- 2. Cover and Box Type:
- 3. Location: In center of panel quadrant unless otherwise indicated.
- 4. Receptacles and Wiring: Electrical receptacles and wiring for service outlets are specified elsewhere.
- 5. Receptacles and Wiring: Equip each service outlet with power receptacles to comply with the following requirements:
  - a. Type of Receptacle: Heavy-duty duplex, two-pole, three-wire grounding, 20 A, 125 V, NEMA WD 6, Configuration 5-20R unless otherwise indicated.
  - b. Number of Receptacles for Outlet: Four.
  - c. Wiring Method: Factory wired for hardwiring in field with armored cable, containing three insulated No. 12 AWG solid-copper conductors, terminated with a 6-inch- long pigtail.
  - d. Wiring Method: Power-in connectors, built into outlet housing, of type to fit power-in and power-out connectors of branch-circuit cables supplied with building electrical system.
- B. Closures: Where underfloor cavity is not enclosed by abutting walls or other construction, provide metal-closure plates with manufacturer's standard finish.
- C. Panel Lifting Device: Panel manufacturer's standard portable lifting device for each type of panel required for each computer room.
- D. Perimeter Support: Where indicated, provide manufacturer's standard method for supporting panel edge and forming transition between access flooring and adjoining floor coverings at same level as access flooring.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, with Installer and manufacturer's representative present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
  - Verify that substrates comply with tolerances and other requirements specified in other Sections and that substrates are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, foreign deposits, and debris that might interfere with attachment of pedestals.
  - 2. Verify that concrete floor sealer and finish have been applied and cured.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

# 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Lay out floor panel installation to keep the number of cut panels at floor perimeter to a minimum. Avoid using panels cut to less than 6 inches.
- B. Locate each pedestal, complete any necessary subfloor preparation, and vacuum subfloor to remove dust, dirt, and construction debris before beginning installation.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install access-flooring system and accessories under supervision of access-flooring manufacturer's authorized representative to produce a rigid, firm installation that complies with performance requirements and is free of instability, rocking, rattles, and squeaks.
- B. Adhesive Attachment of Pedestals: Set pedestals in adhesive, according to access-flooring manufacturer's written instructions, to provide full bearing of pedestal base on subfloor.

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- C. Mechanical Attachment of Pedestals: Attach pedestals to subfloor with post-installed mechanical anchors.
- D. Adjust pedestals to permit top of installed panels to be set flat, level, and to proper height.
- E. Stringer Systems: Secure stringers to pedestal heads according to access-flooring manufacturer's written instructions.
- F. Install flooring panels securely in place, properly seated with panel edges flush. Do not force panels into place.
- G. Scribe perimeter panels to provide a close fit with adjoining construction with no voids greater than 1/8 inch where panels abut vertical surfaces.
  - 1. To prevent dusting, seal cut edges of steel-encapsulated, wood-core panels with sealer recommended in writing by panel manufacturer.
- Н. Cut and trim access flooring and perform other dirt-or-debris-producing activities at a remote location or as required to prevent contamination of subfloor under already-installed access flooring.
- I. Grounded Flooring Access Panel Systems: Ground flooring system as recommended by manufacturer and as needed to comply with performance requirements for electrical resistance of floor coverings.
  - Panel-to-Understructure Resistance: Not more than 10 ohms as measured without floor 1. coverings.
- J. Underfloor Dividers: Scribe and install underfloor-cavity dividers to closely fit against subfloor surfaces, and seal with mastic.
- K. Closures: Scribe closures to closely fit against subfloor and adjacent finished-floor surfaces. Set in mastic and seal to maintain plenum effect within underfloor cavity.
- Clean dust, dirt, and construction debris caused by floor installation, and vacuum subfloor area as L. installation of floor panels proceeds.
- M. Install access flooring without change in elevation between adjacent panels and within the following tolerances:
  - Plus or minus 1/16 inch in any 10-foot distance. 1.
  - 2. Plus or minus 1/8 inch from a level plane over entire access-flooring area.

#### 3.4 **PROTECTION**

- After completing installation, vacuum access flooring and cover with continuous sheets of reinforced A. paper or plastic. Maintain protective covering until time of Substantial Completion.
- B. Replace access-flooring panels that are stained, scratched, or otherwise damaged or that do not comply with specified requirements.

END OF SECTION 096900

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## **SECTION 09 9113 - EXTERIOR PAINTING**

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes surface preparation and the application of paint systems on the following exterior substrates:
  - 1. Steel.
  - Galvanized Metal.
  - 3. Concrete Masonry Units.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
  - 1. Division 05 Sections for shop priming of metal substrates with primers specified in this Section.
  - 2. Division 08 Sections for shop priming of metal doors and frames.
  - 3. Division 09 Section "Interior Painting" for surface preparation and the application of paint systems on interior substrates.

## 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Samples for verification: For each type of topcoat product indicated.
- C. Product List: For each product indicated, include the following:
  - 1. Cross-reference to paint system and locations of application areas. Use same designations indicated on Drawings and in schedules.
  - 2. Printout of current "MPI Approved Products List" for each product category specified in Part 2, with the proposed product highlighted.

# 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

# A. MPI Standards:

- 1. Products: Complying with MPI standards indicated and listed in "MPI Approved Products List."
- 2. Preparation and Workmanship: Comply with requirements in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" for products and paint systems indicated.

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# 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in well-ventilated areas with ambient temperatures continuously maintained at not less than 45 deg F (7 deg C).
  - 1. Maintain containers in clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
  - 2. Remove rags and waste from storage areas daily.

## 1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Apply paints only when temperature of surfaces to be painted and ambient air temperatures are between 50 and 95 deg F (10 and 35 deg C).
- B. Do not apply paints in snow, rain, fog, or mist; when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; at temperatures less than 5 deg F (3 deg C) above the dew point; or to damp or wet surfaces.

## 1.7 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials described below that are from same production run (batch mix) as materials applied and that are packaged for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Quantity: Furnish an additional 5 percent, but not less than 1 gal. (3.8 L) of each material and color applied.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Benjamin Moore & Company
  - 2. PPG Architectural Finishes, Inc.
  - 3. Sherwin-Williams Company (The)

# 2.2 PAINT, GENERAL

- A. Material Compatibility:
  - 1. Provide materials for use within each paint system that are compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
- B. Colors: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

## 2.3 PRIMERS/SEALERS

# 2.4 METAL PRIMERS

- A. Zinc-Rich Epoxy Primer: MPI #20.
- B. Quick-Drying Alkyd Metal Primer: MPI #76.
- C. Cementitious Galvanized-Metal Primer: MPI #26.

## 2.5 EXTERIOR ACRYLIC URETHANE PAINTS

A. Exterior Acrylic Urethane Enamel (Gloss): MPI #72 (Gloss Level 6).

## 2.6 EXTERIOR LATEX PAINTS

A. Exterior Latex (Semigloss): MPI #11 (Gloss Level 5).

# 2.7 EXTERIOR QUICK-DRYING ENAMELS

A. Quick-Drying Enamel (Semigloss): MPI #81 (Gloss Level 5)

# 2.8 EXTERIOR WATERPROOF CONCRETE COATING

A. Coating for Exterior Concrete: Sherwin-Williams, ConFlex XL TM High Build Coating.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Applicator present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of work.
- B. Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility with existing finishes and primers.
- C. Begin coating application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected and surfaces are dry.
  - 1. Beginning coating application constitutes Contractor's acceptance of substrates and conditions.

# 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" applicable to substrates and paint systems indicated.

- B. Remove plates, machined surfaces, and similar items already in place that are not to be painted. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and painting.
  - 1. After completing painting operations, use workers skilled in the trades involved to reinstall items that were removed. Remove surface-applied protection if any.
  - 2. Do not paint over labels of independent testing agencies or equipment name, identification, performance rating, or nomenclature plates.
- C. Clean substrates of substances that could impair bond of paints, including dirt, oil, grease, and incompatible paints and encapsulants.
  - 1. Remove incompatible primers and reprime substrate with compatible primers as required to produce paint systems indicated.
- D. Steel Substrates: Remove rust and loose mill scale. Clean using methods recommended in writing by paint manufacturer.

## 3.3 APPLICATION

- A. Apply paints according to manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Use applicators and techniques suited for paint and substrate indicated.
  - 2. Paint surfaces behind movable items same as similar exposed surfaces. Before final installation, paint surfaces behind permanently fixed items with prime coat only.
- B. Tint each undercoat a lighter shade to facilitate identification of each coat if multiple coats of same material are to be applied. Tint undercoats to match color of topcoat, but provide sufficient difference in shade of undercoats to distinguish each separate coat.
- C. If undercoats or other conditions show through topcoat, apply additional coats until cured film has a uniform paint finish, color, and appearance.
- D. Apply paints to produce surface films without cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, roller tracking, runs, sags, ropiness, or other surface imperfections. Cut in sharp lines and color breaks.

# 3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. At end of each workday, remove rubbish, empty cans, rags, and other discarded materials from Project site.
- B. After completing paint application, clean spattered surfaces. Remove spattered paints by washing, scraping, or other methods. Do not scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.
- C. Protect work of other trades against damage from paint application. Correct damage to work of other trades by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and refinishing, as approved by Architect, and leave in an undamaged condition.
- D. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced painted surfaces.

# 3.5 EXTERIOR PAINTING SCHEDULE

- A. Structural Steel Substrates:
  - 1. Polyurethane, pigmented, over Epoxy Coating System: MPI EXT 5.1P.
    - a. Prime Coat: Zinc-rich epoxy metal primer.
    - b. Intermediate Coat: Acrylic urethane matching topcoat.
    - c. Topcoat: Acrylic urethane (gloss).
- B. Non-Structural Steel Substrates:
  - 1. Quick-Drying Enamel System: MPI EXT 5.1A.
    - a. Prime Coat: Quick-drying alkyd metal primer.
    - b. Intermediate Coat: Quick-drying enamel matching topcoat.
    - c. Topcoat: Quick-drying enamel (semigloss).
- C. Galvanized-Metal Substrates:
  - 1. Latex System: MPI EXT 5.3A.
    - a. Prime Coat: Cementitious galvanized-metal primer.
    - b. Intermediate Coat: Exterior Latex matching top coat..
    - c. Topcoat: Exterior latex (semigloss).
- D. Concrete Stairway Steps, Landings and Stringers New Statehouse Stair:
  - Coating for Exterior Concrete:
    - a. Prime Coat: High Build Elastomeric Waterproof Coating, Textured.
    - b. Topcoat: High Build Elastomeric Waterproof Coating, Textured.

END OF SECTION 09 9113

## **SECTION 09 9123 - INTERIOR PAINTING**

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes surface preparation and the application of paint systems on the following interior substrates:
  - 1. Non-Polished Concrete.
  - 2. Concrete masonry units (CMU).
  - 3. Steel.
  - Galvanized metal.
  - 5. Gypsum board.

# B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Division 03 Section "Polished Concrete Finishing" for sealing polished concrete floors.
- 2. Division 09 painting Sections for high-performance and special-use coatings.
- 3. Division 09 Section "Exterior Painting" for surface preparation and the application of paint systems on exterior substrates.

# 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product. Include preparation requirements and application instructions.
- B. Samples for Verification: For each type of paint system and in each color and gloss of topcoat.
  - 1. Submit Samples on rigid backing, 8 inches (200 mm) square.
  - 2. Step coats on Samples to show each coat required for system.
  - 3. Label each coat of each Sample.
  - 4. Label each Sample for location and application area.
- C. Product List: For each product indicated, include the following:
  - 1. Cross-reference to paint system and locations of application areas. Use same designations indicated on Drawings and in schedules.
  - 2. Printout of current "MPI Approved Products List" for each product category specified in Part 2, with the proposed product highlighted.
  - 3. VOC content.

## 1.4 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials, from the same product run, that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Paint: 2 percent, but not less than 1 gal. (3.8 L) of each material and color applied.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

# A. MPI

- 1. Products: Complying with MPI standards indicated and listed in "MPI Approved Products List."
- 2. Preparation and Workmanship: Comply with requirements in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" for products and paint systems indicated.

# 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in well-ventilated areas with ambient temperatures continuously maintained at not less than 45 deg F (7 deg C).
  - 1. Maintain containers in clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
  - 2. Remove rags and waste from storage areas daily.

## 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Apply paints only when temperature of surfaces to be painted and ambient air temperatures are between 50 and 95 deg F (10 and 35 deg C).
- B. Do not apply paints when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; at temperatures less than 5 deg F (3 deg C) above the dew point; or to damp or wet surfaces.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Benjamin Moore & Co.
  - 2. ICI Paints.
  - Kwal Paint.
  - 4. PPG Architectural Finishes, Inc.
  - 5. Sherwin-Williams Company (The).

# 2.2 PAINT, GENERAL

A. MPI Standards: Provide products that comply with MPI standards indicated and that are listed in its "MPI Approved Products List."

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# B. Material Compatibility:

- 1. Provide materials for use within each paint system that are compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
- 2. For each coat in a paint system, provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- C. VOC Content: Products shall comply with VOC limits of authorities having jurisdiction and, for interior paints and coatings applied at Project site, the following VOC limits, exclusive of colorants added to a tint base, when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
  - 1. Flat Paints and Coatings: 50 g/L.
  - 2. Nonflat Paints and Coatings: 150 g/L.
  - 3. Dry-Fog Coatings: 400 g/L.
  - 4. Primers, Sealers, and Undercoaters: 200 g/L.
  - 5. Anticorrosive and Antirust Paints Applied to Ferrous Metals: 250 g/L.
  - 6. Zinc-Rich Industrial Maintenance Primers: 340 g/L.
  - 7. Pretreatment Wash Primers: 420 g/L.
  - 8. Floor Coatings: 100 g/L.
  - 9. Shellacs, Clear: 730 g/L.
  - 10. Shellacs, Pigmented: 550 g/L.
- D. Low-Emitting Materials: Interior paints and coatings shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."
- E. Colors: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

## 2.3 BLOCK FILLERS

A. Block Filler, Latex, Interior/Exterior: MPI #4.

# 2.4 PRIMERS/SEALERS

- A. Primer Sealer, Interior, Institutional Low Odor/VOC: MPI #149.
- B. Primer Sealer, Alkyd, Interior: MPI #45.

## 2.5 METAL PRIMERS

- A. Primer, Alkyd, Anti-Corrosive, for Metal: MPI #79.
- B. Primer, Alkyd, Quick Dry, for Metal: MPI #76.
- C. Primer, Galvanized, Water Based: MPI #134.

## 2.6 WATER-BASED PAINTS

- A. Latex, Interior, Institutional Low Odor/VOC, (Eggshell): MPI #145. (Gloss Level 3)
- B. Latex, Interior, Institutional Low Odor/VOC, Semi-Gloss (Semigloss): MPI #147. (Gloss Level 5)

# 2.7 SOLVENT-BASED PAINTS

A. Alkyd, Interior, Semi-Gloss (Semigloss): MPI #47. (Gloss Level 5)

# 2.8 DRY FOG/FALL COATINGS

A. Latex Dry Fog/Fall: MPI #118.

## 2.9 FLOOR COATINGS

A. Sealer, Solvent Based, for Concrete Floors: MPI #104.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Applicator present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Maximum Moisture Content of Substrates: When measured with an electronic moisture meter as follows:
  - 1. Concrete: 12 percent.
  - 2. Masonry (Clay and CMU): 12 percent.
  - 3. Gypsum Board: 12 percent.
- C. Gypsum Board Substrates: Verify that finishing compound is sanded smooth.
- D. Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility with existing finishes and primers.
- E. Proceed with coating application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
  - Application of coating indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Manual" applicable to substrates indicated.
- B. Remove hardware, covers, plates, and similar items already in place that are removable and are not to be painted. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and painting.

- 1. After completing painting operations, use workers skilled in the trades involved to reinstall items that were removed. Remove surface-applied protection if any.
- C. Clean substrates of substances that could impair bond of paints, including dust, dirt, oil, grease, and incompatible paints and encapsulants.
  - 1. Remove incompatible primers and re-prime substrate with compatible primers or apply tie coat as required to produce paint systems indicated.
- D. Concrete Substrates: Remove release agents, curing compounds, efflorescence, and chalk. Do not paint surfaces if moisture content or alkalinity of surfaces to be painted exceeds that permitted in manufacturer's written instructions.
- E. Masonry Substrates: Remove efflorescence and chalk. Do not paint surfaces if moisture content or alkalinity of surfaces or mortar joints exceed that permitted in manufacturer's written instructions.
- F. Steel Substrates: Remove rust, loose mill scale, and shop primer, if any. Clean using methods recommended in writing by paint manufacturer.
- G. Shop-Primed Steel Substrates: Clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of shop paint, and paint exposed areas with the same material as used for shop priming to comply with SSPC-PA 1 for touching up shop-primed surfaces.
- H. Galvanized-Metal Substrates: Remove grease and oil residue from galvanized sheet metal fabricated from coil stock by mechanical methods to produce clean, lightly etched surfaces that promote adhesion of subsequently applied paints.

## 3.3 APPLICATION

- A. Apply paints according to manufacturer's written instructions and to recommendations in "MPI Manual."
  - 1. Use applicators and techniques suited for paint and substrate indicated.
  - 2. Paint surfaces behind movable equipment and furniture same as similar exposed surfaces. Before final installation, paint surfaces behind permanently fixed equipment or furniture with prime coat only.
  - 3. Paint front and backsides of access panels, removable or hinged covers, and similar hinged items to match exposed surfaces.
- B. Tint each undercoat a lighter shade to facilitate identification of each coat if multiple coats of same material are to be applied. Tint undercoats to match color of topcoat, but provide sufficient difference in shade of undercoats to distinguish each separate coat.
- C. If undercoats or other conditions show through topcoat, apply additional coats until cured film has a uniform paint finish, color, and appearance.
- D. Apply paints to produce surface films without cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, roller tracking, runs, sags, ropiness, or other surface imperfections. Cut in sharp lines and color breaks.
- E. Painting Structural, Fire Suppression, Plumbing, HVAC, Electrical, Communication, and Electronic Safety and Security Work:

- 1. Paint the following work where exposed in equipment rooms and occupied spaces, including but not limited to, the following:
  - a. Uninsulated plastic piping.
  - b. Uninsulated metal piping.
  - c. Pipe hangers and supports.
  - d. Metal conduit.
  - e. Tanks that do not have factory-applied final finishes.
  - f. Duct, equipment, and pipe insulation having cotton or canvas insulation covering or other paintable jacket material.
  - g. Mechanical equipment that is indicated to have a factory-primed finish for field painting.
  - h. Visible portions of internal surfaces of metal ducts, without liner, behind air inlets and outlets.
    - Exterior surfaces of all exposed ductwork; and mechanical, electrical and plumbing equipment, piping, cable trays and conduit and piping, and structural work in locations scheduled to receive dry fog/fall paint.
  - i. Other items as directed by Architect.

# 2. Electrical Work:

- a. Switchgear.
- b. Panelboards.
- c. Electrical equipment that is indicated to have a factory-primed finish for field painting.
- 3. Paint portions of internal surfaces of metal ducts, without liner, behind air inlets and outlets that are visible from occupied spaces.

## 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Dry Film Thickness Testing: Contractor will engage the services of a qualified testing and inspecting agency to inspect and test coatings for dry film thickness.
  - 1. Contractor shall touch up and restore coated surfaces damaged by testing.
  - 2. If test results show that dry film thickness of applied coating does not comply with coating manufacturer's written recommendations, Contractor shall pay for testing and apply additional coats as needed to provide dry film thickness that complies with coating manufacturer's written recommendations.

## 3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. At end of each workday, remove rubbish, empty cans, rags, and other discarded materials from Project site.
- B. After completing paint application, clean spattered surfaces. Remove spattered paints by washing, scraping, or other methods. Do not scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.
- C. Protect work of other trades against damage from paint application. Correct damage to work of other trades by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and refinishing, as approved by Architect, and leave in an undamaged condition.

D. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced painted surfaces.

## 3.6 INTERIOR PAINTING SCHEDULE

- A. Concrete Substrates, Non-Polished Traffic Surfaces:
  - 1. Solvent-Based Clear Sealer System: MPI INT 3.2F.
    - a. First Coat: Sealer, solvent based, for concrete floors.
    - b. Topcoat: Sealer, solvent based, for concrete floors.
- B. CMU Substrates:
  - Latex System: MPI INT 4.2A.
    - a. Prime Coat: Interior/exterior latex block filler.
    - b. Intermediate Coat: Latex, interior, matching topcoat.
    - Topcoat: Latex, interior, (Gloss Level 3, Eggshell).
- C. Steel Substrates:
  - 1. Quick-Drying Enamel System (typical): MPI INT 5.1A.
    - a. Prime Coat: Quick-drying alkyd metal primer.
    - b. Intermediate Coat: Quick-drying enamel matching topcoat.
    - c. Topcoat: Quick-drying enamel (semigloss).
  - Water–Based Dry-Fall System: MPI INT 5.1A
    - a. Prime Coat: Waterborne dry fall.
    - b. Topcoat: Latex dry fog/fall or Waterborne dry fall.
- D. Galvanized-Metal Substrates:
  - Latex over Waterborne Primer System: MPI INT 5.3J
    - a. Prime Coat: Primer, galvanized, water based.
    - b. Intermediate Coat: Latex, interior, matching topcoat.
    - c. Topcoat: Latex, interior, semi-gloss, (Gloss Level 5, Semigloss)
- E. Wood Substrates: Including medium-density fiberboard, hardboard.
  - Latex System: MPI INT 6.4R.
    - a. Prime Coat: Interior latex-based wood primer.
    - b. Intermediate Coat: Interior latex matching topcoat.
    - c. Topcoat: Interior latex semigloss.
- F. Gypsum Board Substrates:
  - 1. Epoxy Latex System: MPI INT 9.2A.
    - a. Prime Coat: Interior latex primer/sealer.

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- b. Intermediate Coat: Interior latex epoxy matching topcoat.
- c. Topcoat: Interior latex epoxy (satin).
- 2. Latex System: MPI INT 9.2A.
  - a. Prime Coat: Interior latex primer/sealer.
  - b. Intermediate Coat: Interior latex matching topcoat.
  - c. Topcoat: Interior latex (eggshell).

END OF SECTION 09 9123

## SECTION 099635 - SECONDARY CONTAINMENT COATING SYSTEM

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 Description

# A. Scope:

- CONTRACTOR shall provide all labor, materials, equipment and incidentals as specified, shown, and required to furnish, install and place into satisfactory service the containment liner.
- Types of containment lining for concrete Work required include, but are not necessarily limited to, the following:
  - a. All system shall include substrate cleaning, surface preparation, and containment lining application. Materials and thicknesses shall be as specified herein.
  - Cant cove bases shall be installed using mixed trowelable system as manufactured by Tnemec Co. in accordance with the Manufacturer's written instructions and as indicated on the Standard Secondary Containment Lining Detail.

## B. Coordination:

- 1. Review installation procedures under other Sections and coordinate the installation of items that must be installed prior to application of the corrosion protection lining.
- 2. Coordinate and schedule preparation of substrates, before equipment and similar items are installed to avoid later difficulty or delay in performing the Work of this Section, and to provide substrates within tolerances and surface profile specified.
- 3. All substrate surface preparation and lining application, including concrete resurfacing, to be completed by manufacturer's approved Installer.

# C. Related Sections:

1. Section 01300, Submittals.

# 1.2 References

- A. This Section contains references to the governing standards and documents listed below. They are a part of this Section as specified and modified; the current version shall apply unless otherwise noted. In case of conflict between the requirements of this section and those of the listed documents, the more stringent of the requirements shall prevail.
  - 1. American Concrete Institute, (ACI)
    - a. ACI 301 Specifications for Structural Concrete.
    - b. ACI 308R Guide to Curing Concrete.
    - c. ACI 350 Code Requirements for Environmental Engineering Concrete Structures and Commentary.
    - d. ACI 546.R Concrete Repair Guide.
    - e. ACI 546.3R Guide for the Selection of Materials for the Repair of Concrete

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# 2. ASTM International, (ASTM)

- ASTM C307 Standard Test Method for Tensile Strength of Chemical-Resistant Mortar, Grouts, and Monolithic Surfacings.
- b. ASTM C413 Standard Test Method for Absorption of Chemical-Resistant Mortars, Grouts, Monolithic Surfacings, and Polymer Concretes.
- c. ASTM C531 Standard Test Method for Linear Shrinkage and Coefficient of Thermal Expansion of Chemical-Resistant Mortars, Grouts, Monolithic Surfacings, and Polymer Concretes.
- d. ASTM C579 Standard Test Methods for Compressive Strength of Chemical-Resistant Mortars, Grouts, Monolithic Surfacings, and Polymer Concretes.
- e. ASTM C580 Standard Test Method for Flexural Strength and Modulus of Elasticity of Chemical-Resistant Mortars, Grouts, Monolithic Surfacings, and Polymer Concretes.
- f. ASTM D635 Standard Test Method for Rate of Burning and/or Extent and Time of Burning of Plastics in a Horizontal Position.
- g. ASTM D2047 Standard Test Method for Static Coefficient of Friction of Polish–Coated Flooring Surfaces as Measured by the James Machine.
- h. ASTM D2240 Standard Test Method for Rubber Property—Durometer Hardness.
- ASTM D4060 Standard Test Method for Abrasion Resistance of Organic Linings by the Taber Abraser.
- ASTM D4285 Standard Test Method for Indicating Water or Oil in Compressed Air.
- k. ASTM D4263 Standard Test Method for Indicating Moisture in Concrete by the Plastic Sheet Method.
- I. ASTM D4414 Standard Practice for Measurement of Wet Film Thickness by Notch Gages.
- m. ASTM D4541 Standard Method for Pull-Off Strength of Coatings using Portable Adhesion Testers.
- n. ASTM D6944 Standard Test Method for Measuring Humidity with a Psychrometer.
- o. ASTM F1869 Standard Test Method for Measuring Moisture Vapor Emission Rate of Concrete Subfloor Using Anhydrous Calcium Chloride.

# 3. International Concrete Repair Institute, (ICRI)

- a. Guideline No. 310.1R Guide for Surface Preparation for the Repair of Deteriorated Concrete Resulting from Reinforcing Steel Corrosion.
- b. Guideline No. 310.2 Selecting and Specifying Concrete Surface Preparation for Sealer, Linings, and Polymer Overlays.

# 4. NACE International, (NACE)

- a. NACE Publication 6D-173 A Manual for Painter Safety.
- b. NACE SP0892 Standard Practice for Coatings and Linings over Concrete for Chemical Immersion and Containment Service.
- NACE No. 6/SSPC-SP13 Surface Preparation of Concrete.
- 5. Occupational Safety and health Administration, (OSHA)
  - a. Safety and health Standards (29 CFR 1910/1926).
- 6. SSPC: The Society for Protective Linings, (SSPC)
  - a. SSPC-SP5/NACE No. 1 White Metal Blast Cleaning
  - b. SSPC-SP13/NACE No. 6 Surface Preparation of Concrete.

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- c. SSPC-Guide 12 Guide for Illumination of Industrial Painting Projects.
- d. SSPC-QP1 Certification Field Application to Complex Industrial and Marine Structures.
- B. Unless otherwise specified, references to documents shall mean the documents in effect at the time of receipt of Bids. If referenced documents have been discontinued by the issuing organization, references to those documents shall mean the replacement documents, the last version of the document before it was discontinued.

# 1.3 Quality Assurance

# A. Installer's Qualifications:

- 1. Installer shall have a minimum of 5 years experience in the application of the specified lining systems. Professional references will be required which Submit firm and qualifications of proposed Applicator to ENGINEER for approval.
- Single Source Responsibility: Obtain primary resinous lining materials including primers, resins, hardening agents, finish, or sealing coats from a single manufacturer with not less than 5 years of successful experience in manufacturing principal materials described in this Section. Provide secondary materials only of type and from source recommended by manufacturer of primary materials.
- 3. Installation shall be performed by an applicator having satisfactory experience in the application of these or similar materials or with on-site consultation by a qualified field service representative of the manufacturer.
- 4. Installer to establish quality control procedures and practices to monitor phases of surface preparation, storage, mixing, application, and inspection throughout the duration of the project. Contractor to provide a fulltime, on-site person whose dedicated responsibilities will include quality control of the containment liner.
- 5. Quality control procedures and practices must include the following items:
  - Training of personnel in the proper surface preparation requirements;
  - b. Training of personnel in the proper storing, mixing, application, inspection and repair of the corrosion protection lining.
  - c. Training of personnel in health and safety practices.

