The initial appointments to the committee shall be as follows:
  - (A) Four members shall be appointed for terms of two years;
  - (B) four members shall be appointed for terms of three years; and
  - (C) three members shall be appointed for terms of four years.
- (2) The secretary shall designate the term of office for each member appointed to the first committee. Appointees shall be limited to serving a total of two full terms each. Each state advisory committee member shall hold office until the expiration of the term for which such member is appointed or until a successor has been duly appointed. All members of the committee shall serve for a term of three years.
- (3) (2) In the event of a vacancy on the state advisory committee, the appointing body of the vacating member shall fill such vacancy for the remainder of the unexpired term before the next meeting.

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 (4) (3) The secretary may remove any member of the state advisory committee for misconduct, incompetence or neglect of duty.

- (5) (4) A quorum of the state advisory committee shall be—six a majority of the members duly appointed to the state advisory committee.
- (6) (5) A quorum of the state advisory committee shall elect or appoint annually a chairperson and a vice-chairperson.
  - (7) (6) The state advisory committee shall meet at least quarterly.
- (c) The state advisory committee shall, among other duties assigned by the secretary:
- (1) Review the state weed management plan every five years and recommend changes and updates to the secretary for approval;
- (2) through the use of a **science-based** risk assessment, designated by the secretary, recommend the designation and classification of state noxious weeds. **Such assessment shall consider, at a minimum:**
- (A) The impact on the natural and agricultural environment, including potential toxicity to humans and livestock;
- (B) the invasiveness of the species under consideration, determined based on the rate of spread and the potential for, and methods of, dispersal; and
  - (C) the potential for infestation in the state;
- (3) review the noxious weed act and the list of species declared to be noxious weeds by rules and regulations of the secretary every four years and recommend changes to the secretary;
- (4) review the official eradication and control methods for each state noxious weed and recommend changes to the secretary legislature; and
- (5) before January 1 of each odd-numbered year report to the secretary on the expenditure of state funds on noxious weed control; specifically how such funds were spent; the status of the state and county programs; and recommendations for the continued best use of state funds for noxious weed control. The report shall include report to the legislature the committee's recommendations as to the long-term needs regarding noxious weed control.
- (d) (ddd) Recommendations of the state advisory committee shall be made by a majority vote of the members of the state advisory committee.
- (eee) The provisions of this section shall expire on December 15, 2019.

New Sec. 4. It shall be unlawful for any person, company or corporation:

(a) To import, introduce, plant, sow, move or knowingly allow to grow any weed declared and designated as noxious pursuant to K.S.A. 2-1314, and amendments thereto, except in accordance with such conditions as the secretary may prescribe by rules and regulations to prevent the dissemination of such noxious weeds into this state;

 (b) to sell, barter or give away nursery stock, plants, packing materials, animal fertilizer and soil or sod for landscaping or fertilizer use which contains, or is infested with, noxious weed plant material or seeds;

- (c) to transport articles, seed, screening, grains, crops, straw, hay, forage, offal material or feed of any kind containing noxious weed plant material or seeds unless such materials shall have been carried or transported in such vehicles or containers which prevent the leaking or scattering thereof or are processed by grinding or other means adequate to destroy the viability of all such noxious weed plant material or seeds, except such feeds that are to be fed to livestock may be sold for consumption on the same farm where grown or may be sold to commercial processors or commercial feed mixers. All common carriers shall thoroughly clean and destroy any noxious weed plant material or seeds in or on cars, trucks, vehicles or other receptacles used by them after each load was delivered to a consignee before again placing such car, truck, vehicle or receptacle into service; or
- (d) to bring any harvesting or threshing machinery, portable feed grinders, portable seed cleaners, field ensilage cutters or other farm vehicles or machinery into the state or from any field or farm within the state that is infested with any noxious weed without first cleaning such equipment free from any noxious weed plant material or seeds.
  - (e) This section shall not apply to:
- (1) Research sanctioned by a state or federal agency or an accredited university or college; or
  - (2) activities specifically permitted by the secretary.
- New Sec. 5. Any and all alfalfa, grass, hay or other forage, straw or mulch carried onto or used for any purpose within the boundaries of any lands owned or managed by the state government and of its agencies must be certified noxious weed free.
- New Sec. 6. (a) Any landowner may post such land with signs stating that spraying pesticides on such land is prohibited.
- (b) Any person who sprays pesticides on land that is posted prohibiting such spraying shall be subject to the penalties prescribed in K.S.A. 2-1323, and amendments thereto.
- (c) Any person whose property is damaged due to drift of pesticides applied by the county shall have a cause of action against such county for damages.