# B. Mock-Ups:

- 1. Prior to the installation of the containment lining and auxiliary system components, but after Engineer's approval of the Samples, install 100 square foot stepped-back mock-ups of the systems showing each system component, in area selected by Engineer, to show representative installation of the Work.
- Obtain Engineer's acceptance of visual qualities of the mock-ups before start of Work.
  Retain and protect mock-ups during construction as one standard for judging completed
  corrosion protection lining Work. Do not alter mock-ups after approval by Engineer.
  - Finished Work, in compliance with visual qualities of mock-ups, that fails other on-Site quality control testing procedures shall be replaced by Contractor with new materials.
- 3. Build as many mock-ups as required to achieve Engineer's acceptance of the corrosion protection lining.
- 4. Accepted mock-up shall be considered the acceptable minimum standard of quality.
- 5. Containment lining Work that proceeds without approved mock-ups shall be stopped, and mock-ups prepared for approval.

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## C. Pre-Installation Conference:

- 1. Before erecting mock-ups, Contractor, Installer and technical representative of the corrosion protection lining manufacturer shall meet on-Site with Engineer to discuss approved products and workmanship to ensure proper application of the corrosion protection lining components and substrate preparation requirements.
- 2. Review foreseeable methods and procedures related to the containment lining Work, including but not necessarily limited to, the following:
  - a. Review Project requirements and the Contract Documents.
  - b. Review required submittals, both completed and yet to be completed.
  - Review status of substrate Work, including approval of surface preparations and similar considerations.
  - d. Review requirements of on-Site quality control testing and requirements for preparing Site Quality Control Report as specified herein.
  - e. Review availability of materials, tradesmen, equipment and facilities needed to make progress and avoid delays.
  - f. Review required inspection and testing.
  - g. Review environmental conditions, other Project conditions, and procedures for coping with unfavorable conditions.
  - h. Review regulations concerning code compliance, environmental protection, health, safety, fire and similar considerations.
  - Review procedures required for the protection of the corrosion protection lining during the remainder of the construction period.
- 3. Record the discussions of the Pre-Installation Conference and the decisions and agreements or disagreements reached, and furnish a copy for the record to each party attending. Record any revision or changes agreed upon, reasons therefore, and parties agreeing or disagreeing with them.
- 4. Reconvene the conference at the earliest opportunity if additional information must be developed in order to conclude the subjects under consideration.

# 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. In accordance with the procedures and requirements set forth in the General Conditions and Section 01300 entitled "Submittals", the CONTRACTOR shall submit all required information as specified herein.
- B. Submit for approval prior to commencing any Work:
  - Copies of specifications, technical information, installation instruction and general recommendations from the corrosion protection lining manufacturer for Work required. Include requirements for environmental conditions and other conditions required for an acceptable installation, providing features and performance as stated in manufacturer's literature.
  - Submit to the Engineer for review in accordance with the General Requirements, complete shop drawings with the manufacturer's technical data showing complete methods of surface preparation and lining installation and general maintenance. Include plans and details of where and how chasing, coving, and expansion and control joints will be installed.
  - 3. Submit three sets of 3-inch by 6-inch samples of containment liner in the finish texture and color required.

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- 4. No lining work on site will be allowed until construction methods are approved and samples approved as to color and finish. All containment linings to be used shall conform to approved samples in all respects.
- 5. Product Data Sheets: Copies of current technical data for each component specified and applied as outlined in this Section.
- 6. Copies of Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all materials brought on-site to complete Work, including all clean-up solvents and containment lining materials.
- 7. Performance Testing Reports: Copies of test data for the entire physical, chemical, and permeation properties listed herein and as outlined within this Section.
- 8. Construction Details: Copies of manufacturer's computer generated standard lining details for specified materials, including: leading edge termination, metal embedment in concrete, joint detail, wall-to-slab detail, pipe termination detail, and any other detail at the request of the ENGINEER.
- 9. Product Substitution: The specified corrosion protection lining is the minimum standard of quality for this project. Equivalent materials of other manufacturers may be substituted only by approval of Engineer. Requests for material substitutions shall be in accordance with requirements of the project specification.
  - a. Manufacturers of "or equal" products shall provide direct property comparison with the materials specified in addition to complying with all other requires of these Specifications. "Or equal" products shall employ the same generic materials and system components as the corrosion protection lining specified.
  - b. Bidders desiring to use corrosion protection lining other than those specified shall submit proposed system with their proposal at the time of bid based, together with the information required herein, and indicate the sum which will be deducted from the base bid should alternate materials be accepted.

# C. Jobsite Reports: Submit at the completion of Work

1. Daily Reports: Include surface preparation, substrate conditions, ambient conditions application procedures, lining materials applied, material quantities, material batch number(s), description of work completed and location thereof.

# 1.5 Product Delivery, Storage, and Handling

# A. Delivery of Materials:

- 1. Deliver material in manufacturer's original, unopened and undamaged packages.
- 2. Clearly identify manufacturer's, brand name, contents, color, batch number, and any personal safety hazards associated with the use of or exposure to the materials on each package.
- Packages showing indications of damage that may affect condition of contents are not acceptable.

# B. Storage of Materials:

- 1. Materials shall be stored in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations in enclosed structures and shall be protected from weather. Material shall be stored in a dry, enclosed area protected from exposure to moisture. Temperature of storage area shall be maintained between 60 degrees F and 90 degrees F.
- 2. Flammable materials shall be stored in accordance with state and local codes. Materials exceeding storage life as defined by the manufacturer shall be removed promptly from the site. Store all materials only in area or areas designated by the ENGINEER solely for this purpose.

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- 3. Store in original packaging under protective cover off of the ground using pallets and protect from damage.
- 4. Stack containers in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
- C. Handling of Materials: Handle materials in such a manner as to prevent damage to products or finishes.

# 1.6 Project Conditions

# A. Environmental Requirements:

- For containment lining, concrete substrate shall have cured a minimum of 28 days utilizing a dissipating curing membrane (water). If a curing compound is used on the slab, it must be completely removed prior to application of final topping, and compound and removal system must be approved in writing by topping manufacturer. Concrete sub floors on or below grade shall be adequately waterproofed beneath and at the perimeter of the slab.
- 2. Proceed with containment lining Work only when temperature and moisture conditions of substrates, air temperature, relative humidity, dew point and other conditions comply with the containment lining manufacturer's written recommendations and when no damaging environmental conditions are forecasted for the time when the material will be vulnerable to such environmental damage. Record all such conditions and include in final Site Quality Control Report.
- 3. Do not begin Work when relative humidity is expected to rise above 90 percent during the time of installation and catalyzation, nor when substrate temperature are not at least five degrees above the dew point temperature and rising.
- 4. Utilities, including electric, water, heat (air temperature between 65 degrees F and 90 degrees F), and finished lighting to be supplied by the general contractor.
- 5. Job area to be free of other trades during, and for a period of 24 hours, after lining installation.
- 6. Do not begin containment lining Work until manufacturer's recommended environmental conditions can be maintained and only when manufacturer and installer are willing to guarantee the Work as required and without additional reservations and restrictions.
- 7. Protection of finished walls and floor from damage by subsequent trade shall be the responsibility of the general contractor.
- B. Dust and Contaminants: Protect work and adjacent areas from excessive dust and airborne contaminates during protective lining application and curing. Schedule Work to avoid excessive dust and airborne contaminants.

# 1.7 Warranty

A. Submit manufacturer's standard warranty.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 Materials

A. Products and Manufacturers: Provide one of the following:

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- 1. Tnemec Company, Inc., Kansas City, MO. Dustin Keilbey (816) 474-1616 <a href="https://www.tnemec.com">www.tnemec.com</a>, dkeilbey@tnemec.com
- B. Products: Provide the following Containment Lining system:
  - 1. Crack/Void/Bughole Repair Tnemec Series 265 Elasto-Shield TG
  - 2. Cant Cove Tnemec Series 265 Elasto-Shield TG
  - 3. Prime Coat Tnemec Series 66 Epoxoline @ 2.0 6.0 mils DFT
  - 4. Finish Coat Tnemec Series 262 Elasto-Shield @ 50 100 mils DFT

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 Inspection

- A. Contractor shall examine the areas and conditions under which the corrosion protection coating Work is to be performed and notify Engineer, in writing, of conditions detrimental to the proper and timely completion of the Work. Do not proceed with the Work until satisfactory conditions have been corrected in a manner acceptable to Engineer.
- B. Contractor shall confirm the presence of a positive side waterproofing on the exterior of the concrete structure where below grade.

# 3.2 Substrate Preparation

- A. Concrete surfaces to be coated shall be free of curing compounds and form release agents, laitance and foreign particles that my inhibit bonding. Prior to start of protective lining systems application, high-pressure water clean, waterjet or abrasive blast surfaces to be covered as required, and inspect the substrate in accordance with SSPC-SP13/NACE No. 6. Surface preparation procedures shall be in accordance with SSPC-SP13/NACE No. 6 and ICRI Guideline No. 310.2. Surface preparation requirement is to expose aggregate and obtain a uniform surface texture resembling an ICRI-CSP 6.
- B. All new cast-in-place and precast concrete shall cure for a period of 28 days in accordance with ACI 308R before protective lining system is installed, unless otherwise recommended by the Containment Lining manufacturer.
- C. Concrete surfaces to receive protective lining shall be a Smooth Form Finish as defined in ACI 301. Surfaces shall not be rubbed, sacked, troweled or otherwise finished in any manner that will obscure or cover the firm substrate surface.
- D. Level or grind concrete substrates to manufacturer's recommended tolerances and produce a smooth, uniform installation, including removal of all sharp edges, ridges, or depressions.
- E. All surfaces must be clean, dry and free of oil, grease and other contaminants, prior to preparation in accordance with SSPC-SP13/NACE No. 6. Concrete surfaces must be sound and capable of supporting the protective lining system as determined by the engineer. Surface preparation requirement is to expose a sound, uniform surface texture conforming to the minimum recommended ICRI-CSP. The appropriate surface/filler/patcher shall be applied to the prepared surface to condition the substrate making suitable for protective lining system.

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# 3.3 Field Quality Control, Inspection, and Testing

- A. Inspection by the Engineer or others does not limit the Contractor's responsibilities for quality control inspection and testing as specified herein or as required by the Manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Contractor and his Installer shall examine the areas and conditions under which the containment lining Work is to be performed in accordance with SSPC-SP13/NACE No. 6 and notify Engineer in writing of conditions deleterious or otherwise detrimental to the proper and timely completion of the work.
- C. Commencement of the Work of this Section shall indicate that the substrate and other conditions of installation are acceptable to the Contractor and his Installer, and will produce a finished product meeting the requirements of the Specifications. All defects resulting from such accepted conditions shall be corrected by Contractor at his own expense.

# D. Dry-Film Thickness:

- Wet-Film Thickness shall be taken every 100 square feet in accordance with ASTM D 4414 and recorded.
- 2. The Dry-Film Thickness can be determined using surface area calculation for material consumption.

# 3.4 Acceptance Criteria

A. All surfaces shall be prepared in accordance with the specification and referenced standards herein.

# 3.5 Adjustments and Cleaning

- A. At the completion of the Work, Contractor shall remove all materials and debris associated with the Work of this Section.
- B. Clean all surfaces not designated to receive protective lining. Restore all other work in a manner acceptable to Engineer.
- C. Provide non-staining protective construction paper as approved over the entire surface area, with joints taped, and boards or planks where subjected to especially heavy traffic or hazards.
- D. All finished protective lining shall be protected from damage until Final Acceptance of the Work. Protective lining damaged in any manner shall be repaired or replaced at the discretion of Engineer, at no additional cost to Owner.
- E. Clean all protective lining as recommended by the manufacturer to provide finished Work acceptable to Owner just prior to Final Acceptance.

END OF SECTION

## SECTION 10 1400 - SIGNAGE

# PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
  - 1. Dimensional characters.
  - 2. Plaques.
  - 3. Panel signs.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
  - 1. Division 01 Section "Temporary Facilities and Controls" for temporary Project identification signs and for temporary information and directional signs.
  - 2. Division 22 Section "Identification for Plumbing Piping and Equipment" for labels, tags, and nameplates for plumbing systems and equipment.
  - 3. Division 23 Section "Identification for HVAC Piping and Equipment" for labels, tags, and nameplates for HVAC systems and equipment.
  - 4. Division 26 Sections for electrical service and connections for illuminated signs.
  - 5. Division 26 Section "Identification for Electrical Systems" for labels, tags, and nameplates for electrical equipment.
  - 6. Division 26 Section "Interior Lighting" for illuminated Exit signs.

## 1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. ADA-ABA Accessibility Guidelines: U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's "Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities; Architectural Barriers Act (ABA) Accessibility Guidelines."

## 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details for signs.
  - 1. Show sign mounting heights, locations of supplementary supports to be provided by others, and accessories.
  - 2. Provide message list, typestyles, graphic elements, including tactile characters and Braille, and layout for each sign.

- C. Samples for Initial Selection: Manufacturer's color charts consisting of actual units or sections of units showing the full range of colors available for the following:
  - 1. Aluminum.
  - 2. Acrylic sheet.
- D. Samples for Verification: For each of the following products and for the full range of color, texture, and sign material indicated, of sizes indicated:
  - 1. Plague Casting: 6 inches (150 mm) square including border.
  - 2. Dimensional Characters: Full-size Samples of each type of dimensional character (letter, number, and graphic element).
  - 3. Aluminum: For each form, finish, and color, on 6-inch- (150-mm-) long sections of extrusions and squares of sheet at least 4 by 4 inches (100 by 100 mm).
  - 4. Acrylic Sheet: 8 by 10 inches (200 by 250 mm) for each color required.
  - 5. Panel Signs: Not less than 12 inches (305 mm) square.
- E. Sign Schedule: Use same designations indicated on Drawings.
- F. Maintenance Data: For signs to include in maintenance manuals.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Fabricator Qualifications: Shop that employs skilled workers who custom-fabricate products similar to those required for this Project and whose products have a record of successful inservice performance.
- B. Source Limitations for Signs: Obtain each sign type indicated from one source from a single manufacturer.
- C. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with applicable provisions in ADA-ABA Accessibility Guidelines and ICC/ANSI A117.1.

# 1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Weather Limitations: Proceed with installation only when existing and forecasted weather conditions permit installation of signs in exterior locations to be performed according to manufacturers' written instructions and warranty requirements.
- B. Field Measurements: Verify recess openings by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings.

# 1.7 COORDINATION

Coordinate placement of anchorage devices with templates for installing signs.

#### 2.1 **MATERIALS**

- A. Aluminum Castings: ASTM B 26/B 26M, of alloy and temper recommended by sign manufacturer for casting process used and for use and finish indicated.
- B. Acrylic Sheet: ASTM D 4802, Category A-1 (cell-cast sheet), Type UVA (UV absorbing).

#### 2.2 DIMENSIONAL CHARACTERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. ACE Sign Systems, Inc.
  - Advance Corporation; Braille-Tac Division. 2.
  - A. R. K. Ramos. 3.
  - 4. ASI-Modulex. Inc.
  - 5. Bunting Graphics, Inc.
  - 6. Charleston Industries, Inc.
  - 7. Gemini Incorporated.
  - 8. Grimco. Inc.
  - Innerface Sign Systems, Inc. 9.
  - Metal Arts; Div. of L&H Mfg. Co. 10.
  - Mills Manufacturing Company. 11.
  - Mohawk Sign Systems. 12.
  - Nelson-Harkins Industries. 13.
  - Signature Signs, Incorporated. 14.
  - 15. Southwell Company (The).
- В. Dimensional Cast Characters: Produce characters with smooth flat faces, sharp corners, and precisely formed lines and profiles, free of pits, scale, sand holes, and other defects. Cast lugs into back of characters and tap to receive threaded mounting studs. Alloy and temper recommended by sign manufacturer for casting process used and for use and finish indicated. Comply with the following requirements.
  - 1. Character Material: Aluminum, clear anodic finish.
  - 2. Thickness: 3/4" @ 8" high, 1" @ 12" high, 1 1/4" @ 15" high, 1 1/2" @ 18" or more high.
  - 3. Mounting: Concealed studs, non-corroding for substrates encountered.
  - 4. Font: Helvetica.

#### 2.3 **PLAQUES**

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Advance Corporation; Braille-Tac Division.
  - A. R. K. Ramos.
  - 3. Gemini Incorporated.
  - 4. Matthews International Corporation; Bronze Division.
  - Metal Arts; Div. of L&H Mfg. Co. 5.
  - Mills Manufacturing Company. 6.
  - Nelson-Harkins Industries. 7.
  - Southwell Company (The). 8.

- B. Exterior Cast Plaques at monument sign: Provide castings free of pits, scale, sand holes, and other defects, as follows:
  - 1. Plaque Material: Cast aluminum.
  - 2. Organic, Anodic, and Chemically Produced Finishes: Apply to formed metal after fabrication but before applying contrasting polished finishes on raised features unless otherwise indicated.
  - 3. Background Texture: Manufacturer's standard texture.
  - 4. Border Style: Square, polished.
  - 5. Mounting: Concealed studs, noncorroding] for substrates encountered.
  - 6. Design: As indicated on Drawings. Architect will provide electronic file.

# 2.4 PANEL SIGNS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. ACE Sign Systems, Inc.
  - 2. Advance Corporation; Braille-Tac Division.
  - 3. Allen Industries Architectural Signage
  - 4. Allenite Signs; Allen Marking Products, Inc.
  - 5. APCO Graphics, Inc.
  - 6. ASI-Modulex, Inc.
  - 7. Best Sign Systems Inc.
  - 8. Bunting Graphics, Inc.
  - 9. Fossil Industries, Inc.
  - 10. Gemini Incorporated.
  - 11. Grimco, Inc.
  - 12. Innerface Sign Systems, Inc.
  - 13. InPro Corporation
  - 14. Matthews International Corporation; Bronze Division.
  - 15. Mills Manufacturing Company.
  - 16. Mohawk Sign Systems.
  - 17. Nelson-Harkins Industries.
  - 18. Seton Identification Products.
  - 19. Signature Signs, Incorporated.
  - 20. Supersine Company (The)
- B. Interior Panel Signs: Provide smooth sign panel surfaces constructed to remain flat under installed conditions within a tolerance of plus or minus 1/16 inch (1.5 mm) measured diagonally from corner to corner, complying with the following requirements:
  - 1. Acrylic Sheet: 0.080 inch (2.03 mm) thick.
  - 2. Edge Condition: Square cut.
  - 3. Corner Condition: Rounded to radius indicated.
  - 4. Mounting: Unframed.
    - a. Wall mounted with two-face tape.
    - b. Manufacturer's standard anchors for substrates encountered.
  - 5. Custom Paint Colors: Match Pantone color matching system.
  - 6. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

- 7. Tactile Characters: Characters and Grade 2 Braille raised 1/32 inch (0.8 mm) above surface with contrasting colors.
- 8. Refer to signage schedule on drawings.
- C. Changeable Message Inserts: Fabricate signs to allow insertion of changeable messages in the form of transparent covers with paper inserts printed by Owner.
  - 1. Furnish insert material and software for creating text and symbols for Macintosh computers for Owner production of paper inserts.
  - 2. Furnish insert material cut-to-size for changeable message insert.
- D. Tactile and Braille Sign: Manufacturer's standard process for producing text and symbols complying with ADA-ABA Accessibility Guidelines and with ICC/ANSI A117.1. Text shall be accompanied by Grade 2 Braille. Produce precisely formed characters with square-cut edges free from burrs and cut marks; Braille dots with domed or rounded shape.
  - 1. Panel Material: Clear acrylic sheet with opaque color coating, subsurface applied.
  - 2. Raised-Copy Thickness: Not less than 1/32 inch (0.8 mm).
- E. Subsurface Copy: Apply minimum 4-mil- (0.10-mm-) thick vinyl copy to back face of clear acrylic sheet forming panel face to produce precisely formed opaque image. Image shall be free of rough edges.
- F. Colored Coatings for Acrylic Sheet: For copy and background colors, provide colored coatings, including inks, dyes, and paints, that are recommended by acrylic manufacturers for optimum adherence to acrylic surface and are UV and water resistant for three years for application intended.
  - 1. Custom Paint Colors: Match Pantone color matching system.
  - 2. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

## 2.5 ACCESSORIES

A. Anchors and Inserts: Provide nonferrous-metal or hot-dip galvanized anchors and inserts for exterior installations and elsewhere as required for corrosion resistance. Use toothed steel or lead expansion-bolt devices for drilled-in-place anchors. Furnish inserts, as required, to be set into concrete or masonry work.

## 2.6 FABRICATION

- A. General: Provide manufacturer's standard signs of configurations indicated.
  - Welded Connections: Comply with AWS standards for recommended practices in shop welding. Provide welds behind finished surfaces without distortion or discoloration of exposed side. Clean exposed welded surfaces of welding flux and dress exposed and contact surfaces.
  - 2. Mill joints to tight, hairline fit. Form joints exposed to weather to exclude water penetration.
  - 3. Preassemble signs in the shop to greatest extent possible. Disassemble signs only as necessary for shipping and handling limitations. Clearly mark units for reassembly and installation, in location not exposed to view after final assembly.
  - 4. Conceal fasteners if possible; otherwise, locate fasteners where they will be inconspicuous.

# 2.7 FINISHES, GENERAL

- A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
- B. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
- C. Appearance of Finished Work: Variations in appearance of abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable if they are within one-half of the range of approved Samples. Noticeable variations in the same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of other components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

## 2.8 ALUMINUM FINISHES

A. Clear Anodic Finish: Manufacturer's standard Class 1 clear anodic coating, 0.018 mm or thicker, over a mill finish, complying with AAMA 611.

# 2.9 ACRYLIC SHEET FINISHES

A. Colored Coatings for Acrylic Sheet: For copy and background colors, provide colored coatings, including inks, dyes, and paints, that are recommended by acrylic manufacturers for optimum adherence to acrylic surface and that are UV and water resistant for three years for application intended.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of work.
- B. Verify that items, including anchor inserts, are sized and located to accommodate signs.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Locate signs and accessories where indicated, using mounting methods of types described and complying with manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Install signs level, plumb, and at heights indicated, with sign surfaces free of distortion and other defects in appearance.
  - 2. Interior Wall Signs: Install signs on walls adjacent to latch side of door where applicable. Where not indicated or possible, such as double doors, install signs on nearest adjacent walls. Locate to allow approach within 3 inches (75 mm) of sign without encountering protruding objects or standing within swing of door.

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- B. Wall-Mounted Signs: Comply with sign manufacturer's written instructions except where more stringent requirements apply. Signs mounted at doors with sidelights shall be mounted on the sidelight glass at the latch side of the door.
  - 1. Two-Face Tape: Mount signs to smooth, nonporous surfaces. Do not use this method for vinyl-covered or rough surfaces.
  - Signs Mounted on Glass: Provide matching opaque plate on opposite side of glass to 2. conceal mounting materials.
- C. Dimensional Characters: Mount characters using standard fastening methods to comply with manufacturer's written instructions for character form, type of mounting, wall construction, and condition of exposure indicated. Provide heavy paper template to establish character spacing and to locate holes for fasteners.
  - 1. Flush Mounting: Mount characters with backs in contact with wall surface.
- D. Cast Plagues: Mount plagues using mounting methods according to manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Install exterior wall plaques level, plumb, true to line, and at locations and heights indicated, with plague surfaces free of distortion and other defects in appearance.

#### 3.3 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. After installation, clean soiled sign surfaces according to manufacturer's written instructions. Protect signs from damage until acceptance by Owner.

**END OF SECTION 10 1400** 

## SECTION 10 2113 - TOILET COMPARTMENTS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

# 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Solid plastic toilet compartments configured as toilet enclosures.
  - 2. Urinal Screens
- B. Related Sections:
  - 1. Division 06 Section "Miscellaneous Rough Carpentry" for blocking.
  - 2. Division 10 Section "Toilet, Bath, and Laundry Accessories".

## 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
- B. Shop Drawings: For toilet compartments. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
  - 1. Show locations of cutouts for compartment-mounted toilet accessories.
  - 2. Show locations of reinforcements for compartment-mounted grab bars.
  - 3. Show locations of centerlines of toilet fixtures.
- C. Samples for initial selection: For each type of unit indicated. Include samples of hardware and accessories involving material and cost or selection.

# 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Certificates: For each type of toilet compartment, from manufacturer.
- B. Warranty: Sample of special warranty

# 1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For toilet compartments to include in maintenance manuals.

10 2113 - 1 TOILET COMPARTMENTS

#### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with requirements in GSA's CID-A-A-60003, "Partitions, Toilets, Complete."
- B. Surface-Burning Characteristics: As determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E 84, or another standard acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
  - 1. Flame-Spread Index: 75 or less.
  - 2. Smoke-Developed Index: 450 or less.
- C. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with applicable provisions in the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's "Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and Architectural Barriers Act (ABA) Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities" and ICC/ANSI A117.1 for toilet compartments designated as accessible.

# 1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Field Measurements: Verify actual locations of toilet fixtures, walls, columns, ceilings, and other construction contiguous with toilet compartments by field measurements before fabrication.
- B. Do not deliver toilet compartments to site until building is enclosed and HVAC systems are in operation.

# 1.8 WARRANTY

- A. Special Manufacturer's Warranty: Provide manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace products that fail in material or workmanship during the following period after substantial completion:
  - 1. Plastic Toilet Partitions: Against corrosion, breakage and delamination: 15 years.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Plastic Panels: High density polyethylene (HDPE) suitable for exposed applications, waterproof, non-absorbent, and graffiti-resistant textured surface, [Class B].
- B. Zinc Aluminum Magnesium and Copper Alloy (Zamac): ASTM B 86.
- C. Stainless Steel Sheet: ASTM A 240 or A 666, 300 series.
- D. Stainless Steel Castings: ASTM A 743/A 743M.
- E. Aluminum: ASTM B 221.

# 2.2 METAL UNITS

10 2113 - 2 TOILET COMPARTMENTS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Accurate Partitions Corporation.
  - 2. All American Metal Corp.
  - 3. American Sanitary Partition Corporation.
  - 4. Bradley Corporation; Mills Partitions. (Basis of Design: Sentinel, Series 400)
  - 5. Flush Metal Partition Corp.
  - 6. General Partitions Mfg. Corp.
- B. Toilet-Enclosure Style: Floor anchored, overhead braced.
- C. Urinal-Screen Style: 24 inch, wall hung with integral flanges.
- D. Door, Panel, and Pilaster Construction, General: HDPE, with a 3/16" (4.8 mm) radiused edge.
  - 1. Provide exposed surfaces free of pitting, visible seams and fabrication marks, stains, or other imperfections.
  - 2. Provide aluminum heat sink at bottom edge of panels and doors.
  - 3. Provide no-sightline system.
- E. Door Construction: 1 inch (.7 mm) thick.
- F. Panel Construction: 1 inch (.7 mm) thick.
- G. Pilaster Construction: 1 inch (.85 mm) thick.
- H. Headrail: Extruded anodized aluminum headrail with anti-grip profile. Clamps around pilaster and is secured to the wall with stainless steel brackets.
- I. Urinal-Screen Construction:
  - 1. Flat-Panel Urinal-Screen: Matching panel construction
  - 2. Integral-Flange, Wall-Hung Urinal Screen: Similar to panel construction, with integral full-height flanges for wall attachment, and maximum 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) thick.
- J. Pilaster Shoes and Sleeves (Caps): Stainless-steel sheet, not less than 0.031-inch (0.79-mm) nominal thickness and 4 inches (76 mm) high, finished to match hardware.
- K. Brackets (Fittings):
  - Full-Height (continuous) Type: Manufacturer's standard design; stainless steel.
- L. Baked Enamel Color: Manufacturer's standard finishes.
  - 1. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

## 2.3 ACCESSORIES

- A. Hardware and Accessories: Manufacturer's standard design, heavy-duty operating hardware and accessories.
  - 1. Material: Stainless steel.
  - Hinges: Manufacturer's standard.