Sec. 6. 7. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 2-1314 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2-1314. (a) The secretary shall adopt rules and regulations to declare the weeds of the state that are noxious weeds. Once a weed has been declared to be a noxious weed, it shall be considered a noxious weed in every county of the state. The secretary shall not declare any species to be a noxious weed without the recommendation of the state advisory

committee, except under an emergency declaration as provided in section 2, and amendments thereto. It shall be the duty of persons, associations of persons, the secretary of transportation, the boards of county commissioners, the township boards, school boards, drainage boards, the governing body of incorporated cities, railroad companies and other transportation companies or corporations or their authorized agents and those supervising state-owned lands to control the spread of and to eradicate all weeds declared by legislative action by legislative action to be noxious on all lands owned or supervised by them and to use such methods for that purpose and at such times as are approved and adopted by the Kansas department of agriculture. The term noxious weeds shall mean

- (b) The following shall be considered noxious weeds: Kudzu (Pueraria lobata), field bindweed (Convolvulus arvensis), Russian knapweed (Centaurea repens), hoary cress (Cardaria draba), Canada thistle (Cirsium arvense), quackgrass (Agropyron repens), leafy spurge (Euphorbia esula), bur ragweed (Ambrosia grayii), pignut (Hoffmannseggia densiflora), musk (nodding) thistle (Carduus nutans L.), Johnson grass (Sorghum halepense) and sericea lespedeza (Lespedeza cuneata). The provisions of this subsection shall expire on December 31, 2017.
- (c) A board of county commissioners may, with the recommendation of the state advisory committee and approval of the secretary, publish a list of the species of weeds to be controlled in the county, in addition to those declared as noxious pursuant to this section. Any species so listed shall be considered to be a noxious weed within the boundaries of that county.
- (1) The board of county commissioners state advisory committee shall, for any species to be listed as provided in this subsection that previously has not been listed by another county, submit to the secretary for approval official methods for the control and eradication of such species. Any county subsequently listing the same species shall adopt the official methods for the control and eradication of that species as approved by the secretary.
- (2) If any species listed by the board of county commissioners of any county is later declared a noxious weed by rules and regulations of the secretary, the official methods adopted by the secretary for the control and eradication of such species pursuant to K.S.A. 2-1315, and amendments thereto, shall control over any methods adopted by the board of county commissioners.
- (2) Cost share chemicals, in accordance with K.S.A. 2-1322, and amendments thereto, shall be made available for the control and eradication of any species listed by a board of county commissioners pursuant to this subsection.

 (d) Beginning on December 31, 2017, and on December 31 every fourth year thereafter, the secretary shall report to the chairperson of the house standing committee on agriculture and natural resources and the chairperson of the senate standing committee on agriculture a list of the weeds considered noxious by the rules and regulations promulgated by the secretary and any recommendations as to the long-term needs regarding noxious weed control required by section 3(c)(5), and amendments thereto.

- Sec. 7. K.S.A. 2-1314b is hereby amended to read as follows: 2-1314b. (a) The board of county commissioners of any county may declare the multiflora rose (Rosa multiflora) or the bull thistle (Cirsium vulgare), or both, to be a noxious weed within the boundaries of such county. In such event, all of the provisions of article 13 of chapter 2 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, *and amendments thereto*, which pertain to the control and eradication of noxious weeds shall apply to the control and eradication of the multiflora rose or the bull thistle, or both, within any such county.
- (b) If the board of county commissioners of any county does not declare the multiflora rose or the bull thistle, or both, to be a noxious weed within the boundaries of such county, a petition requesting the secretary of agriculture to declare the multiflora rose or the bull thistle, or both, to be a noxious weed within the boundaries of such county, signed by not less than 5% of the qualified electors of the county, may be filed with the county election officer of the county. Upon receipt of any such petition, the county election officer shall certify the sufficiency of the petition and submit it to the secretary of agriculture. Thereupon, the secretary of agriculture may declare the multiflora rose or the bull thistle, or both, to be a noxious weed within the boundaries of such county. In such event, all of the provisions of article 13 of chapter 2 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated. and amendments thereto, which pertain to the control and eradication of noxious weeds shall apply to the control and eradication of the multiflora rose or the bull thistle, or both, within any such county. The provisions of this section shall expire on December 31, 2017.

Sec. 8. 8K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 2-1315 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2-1315. The secretary of agriculture is hereby empowered to decide and adopt methods as official for control and eradication of noxious weeds and to publish such methods, and to make and publish such rules and regulations as in the secretary's judgment are necessary to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to alter or suspend such rules and regulations when necessary. The secretary of agriculture may establish not to exceed five noxious weed control districts within this state and define the boundaries of such districts. Such districts shall be established to provide for the most efficient control and eradication of noxious weeds and for the most economical supervision by the state. The secretary may

 designate any county as a sericea lespedeza disaster area to provide for the control and cradication of sericea lespedeza within such county. The secretary shall consult with the board of county commissioners of any county prior to designation of such county as a sericea lespedeza disaster area pursuant to this subsection.

The secretary may consult, advise or render assistance to county and city weed supervisors as to the best and most practical methods of noxious weed control and eradication. It shall be the duty of the county agricultural agent to cooperate with and assist the county weed supervisors in an intensive educational program on weed control. The secretary of agriculture is hereby authorized to enter into agreements with any agencies of the federal government for cooperation in the control and eradication of noxious weeds in Kansas in keeping with the provisions of this act.

- Sec. 9. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 2-1316 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2-1316. (a) The responsibility for the enforcement of the provisions of this act shall be vested in the board of county commissioners as to all lands, unless otherwise provided for, within the boundaries of such county. Cities and townships may enter into an agreement with the board of county commissioners to take upon themselves the responsibility of the enforcement of the provisions of this act. If, at any time, a board of county commissioners determines that a city or township within the boundaries of the county that has taken upon itself the responsibility of the enforcement of the provisions of this act, is unable or unwilling to fulfill those responsibilities, the board of county commissioners may revoke the terms of the agreement and resume the responsibility for the enforcement of the provisions of this act.
- (b) The board of county commissioners of each county shall, and the governing body of any incorporated city or any group of counties or cities may, employ for a stated time each year, with the approval of the secretary of agriculture, a competent person as county, city or district weed supervisor.
- (b) (c) The weed supervisor shall consult and cooperate with the state division of noxious weeds and with the assistant weed control director-appointed for the supervisor's district, make annual surveys of infestations (compile data on areas eradicated and under treatment), and submit an annual report to the county commissioners and to the state division of noxious weeds, to consult and advise upon secretary in all matters pertaining to the best and most practical methods for noxious weed control and eradication and to render every possible assistance and direction for the most effective control and eradication within the supervisor's district; investigate or aid in the investigation and prosecution of any violation of this act and report violations of which the supervisor has knowledge to the county attorney.

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(e) (d) The salary of the county weed supervisor shall be—borne as follows: The Kansas department of agriculture to pay not more than one-fourth thereof from any funds available, not less than three-fourths thereof to be borne as follows: The Kansas department of agriculture to pay not more than <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> thereof from any funds available, not less than <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> thereof to be paid out of the county noxious weed fund or, if the county noxious weed program is funded primarily through county general funds, the salary shall be paid from the county general funds, prorated as may be decided at the time of such employment by the governing body or bodies employing such supervisor. If the noxious weed program is funded from more than one source, the salary shall be paid from each source in proportion to which it contributes to the noxious weed program.