10 2113 - 3 TOILET COMPARTMENTS

- Latch and Keeper: Manufacturer's standard aluminum surface mounted side latch unit designed for emergency access and with combination rubber-faced door strike and keeper. Provide units that comply with regulatory requirements for accessibility at compartments designated as accessible.
- 4. Coat Hook: Manufacturer's standard combination hook and rubber-tipped bumper, sized to prevent in-swinging door from hitting compartment-mounted accessories.
- 5. Door Bumper: Manufacturer's standard rubber-tipped bumper at out-swinging doors.
- 6. Door Pull: Manufacturer's standard unit at out-swinging doors that complies with regulatory requirements for accessibility. Provide units on both sides of doors at compartments designated as accessible.
- B. Anchorages and Fasteners: Manufacturer's standard exposed fasteners of stainless steel or chrome-plated steel or brass, finished to match the items they are securing, with theft-resistant-type heads. Continuous heavy duty stainless steel wall brackets are predrilled. Provide sextype bolts for through-bolt applications. For concealed anchors, use stainless steel, hot-dip galvanized steel, or other rust-resistant, protective-coated steel.

# 2.4 FABRICATION

- A. Overhead Braced Units: Provide manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant anchoring assemblies with leveling adjustment nuts at pilasters for structural connection to floor. Provide shoes at pilasters to conceal anchorage. Top of pilasters to be securely braced with extruded aluminum headrail with integral crown loafer rail.
- B. Door Size and Swings: Unless otherwise indicated, provide 26-inch- (610-mm-) wide, inswinging doors for standard toilet compartments and 36-inch- (914-mm-) wide, out-swinging doors with a minimum 32-inch- (813-mm-) wide, clear opening for compartments designated as accessible.
- C. Urinal Screen Size: Provide 24-inch wide screen, with posts extending from floor to top of screen and sized to provide clear opening for compartments designated as accessible.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions. Install units rigid, straight, level, and plumb. Secure units in position with manufacturer's recommended anchoring devices.
  - Maximum Clearances:
    - a. Between Pilasters and Panels: 1/2 inch (13 mm).
    - b. Panels and Walls: 1 inch (25 mm).
- B. Overhead Braced Units: Set pilasters with anchors penetrating not less than 2 inches (51 mm) into structural floor unless otherwise indicated in manufacturer's written instructions. Level, plumb, and tighten pilasters. Secure pilasters braced with extruded aluminum head rail with integral crown loafer rail.

10 2113 - 4 TOILET COMPARTMENTS

- C. Urinal Screens: Attach with anchoring devices to suit supporting structure. Set units level and plumb, rigid, and secured to resist lateral impact.
- D. No evidence of cutting, drilling and/or patching shall be visible on the finished work.
- E. Finished surfaces shall be cleaned after installation and be left free of all imperfections.

# 3.2 ADJUSTING

A. Hardware Adjustment: Adjust and lubricate hardware according to hardware manufacturer's written instructions for proper operation. Set hinges on in-swinging doors to hold doors open approximately 30 degrees from closed position when unlatched. Set hinges on out-swinging doors to return doors to fully closed position.

END OF SECTION 10 2113

## SECTION 102113.13 - METAL TOILET COMPARTMENTS

# PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

# 1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes painted steel toilet compartments configured as toilet enclosures urinal screens.

# 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for toilet compartments.
- B. Shop Drawings: For toilet compartments.
  - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and attachment details.
  - 2. Show locations of cutouts for compartment-mounted toilet accessories.
  - 3. Show locations of reinforcements for compartment-mounted grab bars and locations of blocking for surface-mounted toilet accessories.
  - 4. Show locations of centerlines of toilet fixtures.
  - 5. Show locations of floor drains.
  - 6. Show ceiling grid, ceiling-mounted items, and overhead support or bracing locations.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of toilet compartment material indicated.
  - 1. Include Samples of hardware and accessories involving material and color selection.

# 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Product Certificates: For each type of toilet compartment.

# 1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Field Measurements: Verify actual locations of toilet fixtures, walls, columns, ceilings, and other construction contiguous with toilet compartments by field measurements before fabrication.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with applicable provisions in the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's ADA-ABA Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities and ICC A117.1 for toilet compartments designated as accessible.

### 2.2 PAINTED STEEL TOILET COMPARTMENTS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, [provide products by the following] [provide products by one of the following] [available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following]:
- B. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide [product indicated on Drawings] <Insert manufacturer's name; product name or designation> or comparable product by one of the following:
  - 1. Accurate Partitions Corporation.
  - 2. All American Metal Corp.
  - 3. American Sanitary Partition Corporation.
  - 4. Ampco, Inc.
  - 5. Bradley Corporation; Mills Partitions.
  - 6. Global Steel Products Corp.
  - Knickerbocker Partition Corporation.
  - 8. Marlite.
- C. Toilet-Enclosure Style: Floor anchored.
- D. Urinal-Screen Style: Wall hung, flat panel.
- E. Door, Panel, and Pilaster Construction: Seamless, metal facing sheets pressure laminated to core material; with continuous, interlocking molding strip or lapped-and-formed edge closures; corners secured by welding or clips and exposed welds ground smooth. Exposed surfaces shall be free of pitting, seam marks, roller marks, stains, discolorations, telegraphing of core material, or other imperfections.
  - 1. Core Material: Manufacturer's standard sound-deadening honeycomb of resin-impregnated kraft paper in thickness required to provide finished thickness of 1 inch for doors and panels and 1-1/4 inches for pilasters.
  - Grab-Bar Reinforcement: Provide concealed internal reinforcement for grab bars
    mounted on units of size and material adequate for panel to withstand applied downward
    load on grab bar of at least 250 lbf (1112 N), when tested according to ASTM F 446,
    without deformation of panel.
  - 3. Tapping Reinforcement: Provide concealed reinforcement for tapping (threading) at locations where machine screws are used for attaching items to units.
- F. Urinal-Screen Construction:
  - 1. Flat-Panel Urinal Screen: Matching panel construction.
- G. Facing Sheets and Closures: Electrolytically coated steel sheet with nominal base-metal (uncoated) thicknesses as follows:

- Pilasters, Unbraced at One End: Manufacturer's standard thickness, but not less than 0.048 inch.
- 2. Panels: Manufacturer's standard thickness, but not less than 0.030 inch.
- 3. Doors: Manufacturer's standard thickness, but not less than 0.030 inch.
- 4. Flat-Panel Urinal Screens: Thickness matching the panels.
- H. Urinal-Screen Post: Manufacturer's standard post design of material matching the thickness and construction of pilasters or 1-3/4-inch- square, aluminum tube with satin finish with shoe matching that on the pilaster.
- I. Brackets (Fittings):
  - Full-Height (Continuous) Type: Manufacturer's standard design; stainless steel.

# 2.3 HARDWARE AND ACCESSORIES

- A. Hardware and Accessories: Manufacturer's standard operating hardware and accessories.
  - 1. Material: Chrome-plated zamac.
  - 2. Hinges: Manufacturer's standard continuous, cam type that swings to a closed or partially open position, allowing emergency access by lifting door.
  - Latch and Keeper: Manufacturer's standard surface-mounted latch unit designed for emergency access and with combination rubber-faced door strike and keeper. Provide units that comply with regulatory requirements for accessibility at compartments designated as accessible.
  - 4. Coat Hook: Manufacturer's standard combination hook and rubber-tipped bumper, sized to prevent in-swinging door from hitting compartment-mounted accessories.
  - 5. Door Bumper: Manufacturer's standard rubber-tipped bumper at out-swinging doors **and entrance-screen doors**.

#### 2.4 MATERIALS

- A. Steel Sheet: Commercial steel sheet for exposed applications; mill phosphatized and selected for smoothness.
  - 1. Electrolytically Zinc Coated: ASTM A 879/A 879M, 01Z.
- B. Stainless-Steel Sheet: ASTM A 666, Type 304, stretcher-leveled standard of flatness.
- C. Stainless-Steel Castings: ASTM A 743/A 743M.
- D. Zamac: ASTM B 86, commercial zinc-alloy die castings, chrome plated.

# 2.5 FABRICATION

- A. Fabrication, General: Fabricate toilet compartment components to sizes indicated. Coordinate requirements and provide cutouts for through-partition toilet accessories, and solid blocking within panel where required for attachment of toilet accessories.
- B. Floor-Anchored Units: Provide manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant anchoring assemblies with leveling adjustment nuts at pilasters for structural connection to floor. Provide shoes at pilasters to conceal anchorage.

- C. Urinal-Screen Posts: Provide manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant anchoring assemblies with leveling adjustment at bottoms of posts. Provide shoes at posts to conceal anchorage.
- D. Door Size and Swings: Unless otherwise indicated, provide 24-inch- wide, in-swinging doors for standard toilet compartments and 36-inch- wide, out-swinging doors with a minimum 32-inch-wide, clear opening for compartments designated as accessible.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for fastening, support, alignment, operating clearances, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
  - 1. Confirm location and adequacy of blocking and supports required for installation.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
- C. Coordinate layout and installation of supports, inserts, and anchors built into other units of work for toilet compartment anchorage.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions. Install units rigid, straight, level, and plumb. Secure units in position indicated with manufacturer's recommended anchoring devices.
  - 1. Maximum Clearances:
    - a. Pilasters and Panels: 1/2 inch.
    - b. Panels and Walls: 1 inch.
  - 2. Full-Height (Continuous) Brackets: Secure panels to walls and to pilasters with full-height brackets.
    - a. Locate bracket fasteners so holes for wall anchors occur in masonry or tile joints.
    - b. Align brackets at pilasters with brackets at walls.
- B. Floor-Anchored Units: Set pilasters with anchors penetrating not less than 2 inches into structural floor unless otherwise indicated in manufacturer's written instructions. Level, plumb, and tighten pilasters. Hang doors and adjust so tops of doors are level with tops of pilasters when doors are in closed position.
- C. Urinal Screens: Attach with anchoring devices to suit supporting structure. Set units level and plumb, rigid, and secured to resist lateral impact.

# 3.3 ADJUSTING

A. Hardware Adjustment: Adjust and lubricate hardware according to hardware manufacturer's written instructions for proper operation. Set hinges on in-swinging doors to hold doors open approximately 30 degrees from closed position when unlatched. Set hinges on out-swinging doors and doors in entrance screens to return doors to fully closed position.

**END OF SECTION 102113.13** 

#### SECTION 10 2213 - WIRE MESH PARTITIONS

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

# 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - Standard-duty wire mesh partitions.
- B. Related Sections:
  - 1. Division 08 Section "Door Hardware" for lock cylinders for wire mesh partition doors.
  - 2. Division 32 Section "Chain Link Fences and Gates" for chain-link fencing.

### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. As defined in ASTM E 2016:
  - 1. Intermediate Crimp: Wires pass over one and under the next adjacent wire in both directions, with wires crimped before weaving and with extra crimps between the intersections.

### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for wire mesh items.
- B. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
- C. Setting Drawings: For anchorages, including sleeves, concrete inserts, anchor bolts, and items with integral anchors, that are to be embedded in concrete or masonry.

# 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer.
- B. Welding certificates.

#### 1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For wire mesh unit hardware to include in maintenance manuals.

10 2213 - 1 WIRE MESH PARTITIONS

#### 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An employer of workers trained and approved by manufacturer.
  - 1. Installer's responsibilities include fabricating and installing wire mesh items and providing professional engineering services needed to assume engineering responsibility.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain wire mesh items from single source from single manufacturer.
- C. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:
  - 1. AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code Steel."
  - 2. AWS D1.3, "Structural Welding Code Sheet Steel."

# 1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver wire mesh items with cardboard protectors on perimeters of panels and doors and with posts wrapped to provide protection during transit and Project-site storage. Use vented plastic.
- B. Inventory wire mesh partition door hardware on receipt and provide secure lockup for wire mesh partition door hardware delivered to Project site.
  - 1. Tag each item or package separately with identification and include basic installation instructions with each item or package.

#### 1.9 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Field Measurements: Verify actual dimensions of construction contiguous with wire mesh units by field measurements before fabrication.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Acorn Wire & Iron Works, Inc.
  - 2. California Wire Products Corporation.
  - 3. G-S Company (The).
  - 4. Indiana Wire Products, Inc.
  - 5. Jesco Industries, Inc.
  - 6. King Wire Partitions, Inc.
  - 7. Miller Wire Works, Inc.
  - 8. Newark Wire Works Inc.
  - Standard Wire & Steel Works.
  - 10. Wire Crafters, LLC.

# 2.2 MATERIALS

A. Steel Wire: ASTM A 510M (ASTM A 510).

10 2213 - 2 WIRE MESH PARTITIONS

- B. Steel Plates, Channels, Angles, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
- C. Cold-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B.
- D. Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53/A 53M, Schedule 40 unless another weight is indicated or required by structural loads.
- E. Square Steel Tubing: ASTM A 500, cold-formed structural-steel tubing.
- F. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B; with Z180 (G60) zinc (galvanized) or ZF180 (A60) zinc-iron-alloy (galvannealed) coating designation.
- G. Panel-to-Panel Fasteners: Manufacturer's standard steel bolts, nuts, and washers.
- H. Postinstalled Expansion Anchors: With capability to sustain, without failure, load imposed within factors of safety indicated, as determined by testing per ASTM E 488, conducted by a qualified independent testing agency.
  - 1. Carbon Steel: Zinc plated to comply with ASTM B 633, Class Fe/Zn 5 (0.005 mm) for Class SC 1 service condition (mild).
  - 2. For Postinstalled Anchors in Concrete: Capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to four the loads imposed.
  - 3. For Postinstalled Anchors in Grouted Masonry Units: Capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to six times the loads imposed.

# 2.3 STANDARD-DUTY WIRE MESH PARTITIONS

- A. Mesh: 3.5-mm- (0.135-inch-) diameter, intermediate-crimp steel wire woven into 38-mm (1-1/2-inch) diamond mesh.
- B. Vertical Panel Framing: 32-by-16-by-2.5-mm (1-1/4-by-5/8-by-0.097-inch) cold-rolled, C-shaped steel channels with 6-mm- (1/4-inch-) diameter bolt holes spaced not more than 450 mm (18 inches) o.c. along center of framing.
- C. Horizontal Panel Framing: 25-by-13-by-3-mm (1-by-1/2-by-1/8-inch) cold-rolled steel channels.
- D. Horizontal Panel Stiffeners: 2 cold-rolled steel channels, not less than 25 by 9.5 by 3 mm (1 by 3/8 by 1/8 inch), bolted or riveted toe to toe through mesh or 25-by-13-by-3-mm (1-by-1/2-by-1/8-inch) cold-rolled steel channels with wire woven through.
- E. Top Capping Bars: 57-by-25-mm (2-1/4-by-1-inch) cold-rolled steel channels.
- F. Posts for 90-Degree Corners: 32-by-32-by-3-mm (1-1/4-by-1-1/4-by-1/8-inch) steel angles with 6-mm- (1/4-inch-) diameter bolt holes aligning with bolt holes in vertical framing; with floor anchor clips.
- G. Posts for Other-Than-90-Degree Corners: Manufacturer's standard steel pipe or tubing with 6-mm- (1/4-inch-) diameter bolt holes aligning with bolt holes in vertical framing.
  - 1. Partitions up to 3.7 m (12 Feet) High: 32-mm (1-1/4-inch) OD.
  - 2. Partitions up to 6.1 m (20 Feet) High: 65-mm (2-1/2-inch) OD.
- H. Line Posts: 76-mm-by-1.9-kg (3-inch-by-4.1-lb) or 89-by-32-by-3.2-mm (3-1/2-by-1-1/4-by-0.127-inch) steel channels; with 125-by-450-by-6-mm (5-by-18-by-1/4-inch) steel base plates punched for attachment to floor.

10 2213 - 3 WIRE MESH PARTITIONS

- I. Three- and Four-Way Intersection Posts: 32-by-32-mm (1-1/4-by-1-1/4-inch) tubular steel, with 6-mm- (1/4-inch-) diameter bolt holes aligned for bolting to adjacent panels.
- J. Floor Shoes: Steel, cast iron, or cast aluminum, not less than 50 mm (2 inches) high; sized to suit vertical framing, drilled for attachment to floor, and with set screws for leveling adjustment.
- K. Swinging Doors: Fabricated from same mesh as partitions, with framing fabricated from 32-by-13-by-3-mm (1-1/4-by-1/2-by-1/8-inch) steel channels or C-channels, banded with 32-by-3-mm (1-1/4-by-1/8-inch) flat steel bar cover plates on 3 sides, and with 3-mm- (1/8-inch-) thick angle strike bar and cover on strike jamb.
  - 1. Hinges: Full-surface type, 76-by-76-mm (3-by-3-inch) steel, 1-1/2 pairs per door; bolted, riveted, or welded to door and jamb framing.
  - 2. Padlock Lug: Mortised into door framing and enclosed with steel cover.
  - 3. Cylinder Lock: Mortise type with cylinder specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware"; operated by key outside and lever inside.
  - 4. Inactive Leaf Hardware: Cane bolt at bottom and chain bolt at top.

#### L. Accessories:

- 1. Wall Clips: Manufacturer's standard, cold-rolled steel sheet[; allowing up to 25 mm (1 inch) of adjustment].
- M. Finish for Uncoated Ferrous Steel: Hot-dip galvanized unless otherwise indicated.

# 2.4 FABRICATION

- A. General: Fabricate wire mesh items from components of sizes not less than those indicated. Use larger-sized components as recommended by wire mesh item manufacturer. As required for complete installation, provide bolts, hardware, and accessories with manufacturer's standard finishes.
  - 1. Fabricate wire mesh items to be readily disassembled.
  - 2. Welding: Weld corner joints of framing and grind smooth, leaving no evidence of joint.
- B. Standard-Duty Wire Mesh Partitions: Fabricate wire mesh partitions with cutouts for pipes, ducts, beams, and other items indicated. Finish edges of cutouts to provide a neat, protective edge.
  - 1. Mesh: Securely clinch mesh to framing.
  - 2. Framing: Fabricate framing with mortise and tenon corner construction.
    - a. Provide horizontal stiffeners as indicated or, if not indicated, as required by panel height and as recommended by wire mesh partition manufacturer. Weld horizontal stiffeners to vertical framing.
    - b. Fabricate three- and four-way intersections using intersection posts.
    - c. Fabricate partition and door framing with slotted holes for connecting adjacent panels.
  - 3. Fabricate wire mesh partitions with 76 mm (3 inches) of clear space between finished floor and bottom horizontal framing, between top framing members and overhead structure and between framing members and penetrations.
  - 4. Doors: Align bottom of door with bottom of adjacent panels.

10 2213 - 4 WIRE MESH PARTITIONS

- a. For doors that do not extend full height of partition, provide transom over door, fabricated from same mesh and framing as partition panels.
- 5. Hardware Preparation: Mortise, reinforce, drill, and tap doors and framing as required to install hardware.

### 2.5 GENERAL FINISH REQUIREMENTS

- A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
- B. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.

# 2.6 STEEL AND IRON FINISHES

- A. Galvanizing: Hot-dip galvanize items as indicated to comply with applicable standard listed below:
  - 1. ASTM A 123/A 123M, for galvanizing steel and iron components.
  - 2. ASTM A 153/A 153M, for galvanizing steel and iron hardware.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine floors for suitable conditions where wire mesh items will be installed.
- C. Examine walls to which wire mesh items will be attached for properly located blocking, grounds, and other solid backing for attachment of support fasteners.
- D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

# 3.2 WIRE MESH PARTITIONS ERECTION

- A. Anchor wire mesh partitions to floor with 9.5-mm- (3/8-inch-) diameter, postinstalled expansion anchors at 305 mm (12 inches) o.c. through floor shoes located at each post and corner. Adjust wire mesh partition posts in floor shoes to achieve level and plumb installation.
  - 1. Anchors may be set with power-actuated fasteners instead of postinstalled expansion anchors if indicated on Shop Drawings.
- B. Anchor wire mesh partitions to walls at 305 mm (12 inches) o.c. through back corner panel framing and as follows:
  - For concrete and solid masonry anchorage, use drilled-in expansion shields and hanger or lag bolts.
  - 2. For hollow masonry anchorage, use toggle bolts.

10 2213 - 5 WIRE MESH PARTITIONS

- C. Secure top capping bars to top framing channels with 6-mm- (1/4-inch-) diameter "U" bolts spaced not more than 700 mm (28 inches) o.c.
- D. Provide line posts at locations indicated or, if not indicated, as follows:
  - 1. On each side of sliding door openings.
  - 2. For partitions that are 2.1 to 2.7 m (7 to 9 feet) high, spaced at 4.6 to 6.1 m (15 to 20 feet)
  - 3. For partitions that are 3.0 to 3.7 m (10 to 12 feet) high, located between every other panel.
  - 4. For partitions that are more than 3.7 m (12 feet) high, located between each panel.
- E. Install doors complete with door hardware.
- F. Bolt accessories to wire mesh partition framing.
- G. At unheated storage building use of structural steel bent is allowable for lateral support of wire mesh partition. Allow for deflection as specified in 133419.

# 3.3 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Adjust doors to operate smoothly and easily, without binding or warping. Adjust hardware to function smoothly. Confirm that latches and locks engage accurately and securely without forcing or binding.
- B. Remove and replace defective work including doors and framing that are warped, bowed, or otherwise unacceptable.
- C. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and repair galvanizing to comply with ASTM A 780.

END OF SECTION 10 2213

#### SECTION 10 2600 - WALL AND DOOR PROTECTION

# PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Corner guards (for all gypsum board wall outside corners).
- B. Related Sections:
  - 1. Division 05 Section "Metal Fabrications" for metal angle corner guards.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Include construction details, material descriptions, impact strength, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for each impact-resistant wall protection unit.
- B. Shop Drawings: For each impact-resistant wall protection unit showing locations and extent. Include sections, details, and attachments to other work.

# 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An employer of workers trained and approved by manufacturer.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain impact-resistant wall protection units from single source from single manufacturer.
- C. Product Options: Drawings indicate size, profiles, and dimensional requirements of impactresistant wall protection units and are based on the specific system indicated. Refer to Division 01 Section "Quality Requirements."
  - Do not modify intended aesthetic effects, as judged solely by Architect, except with Architect's approval. If modifications are proposed, submit comprehensive explanatory data to Architect for review.
- D. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Provide impact-resistant, plastic wall protection units with surface-burning characteristics as determined by testing identical products per ASTM E 84, NFPA 255, or UL 723 by UL or another qualified testing agency.
- E. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with applicable provisions in the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's ADA-ABA Accessibility Guidelines and ICC/ANSI A117.1.

10 2600 - 1 WALL AND DOOR PROTECTION

# 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store impact-resistant wall protection units in original undamaged packages and containers inside well-ventilated area protected from weather, moisture, soiling, extreme temperatures, and humidity.
  - 1. Maintain room temperature within storage area at not less than 70 deg F (21 deg C) during the period plastic materials are stored.
  - 2. Keep plastic sheet material out of direct sunlight.
  - 3. Store plastic wall protection components for a minimum of 72 hours, or until plastic material attains a minimum room temperature of 70 deg F (21 deg C).
    - a. Store corner-guard covers in a vertical position.

#### 1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not deliver or install impact-resistant wall protection units until building is enclosed and weatherproof, wet work is complete and dry, and HVAC system is operating and maintaining temperature at 70 deg F (21 deg C) for not less than 72 hours before beginning installation and for the remainder of the construction period.

# 1.7 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of impact-resistant wall protection units that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - Structural failures.
    - b. Deterioration of plastic and other materials beyond normal use.
  - 2. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Final Completion.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Stainless-Steel Sheet: ASTM A 240/A 240M.
- B. Fasteners: Aluminum, nonmagnetic stainless-steel, or other noncorrosive metal screws, bolts, and other fasteners compatible with items being fastened. Use security-type fasteners where exposed to view.

# 2.2 CORNER GUARDS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide, or comparable product by one of the following:
  - 1. IPC Door and Wall Protection Systems; Division of InPro Corporation. (Basis of Design)

10 2600 - 2 WALL AND DOOR PROTECTION

- 2. Construction Specialties, Inc.
- 3. Korogard Wall Protection Systems; a division of RJF International Corporation.
- B. Product No,: 183124H-304
  - Material: Stainless steel, Type 304.
    - a. Thickness: Minimum 0.0625 inch (1.6 mm)
    - b. Finish: Directional satin, No. 4.
  - 2. Wing Size: Nominal 3-1/2 by 3-1/2 inches (90 by 90 mm).
  - 3. Corner Radius: 1/8 inch (3 mm).
  - 4. Mounting: Countersunk screws through factory-drilled mounting holes.

#### 2.3 FABRICATION

- A. Fabricate impact-resistant wall protection units to comply with requirements indicated for design, dimensions, and member sizes, including thicknesses of components.
- B. Assemble components in factory to greatest extent possible to minimize field assembly. Disassemble only as necessary for shipping and handling.
- C. Fabricate components with tight seams and joints with exposed edges rolled. Provide surfaces free of wrinkles, chips, dents, uneven coloration, and other imperfections. Fabricate members and fittings to produce flush, smooth, and rigid hairline joints.

# 2.4 METAL FINISHES

- A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
  - 1. Remove tool and die marks and stretch lines, or blend into finish.
  - 2. Grind and polish surfaces to produce uniform finish, free of cross scratches.
  - 3. Run grain of directional finishes with long dimension of each piece.
  - 4. When polishing is completed, passivate and rinse surfaces. Remove embedded foreign matter and leave surfaces chemically clean.
- B. Protect finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and wall areas, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, fire rating, and other conditions affecting performance of work.
- B. Examine walls to which impact-resistant wall protection will be attached for blocking, grounds, and other solid backing that have been installed in the locations required for secure attachment of support fasteners.

10 2600 - 3 WALL AND DOOR PROTECTION C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

# 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Complete finishing operations, including painting, before installing impact-resistant wall protection system components.
- B. Before installation, clean substrate to remove dust, debris, and loose particles.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install impact-resistant wall protection units level, plumb, and true to line without distortions. Do not use materials with chips, cracks, voids, stains, or other defects that might be visible in the finished Work.
  - 1. Install impact-resistant wall protection units in locations and at mounting heights indicated on Drawings or, if not indicated, at heights indicated below:
    - a. Install 4" above finished floor @ top of wall base.
  - 2. Screw on: Position the corner guard on the wall and attach it using the supplied screws.
  - 3. Remove the protective plastic covering from the exposed surface of the corner guard.

#### 3.4 CLEANING

A. Immediately after completion of installation, clean plastic covers and accessories using a standard, ammonia-based, household cleaning agent.

END OF SECTION 10 2600

# SECTION 10 2800 - TOILET, BATH, AND LAUNDRY ACCESSORIES

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

- Public-use washroom accessories.
- 2. Public-use shower room accessories.
- Mirrors

# 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include the following:
  - 1. Construction details and dimensions.
  - 2. Anchoring and mounting requirements, including requirements for cutouts in other work and substrate preparation.
  - 3. Material and finish descriptions.
  - 4. Features that will be included for Project.
  - Manufacturer's warranty.
- B. Product Schedule: Indicating types, quantities, sizes, and installation locations by room of each accessory required.
  - 1. Identify locations using room designations indicated.
  - 2. Identify products using designations indicated.

#### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Warranty: Sample of special warranty.

### 1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For toilet and bath accessories to include in maintenance manuals.

#### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Source Limitations: For products listed together in the same Part 2 articles, obtain products from single source from single manufacturer.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

# 1.7 COORDINATION

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A. Coordinate accessory locations with other work to prevent interference with clearances required for access by people with disabilities, and for proper installation, adjustment, operation, cleaning, and servicing of accessories.

B. Deliver inserts and anchoring devices set into concrete or masonry as required to prevent delaying the Work.

#### 1.8 WARRANTY

- A. Special Mirror Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to replace mirrors that develop visible silver spoilage defects and that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Final Completion.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Stainless Steel: ASTM A 666, Type 304, 0.031-inch (0.8-mm) minimum nominal thickness unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Brass: ASTM B 19, flat products; ASTM B 16/B 16M, rods, shapes, forgings, and flat products with finished edges; or ASTM B 30, castings.
- C. Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Designation CS (cold rolled, commercial steel), 0.036-inch (0.9-mm) minimum nominal thickness.
- D. Galvanized-Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, with G60 (Z180) hot-dip zinc coating.
- E. Galvanized-Steel Mounting Devices: ASTM A 153/A 153M, hot-dip galvanized after fabrication.
- F. Fasteners: Screws, bolts, and other devices of same material as accessory unit and tamperand-theft resistant where exposed, and of galvanized steel where concealed.
- G. Chrome Plating: ASTM B 456, Service Condition Number SC 2 (moderate service).
- H. Mirrors: ASTM C 1503, Mirror Glazing Quality, clear-glass mirrors, nominal 6.0 mm thick.
- I. ABS Plastic: Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene resin formulation.