(d) (e) The boards of county commissioners, governing bodies of eities and township boards, with the aid of their weed supervisors, shall make by February 15th each year an annual weed eradication progressreport to the secretary of agriculture for the preceding calendar year, on a form supplied by the secretary, and such other weed reports as established by rules and regulations of the secretary of agriculture The weed supervisor shall make annual surveys of infestations and ascertain the approximate amount of land and highways infested with each kind of noxious weed and its location in the county not later than October 31 of each year. The weed supervisor shall compile data on areas eradicated and under treatment and any other data the secretary may deem necessary, and submit by March 15 of each year, an annual weed eradication progress report for the preceding calendar year to the board of county commissioners for their signatures and then to the secretary. The weed supervisor shall prepare and submit, by March 15 of each year, a management plan for the coming year to the board of county commissioners and to the secretary for approval.

Sec. 10. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 2-1317 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2-1317. The secretary of agriculture or the secretary's duly authorized representative and the local district or county weed supervisor shall confer, at such time or times as seems necessary and advisable *to the secretary*, with persons and associations of persons, the secretary of transportation, the board of county commissioners, the township boards or other boards and the governing body of cities, railroad companies or other corporations, or their authorized agents, as to the extent of noxious weed infestation on their lands, and the methods deemed best suited to the control and eradication of each kind of noxious weeds within their respective jurisdictions. The county commissioners and the governing body of cities, shall report to the secretary of agriculture as to the extent and the official methods of control and eradication of noxious weeds to be undertaken in any one season in their jurisdiction, subject to the approval

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2 Sec. 11. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 2-1318 is hereby amended to read as 3 follows: 2-1318. The county weed supervisor of each county is herebydirected and it shall be the duty of the county weed supervisor to ascertain 4 each year the approximate amount of land and highways infested with 5 6 each kind of noxious weeds and its location in the county, and transmit 7 such information tabulated by cities and townships not later than June 1 of 8 each year, to the secretary of agriculture, board of county commissioners, 9 and to the governing body of each city and township in the district pertaining to such noxious weed infestation in their respective jurisdiction. 10 (a) On the basis of such information the infestation survey prescribed by 11 12 K.S.A. 2-1316, and amendments thereto, the tax levying body of each county, township or incorporated city shall either make a tax levy each 13 year for the purpose of paying their part of the cost of control and 14 15 eradication thereof as provided in this act-and, or set aside a portion of the 16 county general fund equivalent to the budget of the county weed program. 17 In the case of cities and counties, a portion of the tax levy may be used to 18 pay a portion of the principal and interest on bonds issued under the 19 authority of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, by cities located in 20 the county. Each county, city, and township, separately, shall make a levy 21 each year for such purpose. Any township or city may budget expenditures 22 for weed control within its general operating fund in lieu of levying a 23 special tax therefor or maintaining a separate noxious weed eradication fund. Moneys collected from such levy, except for an amount to pay a 24 25 portion of the principal and interest on bonds issued under the authority of 26 K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, by cities located in the county, 27 shall be set apart as a noxious weed eradication fund and warrants duly 28 verified by the county weed supervisor, if such be employed, or city 29 supervisor, if such be employed, or if no supervisor be employed, then by 30 county, township or city clerk, as the case may be, may be drawn against 31 this fund for all items of expense incident to control of noxious weeds in 32 such district respectively. Any moneys remaining in the noxious weed 33 eradication fund at the end of any year for which a levy is made under this 34 section-may shall either be transferred to the noxious weed capital outlay 35 fund for making of capital expenditures incident to the control of noxious 36 weeds or remain in the noxious weed eradication fund for use in the next 37 vear. 38

- (b) All records relating to funds received into and spent from both the noxious weed eradication fund and the noxious weed capital outlay fund shall be retained by the county for not fewer than five years and shall be made available to the Kansas department of agriculture upon request.
- (c) The secretary of agriculture shall collect information from each county regarding county weed budgets and expenditures made

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by each county associated with weed control, including labor, equipment and chemical costs. The secretary shall report this information the the legislature annually.

Sec. 12. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 2-1319 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2-1319. (a) The cost of controlling and eradicating noxious weeds on all lands or highways owned or supervised by a state agency, department or commission shall be paid by the state agency, department or commission supervising such lands or highways from funds appropriated to its use; on county lands and county roads, on township lands and township roads, on city lands, streets and alleys by the county, township or city in which such lands, roads, streets and alleys are located, and from funds made available for that purpose; on drainage districts, irrigation districts, cemetery associations and other political subdivisions of the state, the costs shall be paid from their respective funds made available for the purpose. If the governing body of any political subdivision owning or supervising lands infested with noxious weeds within their jurisdiction fails to control such noxious weeds after 15 days' notice directing any such body to do so, the board of county commissioners shall proceed to have proper control and eradication methods used upon such lands, and shall notify the governing body of the political subdivision by certified mail of the costs of such operations, with a demand for payment. The governing body of the political subdivision shall pay such costs from its noxious weed fund, or if no such fund is available, from its general fund or from any other funds available for such purpose. Copy of the statement, together with proof of notification, shall at the same time be filed with the county clerk, and if the amount is not paid within 30 days, such clerk shall spread the amount upon the tax roll of the subdivision, and such amount shall become a lien against the entire territory located within the particular political subdivision, and shall be collected as other taxes are collected.

- (b) All moneys collected pursuant to this section shall be paid into the county noxious weed eradication fund, or if the noxious weed program is funded primarily through the county general fund, such moneys shall be paid into the county general fund. If the noxious weed program is funded from more than one source, all moneys collected pursuant to this section shall be paid from each source in proportion to which it contributes to the noxious weed program.
- (e) As used in this section, "governing body" means the board, body, or persons in which the powers of a political subdivision as a body-corporate are vested; and "political subdivision" means any agency or unit of the state authorized to levy taxes or empowered to cause taxes to be levied.
- (d) On all other lands the owner thereof shall pay the cost of control and eradication of noxious weeds. Except as provided in K.S.A. 2-1333;

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and amendments thereto, chemical materials for use on privately owned lands may be purchased from the board of county commissioners at a price fixed by the board of county commissioners which shall be in an amount equal to not less than 50% nor more than 75% of the total cost incurred by the county in purchasing, storing and handling such chemical materials. However, once the tax levying body of a county, city or township has authorized a tax levy of 1.5 mills or more, the board of county-commissioners may collect from the owner of privately owned lands an amount equal to 75% but not more than 100% of the total cost incurred by the county in purchasing, storing and handling of chemical materials used in the control and cradication of noxious weeds on such privately owned lands. Whenever official methods of cradication, adopted by the secretary of agriculture, are not followed in applying the chemical materials so purchased, the board of county commissioners may collect the remaining portion of the total cost thereof.

Sec. 13. K.S.A. 2-1320 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2-1320. In case the county weed supervisor or city weed supervisor enters upon land or furnishes weed control materials pursuant to a contract or an agreement with an owner, operator or supervising agent of noxious weed infested land for the control of such noxious weeds and, as a result of such weed control methods, there are any unpaid accounts outstanding by December 31 of each year, the county commissioners or governing body of the city shall immediately notify or cause to be notified, such owner with an itemized statement as to the cost of material, labor and use of equipment and further stating that if the amount of such statement is not paid to the county or city treasurer wherein such real estate is located within 30 days from the date of such notice, a penalty charge of 10% of the amount remaining unpaid shall be added to the account and the total amount thereof shall become a lien upon such real estate. The unpaid balance of such account and such penalty charge shall draw interest from the date of entering into such contract at the rate prescribed for delinquent taxes pursuant to K.S.A. 79-2004, and amendments thereto. A copy of the statement, together with proof of notification, shall at the same time be filed with the register of deeds in such county and the county or city clerk, as the case may be, and if such amount is not paid within the next 30 days the county or city clerk, as the case may be, shall spread the amount of such statement upon the tax roll prepared by the clerk and such amount shall become a lien against the entire contiguous tract of land owned by such person or persons of which the portion so treated is all or a part, and shall be collected as other taxes are collected, and all moneys so collected shall be paid into the noxious weed eradication fund, except that not more than 5% of the assessed valuation of the entire contiguous tract of land of which the portion so treated is all or a part shall be spread on the tax rolls