# 2.2 PUBLIC-USE WASHROOM ACCESSORIES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following, unless otherwise noted:
  - 1. American Specialties, Inc.
  - 2. Bobrick Washroom Equipment, Inc.
  - 3. Bradley Corporation.
  - 4. Georgia-Pacific
- B. Toilet Tissue (Jumbo-Roll) Dispenser:
  - 1. Owner provided, contractor installed.

- C. Paper Towel Dispenser:
  - 1. Owner provided, contractor installed.
- D. Liquid-Soap Dispenser:
  - Owner provided, contractor installed.
    - a. One per lavatory or sink installed in contract
- E. ADA Toilet Stall Grab Bar:
  - 1. Bobrick B6806 series; (Basis of Design)
  - 2. Mounting: Flanges with concealed fasteners.
  - 3. Material: Stainless steel, 18 guage (1.2 mm) thick.
    - a. Finish: Smooth, No. 4 finish (satin).
  - 4. Outside Diameter: 1-1/2 inches (38 mm).
  - 5. Configuration and Length: As indicated on Drawings.
- F. ADA 2-wall Shower Grab Bar:
  - 1. Bobrick B6861 series; (Basis of Design)
  - 2. Mounting: Flanges with concealed fasteners.
  - 3. Material: Stainless steel, 18 guage (3mm) thick.
    - a. Finish: Smooth, No. 4 finish (satin).
  - 4. Outside Diameter: 3-1/4 inch
  - 5. Configuration and Length: As indicated on Drawings.
- G. Sanitary-Napkin Disposal Unit:
  - 1. Owner provided, contractor installed.
- H. Mirror Unit:
  - 1. Bobrick B-2908 series; (Basis of Design).
  - 2. Frame: Stainless-steel channel.
    - a. Corners: Welded and ground smooth.
  - 3. Hangers: Produce rigid, tamper- and theft-resistant installation, using method indicated below.
    - a. One-piece, galvanized-steel, wall-hanger device with spring-action locking mechanism to hold mirror unit in position with no exposed screws or bolts.
    - b. Wall bracket of galvanized steel, equipped with concealed locking devices requiring a special tool to remove.
  - 4. Sizes: 18" x 36" (610 x 910mm).

- I. Air Fresheners / Deodorizers:
  - 1. Manufacturers: Technical Concepts, Model 401218 with no substitutions accepted.
  - 2. Mounting: Surface mounted at 7'-0" A.F.F.
  - 3. Provide (1) per restroom.
- J. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product by one of the following:
  - 1. American Specialties, Inc.
  - 2. Bobrick Washroom Equipment, Inc.
  - 3. Bradley Corporation.

# K. Shower Curtain Rod:

- 1. Bobrick B-6047 series, (Basis of Design).
- 2. Description: 1-1/4-inch (32-mm) OD; fabricated from nominal 0.05-inch- (1.3-mm-) thick stainless steel.
- 3. Mounting Flanges: Stainless-steel flanges designed for exposed fasteners.
- 4. Finish: No. 4 (satin).

#### L. Shower Curtain:

- 1. Bobrick 204-2 Shower Curtaint, (Basis of Design).
- 2. Material: Opaque, matte white vinyl, .008" thick with antimicrobial and flame retardants.
- 3. Mounting Mechanism: Provide 7 hooks for installation on curtain rod.
- 4. Dimensions: 42" W x72" H

# M. Shower Seat:

- 1. Bobrick B-5181 Surface Mounted Shower Seat, (Basis of Design).
- 2. Configuration: Left or right hand field installation. (Reference location for hand.
- Seat: Phenolic or polymeric composite of slat-type or one-piece construction in color as selected by Architect.
- 4. Mounting Mechanism: Stainless steel, No. 4 finish (satin).
- 5. Dimensions: as shown on drawings.

# N. Robe Hook /Towel Pin:

- 1. Bobrick B-6777 Surface Mounted, (Basis of Design).
- 2. Finish: Satin-finish Stainless Steel.
- 3. Provide (1) per shower.

#### 2.3 UNDERLAVATORY GUARDS

# A. Underlavatory Guard:

1. Reference MEP specifications

# 2.4 FABRICATION

A. General: Fabricate units with tight seams and joints, and exposed edges rolled. Hang doors and access panels with full-length, continuous hinges. Equip units for concealed anchorage and with corrosion-resistant backing plates.

B. Keys: Provide universal keys for internal access to accessories for servicing and resupplying. Provide minimum of six keys to Owner's representative.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install accessories according to manufacturers' written instructions, using fasteners appropriate to substrate indicated and recommended by unit manufacturer. Install units level, plumb, and firmly anchored in locations and at heights indicated.
- B. Grab Bars: Install to withstand a downward load of at least 250 lbf (1112 N), when tested according to ASTM F 446.

# 3.2 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Adjust accessories for unencumbered, smooth operation. Replace damaged or defective items.
- B. Remove temporary labels and protective coatings.
- C. Clean and polish exposed surfaces according to manufacturer's written recommendations.

END OF SECTION 10 2800

#### SECTION 10 4413 - FIRE EXTINGUISHER CABINETS

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Fire protection cabinets for the following:
  - a. Owner-provided portable fire extinguishers.

# 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for fire protection cabinets.
  - 1. Fire Protection Cabinets: Include roughing-in dimensions, details showing mounting methods, relationships of box and trim to surrounding construction, door hardware, cabinet type, trim style, and panel style.
- B. Shop Drawings: For fire protection cabinets. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of fire protection cabinet indicated.

# 1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For fire protection cabinets to include in maintenance manuals.

# 1.5 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate size of fire protection cabinets to ensure that type and capacity of fire extinguishers indicated are accommodated.
- B. Coordinate sizes and locations of fire protection cabinets with wall depths.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Cold-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B.
- B. Aluminum: Alloy and temper recommended by aluminum producer and manufacturer for type of use and finish indicated, and as follows:
  - 1. Sheet: ASTM B 209 (ASTM B 209M).
  - 2. Extruded Shapes: ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M).
- C. Stainless-Steel Sheet: ASTM A 666, Type 304.
- D. Transparent Acrylic Sheet: ASTM D 4802, Category A-1 (cell-cast sheet), 6 mm thick, with Finish 1 (smooth or polished).

#### 2.2 FIRE PROTECTION CABINET

- A. Cabinet Type: Suitable for fire extinguisher.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
    - a. Larsen's Manufacturing Company; 2409-6R; (Basis of Design).
    - b. J. L. Industries, Inc., a division of Activar Construction Products Group.
    - c. Watrous Division, American Specialties, Inc.
- B. Cabinet Construction: Nonrated.
- C. Cabinet Material: Steel sheet.
  - 1. Shelf: Same metal and finish as cabinet.
- D. Semirecessed Cabinet: Cabinet box partially recessed in walls of sufficient depth to suit style of trim indicated; with one-piece combination trim and perimeter door frame overlapping surrounding wall surface with exposed trim face and wall return at outer edge (backbend). Provide where walls are of insufficient depth for recessed cabinets but are of sufficient depth to accommodate semirecessed cabinet installation.
  - 1. Rolled-Edge Trim: 2-1/2-inch (64-mm) backbend depth.
- E. Cabinet Trim Material: Aluminum sheet or extruded-aluminum shapes.
- F. Door Material: Aluminum sheet.
- G. Door Style: Vertical duo panel with frame.
- H. Door Glazing: Acrylic sheet.
  - 1. Acrylic Sheet Color: Clear transparent acrylic sheet.
- I. Door Hardware: Manufacturer's standard door-operating hardware of proper type for cabinet type, trim style, and door material and style indicated.

- 1. Provide projecting door pull and friction latch.
- 2. Provide continuous hinge, of same material and finish as trim, permitting door to open 180 degrees.

#### J. Accessories:

- 1. Identification: Lettering complying with authorities having jurisdiction for letter style, size, spacing, and location.
  - Identify fire extinguisher in fire protection cabinet with the words "FIRE EXTINGUISHER".
    - 1) Location: Applied to cabinet door.
    - 2) Application Process: Pressure-sensitive vinyl letters.
    - 3) Lettering Color: Red.
    - 4) Orientation: Vertical.

### K. Finishes:

- Manufacturer's standard baked-enamel paint for the following:
  - Exterior of cabinet, door, and trim except for those surfaces indicated to receive another finish.
  - b. Interior of cabinet.
- 2. Aluminum: Clear anodic.
- 3. Steel: Baked enamel or powder coat.

# 2.3 FABRICATION

- A. Fire Protection Cabinets: Provide manufacturer's standard box (tub) with trim, frame, door, and hardware to suit cabinet type, trim style, and door style indicated.
  - 1. Weld joints and grind smooth.
  - 2. Provide factory-drilled mounting holes.
- B. Cabinet Doors: Fabricate doors according to manufacturer's standards, from materials indicated and coordinated with cabinet types and trim styles selected.
  - 1. Fabricate door frames with tubular stiles and rails and hollow-metal design, minimum 1/2 inch (13 mm) thick.
  - 2. Miter and weld perimeter door frames.
- C. Cabinet Trim: Fabricate cabinet trim in one piece with corners mitered, welded, and ground smooth.

# 2.4 GENERAL FINISH REQUIREMENTS

- A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
- B. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces of fire protection cabinets from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.

- C. Finish fire protection cabinets after assembly.
- D. Appearance of Finished Work: Noticeable variations in same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

#### 2.5 ALUMINUM FINISHES

A. Clear Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A41, Class I, 0.018 mm or thicker.

# 2.6 STEEL FINISHES

- A. Surface Preparation: Remove mill scale and rust, if present, from uncoated steel, complying with SSPC-SP 5/NACE No. 1, "White Metal Blast Cleaning" or SSPC-SP 8, "Pickling".
- B. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: Immediately after cleaning and pretreating, apply manufacturer's standard two-coat, baked-on finish consisting of prime coat and thermosetting topcoat. Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for applying and baking to achieve a minimum dry film thickness of 2 mils (0.05 mm).
  - 1. Color and Gloss: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine walls and partitions for suitable framing depth and blocking where semi-recessed cabinets will be installed.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Prepare recesses for semi-recessed fire protection cabinets as required by type and size of cabinet and trim style.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install fire protection cabinets in locations and at mounting heights indicated or, if not indicated, at heights indicated below:
  - 1. Fire Protection Cabinets: 54 inches (1372 mm) above finished floor to top of cabinet.
- B. Fire Protection Cabinets: Fasten cabinets to structure, square and plumb.
  - 1. Unless otherwise indicated, provide semi-recessed fire protection cabinets.
  - 2. Provide inside latch and lock for break-glass panels.
  - 3. Fasten mounting brackets to inside surface of fire protection cabinets, square and plumb.

C. Identification: Apply vinyl lettering at locations indicated.

# 3.4 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Remove temporary protective coverings and strippable films, if any, as fire protection cabinets are installed unless otherwise indicated in manufacturer's written installation instructions.
- B. Adjust fire protection cabinet doors to operate easily without binding. Verify that integral locking devices operate properly.
- C. On completion of fire protection cabinet installation, clean interior and exterior surfaces as recommended by manufacturer.
- D. Touch up marred finishes, or replace fire protection cabinets that cannot be restored to factory-finished appearance. Use only materials and procedures recommended or furnished by fire protection cabinet and mounting bracket manufacturers.
- E. Replace fire protection cabinets that have been damaged or have deteriorated beyond successful repair by finish touchup or similar minor repair procedures.

END OF SECTION 10 4413

#### SECTION 104416 - FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

# 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes portable, hand-carried fire extinguishers.
- B. Owner-Furnished Material: fire extinguishers.
- C. Related Sections:
  - 1. Division 10 Section "Fire Extinguisher Cabinets."

# 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include rating and classification, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for fire extinguisher.

# 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. NFPA Compliance: Fabricate and label fire extinguishers to comply with NFPA 10, "Portable Fire Extinguishers."
- B. Fire Extinguishers: Listed and labeled for type, rating, and classification by an independent testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 1. Provide fire extinguishers approved, listed, and labeled by FMG.

### 1.5 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate type and capacity of fire extinguishers with fire protection cabinets to ensure fit and function.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 PORTABLE, HAND-CARRIED FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

A. Fire Extinguishers: Type, size, and capacity for each indicated.

10 4416 - 1 FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, [provide products by one of the following] [available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following]:
- 2. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide [product indicated on Drawings] < Insert manufacturer's name; product name or designation > or comparable product by one of the following:
  - a. Badger Fire Protection; a Kidde company.
  - b. J. L. Industries, Inc.; a division of Activar Construction Products Group.
  - c. Larsen's Manufacturing Company.
  - ?. Potter Roemer LLC.
- 3. Handles and Levers: Manufacturer's standard.
- Instruction Labels: Include pictorial marking system complying with NFPA 10, Appendix B.
- B. Regular Dry-Chemical Type: UL-rated 10 lb. nominal capacity, with sodium bicarbonate-based dry chemical in manufacturer's standard enameled container.
- C. Purple-K Dry-Chemical Type in Aluminum Container: UL-rated 30-B:C, 5-lb2.3-kgnominal capacity, with potassium bicarbonate-based dry chemical in enameled-aluminum container.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

- Examine fire extinguishers for proper charging and tagging.
  - 1. Remove and replace damaged, defective, or undercharged fire extinguishers.
- Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION

A. General: Install fire extinguishers in locations indicated and in compliance with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

**END OF SECTION 104416** 

#### SECTION 10 5113 - METAL LOCKERS

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

# 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - Heavy-duty metal lockers.
  - 2. Metal Personnel Lockers
  - Locker benches

# 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for each type of metal locker and bench.
- B. Shop Drawings: For metal lockers. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
  - 1. Show locker trim and accessories.
  - 2. Include locker identification system and numbering sequence.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For units with factory-applied color finishes.
- D. Maintenance Data: for adjusting, repairing, and replacing locker doors and latching mechanisms to include in maintenance manuals.
- E. Warranty: Special warranty specified in this Section.

# 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Manufacturer's authorized representative who is trained and approved for installation of units required for this Project.
- B. Regulatory Requirements: Where metal lockers are indicated to comply with accessibility requirements, comply with the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's "Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and Architectural Barriers Act (ABA) Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities" and ICC/ANSI A117.1.

# 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Do not deliver metal lockers until spaces to receive them are clean, dry, and ready for their installation.

B. Deliver master and control keys and combination control charts to Owner by registered mail or overnight package service.

# 1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Field Measurements: Verify the following by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings:
  - Concealed framing, blocking, and reinforcements that support metal lockers before they are enclosed.
  - 2. Recessed openings.
  - Established Dimensions: Where field measurements cannot be made without delaying the Work, establish recessed opening dimensions and proceed with fabricating metal lockers without field measurements. Coordinate wall and floor construction to ensure that actual recessed opening dimensions correspond to established dimensions.

# 1.7 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate sizes and locations of framing, blocking, furring, reinforcements, and other related units of work specified in other Sections to ensure that metal lockers can be supported and installed as indicated.

# 1.8 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of metal lockers that fail in materials or workmanship, excluding finish, within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - Structural failures.
    - b. Faulty operation of latches and other door hardware.
  - 2. Damage from deliberate destruction and vandalism is excluded.
  - 3. Warranty Period for All-Welded Metal Lockers: Lifetime from date of Substantial Completion.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 METAL LOCKERS

- A. Acceptable Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Athletic Lockers; by List Industries, Inc or comparable product by one of the following:
  - 1. DeBourgh Mfg. Co.
  - 2. Art Metal Products
  - 3. Lyon Worspace Products, LLC.
- B. Locker Types: Reference drawings for dimension per unit
  - 1. Single Tier ( Provide 1 ADA compliant locker)
- C. Locker Construction
  - 1. Lockers to be welded at seams and joints with exposed welds sanded smooth.
  - 2. No bolts, screws or rivets to be used in assembly of locker units.

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3. Ship lockers set-up, ready to be anchored in place in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

# D. Body of Lockers

- 1. Sides and Intermediate Partitions: Constructed of 1-inch by 1-inch by 1/8-inch steel angle iron frame with ¾ inch, 16 gauge, bond sheared, flattened expanded metal welded to steel angle frames. Formed sheet steel locker frames are not acceptable.
- 2. Exposed End Panels: Constructed of 1 inch by 1 inch by 1/8 inch steel angle iron frame with 16 gauge sheet steel welded to steel angle frame.
- 3. Backs: Solid sheet of 18 gauge cold rolled sheet steel welded to frames of sides and intermediate partitions.
- 4. Shelves and Tier Dividers: Constructed of 18 gauge cold rolled sheet steel welded to side and intermediate partition construction. Shelves provided in lockers 60-inches and taller, located to provide a minimum of 12 inches clearance.

#### E. Doors

- 1. Doors are 16 gauge steel, formed outer panel with double bends on both sides and a single bend on top and bottom with 18 gauge steel formed stiffener panel.
- 2. Door stiffener runs top to bottom on hinge side of door and is securely welded to outer door to form a reinforced channel for additional torque-free strength and sound reduction when closing door. (Inner panel not available on 9 inch wide or box lockers 12 inches high or less).

#### F. Door Ventilation:

1. -Louvered doors with six louvers at the top and bottom of the formed door providing 7% ventilation per square inch.

# G. Latching

- 1. Door containing stainless steel cup recessed into formed door (doors 18 inches and higher).
- 2. 12 gauge steel finger lift mechanism.
- 3. Spring activated nylon slide latch enclosed in steel latch channel allows closing of door while padlock or built-in lock is in position.
- 4. Rubber bumpers riveted to door stops for silent operation.
- 5. Special needs latch (ADA)
- 6. Latching operation with a three-point/three-sided cremone latch (like the Sentry I) has an extended six inch handle creating a weighted counterbalance allowing activation by either upward or downward motion.

### H. Locks

1. Pad locks

# I. Hinges:

- Hinges to be 3 inch, five knuckle, 14 gauge heavy-duty fast pin welded to both door and frame
- 2. Locker doors 42 inches high or less shall have 2 hinges.
- 3. Doors over 42 inches shall have 3 hinges.

#### J. Reinforced Bottom:

1. Provide 16 gauge spacer channel welded to locker bottom from front to back for a more secure installation to wood curb.

K. J. Filler Panels: Manufacturer's standard fabricated from 18 gauge solid steel finished to match lockers. Provide slip joint fillers angle formed to receive filler panel.

#### L. Finish:

- 1. Complete locker unit to be thoroughly cleaned, phosphatized and sealed.
- 2. Finish to be baked pure TGIC polyester powder coat with a minimum 2-3 mil thickness.
- 3. Color of lockers shall be chosen from manufacturer's 47 standard colors.
- M. Equipment: Equip each metal locker with identification plate and the following unless otherwise indicated:

### N. Accessories:

- 1. Continuous Sloping Tops: Fabricated from 0.048-inch nominal-thickness steel sheet, with a pitch of approximately 20 degrees.
- 2. Closures: Vertical or Hipped-end type.
- 3. Recess Trim: Fabricated from 0.048-inch nominal-thickness steel sheet.
- 4. Filler Panels: Fabricated from 0.048-inch nominal-thickness steel sheet.
- 5. Boxed end panels in subparagraph below conceal all fasteners and holes and are in addition to standard ends that permit fasteners and unused holes to be exposed. See Evaluations.
- Boxed End Panels: Fabricated from 0.060-inch nominal-thickness steel sheet.

# 2.2 METAL PERSONNEL LOCKERS

- A. Basis-of-Design Product: No substitutions accepted:
  - All-Welded Single Tier Bulk Storage Metal Lockers.
    - a. Freestyle Personal Storage Locker (Match existing)
    - b. Southwest Storage Group 1-800-803-1083 (Aaron Reynolds)
- B. Dimensions: 84"H x24"Wx24"D- Sloped top storage shelf with hanger bar weapon support for 9MM and long gun intermediate shelf with rubber mat locking storage drawer 9" H bench with louvered storage drawer and boot tray.
- C. Finish: powder coat
  - Color(s): As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range

### 2.3 ADA LOCKER BENCHES

- A. Bench Tops: Manufacturer's standard one-piece units, with rounded corners and edges.
  - 1. Size: 20" W x 42" Long x 17.5" High
  - 2. Laminated clear hardwood with one coat of clear sealer on all surfaces and one coat of clear lacquer on top and sides.
- B. Fixed Pedestals: Manufacturer's standard supports, with predrilled fastener holes for attaching bench top and anchoring to floor, complete with fasteners and anchors, and as follows:
  - Tubular Steel: 1-1/2-inch- (38-mm-) diameter steel tubing threaded on both ends, with standard pipe flange at top and bell-shaped cast-iron base; with baked-enamel or powder-coat finish; anchored with exposed fasteners.
    - a. Color: Architect to select from standard powder coat paint colors.

### 2.4 FABRICATION

- A. Fabricate metal lockers square, rigid, and without warp and with perforated metal faces flat and free of dents or distortion. Make exposed metal edges safe to touch and free of sharp edges and burrs.
  - Form body panels, doors, shelves, and accessories from one-piece of sheet metal unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Provide fasteners, filler plates, supports, clips, and closures as required for complete installation.
- B. Fabricate each metal locker with an individual door and frame; individual top, bottom, and back; and common intermediate uprights separating compartments. Factory weld frame members of each metal locker together to form a rigid, one-piece assembly.
- C. All-Welded Construction: Factory preassemble metal lockers by welding all joints, seams, and connections; with no bolts, nuts, screws, or rivets used in assembly of main locker groups. Factory weld main locker groups into one-piece structures. Grind exposed welds flush.
- D. Identification Plates: Manufacturer's standard, etched, embossed, or stamped plates, with numbers and letters at least 3/8 inch (9 mm) high.
- E. Filler Panels: Fabricated in an unequal leg angle shape; finished to match lockers. Provide slip-joint filler angle formed to receive filler panel.
- F. Accessible Lockers: Fabricate as follows:
  - 1. Locate bottom shelf no lower than 15 inches (381 mm) above the floor.
  - 2. Where hooks, coat rods, or additional shelves are provided, locate no higher than 48 inches (1219 mm) above the floor.
- G. Hooks: Manufacturer's standard ball-pointed type, aluminum or steel; zinc plated.
- H. Individual Sloping Tops: Fabricated in width to fit one locker frame in lieu of flat locker tops; with integral back; finished to match lockers. Provide wedge-shaped divider panels between lockers.
- Boxed End Panels: Fabricated with 1-inch- (25-mm-) wide edge dimension, and designed for concealing fasteners and holes at exposed ends of nonrecessed metal lockers; finished to match lockers.
  - 1. Provide one-piece panels for double-row (back-to-back) locker ends.
- J. Finished End Panels: Designed for concealing unused penetrations and fasteners, except for perimeter fasteners, at exposed ends of nonrecessed metal lockers; finished to match lockers.
  - 1. Provide one-piece panels for double-row (back-to-back) locker ends.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 STEEL SHEET FINISHES

- A. General: Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
- B. Factory finish steel surfaces and accessories except stainless-steel and chrome-plated surfaces.
- C. Surface Preparation: Clean surfaces of dirt, oil, grease, mill scale, rust, and other contaminants that could impair paint bond. Use manufacturer's standard methods.

10 5113 - 5 METAL LOCKERS D. Powder-Coat Finish: Immediately after cleaning and pretreating, electrostatically apply manufacturer's standard baked-polymer thermosetting powder finish. Comply with resin manufacturer's written instructions for application, baking, and minimum dry film thickness.

#### 3.2 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine walls, floors, and support bases, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Prepare written report, endorsed by Installer, listing conditions detrimental to performance of the Work.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install level, plumb, and true; shim as required, using concealed shims.
  - 1. Vertical dividers and door frames shall be securely anchored to wall and/or floor with an anchoring system selected by the installer.
  - 2. All door frames, tops and backs fasten together with 1/4" x 3/4" cadmium plated bolts and nuts, to be provided by installer.
  - 3. Anchor back-to-back metal lockers to base.
- B. All-Welded Metal Lockers: Connect groups together with standard fasteners, with no exposed fasteners on face frames.
- C. Equipment and Accessories: Fit exposed connections of trim, fillers, and closures accurately together to form tight, hairline joints, with concealed fasteners and splice plates.
  - 1. Attach hooks with at least two fasteners.
  - Attach door locks on doors using security-type fasteners.
  - 3. Attach filler panels with concealed fasteners. Locate fillers panels where indicated on Drawings.
  - 4. Attach sloping top units to metal lockers, with closures at exposed ends.
  - 5. Attach boxed end panels with concealed fasteners to conceal exposed ends of nonrecessed metal lockers.
  - 6. Attach finished end panels with fasteners only at perimeter to conceal exposed ends of nonrecessed metal lockers.

# 3.4 ADJUSTING, CLEANING, AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean, lubricate, and adjust hardware. Adjust doors and latches to operate easily without binding.
- B. Protect metal lockers from damage, abuse, dust, dirt, stain, or paint. Do not permit use during construction.
- C. Touch up marred finishes, or replace metal lockers that cannot be restored to factory-finished appearance. Use only materials and procedures recommended or furnished by locker manufacturer.

END OF SECTION 10 5113

#### SECTION 10 7500 - FLAGPOLES

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes ground-mounted flagpoles made from aluminum.
- B. Owner-Furnished Material: Flags.

#### 1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Structural Performance: Flagpole assemblies, including anchorages and supports, shall withstand the effects of gravity loads, and the following loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated according to the following design criteria:
  - 1. Wind Loads: 90 mph (40 m/s) according to NAAMM FP 1001, "Guide Specifications for Design of Metal Flagpoles."
  - 2. Base flagpole design on polyester and nylon or cotton flags of maximum standard size suitable for use with flagpole or flag size indicated, whichever is more stringent.

### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, operating characteristics, fittings, accessories, and finishes for flagpoles.
- B. Shop Drawings: For flagpoles. Include plans, elevations, details, and attachments to other work. Show general arrangement, jointing, fittings, accessories, grounding, anchoring, and support.
  - 1. Include section, and details of foundation system for ground-mounted flagpoles.
- C. Samples for Verification: For each type of exposed finish required, in manufacturer's standard sizes.

# 1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

 Operation and Maintenance Data: For flagpoles to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

# 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

10 7500 - 1 FLAGPOLES A. Source Limitations: Obtain flagpole as complete unit, including fittings, accessories, bases, and anchorage devices, from single source from single manufacturer.

# 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. General: Spiral wrap flagpoles with heavy paper and enclose in a hard fiber tube or other protective container.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. American Flagpole; a Kearney-National Inc. company.
  - 2. Atlantic Fiberglass Products, Inc.
  - 3. Baartol Company.
  - 4. Concord Industries, Inc.
  - 5. Eder Flag Manufacturing Company, Inc.
  - 6. Ewing Flagpoles.
  - 7. Lingo Inc.; Acme Flagpole Company Division.
  - 8. Millerbernd Manufacturing Company.
  - 9. Morgan-Francis; Division of Original Tractor Cab Co., Inc.
  - 10. PLP Composite Technologies, Inc.
  - 11. Pole-Tech Company Inc.
  - 12. U.S. Flag & Flagpole Supply, LP.
  - 13. USS Manufacturing Inc.

# 2.2 FLAGPOLES

- A. Flagpole Construction, General: Construct flagpoles in one piece if possible. If more than one piece is necessary, comply with the following:
  - 1. Fabricate shop and field joints without using fasteners, screw collars, or lead calking.
  - 2. Provide flush hairline joints using self-aligning, snug-fitting, internal sleeves.
  - 3. Provide self-aligning, snug-fitting joints.
- B. Exposed Height: One each at 25 feet (7.5 m) and 30 feet (9.25 m).
- C. Aluminum Flagpoles: Provide cone-tapered flagpoles fabricated from seamless extruded tubing complying with ASTM B 241/B 241M, Alloy 6063, with a minimum wall thickness of 3/16 inch (4.8 mm).
- D. Metal Foundation Tube: Manufacturer's standard corrugated-steel foundation tube, not less than 0.064-inch- (1.6-mm-) nominal wall thickness. Provide with 3/16-inch (4.8-mm) steel bottom plate and support plate; 3/4-inch- (19-mm-) diameter, steel ground spike; and steel centering wedges welded together. Galvanize steel after assembly. Provide loose hardwood wedges at top of foundation tube for plumbing pole.
  - 1. Provide flashing collar of same material and finish as flagpole.

### 2.3 FITTINGS

- A. Finial Ball: Manufacturer's standard flush-seam ball, sized as indicated or, if not indicated, to match flagpole-butt diameter.
  - 1. 0.063-inch (1.6-mm) spun aluminum, finished to match flagpole.
- B. External Halyard: Ball-bearing, nonfouling, revolving truck assembly of cast metal with continuous 5/16-inch- (8-mm-) diameter, braided polypropylene halyard and 9-inch (228-mm) cast-metal cleats with fasteners. Finish exposed metal surfaces to match flagpole.
  - 1. Provide one halyard and one cleat at each flagpole.
  - 2. Provide cast-metal cleat covers, finished to match flagpole, secured with cylinder locks.
  - 3. Provide halyard covers consisting of a 2-inch (50-mm) channel, 60 inches (1500 mm) long, finished to match flagpole.
  - 4. Halyard Flag Snaps: Provide two stainless-steel swivel snap hooks per halyard.
    - a. Provide with neoprene or vinyl covers.

#### 2.4 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Sand: ASTM C 33, fine aggregate.
- B. Elastomeric Joint Sealant: Joint sealant complying with requirements in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants" for Use NT (nontraffic) and for Use M, G, A, and, as applicable to joint substrates indicated, for Use O.
- C. Bituminous Paint: Cold-applied asphalt emulsion complying with ASTM D 1187.

# 2.5 GENERAL FINISH REQUIREMENTS

- A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
- B. Appearance of Finished Work: Noticeable variations in same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

# 2.6 ALUMINUM FINISHES

A. Natural Satin Finish: AA-M32, fine, directional, medium satin polish; buff complying with AA-M20; seal aluminum surfaces with clear, hard-coat wax.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

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- Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with Α. requirements for installation tolerances, including foundation; accurate placement, pattern, orientation of anchor bolts, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 **PREPARATION**

- Α. Prepare uncoated metal flagpoles that are set in foundation tubes by painting below-grade portions with a heavy coat of bituminous paint.
- Foundation Excavation: Excavate to neat clean lines in undisturbed soil. Remove loose soil B. and foreign matter from excavation and moisten earth before placing concrete. Place and compact drainage material at excavation bottom.
- C. Provide forms where required due to unstable soil conditions and for perimeter of flagpole base at grade. Secure and brace forms to prevent displacement during concreting.
- D. Place concrete, as specified in Division 03 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete." Compact concrete in place by using vibrators. Moist-cure exposed concrete for not less than seven days or use nonstaining curing compound.
- Trowel exposed concrete surfaces to a smooth, dense finish, free of trowel marks, and uniform E. in texture and appearance. Provide positive slope for water runoff to perimeter of concrete base.

#### 3.3 FLAGPOLE INSTALLATION

- General: Install flagpoles where shown and according to Shop Drawings and manufacturer's Α. written instructions.
- B. Ground Set: Place foundation tube, center, and brace to prevent displacement during concreting. Place concrete. Plumb and level foundation tube and allow concrete to cure. Install flagpole, plumb, in foundation tube.
  - 1. Foundation Tube: Place tube seated on bottom plate between steel centering wedges and install hardwood wedges to secure flagpole in place. Place and compact sand in foundation tube and remove hardwood wedges. Seal top of foundation tube with a 2-inch (50-mm) layer of elastomeric joint sealant and cover with flashing collar.

**END OF SECTION 10 7500** 

#### SECTION 12 2413 - ROLLER WINDOW SHADES

## PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- B. Section Includes:
  - 1. Manually operated sunscreen roller shades.
  - 2. Electrically operated double-roller sunscreen and room-darkening shades.

C.

#### 1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Section 09 2900 Gypsum Board: Coordination with gypsum board assemblies.
- B. Division 16 Electrical: Electric service for motor controls.

#### 1.3 REFERENCES

- A. ASTM G 21 Standard Practice for Determining Resistance of Synthetic Polymeric Materials to Fungi.
- B. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code.
- C. NFPA 701-99 Fire Tests for Flame-Resistant Textiles and Films.

## 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit Environmental Certification and Third Party Evaluation per Section 1.5 Qualifications.
- B. Product Data: Manufacturer's data sheets on each product to be used, including:
  - 1. Preparation instructions and recommendations.
  - 2. Styles, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components, profiles, features, finishes and operating instructions.
  - 3. Storage and handling requirements and recommendations.
  - 4. Mounting details and installation methods.
  - Typical wiring diagrams including integration of motor controllers with building management system, audiovisual and lighting control systems as applicable.
- C. Shop Drawings: Plans, elevations, sections, product details, installation details, operational clearances, wiring diagrams and relationship to adjacent work.
- D. Roller Window Shade Schedule: For all roller window shades. Use same room designations as indicated on the Drawings and include opening sizes and key to typical mounting details.
- E. Selection Samples: For each finish product specified, one set of shade cloth options and aluminum finish color samples representing manufacturer's full range of available colors and patterns.

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F. Verification Samples: For each finish product specified, one complete set of shade components, unassembled, demonstrating compliance with specified requirements. Shadecloth sample and aluminum finish sample as selected. Mark face of material to indicate interior faces.

G. Maintenance Data: Methods for maintaining roller shades, precautions regarding cleaning materials and methods, instructions for operating hardware and controls.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Obtain roller shades through one source from a single manufacturer with a minimum of ten years experience in manufacturing products comparable to those specified in this section.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Installer trained and certified by the manufacturer with a minimum of ten years experience in installing products comparable to those specified in this section.
- C. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Passes NFPA 701-99 small and large-scale vertical burn. Materials tested shall be identical to products proposed for use.
- D. Electrical Components: NFPA Article 100 listed and labeled by either UL or ETL or other testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, marked for intended use, and tested as a system. Individual testing of components will not be acceptable in lieu of system testing.
- E. Anti-Microbial Characteristics: 'No Growth' per ASTM G 21 results for fungi ATCC9642, ATCC 9644, ATCC9645.
- F. Third Party Evaluation: Provide documentation stating the shade cloth has undergone third party evaluation for all chemical inputs, down to a scale of 100 parts per million, that have been evaluated for human and environmental safety. Identify any and all inputs, which are known to be carcinogenic, mutagenic, teratogenic, reproductively toxic, or endocrine disrupting. Also identify items that are toxic to aquatic systems, contain heavy metals, or organohalogens. The material shall contain no inputs that are known problems to human or environmental health per the above major criteria, except for an input that is required to meet local fire codes.

## 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver shades in factory-labeled packages, marked with manufacturer and product name, fire-test-response characteristics, and location of installation using same room designations indicated on Drawings and in the Window Treatment Schedule.

## 1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Install roller shades after finish work including painting is complete and ambient temperature and humidity conditions are maintained at the levels indicated for Project when occupied for its intended use.

#### 1.8 WARRANTY

- A. Roller Shade Hardware, Chain and Shadecloth: Manufacturer's standard non-depreciating twenty-five year limited warranty.
- B. Roller Shade Motors and Motor Control Systems: Manufacturer's standard non-depreciating five-year warranty.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide, or comparable products by one of the following:
  - 1. Draper Inc.
  - 2. Hunter Douglas Contract.
  - 3. Lutron Electronics Co., Inc.
  - 4. MechoShade; (Basis of Design).
  - 5. Shade Techniques, LLC
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain roller window shades from single source from single manufacturer.

## 2.2 APPLICATIONS/SCOPE

- A. Products: MechoShade Roller Window Shades
- B. Roller Window Shade Schedule:
  - 1. **Shade Type 1**: Motorized blackout roller shades, Electro Shade single bracket with fascia, wall mounted to window frame, 6000 Series Fabric (railroaded), in clerestory windows where noted on drawings. Shades to break on vertical mullions. Horizontal battens to be located at horizontal mullions.
  - 2. **Shade Type 2**: Motorized "double", solar and room darkening blackout roller shades, operating independently of each other, using Electro Shade #15 Double Shade Bracket with fascia, at exterior windows where noted on drawings. Shades to be multibanded and break at vertical mullion.
  - 3. **Shade Type 3**: Motorized solar roller shades, using Electro Shade single Bracket with fascia, Wall Mounted to window frame, at exterior windows where noted on drawings. Shades to be multi-banded and break at vertical mullion.
  - 4. **Shade Type 4**: Manual operating interior solar roller shades, Mecho 5 WI Bracket with fascia, wall mounted to window frame, 6000 Series Fabric (railroaded), at exterior windows where noted. Shades to break on vertical mullions. Horizontal battens to be located where required at horizontal mullions.

## 2.3 SHADE CLOTHS

- A. Visually Transparent Single-Fabric Shadecloth: EuroTwill "6000" Series: 0.010 diameter (0.254 mm) non-raveling vinyl/polyester yarn, fabric thickness 0.025 inches (0.635 mm). Fabric Comes in 96" Goods.
  - Extra Dense Twill Weave "6000" series, 2-3 percent open. RAILROADED
  - 2. Color: Selected from manufacturer's standard colors.

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- B. Vinyl Room Darkening Shadecloth (Single-Fabric): "0700 series", blackout material, washable and colorfast laminated and embossed vinyl coated fabric, 0.012 inches thick (0.30 mm) blackout material and weighing 0.81 lbs. per square yard, with a minimum of 62 threads per square inch in colors selected from manufacturer's available range. Fabric Comes in 72" Goods.
  - Color: Selected from manufacturer's standard colors. NON- RAILROADED

#### 2.4 SHADE BAND

- A. Shade Bands: Construction of shade band includes the fabric, the hem weight, hem-pocket, shade roller tube, and the attachment of the shade band to the roller tube. Sewn hems and open hem pockets are not acceptable.
  - Hem Pockets and Hem Weights: Fabric hem pocket with RF-welded seams (including welded ends) and concealed hem weights. Hem weights shall be of appropriate size and weight for shade band. Hem weight shall be continuous inside a sealed hem pocket. Hem pocket construction and hem weights shall be similar, for all shades within one room.
  - 2. Shade band and Shade Roller Attachment:
    - a. Use extruded aluminum shade roller tube of a diameter and wall thickness required to support shade fabric without excessive deflection. Roller tubes less than 1.55 inch (39.37 mm) in diameter for manual shades, and less than 2.55 inches (64.77 mm) for motorize shades are not acceptable.
    - b. Provide for positive mechanical engagement with drive / brake mechanism.
    - c. Provide for positive mechanical attachment of shade band to roller tube; shade band shall be made removable / replaceable with a "snap-on" snap-off" spline mounting, without having to remove shade roller from shade brackets.
    - d. Mounting spline shall not require use of adhesives, adhesive tapes, staples, and/or rivets.
    - e. Any method of attaching shade band to roller tube that requires the use of: adhesive, adhesive tapes, staples, and/or rivets are not acceptable.

## 2.5 SHADE FABRICATION

- A. Fabricate units to completely fill existing openings from head to sill and jamb-to-jamb, unless specifically indicated otherwise.
- В.
- C. Fabricate shadecloth to hang flat without buckling or distortion. Fabricate with heat-sealed trimmed edges to hang straight without curling or raveling. Fabricate unguided shadecloth to roll true and straight without shifting sideways more than 1/8 inch (3.18 mm) in either direction per 8 feet (2438 mm) of shade height due to warp distortion or weave design. Fabricate hem as follows:
  - 1. Bottom hem weights.
- D. Provide battens in standard shades as required to assure proper tracking and uniform rolling of the shadebands. Contractor shall be responsible for assuring the width-to-height (W:H) ratios shall not exceed manufacturer's standards or, in absence of such standards, shall be responsible for establishing appropriate standards to assure proper tracking and rolling of the shadecloth within specified standards. Battens shall be roll-formed stainless steel or tempered steel, as required.

- E. Battens shall be concealed in a integrally-colored fabric to match the inside and outside colors of the shadeband, in accordance with manufacturer's published standards for spacing and requirements.
  - 1. Battens shall be roll formed of stainless steel or tempered steel and concave to match the contour of the roller tube.
  - 2. Batten pockets shall be self-colored fabric front and back RF welded into the shadecloth. A self-color opaque liner shall be provided front and back to eliminate any see through of the batten pocket that shall not exceed 1-1/2 inches (38.1 mm) high and be totally opaque. A see-through moiré effect, which occurs with multiple layers of transparent fabrics, shall not be acceptable.

## 2.6 COMPONENTS

- A. Access and Material Requirements:
  - Provide shade hardware allowing for the removal of shade roller tube from brackets without removing hardware from opening and without requiring end or center supports to be removed.
  - 2. Provide shade hardware that allows for removal and re-mounting of the shade bands without having to remove the shade tube, drive or operating support brackets.
  - 3. Use only Delrin engineered plastics by DuPont for all plastic components of shade hardware. Styrene based plastics, and /or polyester, or reinforced polyester will not be acceptable.
- B. Motorized Shade Hardware and Shade Brackets:
  - 1. Provide shade hardware constructed of minimum 1/8-inch (3.18 mm) thick plated steel, or heavier, thicker, as required to support 150 percent of the full weight of each shade.
  - 2. Provide shade hardware system that allows for field adjustment of motor or replacement of any operable hardware component without requiring removal of brackets, regardless of mounting position (inside, or outside mount).
  - 3. Provide shade hardware system that allows for operation of multiple shade bands offset by a maximum of 8-45 degrees from the motor axis between shade bands (4-22.5 degrees) on each side of the radial line, by a single shade motor (multi-banded shade, subject to manufacturer's design criteria).
- C. Manual Operated Chain Drive Hardware and Brackets:
  - 1. Provide for universal, regular and offset drive capacity, allowing drive chain to fall at front, rear or non-offset for all shade drive end brackets. Universal offset shall be adjustable for future change.
  - 2. Provide hardware capable for installation of a removable fascia, regular roll, which shall be installed without exposed fastening devices of any kind.
  - 3. Provide shade hardware system that allows for operation of multiple shade bands (multi-banded shades) by a single chain operator, subject to manufacturer's design criteria. Connectors shall be offset to assure alignment from the first to the last shade band.
  - 4. Provide shade hardware system that allows multi-banded manually operated shades to be capable of smooth operation when the axis is offset a maximum of 6 degrees on each side of the plane perpendicular to the radial line of the curve, for a 12 degrees total offset.
  - 5. Provide positive mechanical engagement of drive mechanism to shade roller tube. Friction fit connectors for drive mechanism connection to shade roller tube are not acceptable
  - 6. Provide shade hardware constructed of minimum 1/8-inch (3.18 mm) thick plated steel or heavier as required to support 150 percent of the full weight of each shade.

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- 7. Drive Bracket / Brake Assembly:
  - MechoShade Drive Bracket model M5 shall be fully integrated with all MechoShade accessories, including, but not limited to: SnapLoc fascia, room darkening side / sill channels, center supports and connectors for multi-banded shades.
  - b. M5 drive sprocket and brake assembly shall rotate and be supported on a welded 3/8 inch (9.525 mm) steel pin.
  - c. The brake shall be an over -running clutch design which disengages to 90 percent during the raising and lowering of a shade. The brake shall withstand a pull force of 50 lbs. (22 kg) in the stopped position.
  - d. The braking mechanism shall be applied to an oil-impregnated hub on to which the brake system is mounted. The oil impregnated hub design includes an articulated brake assembly, which assures a smooth, non-jerky operation in raising and lowering the shades. The assembly shall be permanently lubricated. Products that require externally applied lubrication and or not permanently lubricated are not acceptable.
  - e. The entire M5 assembly shall be fully mounted on the steel support bracket, and fully independent of the shade tube assembly, which may be removed and reinstalled without effecting the roller shade limit adjustments.
- D. Drive Chain: #10 qualified stainless steel chain rated to 90 lb. (41 kg) minimum breaking strength. Nickel plate chain shall not be accepted.

## 2.7 SHADE MOTOR DRIVE SYSTEM

- A. Shade Motors:
  - 1. Tubular, asynchronous (non-synchronous) motors, with built-in reversible capacitor operating at 110v AC (60hz), single phase, temperature Class A, thermally protected, totally enclosed, maintenance free with line voltage power supply equipped with locking disconnect plug assembly furnished with each motor.
  - 2. Conceal motors inside shade roller tube.
  - 3. Maximum current draw for each shade motor of 2.3 amps.
  - 4. Use motors rated at the same nominal speed for all shades in the same room.
- B. Total hanging weight of shade band shall not exceed 80 percent of the rated lifting capacity of the shade motor and tube assembly.

## 2.8 ACCESSORIES

- A. Fascia (for Shade Types 1, 2, 3 AND 4):
  - Continuous removable extruded aluminum fascia that attaches to shade mounting brackets without the use of adhesives, magnetic strips, or exposed fasteners.
  - 2. Fascia shall fully conceal brackets, shade roller and fabric on the tube.
  - 3. Provide bracket / fascia end caps where mounting conditions expose outside of roller shade brackets.
  - 4. Notching of Fascia for manual chain shall not be acceptable.
- B. Room Darkening Side and / or Sill Channels
  - Extruded aluminum with polybond edge seals and SnapLoc-mounting brackets and
    with concealed fastening. Exposed fasting is not acceptable. Channels shall accept
    one-piece exposed blackout hembar with vinyl seal to assure side light control and sill
    light control.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Do not begin installation until substrates have been properly prepared.
- B. If substrate preparation is the responsibility of another installer, notify Architect of unsatisfactory preparation before proceeding.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Clean surfaces thoroughly prior to installation.
- B. Prepare surfaces using the methods recommended by the manufacturer for achieving the best result for the substrate under the project conditions.

## 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install roller shades level, plumb, square, and true according to manufacturer's written instructions, and located so shade band is not closer than 2 inches (50 mm) to interior face of glass. Allow proper clearances for window operation hardware.
- B. Single-Source Responsibility for Motorized Interior Roller Shades: Design, engineering, and installation of motorized roller shade systems, motors, shall be provided by a single manufacturer and their authorized installer/dealer. The manufacturer and their authorized installer/dealer shall produce electrical drawings for the installation of control wiring for the motors, or motor controllers of the motorized roller shades. Power wiring (line voltage), shall be provided by the Contractor, in accordance with the requirements provided by the manufacturer. Coordinate the following with the roller shade installer/dealer:
  - Contractor shall provide power panels and circuits of sufficient size to accommodate roller shade manufacturer's requirements, as indicated on the mechanical and electrical drawings.
  - 2. Contractor shall coordinate with requirements of roller shade installer/dealer, before inaccessible areas are constructed.
  - 3. Contractor shall provide and run all line voltage as dedicated home runs, terminating in junction boxes, from the roller shade motors to switch locations shown in the drawings. All above-ceiling and concealed wiring shall be plenum-rated, or installed in conduit, as required by the electrical code having jurisdiction. Fully recess conduit, control panels and junction boxes within framed and masonry walls wherever possible.
  - Contractor shall provide conduit with pull wire in all areas, which might not be accessible to roller shade contractor due to building design, equipment location or schedule.
- C. Adjust and balance roller shades to operate smoothly, easily, safely, and free from binding or malfunction throughout entire operational range.
- D. Clean roller shade surfaces after installation, according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- E. Engage Installer to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate and maintain roller shade systems.

# 3.4 PROTECTION

- A. Protect installed products until completion of project.
- B. Touch-up, repair or replace damaged products before Final Completion.

END OF SECTION 12 2413

#### SECTION 142400 - HYDRAULIC ELEVATORS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes hydraulic passenger and elevators.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - Section 033000 "Cast-in-Place Concrete" for setting sleeves, inserts, and anchoring devices in concrete.
  - 2. Section 051200 "Structural Steel Framing" for the following:
    - Attachment plates, angle brackets, and other structural-steel preparations for fastening guide-rail brackets.
    - b. Structural-steel shapes for subsills that are part of steel frame.
  - Section 055000 "Metal Fabrications" for the following:
    - a. Pit ladders.
  - 4. Section 096813 Tile Carpeting> for finish flooring in elevator cars.
  - 5. Section 221429 "Sump Pumps" for sump pumps, sumps, and sump covers in elevator pits.
  - 6. Section 271500 "Communications Horizontal Cabling" for telephone service for elevators and for Internet connection to elevator controllers for remote monitoring of elevator performance if required].
  - 7. [Section 283111 "Digital, Addressable Fire-Alarm System"] [Section 283112 "Zoned (DC Loop) Fire-Alarm System"] for smoke detectors in elevator lobbies to initiate emergency recall operation and heat detectors in shafts and machine rooms to disconnect power from elevator equipment before sprinkler activation and for connection to elevator controllers.
  - 8. Section 312000 "Earth Moving" for excavating well hole to accommodate cylinder assembly and for the disposition of excavated material from the cylinder well hole.

## 1.3 ALLOWANCES

- A. Elevator Car Allowances: Provide finished passenger elevator cars under the Elevator Car Allowance specified in Section 012100 "Allowances." Allowance includes furnishing and installing the following:
  - 1. Car wall finishes, including trim.
  - Car floor finishes.
  - 3. Car ceiling finishes.
  - Car door finishes.
  - 5. Hoistway door and frame finishes.
  - 6. Car light fixtures.
  - 7. Handrails.
  - 8. Cutouts and other provisions for installing elevator signal equipment in cars.

#### 1.4 DEFINITIONS

- A. Definitions in ASME A17.1/CSA B44 apply to work of this Section.
- B. Service Elevator: A passenger elevator that is also used to carry freight.

#### 1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Include capacities, sizes, performances, operations, safety features, finishes, and similar information. Include product data for car enclosures; hoistway entrances; and operation, control, and signal systems.

## B. Shop Drawings:

- 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and large-scale details indicating service at each landing; machine room layout; coordination with building structure; relationships with other construction; and locations of equipment.
- 2. Include large-scale layout of car-control station and standby-power operation control panel.
- 3. Indicate maximum dynamic and static loads imposed on building structure at points of support as well as maximum and average power demands.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For finishes involving color selection.
- D. Samples for Verification: For exposed car, hoistway door and frame, and signal equipment finishes, 3-inch- square Samples of sheet materials and 4-inch lengths of running trim members.

#### 1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- Qualification Data: For Installer.
- B. Seismic Qualification Certificates: For elevator equipment, accessories, and components, from manufacturer.
  - 1. Basis for Certification: Indicate whether withstand certification is based on actual test of assembled components or on calculation.
  - 2. Dimensioned Outline Drawings of Equipment Unit: Identify center of gravity and locate and describe mounting and anchorage provisions.
  - 3. Detailed description of equipment anchorage devices on which the certification is based and their installation requirements.
- C. Manufacturer Certificates: Signed by elevator manufacturer, certifying that hoistway, pit, and machine room layout and dimensions, as shown on Drawings, and electrical service including standby-power generator, as shown and specified, are adequate for elevator system being provided.
- D. Sample Warranty: For special warranty.

## 1.7 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- Operation and Maintenance Data: For elevators to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.
  - 1. Submit manufacturer's/installer's standard operation and maintenance manual, in accordance with ASME A17.1/CSA B44 including diagnostic and repair information available to manufacturer's and Installer's maintenance personnel.
- B. Inspection and Acceptance Certificates and Operating Permits: As required by authorities having jurisdiction for normal, unrestricted elevator use.

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- C. Continuing Maintenance Proposal: Submit a continuing maintenance proposal from Installer to Owner, in the form of a standard one year maintenance agreement, starting on date initial maintenance service is concluded. State services, obligations, conditions, and terms for agreement period and for future renewal options.
- D. Continuing Maintenance Proposal: Submit a continuing maintenance proposal from Installer to Owner with terms, conditions, and obligations as set forth in, and in same form as, "Draft of Elevator Maintenance Agreement" at end of this Section, starting on date initial maintenance service is concluded.

## 1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: Elevator manufacturer or an authorized representative who is trained and approved by manufacturer.

# 1.9 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver, store, and handle materials, components and equipment in manufacturer's protective packaging. Store materials, components, and equipment off of ground, under cover, and in a dry location.

## 1.10 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate installation of sleeves, block outs, elevator equipment with integral anchors, and other items that are embedded in concrete or masonry for elevator equipment. Furnish templates, sleeves, elevator equipment with integral anchors, and installation instructions and deliver to Project site in time for installation.
- B. Furnish well casing and coordinate delivery with related excavation work.
- C. Coordinate locations and dimensions of other work specified in other Sections that relates to hydraulic elevators, including pit ladders; sumps and floor drains in pits; entrance subsills; electrical service; and electrical outlets, lights, and switches in hoistways, pits, and machine rooms.

## 1.11 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer's Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair, restore, or replace elevator work that fails in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - Failures include, but are not limited to, operation or control system failure, including excessive malfunctions; performances below specified ratings; excessive wear; unusual deterioration or aging of materials or finishes; unsafe conditions; need for excessive maintenance; abnormal noise or vibration; and similar unusual, unexpected, and unsatisfactory conditions.
  - 2. Warranty Period: <1> year from date of Substantial Completion.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. <u>Basis-of-Design Product:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide MEI, Twin Jack Holeless Passenger Elevator or comparable product by one of the following:
  - 1. Minnesota Elevator, Inc.
  - 2. Otis Elevator Co.
  - 3. Schindler Elevator Corp.
  - 4. ThyssenKrupp Elevator.

- B. Source Limitations: Obtain elevators from single manufacturer.
  - Major elevator components, including pump-and-tank units, plunger-cylinder assemblies, controllers, signal fixtures, door operators, car frames, cars, and entrances, shall be manufactured by single manufacturer.

## 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with ASME A17.1/CSA B44.
- B. Accessibility Requirements: Comply with Section 407 in the United States Access Board's ADA-ABA Accessibility Guidelines and with ICC A117.1.
- C. Seismic Performance: Elevator system shall withstand the effects of earthquake motions determined according to ASCE/SEI 7 and shall comply with elevator seismic requirements in ASME A17.1/CSA B44.
  - The term "withstand" means "the system will remain in place without separation of any parts when subjected to the seismic forces specified and the system will be fully operational after the seismic event."
  - 2. Project Seismic Design Category: A
  - 3. Elevator Component Importance Factor: 1.0.
  - Design earthquake spectral response acceleration short period (Sds) for Project is 0.127.
  - 5. Provide earthquake equipment required by ASME A17.1/CSA B44.
  - 6. Provide seismic switch required by ASCE/SEI 7.

## 2.3 ELEVATORS

- A. Elevator System, General: Manufacturer's standard elevator systems. Unless otherwise indicated, manufacturers' standard components shall be used, as included in standard elevator systems and as required for complete system.
- B. Elevator Description:
  - 1. Elevator Number: Elevator 216Type: Holeless, dual cylinder.
  - Rated Load: 2500 lb .
  - 3. Rated Speed: 150 fpm.
  - 4. Operation System: Single automatic operation.
  - 5. Auxiliary Operations:
    - a. Standby-power operation.
    - b. Standby-powered lowering.
    - c. Automatic dispatching of loaded car.
    - d. Nuisance call cancel.
    - e. Loaded-car bypass.
    - f. Off-peak operation
    - g. Automatic operation of lights and ventilation fans.
  - 6. Security Features: Card-reader operation.
  - 7. Car Enclosures:
    - a. Inside Width: 84 inches from side wall to side wall.
    - b. Inside Depth: 61 inches from back wall to front wall (return panels).
    - c. Inside Height: Not less than 93 inches to underside of ceiling.
    - d. Front Walls (Return Panels): stainless steel, No. 4 finish with integral car door frames.
    - e. Car Fixtures: Satin stainless steel, No. 4 finish.
    - f. Side and Rear Wall Panels: Removable Raised Plastic laminate Panels.
    - g. Reveals: powder-coated steel.

- h. Door Faces (Interior): Satin stainless steel, No. 4 finish.
- i. Door Sills: Aluminum.
- j. Ceiling: Drop Downlite Laminated.
- k. Handrails: 1/2 by 1 1/2 inches rectangular, at 3 sides of car.
- I. Floor prepared to receive carpet (specified in Section 096813 "Tile Carpeting").

## 8. Hoistway Entrances:

- a. Width: 42 inches .
- b. Height: [86 inches ] < Insert dimension>.
- c. Type: Single-speed side sliding.
- d. Frames at First Floor Satin stainless steel. No. 4 finish.
- e. Frames at Other Floors: Satin stainless steel. No. 4 finish.
- f. Doors and Transoms: Satin stainless steel, No. 4 finish.
- g. Doors and Transoms at Other Floors: Satin stainless steel, No. 4 finish.
- h. Sills at First Floor: Aluminum.
- i. Sills at Other Floors: Aluminum.
- 9. Hall Fixtures at First Floor: Satin stainless steel, No. 4 finish.
- 10. Hall Fixtures at Other Floors: Satin stainless steel, No. 4 finish.
- 11. Additional Requirements:
  - a. Provide inspection certificate in each car, mounted under acrylic cover with frame made from satin stainless steel, No. 4 finish.
  - b. Provide hooks for protective pads in [service car] [all cars] and [one] [two] <Insert number> complete set(s) of full-height protective pads.