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against such land in any one year or, if the noxious weed program is funded primarily through the county general fund, such moneys shall be paid into the county general fund. If the noxious weed program is funded from more than one source, all moneys collected pursuant to this section shall be paid from each source in proportion to which it contributes to the noxious weed program. If any land subject to a lien imposed under this section is sold or transferred, the entire remaining unpaid balance of such account plus any accrued interest and penalties shall become due and payable prior to the sale or transfer of ownership of the property, and upon collection shall be paid to the noxious weed eradication fund or, if the noxious weed program is funded primarily through the county general fund, such moneys shall be paid into the county general fund. If the noxious weed program is funded from more than one source, all moneys collected pursuant to this section shall be paid from each source in proportion to which it contributes to the noxious weed program.

Sec. 14. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 2-1322 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2-1322. (a) The board of county commissioners, or the governing body of incorporated cities, cooperating with the secretary of agriculture, shall purchase or provide for needed and necessary equipment and necessary chemical material for the control and eradication of noxious weeds. The board of county commissioners of any county or the governing body of any city may use any equipment or *apply any chemical* materials purchased as provided for in this section, upon the highways, streets and alleys *and county-owned or managed property*, for the treatment and eradication of weeds which have not been declared noxious—by legislative action.

- (b) Except as provided in K.S.A. 2-1333, and amendments thereto, the board of county commissioners shall sell chemical material to the landowners in their jurisdiction who have been assessed a tax by the county at a price fixed by the board of county commissioners which shall be in an amount equal to not less than 50% nor more than 75% of the total cost incurred by the county in purchasing, storing and handling such chemical materials used in the control and eradication of noxious weeds, and may make such charge for the use of machines or other equipment and operators as may be deemed by them sufficient to cover the actual cost of operation. However, once the tax levying body of a county, city or township has authorized a tax levy of 1.5 mills or more, the board of county commissioners may collect from the landowners in their jurisdiction an amount equal to 75% but not more than 100% of the total cost incurred by the county in purchasing, storing and handling of chemical materials used in the control and eradication of noxious weeds.
- (c) The board of county commissioners of a county that funds its noxious weed program from the county general fund shall sell chemical

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material to the landowners in its jurisdiction who have been assessed a tax by the county at a price fixed by the board of county commissioners which shall be in an amount equal to not less than 50% nor more than 75% of the total cost incurred by the county in purchasing, storing and handling such chemical materials used in the control and eradication of noxious weeds, and may make such charge for the use of machines or other equipment and the operators as may be deemed by the board of county commissioners sufficient to cover the actual cost of operation. However, once the tax levying body of a county, city or township has appropriated a budget equivalent to 1.5 mills or more, the board of county commissioners may collect from the landowners in their jurisdiction an amount equal to 75% but not more than 100% of the total cost incurred by the county in purchasing, storing and handling of chemical materials used in the control and eradication of noxious weeds.