## 2.4 SYSTEMS AND COMPONENTS

- A. Pump Units: Positive-displacement type with a maximum of 10 percent variation between no load and full load and with minimum pulsations.
  - 1. Pump shall be [submersible type with submersible squirrel-cage induction motor, and shall be suspended inside oil tank from vibration isolation mounts] [or] [shall be tank-top-mounted type with fan-cooled, squirrel-cage induction motor, and shall be mounted on oil tank with vibration isolation mounts and enclosed in prime-painted steel enclosure lined with 1-inch- thick, glass-fiber insulation board].
  - 2. Motor shall have [wye-delta] [or] [solid-state] starting.
  - 3. Motor shall have variable-voltage, variable-frequency control.
- B. Hydraulic Silencers: System shall have hydraulic silencer containing pulsation-absorbing material in blowout-proof housing at pump unit.
- C. Piping: Size, type, and weight of piping as recommended by elevator manufacturer, with flexible connectors to minimize sound and vibration transmissions from power unit.
  - 1. Cylinder units shall be connected with dielectric couplings.
- D. Hydraulic Fluid: Elevator manufacturer's standard fluid with additives as needed to prevent oxidation of fluid, corrosion of cylinder and other components, and other adverse effects.
- E. Guides: Roller guides. Provide guides at top and bottom of car frame.

## 2.5 OPERATION SYSTEMS

- A. General: Provide manufacturer's standard microprocessor operation system as required to provide type of operation indicated.
- B. Auxiliary Operations:

- 1. Single-Car Standby-Power Operation: On activation of standby power, car is returned to a designated floor and parked with doors open. Car can be manually put in service on standby power, either for return operation or for regular operation, by switches in control panel located at main lobby. Manual operation causes automatic operation to cease.
- Security Features: Security features shall not affect emergency firefighters' service.
  - Card-Reader Operation: System uses card readers at hall push-button stations to authorize calls. Security system determines which landings and at what times calls require authorization by card reader. Provide required conductors in traveling cable and panel in machine room for interconnecting card readers, other security access system equipment, and elevator controllers. Provide stripe-swipe card reader integral with each car-control station.
    - a. Security access system equipment is specified in Section 281300 "Access Control."
  - Car-to-Lobby Feature: Feature, activated by keyswitch at main lobby, that causes car to return immediately to lobby and open doors for inspection. On deactivation by keyswitch, calls registered before keyswitch activation are completed and normal operation is resumed.

#### 2.6 DOOR-REOPENING DEVICES

A. Infrared Array: Provide door-reopening device with uniform array of 36 or more microprocessor-controlled, infrared light beams projecting across car entrance. Interruption of one or more light beams shall cause doors to stop and reopen.

## 2.7 CAR ENCLOSURES

- A. General: Provide wall panels, with removable car roof, access doors, power door operators, and ventilation.
- B. Materials and Finishes: Manufacturer's standards, but not less than the following:
  - 1. Subfloor: Exterior, C-C Plugged grade plywood, not less than 7/8-inch nominal thickness.
  - Stainless-Steel Wall Panels: Flush, formed-metal construction; fabricated from stainlesssteel sheet.
  - 3. Plastic-Laminate Wall Panels: Plastic laminate adhesively applied to 1/2-inch fire-retardant-treated particleboard with plastic-laminate panel backing and manufacturer's standard protective edge trim. Panels have a flame-spread index of 75 or less, when tested according to ASTM E 84. Plastic-laminate color, texture, and pattern as selected by Architect from plastic-laminate manufacturer's full range.
  - 4. Fabricate car with recesses and cutouts for signal equipment.
  - 5. Fabricate car door frame integrally with front wall of car.
  - 6. Stainless-Steel Doors: Flush, hollow-metal construction; fabricated from stainless-steel sheet.
  - 7. Sight Guards: Provide sight guards on car doors.
  - 8. Sills: Extruded or machined metal, with grooved surface, 1/4 inch thick.
  - 9. Plastic-Laminate Ceiling: Flush panels, with four low-voltage downlights (LED) in each panel. Align ceiling panel joints with joints between wall panels.
  - 10. Light Fixture Efficiency: Not less than 35 lumens/W.
  - 11. Ventilation Fan Efficiency: Not less than 3.0 cfm/W.

## 2.8 HOISTWAY ENTRANCES

A. Hoistway Entrance Assemblies: Manufacturer's standard horizontal-sliding, door-and-frame hoistway entrances complete with track systems, hardware, sills, and accessories. Frame size and profile shall accommodate hoistway wall construction.

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- 1. Where gypsum board wall construction is indicated, frames shall be self-supporting with reinforced head sections.
- B. Fire-Rated Hoistway Entrance Assemblies: Door-and-frame assemblies shall comply with NFPA 80 and be listed and labeled by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction based on testing at as close-to-neutral pressure as possible according to [NFPA 252] [or] [UL 10B].
  - 1. Fire-Protection Rating: 1 hour.
- C. Materials and Fabrication: Manufacturer's standards, but not less than the following:
  - Stainless-Steel Frames: Formed from stainless-steel sheet.
  - Stainless-Steel Doors: Flush, hollow-metal construction; fabricated from stainless-steel sheet.

## 2.9 SIGNAL EQUIPMENT

- A. General: Provide hall-call and car-call buttons that light when activated and remain lit until call has been fulfilled. Provide vandal resistant buttons and lighted elements illuminated with LEDs.
- B. Car-Control Stations: Provide manufacturer's standard recessed car-control stations. Mount in return panel adjacent to car door unless otherwise indicated.
  - Mark buttons and switches for required use or function. Use both tactile symbols and Braille.
  - 2. Provide "No Smoking" sign matching car-control station, either integral with car-control station or mounted adjacent to it, with text and graphics as required by authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Emergency Communication System: Two-way voice communication system, with visible signal, which dials preprogrammed number of monitoring station and does not require handset use. System is contained in flush-mounted cabinet, with identification, instructions for use, and battery backup power supply.
- D. Firefighters' Two-Way Telephone Communication Service: Provide flush-mounted cabinet in each car and required conductors in traveling cable for firefighters' two-way telephone communication service specified in Section 283111 "Digital, Addressable Fire-Alarm System."
- E. Hall Push-Button Stations: Provide one hall push-button station at each landing.
  - 1. Provide units with flat faceplate for mounting with body of unit recessed in wall jamb-mounted units.

#### 2.10 FINISH MATERIALS

- A. Stainless-Steel Sheet: ASTM A 240/A 240M, Type 304.
- B. Plastic Laminate: High-pressure type complying with NEMA LD 3, Type HGS for flat applications.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine elevator areas, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work. Verify critical dimensions and examine supporting structure and other conditions under which elevator work is to be installed.

- B. Prepare written report, endorsed by Installer, listing conditions detrimental to performance of the Work.
- Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install cylinder in protective casing within well hole. Before installing protective casing, remove water and debris from well hole.
  - 1. Fill void space between protective casing and cylinder with corrosion-protective filler.
  - 2. Align cylinder and fill space around protective casing with fine sand.
- B. Install cylinder plumb and accurately centered for elevator car position and travel. Anchor securely in place, supported at pit floor. Seal between protective casing and pit floor with 4 inches of nonshrink, nonmetallic grout.
- C. Install cylinder plumb and accurately centered for elevator car position and travel. Anchor securely in place, supported at pit floor and braced at intervals as needed to maintain alignment. Anchor cylinder guides at spacing needed to maintain alignment and avoid overstressing guides.
- D. Welded Construction: Provide welded connections for installing elevator work where bolted connections are not required for subsequent removal or for normal operation, adjustment, inspection, maintenance, and replacement of worn parts. Comply with AWS workmanship and welding operator qualification standards.
- E. Sound Isolation: Mount rotating and vibrating equipment on vibration-isolating mounts to minimize vibration transmission to structure and structure-borne noise due to elevator system.
- F. Install piping above the floor, where possible. Install underground piping in casing.
  - 1. Excavate for piping and backfill encased piping according to applicable requirements in Section 312000 "Earth Moving."
- G. Lubricate operating parts of systems as recommended by manufacturers.
- H. Alignment: Coordinate installation of hoistway entrances with installation of elevator guide rails for accurate alignment of entrances with car. Where possible, delay installation of sills and frames until car is operable in shaft. Reduce clearances to minimum, safe, workable dimension at each landing.
- I. Leveling Tolerance: 1/4 inch, up or down, regardless of load and travel direction.
- J. Set sills flush with finished floor surface at landing. Fill space under sill solidly with nonshrink, nonmetallic grout.

## 3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Acceptance Testing: On completion of elevator installation and before permitting elevator use (either temporary or permanent), perform acceptance tests as required and recommended by ASME A17.1/CSA B44 and by governing regulations and agencies.
- B. Advise Owner, Architect, and authorities having jurisdiction in advance of dates and times that tests are to be performed on elevators.

## 3.4 PROTECTION

A. Temporary Use: Comply with the following requirements for elevator used for construction purposes:

- 1. Provide car with temporary enclosure, either within finished car or in place of finished car, to protect finishes from damage.
- 2. Provide strippable protective film on entrance and car doors and frames.
- 3. Provide padded wood bumpers on entrance door frames covering jambs and frame faces.
- 4. Provide other protective coverings, barriers, devices, signs, and procedures as needed to protect elevator and elevator equipment.
- 5. Do not load elevators beyond their rated weight capacity.
- 6. Engage elevator Installer to provide full maintenance service. Include preventive maintenance, repair or replacement of worn or defective components, lubrication, cleanup, and adjustment as necessary for proper elevator operation at rated speed and capacity. Provide parts and supplies same as those used in the manufacture and installation of original equipment.
- 7. Engage elevator Installer to restore damaged work, if any, so no evidence remains of correction. Return items that cannot be refinished in the field to the shop, make required repairs and refinish entire unit, or provide new units as required.

# 3.5 DEMONSTRATION

- A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to operate, adjust, and maintain elevator(s).
- B. Check operation of elevator with Owner's personnel present before date of Substantial Completion and again not more than one month before end of warranty period. Determine that operation systems and devices are functioning properly.

#### 3.6 MAINTENANCE

- A. Initial Maintenance Service: Beginning at Substantial Completion, maintenance service shall include 12 months' full maintenance by skilled employees of elevator Installer. Include monthly preventive maintenance, repair or replacement of worn or defective components, lubrication, cleaning, and adjusting as required for proper elevator operation. Parts and supplies shall be manufacturer's authorized replacement parts and supplies.
  - 1. Perform maintenance during normal working hours.
  - Perform emergency callback service during normal working hours with response time of two hours or less.
  - 3. Include 24-hour-per-day, 7-day-per-week emergency callback service with response time of two hours or less.

**END OF SECTION 142400** 

#### SECTION 210500 - SPRINKLER SYSTEM

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SCOPE

- A. The fire protection work covered by this section consists of furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, services, and supervision required to install, test, and place in service complete fire sprinkler system(s) and one dry-pipe sprinkler system. Work shall also include installation of the standpipes and the installation of backflow prevention assemblies and underground lead-in connections.
- B. The work shall be in accordance with NFPA 13 (2013 Edition) and shall be completed as indicated on the drawings and specified herein.
- C. The design drawings associated with these specifications are conceptual in nature and are not shop drawings but serve as a reference for pipe sizing, general pipe routing and layout, and basic system configuration. The Contractor is to provide a complete shop drawing submittal, including all information required by NFPA 13. Shop drawing submittals shall indicate all pipe lengths, elevations and offsets as coordinated with all trades.
- D. All work shall be executed and inspected in accordance with all state codes, rules, ordinances, and regulations pertaining to the work involved. Should any change in the contract drawings or specifications be required to conform to such requirements, the Engineer shall be notified at the time of bid submittal.
- E. After entering into the contract, the Contractor shall be held responsible for the completion of all work necessary for a complete and approved installation without extra expense to the Owner.
- F. The Contractor shall prepare any supplementary detailed diagrams or drawings, which may be required by the state authority, local Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ) or Engineer.
- G. Any deviations from the requirements of this specification must be acknowledged in writing with the supplier's bid offer.
- H. Refer to Section 22 0525 for Seismic Requirements.

## 1.2 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Complete, integrated, and operating fire sprinkler system shall be installed throughout the Kansas Energy Center as specified herein and as shown on the drawings.
- B. System shall include, but not be limited to: main control valves, sectional control valves, risers, connection to underground and fire department connection lead-in, piping, sprinklers, hangers, flow indication and supervisory switches and all accessories required to furnish complete operational system.
- C. The building shall be served by a wet-pipe sprinkler system. Fire department connection shall be connected to the system at the sprinkler riser manifold.

#### 1.3 SYSTEM DESIGN

A. The Contractor is required to perform hydraulic calculations.

- B. Contractor shall provide all flow test and hydraulic calculation.
- C. Where details of design, fabrication, and erection are not shown on the drawings or specified in this specification, the omitted details shall be in accordance with the requirements of NFPA 13 and their appendices.
- D. No changes in pipe size, pipe arrangement, or addition of sprinklers shall be made in the field without prior approval of the Contractor's revised hydraulic calculations by the Engineer.
- E. Unless specifically approved by the Engineer, no piping shall be installed exposed except in unfinished spaces.

## 1.4 SUBMITTALS

#### A. General

- 1 The Contractor shall submit three sets of shop drawings, calculations, as-built drawings and product data to the Engineer for approval.
- No work, fabrication, or installation may proceed without the Contractor having received written approval from the Engineer, Owner's insuring party and local Authority Having Jurisdiction, as applicable.
- Any changes to or deviations from approved drawings require resubmittal and written approval from the Engineer.
- B. Shop/Working Drawings. The Contractor shall prepare and submit, prior to the commencement of any work (fabrication, installation, etc.), shop/working drawings as follows:
  - All Shop/Working Drawings and Material and Equipment Data shall be submitted to the engineer 100% complete and at one time.
  - The minimum scale shall be 1/8 inch equals 1 foot 0 inches, clearly indicating the essential details including all specialties, concealed spaces, ventilators, and possible obstructions. The Engineer will provide an electronic copy of the design drawings to the Contractor.
  - 3 Drawings shall clearly indicate all information or data enumerated in Paragraph 23.1.3 of NFPA 13 for sprinkler systems.

## C. Hydraulic Calculations.

- 1 Hydraulic Calculations are the responsibility of the Contractor. The calculations performed by the Engineer were to establish minimum pipe sizing and pipe schedule and will not be provided to the Contractor. Where piping segments are shown on the plans and pipe diameter is not clearly depicted, the minimum pipe sizing permitted shall be the greater pipe sizing of the adjacent and connected piping. Minimum pipe sizing for all arm-overs to single sprinklers shall be 1 inch.
- 2 Hydraulic calculations shall be prepared on form sheets that include a summary sheet, detailed work sheet, and a water supply versus demand graph.
- 3 Calculations submitted shall provide applicable data specified in Paragraph 23.3.5 of NFPA 13.

## D. Material and Equipment Data

1 All Materials and Equipment Data shall be submitted to the engineer 100% complete and at one time.

- 2 The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer, prior to the commencement of any work (fabrication, installation, etc.), the name of the manufacturer and the type or model of each principal item of equipment or material proposed for installation. To accomplish this, it is acceptable to provide the manufacturer's descriptive, illustrated literature of all equipment, materials and devices.
- 3 The submittal shall provide positive indication of the specific size and description of the equipment, material or device used on this project. In other words, the data should be site specific, deleting any reference to options that do not apply to the project.
- E. As-Built Drawings. Upon completion of the work, the Contractor shall revise all drawings to agree with the construction as actually accomplished and shall stamp such drawings "As-Built." One mylar reproducible copy and one electronic copy in Auto Cad, Release 14 or greater, shall also be provided.

#### F. **Operations and Maintenance Manuals**

- 1 The Contractor shall furnish operating instructions outlining the step-by-step procedures required for system start-up, operation, testing and take down procedures. The instructions shall include the manufacturer's name, model number, catalog cuts, diagrams, drawings, parts list and descriptive data covering the proper operation and testing of the system.
- 2 The Contractor shall furnish maintenance instructions listing routine maintenance procedures, possible breakdowns and repairs, and troubleshooting guides. The instructions shall reflect as-built conditions and include simplified diagrams for the system.
- 3 After approval of the shop drawings and no later than field acceptance testing, the Contractor shall provide a list of recommended spare parts and supplies, a current unit price and a source of supply.

#### G. Posted Instructions

- 1 Framed instructions under glass, showing the schematic layout of the entire system, shall be posted adjacent to the system riser.
- 2 Condensed operating instructions explaining preventive maintenance procedures, methods of checking the system for normal safe operation, and procedures for safely operating and shutting down the system shall be prepared in typed form and posted beside schematic drawings of the system.
- 3 Proposed drawings/diagrams, instructions, and other sheets shall be posted before acceptance testing of the system.

#### Certification and Field Test Reports Η.

- 1 Hydrostatic reports shall be completed in accordance with Part III of this specification, NFPA 13 and NFPA 24. Hydrostatic testing shall be conducted at 200 psi for a period of two hours. NOTE: The Contractor shall utilize industry-accepted test reports (NFPA format) that provide sufficient detail on system components, tests completed, data collected and test results.
- 2 At least two weeks prior to requesting a final acceptance test of the fire protection system, the Contractor shall prepare and submit pre-operational test procedures that detail what is to be tested, how the tests are to be conducted and what acceptance (pass/fail) parameters for the various tests and test equipment will be required. The test report shall provide a table indicating final valve position and optimum settings on relief valves. pressure gauges, etc.
- 3 Upon completion of pre-operational testing, three (3) copies of the test reports shall be submitted in booklet form detailing the tests performed, data collected, adjustments made, and any other necessary actions required to prove compliance with the specified

- performance criteria. Each test report shall indicate the final position of all valves and setpoints on pressure gauges and relief valves on wet pipe systems.
- Tests shall be completed in accordance with Part III, in this Specification. The Contractor is responsible for providing all test equipment necessary in the performance of field acceptance testing.
- 5 The Contractor and the Owner's Representative shall sign off on all test reports.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. All materials and equipment furnished and installed under this section shall be new and currently listed by Underwriters Laboratory (UL) or approved by Factory Mutual (FM) for the intended application, except as otherwise specified herein.
- B. Development of shop drawings and hydraulic calculations shall be supervised by a NICET Level III or IV technician certified in automatic sprinkler system design or a registered professional engineer competent in sprinkler system design. Shop drawings shall be reviewed and sealed by the NICET Level III or IV technician. Shop drawing preparation shall be performed by a minimum NICET Level II technician.
- C. The completion of this work shall be done by a qualified responsible contractor recognized as being fully experienced in the installation of sprinkler systems. The Contractor shall be licensed in the State of Kansas. The Contractor shall also be capable of demonstrating in writing for advance approval, 5 years of automatic sprinkler system installation experience.
- D. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer before any significant changes are made to the original design.
- E. All work shall be performed by competent workers skilled in the installation of automatic sprinkler systems.
- F. All work shall be done in strict accordance with NFPA 13 and NFPA 24 and their appendices, and other applicable federal, state, and local codes and ordinances, except as otherwise indicated on the drawings or specified herein.
- G. Before installation, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer, in writing, evidence of experience and qualifications specified herein.

## 1.6 MAINTENANCE AND WARRANTY SERVICE

A. Furnish service and maintenance of the fire protection system installed under the provision of this section for a period of one (1) year from the Date of Acceptance by the Owner/Engineer. The maintenance for the first year, including the quarterly and annual testing and maintenance requirements as required by NFPA 25 shall be performed by the Contractor. Any required testing and maintenance cost for this maintenance and testing of the system shall be at no extra cost to the Owner and shall be included as part of this contract.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS AND MATERIALS

#### 2.1 GENERAL

A. Material and equipment shall be as specified or as shown and shall be suitable for the service intended. Materials shall be new and unused, except for tests.

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- B. All materials and equipment furnished and installed under this section shall be listed by Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc., and/or approved by Factory Mutual Engineering Corporation, except as otherwise specified herein.
- C. When two or more units of the same class of equipment are required, they shall be products from a single manufacturer.
- D. All material and equipment necessary to meet the requirements of these codes shall be provided regardless of whether each item or device is specifically mentioned in this section or shown on the drawings.

## 2.2 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Accept sprinkler components at job site in factory packing, inspect for damage, and comply with manufacturer's rigging and installation instructions.
- B. Protect all piping, valves and associated components from physical damage, including effects of weather, water and construction debris.
- C. Provide temporary inlet and outlet caps, maintain these protective caps in place until being installed or connected.

#### 2.3 PIPE AND FITTINGS

## A. Aboveground Pipe

- 1. Pipe used shall not be subject to a working pressure in excess of 25 percent of the hydrostatic pressure test required by ASTM A795, A53, or A135, as applicable.
- 2. All piping smaller than 2 ½" inches shall be Schedule 40 piping.
- 3. Piping 2 ½" inches and larger is permitted to be Schedule 10 (thinwall).
- 4. All piping on the system side of the dry-pipe valve shall be galvanized.
- 5. All piping 2 inch and smaller shall be black schedule 40 with threaded end.

## B. Exposed Exterior Drain Piping

1. All drain piping and fittings on building exterior, and 6 inches inside building shall be galvanized, Schedule 40 piping.

## C. Underground Pipe

- 1. Lead-in connection shall be Ductile Iron or approved equal.
- 2. Pipe shall be designed to withstand a system working pressure of not less than 175 psi.
- 3. Piping shall be listed for fire protection service and comply with the AWWA standards in Table 3-4.1 of NFPA 13, where applicable. Lead-in connection shall be ductile iron or approved equal from 5 feet outside building to backflow prevention assembly.

## D. Joints: Joints shall conform to NFPA 13.

- Shop welded joints will be permitted.
- 2. Roll-grooved pipe and fittings shall be prepared in accordance with manufacturer's latest published specification for the pipe material, wall thickness, and size.
- 3. Threaded joints will be permitted on Schedule 40 piping only.
- 4. Mechanical grooved pipe joints shall conform to AWWA C606. Joints shall be made using a UL listed or FM approved combination of fittings, gaskets, and grooves. Rolled pipe grooves shall be dimensionally compatible with the fittings.
- 5. Cut groove piping and fittings are not permitted.
- 6. All piping 2 inches and smaller shall be threaded.

- E. Fittings: Fittings for piping shall be threaded and approved for use in sprinkler systems.
- F. Reducers: Reductions in pipe shall be made with one-piece reducing fittings.
- G. Bushings: Bushings will not be acceptable.
- Hangers have not been shown on the design drawings and are the responsibility of the Contractor.
- I. All hangers and supports shall be provided in accordance with provisions of NFPA 13.

## 2.4 PIPE SLEEVES

- All penetrations through concrete block walls or concrete floor/ceilings shall be core drilled.
- B. Where pipes pass through fire walls, fire partitions, or rated floors, a qualified fire stopping material shall be provided. The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer for approval, supporting documentation that the proposed firestopping material is UL Listed or FM approved for the type of penetration and required fire rating.
- C. A water tight penetration sealant shall be used to seal all penetrations that are in walls or floor/ceilings that are not fire walls, fire partitions, or rated floors.

## 2.5 VALVES

#### A. General:

- 1. Utilize valves that allow moving parts to be changed out without removing the valve from the installed position.
- 2. General Purpose Type: General purpose valves shall be OS&Y valves of an FM approved or UL listed type.
- 3. All new control and isolation valves shall be electronically supervised. All tamper switches are to be provided by the sprinkler contractor.
- Check valves shall be an FM approved and UL listed iron body bronze trimmed swing check.

## 2.6 SPRINKLERS

- A. Sprinklers shall conform to the UL Fire Protection Equipment Directory for the required application and as shown on the drawings.
- B. Clearances between deflectors and ceiling, roof decking, roof joists, electric or heating equipment, or other obstructions shall be in accordance with NFPA 13.
- Sprinkler temperatures shall be Ordinary Temperature classification and in accordance with NFPA 13.
- D. In patient accessible areas, all sprinklers less than 9 ft 8 inches above the finished floor shall be institutional.
- E. Sprinklers shall be of the following type:
  - 1. Standard Spray Quick Response Upright; K = 5.6; Brass.
  - 2. Standard Spray Quick Response Pendent; K = 5.6; White Semi-Recessed.

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- 3. Standard Spray Dry Pendent; K = 5.6; Chrome Semi-Recessed.
- 4. Standard Spray Quick Response Institutional Pendent; K = 5.6; Chrome Semi-Recessed.

## 2.7 SYSTEM SPECIALTIES

#### A. Waterflow Indicators

- 1. Vane type waterflow switches shall be Potter Model VSR-F or equivalent.
- 2. Pressure switches shall be Potter Model PS10A or equivalent.
- 3. Switches shall be provided with a ½ -in. NPT.
- 4. Switches shall be actuated by any flow of water to or in excess of the discharge from one sprinkler.
- 5. Switches shall have a maximum service pressure rating of 250 psi and shall be factory adjusted to operate on pressure increase at  $6 \pm 1$  psi.

## B. Tamper Switches:

1. Potter Model OSYSU-1 or equivalent.

## C. Spare Sprinklers, Sprinkler Cabinet and Wrench:

- Provide steel, baked red enameled, sprinkler box with capacity to store 10 sprinklers and wrench sized to sprinklers. In all cases: sprinkler box capacity must equal or exceed the number of spare sprinklers required. There shall be minimum one sprinkler cabinet at each riser manifold location.
- 2. For each style and temperature range required, furnish additional sprinklers, amounting to 1 unit for every 100 installed units, but not less than 5 units each.

## D. Backflow Prevention Assembly

1. Backflow preventer shall be FEBCO Model 870/870V, or approved equal.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 GENERAL

## A. SPRINKLER SYSTEMS:

- 1. Provide a placard permanently attached to the system riser indicating the hydraulic design details as required by NFPA 13, Section 23.1.3.
- 2. Clearances between deflectors and ceiling, roof decking, roof joists, electric or heating equipment, or other obstructions shall be in accordance with NFPA 13.
- 3. Install sight glass in the inspector's test connections.
- 4. Route drains to locations referenced on plans. Coordinate with Owner for drain location. Drains must be capable of handling full discharge under normal system pressure. The use of floor drains is not permitted.
- 5. All sprinklers must be of the same manufacturer and model designation.
- 6. Replace any painted or paint spotted sprinklers.
- 7. At no location shall Auxiliary drains be permitted. All piping shall be installed such that no more than 5 gallons capacity is trapped at any one location.

# 3.2 FABRICATION AND INSTALLATION:

A. Piping:

- Torch cutting and welding will not be permitted as a means of modifying or repairing sprinkler systems.
- Welding shall be done in strict compliance with ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section IX.
- No piping shall be installed to obstruct the removal or access to equipment for maintenance or access.

## B. Supports:

- 1. All supports and hangers shall be in accordance with NFPA 13.
- 2. Support risers and valve headers as required by code.
- 3. No piping shall be supported from bottom cord of bar joists.

#### C. Valves and Accessories:

- Install indicating control valves as shown on drawings.
- 2. Install valve tamper supervision switches on indicating control/zone valves.

## D. Drain and Test Connections:

- 1. Provisions shall be provided to properly drain all parts of the systems.
- 2. System main drains, test drains, and auxiliary drains shall be in accordance with applicable sections of NFPA 13.
- 3. Inspector test connections for systems shall be restricted orifice and equipped with a site glass.
- 4. Install main drain and drain piping at low points of sprinkler piping.

## 3.3 IDENTIFICATION AND MARKING

A. All drain and test valves, provided by the fire protection Contractor in accordance with this specification section shall be identified by the attachment of durable metal or plastic tags upon which the valve function or description shall be embossed/engraved.

NOTE: Labeling and posted operating procedures shall incorporate the identification system established by the Owner/Engineer (as applicable).

B. Tags shall be bound securely to the valve by means of stainless steel wire or adhesive glue for control panels. In all cases, the tags will be bound in such a position as to present minimum opportunity for loss and maximum visibility. In no case will the tags be attached to handwheels.

#### 3.4 PAINTING

A. All sprinkler piping in mechanical rooms, electrical rooms, sprinkler riser rooms shall be painted red to indicate fire protection.

## 3.5 TESTING AND CLEANING

- A. Cleaning shall be in accordance with NFPA 13.
- B. All tests shall be witnessed by the Engineer or State inspector. It is a responsibility of the Contractor to provide adequate notice, a minimum of ten working days, to the Engineer and State Inspector of all testing to be performed..
- C. Hydrostatic Tests
  - 1. Piping shall be hydrostatically tested at not less than 200 PSI for two hours.

- 2. Prior to the commencement of field tests, one certified copy of the Contractor's Material Test Certificate for hydrostatic tests shall be submitted to the Engineer.
- All system piping must be thoroughly flushed and free from foreign material. 3.
- D. Acceptance Testing
  - The Contractor shall perform acceptance tests specified in NFPA 13 and NFPA 24. The following tests shall be conducted, but not limited to:
    - Hydrostatic test
    - Flush test b
    - Waterflow tests С
    - d Main drain flow tests
    - Alarm and supervision tests е
    - f Operational tests
- E. In the event that any system or component fails to meet the guarantees, and the Contractor has made such alterations and modifications as he feels necessary to obtain the guaranteed performance, the system(s) shall be retested. The entire expense of the additional tests required to demonstrate the effects of such alterations and modifications shall be borne by the Contractor. The "entire expense" shall be interpreted as all outside charges incurred during the retesting other than for use of the normal operating forces of the Owner.
- F. All final field acceptance tests shall be witnessed by representatives from the local authority having jurisdiction, insuring interest, Owner, and Engineer.
- 3.6 Test Documentation. Documentation specified in this specification shall be submitted to the Engineer within 30 days of completion of satisfactory testing.

**END OF SECTION 21 0500** 

## SECTION 22 0500 - COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR PLUMBING

#### PART 1 - GENERAL PROVISIONS

#### 1.1 CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

A. All contract documents including drawings, alternates, addenda and modifications preceding this division of this specification are applicable to contractors, subcontractors, and material suppliers.

## 1.2 SPECIFICATION FORM AND DEFINITIONS

- A. These Specifications are abbreviated form and contain incomplete sentences. Omissions of words or phrases such as "the contractor shall", "shall be", "as noted on the Drawings", "according to the drawings", "a", "an", "the" and "all" are intentional. Omitted words and phrases shall be supplied by inference.
- B. The term "Engineer", "Engineer", or "Engineer" wherever used in these specifications, shall mean LATIMER, SOMMERS & ASSOCIATES, P.A., 3639 SW SUMMERFIELD DRIVE, SUITE A, TOPEKA, KANSAS 66614, PHONE 785-233-3232, FAX 785-233-0647.
- C. Contractor, wherever used in these specifications, shall mean the Company that enters into contract with Owner to perform this work.
- D. When a word, such as "proper", "satisfactory", "equivalent", and "as directed", is used, it requires Engineer's review.
- E. "Provide" means furnish and install.
- F. Engineer hereinafter abbreviated A/E shall mean both the Design Engineers and the Design Engineers.
- G. Equipment and/or materials manufacturer hereinafter abbreviated E/M shall mean the manufacturer of equipment or materials specified or referred to.
- H. When the term "equivalent" is used in context to products or manufacturer's, the equivalency of the proposed product or manufacturer to be used in lieu of the specified product or manufacturer is the sole decision of the A/E.

#### 1.3 QUALIFICATIONS

A. The contractor responsible for work under this section shall have completed a job of similar scope and magnitude within the last 3 years. The contractor shall employ an experienced, competent and adequate work force licensed in their specific trade and properly supervised at all times. Unlicensed workers and general laborers shall be adequately supervised to insure competent and quality work and workmanship required by this contract and all other regulations, codes and practices. At all times the contractor shall comply with all applicable local, state and federal guidelines, practices and regulations. Contractor may be required to submit a statement of qualifications upon request before any final approval and selection. Failure to be able to comply with these requirements is suitable reason for rejection of a bid.

## 1.4 LOCAL CONDITIONS

- A. Visit site and determine existing local conditions affecting work in contract.
- B. Failure to determine site conditions or nature of existing or new construction will not be considered a basis for granting additional compensation.

#### 1.5 CONTRACT CHANGES

A. Changes or deviations from Contract, including those for extra or additional work must be submitted in writing for review of Engineer. No verbal orders will be recognized.

#### 1.6 LOCATIONS AND INTERFERENCES

- A. Location of equipment, piping and other mechanical work is indicated diagrammatically on the Drawings. Determine exact locations on job, subject to structural conditions, work of other sections of the Specifications, access requirements for installation and maintenance and approval of Engineer.
- B. Study and become familiar with the Drawings of other trades and in particular the general construction plans and details in order to obtain necessary information for figuring installation. Cooperate with work of other trades, and install work in such a way as to avoid interference with work of other trades. Minor deviations, not affecting design characteristics, performance or space limitation may be permitted if reviewed by Engineer prior to installation.
- C. Any pipe, apparatus, appliance or other item interfering with proper placement of other work as indicated on Drawings, specified, or required, shall be removed and if so shown, relocated and reconnected without extra cost. Damage to new or existing work caused by Contractor shall be restored as specified for new work.
- D. Do not scale Drawings for dimensions. Accurately lay-out work from dimensions indicated on Drawings unless such be found in error.
- E. Report any conflict stated above to supervisor for coordination.

#### 1.7 PERFORMANCE

A. Final acceptance of work shall be subject to the condition that all systems, equipment, apparatus and appliances operate satisfactorily as designed and intended. Work shall include required adjustment of systems and control equipment installed under this specification division.

## 1.8 TEMPORARY UTILITIES

A. Contractor shall provide temporary utilities as indicated in 015000 during construction.

## 1.9 WARRANTY

- A. The plumbing systems are to be warranted to Owner and Engineer the quality of materials, equipment, workmanship and operation of equipment provided under this specification division for a period of one year from acceptance of electrical systems by Owner.
- B. Contractor warrants to Owner and Engineer that on receipt of notice from either of them within one year of warranty period following date of acceptance all defects that have appeared in materials and/or workmanship, shall be promptly corrected to condition required by contract documents at contractor expense.
- C. The warranty above expressed shall not supersede any separately stated warranty or requirements required by law or by these specifications.

## 1.10 ALTERNATES

Refer to General Requirements and description for alternate bid items.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MATERIALS, EQUIPMENT AND SUBSTITUTIONS

- A. The intent of these specifications is to allow ample opportunity for bidder to use its ingenuity and abilities to perform the work to its and the Owner's best advantage, and to permit maximum competition in bidding on standards of materials and equipment required.
- B. Material and equipment provided shall be first class quality, new, unused and without damage unless noted otherwise.
- C. In general, these specifications identify required materials and equipment by naming first the manufacturer whose product was used as the basis for the project design and specifications. The manufacturer's product, series, model, catalog and/or identification numbers shall set quality and capacity requirements for comparing the equivalency of other manufacturer's products. Where other manufacturer's names are listed they are considered an approved manufacturer for the product specified, however; the listing of their names implies no prior approval of any product they may propose to furnish as equivalent to the first named product unless specific model or catalog numbers are listed in these specifications or in subsequent addenda. Where other than first named products are used for base bid proposal it shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to determine prior to bid time that the proposed materials and equipment selections are products of approved manufacturers which meet or exceed the specifications and are acceptable to the Engineer.
- D. Where materials or equipment are described but not named, provide required items of first quality, adequate in every respect for intended use. Such items shall be submitted to Engineer for review prior to procurement.
- E. Prior to receipt of bids, if the Contractor wishes to incorporate products other than those named in the specifications or drawings they shall submit a request for approval of equivalency in writing to the A/E no later than (10) ten calendar days prior to bid date. Engineer will review requests and acceptable items will be listed in an Addendum issued to principal bidders. Equivalents will ONLY be considered approved when listed by project addendum. Substitutions after this may be refused at Engineers option.
- F. Materials and equipment proposed for substitution shall be equal to or superior to that specified in construction, efficiency, utility, aesthetic design, and color as determined by Engineer whose decision shall be final and without further recourse. Physical size of substitute brand shall be no larger than space provided including allowances for access for installation and maintenance. Requests must be accompanied by two (2) copies of complete descriptive and technical data including manufacturer's name, model and catalog number, photographs or cuts, physical dimensions, operating characteristics and any other information needed for comparison. In proposing a substitution prior to receipt of bids, include in such proposal cost of altering other elements of project, including adjustments in mechanical/electrical service requirements necessary to accommodate such substitution.
- G. In proposing a substitution prior to receipt of bids, include in such bid all costs of altering other elements of the project, including such items as adjustments in mechanical/electrical service requirements necessary to accommodate such substitutions. In addition, all physical space and weight requirements requiring additional structural support, modifications to the base floor plans, equipment concrete pad/roof curb dimensions shall be incorporated as required into such bid to accommodate such substitutions.
- H. Within ten (10) working days after bids are received, apparent low bidder shall submit to A/E for approval three copies of a list of all major items of equipment he intends to provide. As soon as practicable and within ten (10) working days after award of contract, Contractor shall submit shop drawings for equipment and materials to be incorporated in work for Engineer's review. Where ten (10) working day limit is insufficient for preparation of detailed shop drawings on major equipment or assemblies, Contractor shall submit manufacturer's descriptive catalog data and indicate date such

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detailed shop drawings will be submitted along with manufacturer's certifications that order was placed within ten (10) working day limit.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 SHOP DRAWINGS

- A. Contractor shall furnish shop drawings of all materials and equipment. Submittals shall be submitted electronically. In addition, a minimum of (3) paper copies of any submittal that contains informational drawings or documentation that is in a format larger than 8-1/2 x 11shall be submitted to the A/E. A/E will return the submittals to the Contractor electronically except that a copy of large format submittals will be returned to the contractor via mail. A copy of fully processed product data submittal shall be included as a part of each operating and maintenance manual.
- B. Where catalog cuts are submitted for review, conspicuously mark or provide schedule of equipment, capacities, controls, fitting sizes, etc., that are to be provided. Mark each submitted item with applicable section and paragraph numbers of these specifications, or Drawing sheet number when item does not appear in specifications. Where equipment submitted does not appear in specifications or specified equivalent, mark submittals with applicable alternate numbers, change order number or letters of authorization. Each submittal shall contain at least four sets of original catalog cuts. Each catalog sheet shall bear Equipment Manufacturer's name and address. All shop drawings on materials and equipment listed by UL shall indicate UL approval on submittal.
- C. Contractor shall be required to submit all applicable equipment/material assembly mock-ups as required by the Contract Documents for Engineer approval. Contractor shall provide changes and resubmit mock-ups until Engineer is satisfied final product meets or exceeds stated specifications and quality of specified product.
- D. Contractor shall check all shop drawings to verify that they meet specifications and/or drawings requirements before forwarding submittals to the Engineer for their review.
- E. All shop drawings submitted to Engineer shall bear Contractor's approval stamp which shall indicate that Contractor has reviewed submittals and that they meet specification and drawing requirements. Contractor's submittal review shall specifically check for but not be limited to the following: equipment capacities, physical size in relation to space allowed, electrical characteristics, provisions for supply, return and drainage connections to building systems. All shop drawings not meeting Contractor's approval shall be returned to its supplier for resubmittal.
- F. No shop drawing submittals will be considered for review by the Engineer without Contractor's approval stamp, or that have extensive changes made on the original submittal as a result of Contractor's review. All comments or minor notations on shop drawings shall be flagged to indicate originator of comment.
- G. Engineer will not be responsible for or the cost of returning shop drawing submittals that are submitted without Contractor's review and approval stamp. A letter will be sent to Contractor by either the Engineer or Engineer indicating receipt of an improper submittal for pick-up by Contractor or supplier for 15 working days after date of receipt. If not picked up by the 16th working day, submittals not bearing Contractor's review and approval stamp will be disposed of by Engineer.
- H. Engineer's review of shop drawings will not relieve Contractor of responsibility for deviations from drawings and specifications unless such deviations have been specifically approved in writing by Owner or its representative, nor shall it relieve Contractor of responsibility for errors in shop drawings. No work shall be fabricated until Engineer's review has been obtained with "no exceptions" or "as noted" language. Any time delay caused by correcting and resubmitting shop drawings will be Contractor's responsibility.
- The preparation of coordination drawings are not a requirement of the project unless otherwise indicated on the drawings. It is strongly recommended, however, that the various contractors work

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together to prepare detailed coordination drawings in an effort to minimize conflicts created as the various trades install their particular portion of the work. The design team will assist the contractor in resolving coordination conflicts by reviewing these coordination drawings; however, this review will not constitute any approval of said drawings. There will be no additional compensation for deviations in pipe, ductwork or conduit routing required to achieve coordination of the material and equipment scheduled or indicated to be installed as a part of the project. There will be no additional compensation for the rework of pipe ductwork or conduit should this become required as a result of a lack of coordination between the various trades.

- J. Contractor shall submit the following items for this project:
  - All valves
  - 2. All domestic water piping and all associated hangers/mounting devices
  - 3. All piping insulation
  - 4. All plumbing fixtures, carriers etc.
  - 5. All drain, waste, vent and roof drain piping
  - 6. All floor and roof drains
  - 7. All plumbing specialties including but not limited to back flow preventers, cleanouts etc.
  - 8. Domestic water heaters
  - 9. Water softeners
  - 10. Fire protection sprinkler systems

#### 3.2 OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTION MANUALS

- A. Submit an outline copy of installation, operating, and maintenance manuals for review and comment.
- B. Submit three copies of installation, operating, maintenance instructions, and parts lists for equipment provided. After receiving comments from outline review. Instructions shall be prepared by equipment manufacturer.
- C. Keep in safe place, keys and wrenches furnished with equipment under the Contract. Present to Owner and obtain receipt for same upon completion of project.
- D. Prepare a complete notebook, covering systems and equipment provided and installed under this contract. Submit notebooks to Engineer for review before delivery to Owner. Contractor at his option may prepare this notebook, or retain an individual to prepare it for him. Contractor shall include cost of this service in bid. Notebook shall contain following:
  - 1. Certified equipment drawings/or catalog data with equipment provided clearly marked as outlined under this specification.
  - 2. Complete installation, operating, maintenance instructions and parts lists for each item of equipment.
  - 3. A complete set of approved final shop drawings.
  - 4. Special emergency operating instructions with a list of service organizations (including addresses and telephone numbers) capable of rendering emergency service to various parts of the systems installed.
  - 5. As-Built Drawings: The Contractor shall mark up a set of contract documents during construction noting all changes and deviations including change orders. These will be delivered to A/E at end of the project for review and correction as required. After the originals are changed to reflect the blue line set, a complete set of reproducible set of project record drawings drawn at the original scale indicated shall be included in the brochure.
  - All required warranties and guarantees, including start and end date of warranties/guarantees.

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- E. Provide notebooks bound in black vinyl three-ring binders. Reinforce binding edge of each sheet of looseleaf type brochure to prevent tearing from continued usage. Clearly print on label insert of each brochure:
  - Project name and address.
  - Section of work covered by brochure, e.g. "Plumbing", etc.
- F. In addition to the hard copy of the operating and maintenance manuals, submit an electronic copy. The electronic copy shall be submitted either on compact disc, DVD or flash drive.

#### 3.3 CUTTING AND PATCHING

- A. Contractor shall do cutting and patching of building materials required for installation of work herein specified. Cut no structural members without Engineer's approval and in an approved manner.
- B. Patching shall be by mechanics of particular trade involved and shall meet approval of Engineer.
- C. Drilling and cutting of openings through building materials requires Engineer's review and approval. Make openings in concrete with concrete hole saw or concrete drill. Use of star drill or air hammer for this work is not acceptable.

## 3.4 MUTILATION

A. Mutilation of building finishes or existing/new equipment, caused by demolition or installation of new work shall be repaired at Contractor's expense to approval of Engineer.

#### 3.5 WALL PENETRATIONS

A. Include the installation of all boxes, access panels and sleeves for openings required to install the work. All floor and wall penetrations shall be sealed to meet fire rating requirements using materials tested in accordance with ASTM E814.

## 3.6 OPENINGS, ACCESS PANELS & SLEEVES

A. Include the installation of all boxes, access panels and sleeves for openings required to install this work, except structural openings incorporated in the structural drawings. Sleeves shall be installed for all pipes passing through structural slabs and walls. Set and verify the location of sleeves as shown on structural plans that pass through beams, only if so shown. All floor and wall penetrations be sealed to meet fire rating requirements. Access panels shall include those required to access fire dampers, VAV boxes, valves, smoke dampers, pipe chases, manual and automatic dampers, etc. Locations and sizes of panels are to be determined by the contractor and are not specifically shown on the drawings.

## 3.7 FIRE STOPPING

- A. All holes or voids created by the mechanical Subcontractor to extend pipe through fire rated floors and walls and shall be sealed with an intumescent material capable of expanding up to 8 to 10 times when exposed to temperatures of 250 degrees F. It shall be ICBO, BOCAI and SBCCI (NRB 243) approved ratings to 3 hours per ASTM E-814 (UL 1479). Acceptable Material: 3M Fire Barrier Caulk, putty, strip and sheet forms. Equivalent by SpecSeal.
- B. Submit for review firestopping methods and sleeve drawings indicating all required application, methods and sleeves. Refer to engineering drawing for locations of fire rated partitions and floors.
- C. All wall and floor penetrations will require firestopping.

## 3.8 SETTING, ADJUSTMENT AND EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

- A. Work shall include mounting, alignment and adjustment of systems and equipment. Set all equipment level on adequate supports and provide proper anchor bolts and isolation as shown or specified. Equipment failures resulting from improper installation or field alignment shall be repaired or replaced by Contractor at no cost to Owner.
- B. Provide each piece of equipment or apparatus suspended from ceiling or mounted above floor level with suitable structural support, platform or carrier in accordance with best recognized practice. Contractor shall arrange for attachment to building structure, unless otherwise indicated on drawings or as specified. Provide hangers with vibration eliminators where required. Contractor shall verify that structural members of building are adequate to support equipment. Submit details of hangers, platforms and supports together with total weights of mounted equipment to Engineer for review before proceeding with fabrication or installation.

## 3.9 START-UP, CHANGEOVER, TRAINING AND OPERATION CHECK

- A. Contractor shall be responsible for training Owner's operating personnel to operate and maintain systems and equipment installed. Keep a record of training provided to Owner's personnel listing the date, subject covered, instructor's name, names of Owner's personnel attending and total hours of instruction given each individual.
- B. All owner training sessions shall be orderly and well organized and shall be professionally video recorded using digital format. Contractor shall produce a DVD of each training session and submit to Owner as part of the Operation and Maintenance Manual submittal.

#### 3.10 PRE-FINAL AND FINAL CONSTRUCTION REVIEW

- A. At Contractor's request, Engineer will make pre-final construction review to determine if to the best of its knowledge project is completed in accordance with Contract Documents.
- B. Items found by Engineer as not complete or not in accordance with requirements of contract will be outlined in report to Engineer for forwarding to Subcontractors. Subcontractor shall complete and/or correct these items, before notifying Engineer it is ready for final review.
- C. All necessary system adjustments, including air systems balancing, shall be completed and all specified records and reports submitted in sufficient time to be received by Engineer at least ten working days prior to date of final construction review.
- D. At final construction review, Contractors shall be present or shall be represented by a person of authority. Each shall demonstrate, as directed by Engineer that work complies with purpose and intent of contract documents and shall provide labor, services, instruments or tools necessary for such demonstrations and tests.

END OF SECTION 22 0500

#### SECTION 22 0501 - EXTENT OF CONTRACT WORK AND CODES

#### PART 1 - GENERAL (Reference Section 220500)

#### 1.1 GENERAL EXTENT OF WORK INCLUDED IN CONTRACT

- A. Provide plumbing systems indicated on Drawings, specified or reasonably implied. Provide every device and accessory necessary for proper operation and completion of plumbing systems. In no case will claims for "Extra Work" be allowed for work about which Contractor could have been informed before bids were taken.
- B. Become familiar with equipment provided by other Subcontractors which require plumbing connections and controls.
- C. Electrical work required to install and control plumbing equipment which is not indicated on Drawings or specified under Division 26 shall be included.
- D. The cost and provision of larger wiring, conduit, control, and protective devices resulting from installation of equipment which was not used for basis of design as outlined in specifications shall be provided at no increase in contract price.
- E. Provide supervision to subcontractor to insure that required connections, interlocking and interconnection of mechanical and electrical equipment are made to attain intended control sequences and system operation.
- F. Furnish electrical wiring diagrams to Engineer and three Electrical Subcontractor. Diagrams shall show factory and field wiring of components and controls. Control devices and field wiring to be provided by Electrical Subcontractor shall be clearly indicated by notation and drawing symbols on wiring diagrams.
- G. Obtain complete electrical data on mechanical shop drawings and list this data on an approved form which shall be presented monthly or on request, to Electrical Subcontractor. Data shall be complete with wiring diagrams received to date and shall contain necessary data on electrical components of plumbing equipment such as capacity, HP, voltage, amperes, watts, locked rotor current to allow Electrical Subcontractor to order electrical equipment.

## 1.2 CODES, ORDINANCES, RULES AND REGULATIONS

- A. Provide work in accordance with applicable rules, codes, ordinances and regulations of Local, State, Federal Governments, and other authorities having lawful jurisdiction.
- B. Conform to latest editions and supplements of following codes, standards or recommended practices.
  - International Plumbing Code-2012.
  - 2. International Mechanical Code-2012
  - 3. International Building Code-2012.
  - 4. National Electrical Safety Code Handbook H30- National Bureau of Standards.
  - 5. Occupational Safety and Health Standard (OSHA) Department of Labor.
  - 6. NFPA No. 54 Gas Appliance & Gas Piping Installation
  - 7. NFPA No. 70 National Electrical Code-2008
  - 8. NFPA No. 90A Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems
  - 9. NFPA No. 91 Blower & Exhaust System
  - 10. International Fuel Gas Code –2012
  - 11. International Fire Code 2012

22 0501 - 1 EXTENT OF CONTRACT WORK AND CODES

# MISCELLANEOUS CODES: ANSI A117.1 - Handicapped Accessibility

Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)

- C. Drawings and specifications indicate minimum construction standard, should any work indicated be sub-standard to any ordinances, laws, codes, rules or regulations bearing on work, Contractor shall promptly notify Engineer in writing before proceeding with work so that necessary changes can be made. However, if Contractor proceeds with work knowing it to be contrary to any ordinances, laws, rules, and regulations he shall thereby have assumed full responsibility for and shall bear all costs required to correct non-complying work.
- D. Contractor shall secure and pay for necessary permits and certificates of inspection required by governmental ordinances, laws, rules or regulations. Keep a written record of all permits and inspection certificates and submit two copies to Engineer with request for final review.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 DRAWINGS

A. Drawings are to be considered diagrammatic for all systems. All plumbing fixtures require waste, water and vent connections and they should be provided. Any plumbing vents, relief air openings, flues, exhaust openings, etc. must be placed 10'-0" from any outside air intakes. Piping and drawings do not show all required offsets and fittings. Contractor shall include in bid costs to provide systems which will avoid and coordinate will all other building trades and systems.

END OF SECTION 22 0501

## SECTION 22 0525 - SEISMIC PROTECTION

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 GENERAL

Note: The requirements for seismic protection measures to be applied to mechanical/electrical equipment and systems specified herein are in addition to any other items called for in other sections of these specifications.

- A. Seismic protection for mechanical equipment and components shall be provided by the Mechanical Contractor.
- B. Seismic protection for electrical equipment and components shall be provided by the Electrical Contractor.
- Seismic protection for general construction items, including suspended ceilings, shall be provided by the General Contractor.

## 1.2 MECHANICAL/ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

A. Mechanical/electrical equipment shall include the following items to the extent required on plans or in other sections of these specifications:

Boilers
Expansion Tanks
Water Chiller Units
Control Panels
Pumps with Motors
Light Fixtures
Motor Control Centers
Switchboards (Floor Mounted)
Suspended Ceiling Assemblies
Water and Gas Piping Drain, Waste and Vent Piping
Air and Refrigerant Compressors
Air Handling Units
Switchgear
Transformers
Ducts

## 1.3 MECHANICAL SYSTEMS

A. Mechanical systems shall include the following items to the extent required on plans or in other sections of these specifications:

Hot Water Distribution Systems Chilled Water Distribution Systems Gas Distribution Systems Water Supply Systems Sanitary Sewer Systems Fire Sprinkler Systems

## 1.4 ZONE

A. This facility is located in Seismic Zone No. 2A.

## 1.5 EXCLUSION

- A. Piping and ducts that do not require special seismic restraints: Seismic restraints may be omitted from the following installations:
  - Gas piping less than 1-inch inside diameter.
  - 2. Piping in boiler and mechanical equipment rooms less than 1-1/4 inches inside diameter.
  - 3. All other piping less than 2-1/2 inches inside diameter.
  - 4. All electrical conduit less than 2-1/2 inches inside diameter.
  - 5. All rectangular air handling ducts less than 6 square feet in cross sectional area.

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- 6. All round air handling ducts less than 28 inches in diameter.
- 7. All piping suspended by individual hangers 12 inches or less in length from the top of pipe to the bottom of the support for the hanger.
- 8. All ducts suspended by hangers 12 inches or less in length from the top of the duct to the bottom of the support for the hanger.

# 1.6 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical product data, including installation instructions for each type of support and anchor. Submit pipe hanger and support schedule showing Manufacturer's figure number, size, location, and features for each required pipe hanger and support.
- B. Shop Drawings: Submit manufacturer's assembly-type shop drawings for each type of support and anchor, indicating dimensions, weights, required clearances, and methods of assembly or components.
- C. Maintenance Data: Submit maintenance data and parts lists for each type of support and anchor. Include this data, product data, and shop drawings in maintenance manual; in accordance with requirements of Division 1.
- D. Shop drawings, along with catalog cuts, templates, and erection and installation details, as appropriate, for the items listed below shall be submitted in accordance with the SPECIAL CLAUSES. Submittals shall be complete in detail; shall indicate thickness, type, grade, class of metal, and dimensions; and shall show construction details, reinforcement, anchorage, and installation with relation to the building construction.

Sway Braces Flexible Couplings or Joints Resilient Type Vibration Devices Smoke Stacks

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT SHALL CONFORM TO THE RESPECTIVE SPECIFICATIONS AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED BELOW:

### 2.2 BOLTS AND NUTS

- A. Squarehead bolts and heavy hexagon nuts, ANSI B18.2.1 and B18.2.2, and ASTM A 307 or A 576.
- B. Bolts, underground, ASTM A 325.

# 2.3 SWAY BRACE

A. Material used for members listed in Appendix of this specification, except for pipes, shall be structural steel conforming with ASTM A 36. Steel pipes shall conform to ASTM A 501.

# 2.4 FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS

- A. Flexible couplings shall have same pressure ratings as adjoining pipe.
- B. Flexible ball joints conforming to the following requirements may be employed on aboveground piping. Joints shall have cast or wrought steel casing and ball parts capable of 360-degree rotation plus not less than 15-degree angular movement. Joints shall be certified to be suitable for the service intended by the manufacturer, based on not less than 2 years' satisfactory operation in a similar application.
- C. Flexible couplings and joints of the mechanical joint type may be used for aboveground or underground piping.
- D. Mechanical couplings for steel or cast iron pipe shall be of the sleeve type and shall provide a tight flexible joint under all reasonable conditions, such as pipe movement caused by expansion, contraction, slight settling or shifting of the ground, minor variations in trench gradients, and traffic vibrations. Where permitted in other sections of these specifications, joints utilizing split-half couplings with grooved or shouldered pipe ends may be used.
- E. Sleeve-type couplings shall be used for joining plain-end pipe sections. The coupling shall consist of one steel middle ring, two steel followers, two gaskets, and necessary steel bolts and nuts to compress the gaskets. Underground bolts shall be high-strength type as specified above.

22 0525-2 SEISMIC PROTECTION F. Guy Wires: Guy wires shall conform to Fed. Spec. RR-W-410 as follows:

5/32 inch diameter Type V, Class 1 3/16 inch to 5/16 diameter Type V, Class 2 1/4 inch to 5/8 diameter Type I, Class 2

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 SWAY BRACES

A. Sway braces shall be installed on piping and duct to preclude damage during seismic activity. All bracing shall conform to the arrangements shown. Provisions of this paragraph apply to all piping within a 5-foot line around outside of building unless buried in the ground. Piping grouped for support on trapeze-type hangers shall be braced at the same intervals as determined by the smallest diameter pipe of the group. No trapeze-type hanger shall be secured with less than two ½-inch bolts. Bracing rigidity attached to pipe flanges, or similar, shall not be used where it would interfere with thermal expansion of piping.