- (d) Whenever official methods of eradication adopted by the secretary of agriculture are not used in applying the chemical material purchased, the board of county commissioners may collect the remaining portion of the total cost thereof from the landowner.
- (d) (e) The board of county commissioners, township boards, and the governing body of cities shall keep a record showing purchases of material and equipment for control and eradication of noxious weeds. The board of county commissioners and the governing body of cities shall also keep a complete itemized record showing sales for cash or charge sales of material and shall maintain a record of charges and receipts for use of equipment owned by each county or city on public and private land. Such records shall be open to inspection by citizens of Kansas at all times.
- (f) All moneys collected from the sales of chemical material and the charges for the use of machines shall be deposited into the noxious weed eradication fund or, if the noxious weed program is funded primarily through the county general fund, such moneys shall be paid into the county general fund. If the noxious weed program is funded from more than one source, all moneys collected pursuant to this section shall be paid from each source in proportion to which it contributes to the noxious weed program for the purpose of paying for the purchase of additional chemical material as provided in this section and for the cost of control and eradication of noxious weeds as provided in this act.
- Sec. 15. K.S.A. 2-1323 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2-1323. Any person, association of persons, corporation, county or city or other official who shall violate or fail to comply with any of the provisions of this act-and acts amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished upon conviction-thereof by a fine of \$100 \$200 per day for each day of noncompliance-up to a maximum fine of \$1,500 for each violation up to a maximum fine of \$2,500.

Sec. 16. K.S.A. 2-1330 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2-1330. County commissioners, township boards, city officials and state, county and city weed supervisors shall have at all reasonable times, free access to enter upon premises and to inspect property, both real and personal, regardless of location, in connection with the administration of the state weed law this act.

Sec. 17. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 2-1331 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2-1331. (a) When a county weed supervisor has knowledge that any land in the supervisor's county is infested, in any current year, with any noxious weed, the supervisor shall give notice, by publication of a general notice in the official county newspaper pursuant to subsection (b) or an official notice by mail, of such infestation to the person, association of persons, governmental agency, corporation or agent thereof, which owns the land. As used in this section, governmental agency means the state or any agency or political subdivision thereof or the government of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof. In the event the land is under the control or supervision of an operator or supervising agent, the notice shall also be mailed to the operator or supervising agent. Such notice shall contain the procedures described in the Kansas official methods and regulations for the control and eradication of any noxious weed found on the land and shall contain a specified time within which the owner, operator or supervising agent shall complete the required treatment for the control or eradication of any such noxious weed.

- (b) On or before March 1 of each year, the secretary of agriculture shall notify in writing each county weed supervisor of a general notice of noxious weed infestation, as established by rules and regulations. On or before April 1 of each year, the county weed supervisor may publish in the official county newspaper the general notice of noxious weed infestation which shall remain in effect until March 31 of the following year. The cost of such publication shall be paid from the noxious weed eradication fund or, if the county noxious weed program is funded primarily through the county general fund, the cost shall be paid from the county general fund. If the noxious weed program is funded from more than once source, the cost shall be paid from each source in proportion to which it contributes to the noxious weed program.
- (c) If an inspection, by the county weed supervisor, made on or after the completion date stated in the official notice prescribed under subsection (a) or publication of the general notice under subsection (b), reveals satisfactory treatment progress has not been made, the county weed supervisor may send, by certified mail, to the owner and to the operator or supervising agent of the noxious weed infested land a legal notice as described in subsection (e).
  - (d) In the event the county weed supervisor determines that musk

 thistle plants which are found on land in the supervisor's county have reached a stage of maturity where weed control methods applied currently would not give satisfactory results, the supervisor may give legal notice requiring fall treatment to be performed in the current year.

- (e) Legal notice given to the owner and to the operator or supervising agent of any noxious weed infested land shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
  - (1) A legal description of the noxious weed infested land;
- (2) the name of the owner and operator or supervising agent of the noxious weed infested land, as shown by records of the county clerk;
- (3) the approximate acreage of each noxious weed in the infestation or infestations involved;
- (4) a copy of the Kansas official methods and regulations applicable for controlling each named noxious weed;
- (5) a specified time, within which noxious weed control methods are required to be completed; such specified time shall not be less than five days after mailing of the notice;
- (6) a statement that unless the owner, operator or supervising agent completes the required noxious weed control methods within the specified time, the county weed supervisor may enter or cause to be entered upon the noxious weed infested land as often as is necessary and use such approved methods as are best adapted for the eradication and control of noxious weeds on the particular area of land;
- (7) a statement to inform the owner, operator or supervising agent that they may be prosecuted pursuant to K.S.A. 2-1323, and amendments thereto, and if convicted, fined as established by law The secretary shall adopt rules and regulations defining the legal notice to be given to the owner and to the operator or supervising agent of any noxious weed infested land.
- (f) Prior to issuing any legal notice pursuant to subsection (c) or (d), the county weed supervisor shall notify the owner, operator or supervising agent by telephone call, personal contact—or, first class mail *or by electronic means* of the noxious weed infestation.
- Sec. 18. K.S.A. 2-1332 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2-1332. In the event the county weed supervisor enters or causes entry upon land to control any noxious weed infestation, after service of legal notice, such supervisor shall immediately notify or cause to be notified, by certified mail, the owner of such land with an itemized statement of the costs of treatment. Such costs of treatment shall include the total cost of material, labor and use of equipment. Such statement shall include a penalty charge of 10% of the total amount of treatment costs. The unpaid balance of any such treatment costs including such penalty charge shall draw interest from the date of treatment at the rate prescribed for delinquent taxes pursuant to

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K.S.A. 79-2004, and amendments thereto. A copy of such statement, 1 2 together with proof of notification, shall at the same time be filed with the 3 register of deeds in such county and the county clerk, and if such amount 4 is not paid within 30 days from the date of mailing of such notice the 5 county clerk shall record the amount of such statement upon the tax roll 6 prepared by such county clerk and such amount shall become a lien 7 against the entire contiguous tract of land owned by such person or 8 persons of which the portion so treated is all or a part, and shall be 9 collected as other taxes are collected and all moneys so collected shall be 10 paid into the noxious weed eradication fund or, if the noxious weed program is funded primarily through the county general fund, such 11 12 moneys shall be paid into the county general fund. If the noxious weed program is funded from more than one source, all moneys collected 13 pursuant to this section shall be paid from each source in proportion to 14 15 which it contributes to the noxious weed program, except that not more 16 than 10% 50% of the assessed valuation cost of treating the portion of the 17 entire contiguous tract of land of which the portion so treated is all or a 18 part as described and defined in the legal notice as provided in K.S.A. 2-19 1331, and amendments thereto, shall be recorded on the tax rolls against 20 such land in any one year. The board of county commissioners may, after 21 discussion with the landowner in question, develop a payment plan for the 22 payment of the full amount of the lien over time. If for any reason the 23 landowner should fail to fulfill the terms of such agreement, the board of county commissioners may collect the remainder of the amount owed as 24 25 provided in K.S.A. 2-1320, and amendments thereto. All moneys collected through a payment plan shall be deposited with the county treasurer for 26 27 credit to the county noxious weed eradication fund or, if the noxious weed 28 program is funded primarily through the county general fund, such moneys shall be paid into the county general fund. If the noxious weed 29 30 program is funded from more than one source, all moneys collected 31 pursuant to this section shall be paid from each source in proportion to 32 which it contributes to the noxious weed program. If any land subject to a 33 lien imposed under this section is sold or transferred, the entire remaining 34 unpaid balance of such account plus any accrued interest and penalties 35 shall become due and payable prior to the sale or transfer of ownership of 36 the property, and upon collection shall be paid to the noxious weed 37 eradication fund or, if the noxious weed program is funded primarily 38 through the county general fund, such moneys shall be paid into the 39 county general fund. If the noxious weed program is funded from more 40 than one source, all moneys collected pursuant to this section shall be 41 paid from each source in proportion to which it contributes to the noxious 42 weed program. 43

Sec. 19. K.S.A. 2-1314b, 2-1316a, 2-1320, 2-1323, 2-1325, 2-1326,

- 1 2-1328, 2-1329, 2-1330 and 2-1332 and K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 2-1314, 2-
- 2 1315, 2-1316, 2-1317, 2-1318, 2-1319, 2-1322, 2-1327, 2-1331 and 2-
- 3 1334 are hereby repealed.
- 4 Sec. 20. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its
- 5 publication in the statute book.