#### 3.2 SWAY BRACES FOR PIPING

- A. Transverse Sway Bracing: Transverse sway bracing shall be provided at intervals not to exceed those given in Appendix of this section except for cast iron soil pipe, which shall be braced at not more than 10-foot intervals.
- B. Longitudinal Sway Bracing: Longitudinal sway bracing shall be provided at 40-foot intervals.
- C. Vertical Runs: Vertical runs of piping shall be braced at not more than 10-foot vertical intervals. For small tubing, bracing shall be provided at no more than 4-foot spacing.
- D. Anchor Rods, Angles, and Bars: Anchor rods, angles and bars shall be bolted to either pipe clamps or pipe flanges at one end and cast-in-place concrete or masonry insert or clip angles bolted to the steel structure on the other end. Rods shall be solid metal or pipe as specified below. Anchor rods, angles, and bars shall not exceed lengths given in Appendix of this section.
- E. Clamps on uninsulated pipes shall be applied directly to pipe. Insulated piping shall have clamps applied over insulation vapor barrier with high-density inserts and metal protection shields under each clamp.
- F. Bolts: Bolts used for attachment of anchors to pipe and structure shall be not less than ½-inch diameter.

# 3.3 SWAY BRACES FOR DUCTS

- A. Transverse Sway Bracing: Transverse sway bracing shall be provided at each horizontal turn of 45 degrees or more, at the end of each duct run, and otherwise at each 30-foot interval. Walls which ducts penetrate may be considered transverse braces.
- B. Longitudinal Sway Bracing: Longitudinal sway bracing shall be provided at 60-foot intervals. Transverse bracing for one duct section may also act as longitudinal bracing for a duct section connected perpendicular to it, if the bracing is installed within 4 feet of the intersection, and it is sized for the larger duct.
- C. Bracing Angles: Bracing angles for rectangular ducts shall be in accordance with Appendix of this section.

# 3.4 SPREADERS

A. Spreaders shall be provided between racked or adjacent piping runs to prevent contact during seismic activity whenever pipe or insulated pipe surfaces are less than 4 inches apart or four times the maximum displacement due to seismic force. Spreaders to be applied at same interval as sway braces. Spreaders shall be applied to surface of bare or insulated hot pipe and over insulation utilizing high-density inserts and pipe protection shields where vapor-barrier-type insulation is employed.

## 3.5 FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS OR JOINTS

A. Building Piping: Flexible couplings or joints in building piping shall be provided at bottom of all pipe risers larger than 3-1/2 inches in diameter, except thermal heat distribution piping.

- B. Cast iron waste and vent piping need only comply with these provisions when caulked joints are used. Flexible bell and spigot pipe joints using rubber gaskets or no-hub fittings may be used at each branch adjacent to tees and elbows for underground waste piping inside of building to comply with these requirements.
- C. Underground Piping: All underground piping and 4-inch or larger conduit, except thermal heat distribution system, shall have flexible couplings installed adjacent to building as shown. Additional flexible couplings shall be provided as follows:
  - On each side of the joints of demarkation between soils having widely differing degrees of consolidation.
  - 2. At all points that can be constructed to act as anchors.
  - 3. On every branch of a tee and each side of an elbow.

#### 3.6 ANCHOR BOLTS

- A. All floor or pad mounted equipment required by any Section of these specifications shall be rigidly fastened to the floor or pad by use of cast-in-place anchor bolts. Anchor bolts must conform to ASTM A 307. Anchor bolts shall have an embedded straight length equal to or at least 12 times nominal diameter of the bolt. If the size and number of the anchor bolts are not shown on the drawings then anchor bolts shall be ½" in diameter or the manufacturer's installation recommendations, whichever is the most stringent.
- B. Four bolts per item shall be provided with a minimum embedment of 12 bolts diameters, a minimum bolt spacing of 16 bolts diameters and a minimum edge distance of 12 bolts diameters. Anchor bolts that exceed normal depth of equipment foundation piers or pads shall either extend into concrete floor or the foundation shall be increased in depth to accommodate bolt lengths.
- C. Expansion anchors shall not be used to resist seismic or vibratory loads unless test data are provided to verify the adequacy of the specific anchor and application. In no case shall the expansion anchor size be less than that required for bolts in the preceding table.

#### 3.7 RESILIENT VIBRATION ISOLATION DEVICES

- A. Selection of anchor bolts for vibration isolation devices and/or snubbers to equipment base and foundations shall follow the same procedure as in paragraph ANCHOR BOLTS except that an equipment weight equal to five times the actual equipment weight shall be used.
  - 1. Resilient and Spring-Type Vibration Devices: Vibration isolation devices shall be selected so that the maximum movement of equipment from the static deflection point shall be 0.5 inches.

#### 3.8 EQUIPMENT SWAY BRACING

A. Equipment sway bracing shall be provided for all items supported from overhead floor or roof structures. Braces shall consist of angles, rods, bars, or pipes arranged as shown and secured at both ends with not less than ½-inch bolts. Bracing shall be provided in two planes of directions, 90 degrees apart, for each item of equipment. Details of all equipment bracing shall be submitted for approval. In lieu of bracing with vertical supports, these items may be supported with hangers inclined at 45 degrees directed up and radially away from equipment and oriented symmetrically in 90 degree intervals on the horizontal plane, bisecting the angles of each corner of the equipment, provided that supporting members are properly sized to support operating weight of equipment when hangers are inclined at a 45 degree angle.

## 3.9 LIGHTING FIXTURES IN BUILDINGS

A. In addition to the requirements of the preceding paragraphs, lighting fixtures and supports will conform to the following:

# B. Materials and Construction:

- 1. Fixture supports shall be malleable iron.
- 2. Loop and hook or swivel hanger assemblies for pendant fixtures shall be fitted with a restraining device to hold the stem in the support position during earthquake motions. Pendant-supported fluorescent fixtures shall also be provided with a flexible hanger device at the attachment to the fixture channel to preclude breaking of the support. The motion of swivels or hinged joints shall not cause sharp bends in conductors or damage to insulation.
- Recessed fluorescent individual or continuous-row fixtures shall be supported by a seismic-resistant suspended ceiling support system and shall be provided with fixture support wires attached to the building structural members using two wires for individual fixtures and one wire per unit of continuous row fixtures.
- 4. A supporting assembly that is intended to be mounted on an outlet box shall be designed to accommodate mounting features on 4-inch boxes, 3-inch plaster rings, and fixture studs.
- 5. Surface-mounted fluorescent individual or continuous-row fixtures shall be attached to a seismic-resistant ceiling support system. Fixture support devices for attaching to suspended ceilings shall be a locking-type scissor clamp or a full loop band that will securely attach to the ceiling support. Fixtures attached to underside of a structural slab shall be properly anchored to the slab at each corner of the fixture.
- 6. Each wall-mounted emergency light unit shall be secured in a manner to hold the unit in place during a seismic disturbance.
- C. Tests: In lieu of the requirements for equipment supports, lighting fixtures and the complete fixture-supporting assembly may be tested as specified hereinafter. Such tests shall be conducted by an approved and independent testing laboratory, and the results of such tests shall specifically state whether or not the lighting fixture supports satisfy the requirements given herein.
  - Test Equipment: To simulate earthquake motion, fixtures and supports shall be attached to a carriage suspended on rollers from an overhead track. A gear motor and crank assembly shall be used to provide oscillatory motion of approximately one cycle per second. The exact number of cycles per second and the actual dimensions of the crank apparatus shall be adjusted to produce a minimum carriage acceleration of 0.14g. The actual fixture-mounting surface shall be on the underside of the carriage and shall provide capacity for orienting the fixture in a horizontal plane in various positions, ranging from parallel to perpendicular to the line of traverse.
  - 2. Test Requirements: All tests shall be conducted with the maximum fixture weight so as to produce the most severe loading conditions. Fixtures having stems shall be tested with the actual stem lengths to be used. Tests shall be of 1-minute duration with the mounting surface in the line of traverse, at 45 degrees to the line of traverse, and at 90 degrees to the line of traverse. A total of two fixtures shall be tested in each of the above positions. After each of the six tests, the complete stem assemblies from fixtures having stem assemblies shall be subjected to a tensile strength test. The sample shall withstand, without failure, a force of not less than four times the weight it is intended to support.
  - Acceptance: No component of a fixture nor its support shall be accepted individually. For acceptance, the fixture and its supports shall exhibit no undue damage, and no component of the fixture shall fail or fall from the fixture during testing.
- D. Design Criteria: In lieu of the above test requirements, lighting fixtures shall be designed to resist a lateral force of 56 percent of the fixture weight.
- E. Lighting Fixtures and Air Diffuser Supports: Lighting fixture and air diffuser supports shall be designed and installed to meet the requirements of equipment supports in the preceding paragraphs of this specification with the following exceptions:
  - Recessed lighting fixtures not over 56 pounds in weight and suspended and pendent-hung fixtures not over 20 pounds in weight may be supported and attached directly to the ceiling system runners by a positive attachment such as screws or bolts.
  - 2. Air diffusers that weigh not more than 20 pounds and that receive no tributary loading from ductwork may be positively attached to and supported by the ceiling runners.

# 3.10 SMOKE STACKS

A. Stack shall be mounted directly on boilers or heat producing appliances or on floor supporting such devices with side inlets to stacks. All stacks must be supported with steel guys attached to a point three-fourths of the stack height external to the building. Guy wires shall be 1/4" 6 x 19 cable, improved plow steel with fiber core, as noted, with galvanized coating.

# 3.11 MISCELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT

A. The following specific items of equipment to be furnished under this contract shall be constructed and assembled so as to be capable of withstanding the horizontal equivalent static force of 0.11 times the operating weight of the equipment, at vertical center of gravity of the equipment without causing permanent deformation, dislocations, separation of components, or other damage, which would render the equipment inoperative for significant periods of time following an earthquake.

# 3.12 MISCELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT

Boilers
Cooling Tower
Air-Handling Units
Transformers
Switchboards and Switchgears
Motor Control Centers
Free Standing Electric Motors

# 3.13 APPENDIX

A. The following are reproductions from SMACNA Seismic Restraint Manual Chapters 4, 7 and 8 and contain details for duct, pipe conduit and equipment seismic restraint and shall be used for determining the required restraint for this project. The building shall be categorized seismic hazard level "C".

# SECTION 22 0550 - IDENTIFICATION FOR PLUMBING PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 REQUIRED WORK

A. Provide the reasonable identification of Plumbing piping as specified below.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 PIPING IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify piping for all new domestic water piping at intervals indicated below. Provide color coded stencil markings for each type of pipe utilized and provide flow direction arrows. Provide standard stencils, prepared with letter sizes conforming to recommendations of ASME A13.1. Stencil paint shall be exterior use, oil-based, alkyd gloss enamel in colors according to ASME A13.1. Paint may be in pressurized spray-can form.
- B. All letter stenciling shall be minimum 1-1/4" high. Colors and wording shall be as directed by the Owner, using standard colors and standard abbreviations of all services being identified. Contractor shall submit for approval list of colors and wording prior to purchase of pipe marking equipment/material/installation. Pipe markers shall meet applicable ANSI Standard and OSHA requirements.

Piping Section Pipe Identification Spacing (max spacing)

Within tunnel system 20'-0" on center

Within mechanical spaces

Within building 8'-0" on center

Within buildings in areas

Where exposed to view 8'-0" on center

Within building above ceiling 10'-0" on center and within 3' of a change in direction

# 2.2 VALVE IDENTIFICATION

- A. Mark all valves with Seaton No. 300-BL brass identification tags with system legend, valve number and size stamped on tag. Lettering shall be black 1/2" high. Tags shall be minimum 2" in diameter and attached to valve with Seaton No. 16 brass jack chain. Contractor shall submit for approval list of identification markings and letterings prior to ordering tag material.
- B. Prepare typewritten list of valve tags. List shall be typed in upper case and contain tag number, valve size, type, function and location. Provide copy of list electronically to Engineer prior to ordering tag material. Provide copy of final list to Owner. Final list shall be mounted in a frame in a location as directed by the Owner. A copy of the final list shall be included with each Operation and Maintenance Manual.

# SECTION 22 1100 - DOMESTIC WATER DRAIN, WASTE, VENT AND ROOF DRAIN PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL (Reference Section 220500)

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 PIPING MATERIALS AND FITTINGS

A. Piping used throughout project shall conform to the following specifications. Piping shall be plainly marked with manufacturers name and weight. All materials listed may not be required on this project. See piping material schedule on the plans for materials to be used for each piping system. Piping materials shall be as follows:

# B. Hubless Cast Iron Soil Pipe:

- 1. Pipe and fittings shall be gray cast iron with spigot bead and positioning lug. Pipe and fittings shall be coated inside and out with asphaltum preservative and shall meet requirements of current Cast Iron Pipe Institute Standard 301-69T.
- 2. Pipe joints shall be heavy-duty, no-hub joint couplings consisting of neoprene rubber sleeve, stainless steel shield and clamp assembly. ASTM A 74 "Extra Heavy" class.
- 3. Pipe and fittings shall be by Alabama Pipe, Tyler Pipe or Charlotte.
- 4. Pipe couplings shall be ANACO "Husky" or equal.

# C. Polyvinyl Chloride Drain Waste:

- 1. Provide Schedule 40 polyvinyl chloride plastic drain waste and vent pipe conforming to ASTM D2665-88. Joints shall be properly cleaned, primed and glued.
- 2. Pipe by Charlotte, Genova, Crest or equal.

# D. Copper Tube:

- 1. Provide hard temper copper water tube conforming to requirements of current ASTM Specification B-88. Tubing shall be Type K, L, or M as listed in schedule.
- 2. Tubing joints shall be soldered or brazed. See schedule for joining method to be used.
- 3. Provide wrought solder joint fillings conforming to ANSI Standard B16.22.
- 4. T-Drill is not approved for this project.
- 5. Pipe by Anaconda, Cerro, Chase, Mueller.

# 2.2 PIPING FITTINGS

A. Piping fitting used throughout project shall be proper type for installation method used and shall be compatible with piping system material. Fittings listed in piping material schedule.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 PIPING INSTALLATION

A. Piping systems materials and installation shall conform with the following standards and codes.

System: Plumbing System Piping

Code: International Association of Plumbing & Mechanical Official's "Uniform

Plumbing Code"

B. Pipe sizes indicated on plans and as specified refer to nominal size in inches for steel pipe,

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cast iron pipe and copper tubing, unless otherwise indicated. Pipes are sized to nearest 1/2". In no case shall piping smaller than size specified be used.

- Contractor shall provide and be responsible for proper location of pipe sleeves, hangers, C. supports, and inserts. Install hangers, supports, inserts, etc., as recommended by manufacturer and as specified and detailed on drawings. Verify construction types and provide proper hangers, inserts and supports for construction used. Install inserts, hangers and supports in accordance with manufacturers load ratings and provide for thermal expansion of piping without exceeding allowable stress on piping or supports. Provide solid type hangers and supports where pipe travel exceeds manufacturer's recommendations for fixed hanger and supports.
- D. Install piping parallel with building lines and parallel with other piping to obtain a neat and orderly appearance of piping system. Secure piping with approved anchors and provide guides where required to insure proper direction of piping expansion. Piping shall be installed so that allowable stress for piping, valves and fittings used are not exceeded during normal operation or testing of piping system.
- E. Provide piping materials and wall thickness for specific piping systems as listed in piping schedule at end of this Section.
- F. Provide unions or flanged joints in each pipe line preceding connections to equipment to allow removal for repair or replacement. Provide all screwed and control valves with unions adjacent to each piping connection. Provide screwed end valves with union adjacent to valve unless valve can be otherwise easily removed from line.
- G. Piping fitting materials for specific piping systems shall be as listed in piping schedules. Fitting shall be approved factory made type with threaded or weld ends as required. Fittings pressures and temperature ratings shall be equal to or exceed maximum operating temperature and working pressure of piping system. No mitered or field fabricated pipe fittings will be permitted.
- Н. Brazed socket type joints shall be made with suitable brazing alloys. Minimum socket depth shall be sufficient for intended service. Brazing alloy shall be end fed into socket, and shall fill completely annular clearance between socket and pipe or tube. Brazed joints depending solely upon a fillet rather than a socket type joint will not be acceptable.
- Ī. Soft soldered socket type joints shall be made with sill-floss or 95-5 tin-antimony solder as required by temperature and pressure rating of piping system or as indicated on schedules. Soldered socket-type joints shall be limited to systems containing non-flammable and non-toxic fluids. Soldered socket-type joints shall not be used on piping systems subject to shock vibration. Soldered joints depending solely upon a fillet rather than a socket-type joint will not be acceptable.
- J. Make changes in piping size and direction with approved factory made fittings.
- K. Flanges in copper piping systems shall have a minimum rating of 150 PSIG. Flanges with a pressure rating of 125 PSIG will not be allowed.
- Refer to schedules on plans for piping and fitting materials, additional installation requirements L. and for testing requirements for each application.

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# SECTION 22 1300 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR PLUMBING PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL (Reference Section 220500)

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 PIPE SLEEVES AND SEALS

- A. Pipe insulation shall run continuous through pipe sleeves with 1/4" minimum clearance between insulation and pipe sleeve. Provide metal jackets over insulated pipes passing through fire walls, floors and smoke partitions. Jacket shall be 0.018 stainless steel extending 12 inches on either side of barrier and secured to insulation with 3/8" wide band. Seal annular space between jacket and pipe sleeves by installing backing rod and 3M. Hilti or equal fire barrier caulk.
- B. Pipe wall penetrations exposed to view shall have tight fitting escutcheons or flanges to cover all voids around openings.

# 2.2 PIPE HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Provide and be responsible for locations of piping hangers, supports and inserts, etc., required for installation of piping under this contract. Design of hangers and supports shall conform to current issue of Manufacturers Standardization Society Specification (MSS) SP-58.
- B. Pipe hangers shall be capable of supporting piping in all conditions of operation. They shall allow free expansion and contraction of piping, and prevent excessive stress resulting from transferred weight being induced into pipe or connected equipment. Support horizontal or vertical pipes at locations of least vertical movement.
- C. Where horizontal piping movements are such that hanger rod angularity from vertical is greater than 4 degrees from cold to hot position of pipe, offset hanger, pipe, and structural attachments to that rod is vertical in hot position. Hangers shall not become disengaged by movements of supported pipe.
- D. Provide sufficient hangers to adequately support piping system at specified spacing, at changes in piping direction and at concentrated loads. Hangers shall provide for vertical adjustment to maintain pitch required for proper drainage, and for longitudinal travel due to expansion and contraction of piping. Fasten hangers to building structural members wherever practicable.
- E. Unless indicated otherwise on drawings support horizontal copper tubing as follows:

NOM. TUBING SIZE	ROD DIAMETER	MAXIMUM SPACING
Up to 1"	3/8"	6Ft.
1-1/4" to 1-1/2"	3/8"	8 Ft.
2" and larger	3/8"	9 Ft.

F. Provide continuous threaded electro galvanized hanger rods wherever possible. No chain, wire, or perforated straps shall be used. Hanger rods shall be subject to tensile loading only, where lateral or axial pipe movement occurs provide suitable linkage to permit swing. Provide pipe support channels with galvanized finish for concealed locations and painted finish for exposed locations. Submit design for multiple pipe supports indicating pipe sizes, service and support detail to Engineer for review prior to fabrication.

G. Provide Grinnell pipe hangers for vertical pipe risers as follows:

PIPE MATERIAL	PIPE SIZE	HANGER FIG. NO.
Copper	1/2" thru 4"	CT-121
Steel or Cast Iron	3/4" thru 16"	261

- H. Support horizontal cast iron soil pipe with two hangers for each section located close to each hub. Use minimum 5/8" hanger rod for each hanger.
- I. Support vertical cast iron soil pipe at every floor, steel and copper tubing at every other floor except where indicated otherwise on drawings.
- Provide Grinnell Fig. 194, 195, or 199 steel wall brackets for piping suspended or supported from walls. Brackets shall be prime coated carbon steel.
- Mount hangers for insulated piping on outside of pipe insulation sized to allow for full thickness of pipe insulation. Provide Grinnell Fig. 167 insulation protection shields sized so that line compressive load does not exceed one-third of insulation compressive strength. Shield shall be galvanized steel and support lower 180 degrees of pipe insulation on copper tubing. Provide wood block at each pipe hanger in thickness of insulation. Insulation vapor barrier jacket shall overlap wood block to maintain vapor barrier.
- L. Structural attachments for pipe hangers shall be as follows:
  - Concrete Structure: Provide expansion bolt or drop in expansion anchor for loads up 1. to 400 lbs. unless otherwise noted on plans.
  - 2. Structural steel beam: Provide Grinnell 133, 228 or equal as required by application.
- M. Provide Grinnell pipe hangers for horizontal single pipe runs as follows:

PIPE MATERIAL	PIPE SIZE	HANGER FIG. NO.
Copper	1/2" thru 4"	CT-65
Steel or Cast Iron	½" thru 4"	260

- N. Provide Grinnell Fig. 296 vibration control hangers at locations where piping vibrations would be transmitted to building structure by conventional hangers. Apply hangers within their load supporting range.
- O. Provide necessary structural steel and attachment accessories for installations of pipe hangers and supports. Where heavy piping loads are to be attached to building structure verify structural loading with Engineer prior to installations.

#### 2.3 **EQUIPMENT ANCHORS**

- Provide floor or foundation mounted equipment such as pumps, boilers, air handling units, etc. Α. with concrete expansion anchors.
- B. Anchors shall be proper type and size recommended by manufacturer for equipment to be anchored.
- C. Equivalent hangers by Autogrip, B-Line, CHD Inc., or Power Strut.

# SECTION 22 1400 - GENERAL-DUTY VALVES FOR PLUMBING PIPING

# PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Provide necessary valves within piping systems to provide required flow control and to allow isolation for inspection, maintenance and repair of each piece of equipment or fixture, and on each main and branch service loop.
- B. Valves installed in piping systems shall be compatible with system maximum test pressure, pipe materials, pipe joining method, and fluid or gas conveyed in system.
- C. Valves 2" and smaller shall have soldered or screwed end connections as required by piping materials unless otherwise specified or shown on drawings. Install union connection in the line within two feet of each screw end valve unless valve can be otherwise easily removed from line. Valves 2-1/2" and over shall have flange end connections.
- D. Each valve shall be installed so that it is easily accessible for operation, visual inspection, and maintenance.
- E. Provide butterfly valves in full lug body style. Butterfly valves in sizes 6" and below with latchlock handles for On-Off applications and with Twist-Lock infinite position handle for throttling applications. All butterfly valves in sizes larger than 6" shall be provided with gear operators and wheel handles.
- F. Install globe valves with pressure on top of disc except that must be completely drained for inspection, maintenance or to prevent freezing shall be installed with stem in horizontal position to insure complete drainage of pipe lines.
- G. All valve type used in plumbing systems shall be equivalent valves listed on current comparison charts of specified valve manufacturers by Crane, Centerline, Dyna Quip, Demco, Hammond, Jenkins, Jamesbury, Keystone, or Powell will be acceptable.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 BALL VALVES

A. Provide valves based on sizes, piping system served, and piping material indicated in the valve schedule shown on plans.

# 2.2 BUTTERFLY VALVES

A. Provide full lug body valves based on sizes, piping system served, and piping material indicated in the valve schedule shown on plans.

#### 2.3 CHECK VALVES

A. Provide valves based on sizes, piping system served, and piping material indicated in the valve schedule shown on plans.

## 2.3 BALANCE VALVES

A. Provide valves based on sizes, piping system served, and piping material indicated in the valve schedule shown on plans.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

END OF SECTION 22 1400.

# SECTION 22 1500 - PLUMBING PIPING INSULATION

PART 1 - GENERAL (Reference Section 220500)

#### 1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Provide necessary materials and accessories for installation of insulation for plumbing systems as specified and/or detailed on drawings insulation type, jacket, and thickness for specific piping systems or equipment shall be as listed in insulation schedule.
- B. Provide insulation materials manufactured by Armstrong Cork Co. Certain/Teed Saint Gobain, Dow Chemical, Johns-Manville or Owens-Corning Fiberglass.
- C. Insulation, except where specified otherwise, shall have composite fire and smoke hazard ratings as rested by ASTM E-84, NFPA 255, and UL 723 procedures not exceeding:

FLAME SPREAD 25 SMOKE DEVELOPED 50 FUEL CONTRIBUTED 50

- D. Provide insulation accessories such as adhesives, mastics, cements, tape and glass fabric with same component ratings as listed above. Products or their shipping cartons shall bear label indicating their flame and smoke safety shall be permanent. Use of water soluble treatments such as corn paste or wheat paste is prohibited. This does not exclude approved lagging adhesives.
- E. Install insulation over clean dry surfaces with joints firmly butted together. Insulation at equipment, flanges, fittings, etc. shall have straight edges with box type joints with corner beads as required. Where plumbing and heating insulation terminates at equipment or unions, taper insulation at 30 degree angle to pipe with one coat finishing cement and finish same as fittings. Total insulation system shall have neat smooth appearance with no wrinkles, or folds in jackets, joint strips or fitting covers.
- F. Undamaged insulation systems on cold surface piping and equipment shall perform their intended functions as vapor barriers and thermal insulation without premature deterioration of insulation or vapor barrier. Contractor shall take every reasonable precaution to provide insulation systems with continuous unbroken vapor barriers.
- G. Where glass fabric is specified in the following insulation methods provide resin impregnated white open weave glass fabric with 10/20 thread count. Provide glass cloth similar to Alpha Martex wettable glass cloth.
- H. Abbreviations for manufacturers of adhesive, mastics and coating specified shall be C.M. for Chicago Mastic Company and B.F. for Benjamin Foster Company.
- I. Insulation of removable heads, manholes access covers, etc., shall be fabricated to allow removal without damage to insulation. Provide removable units with vapor-proof cover fabricated to be sealed to equipment vapor barrier.
- J. Insulation failing to meet workmanship and appearance standards shall be replaced with an acceptable installation before final acceptance of project will be given. Insulation failing to meet performance requirements of this specification for a period of one year after date of final acceptance or through one heating season and one cooling season, whichever is longer shall be replaced with an acceptable installation. All costs to correct insulation deficiencies and costs to repair damages to other work shall be at Mechanical Contractors expense at no cost to owner.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 INSULATION MATERIALS AND APPLICATION METHODS (PIPING)

- A. Pipe insulation by type shall be as follows:
  - 1. TYPE 1-PHC: Insulation for hot and cold surface piping systems with -60 degrees F to +650 degrees F operating range shall be Owens-Corning Fiberglass ASJ/SSL-11, 4.2 lb. density pipe insulation with white fire retardant ASJ jacket and double self-sealing lap. Average thermal conductivity shall not exceed .26 BTU/Hr. at 75 degrees F mean temperature. Seal longitudinal jacket laps and butt strips with C.M. No. 17-465 or B.F. No. 85-75 vapor barrier adhesive. Insulate valves and fittings as follows:
    - a. Insulate exposed and concealed valves and fittings with 2" thick glass fiberglass inserts or blankets. Cover fittings with Zeston Products PVC fitting covers or approved equal. PVC fitting covers shall be secured with mechanical fasteners such as tacks or staples for temperatures above 75 degrees F. For cold service all joints shall be sealed with vapor barrier adhesive or by pressure sensitive vapor barrier vinyl tape.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 INSULATION MATERIAL AND THICKNESS

- A. Pipe insulation schedule
  - 1. Refer to the piping insulation schedule on plans for pipe insulation material, thickness and installation requirements.

SECTION 22 3125 - SEWAGE EJECTORS, SUMP PUMPS AND ASSOCIATED PIPING SPECIALTIES

PART 1 - GENERAL (Not Applicable)

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.1 FOUNDATION DRAINAGE AND TUNNEL DRAINAGE SUMP PUMP and ELEVATOR PIT DRAINAGE SUMP PUMP
  - A. Finish and install, where shown and as scheduled on plans. Weil simplex and duplex submersible sewage pump system.
  - B. The pump case shall be one piece cast iron constructed with integral tripod support legs that provide an even distribution of weight.
  - C. Pump motor shall be vertical, NEMA-6, with electrical characteristics as indicated in schedules on plans. They shall be air filled, hermetically sealed with built-in Auto-Reset Thermal/Overload protection. Oil filled motor shall not be considered equal.
  - D. Motor end bell shall be designed as terminal box and separated from the motor shell by a combination bearing support and inspection plate.
  - E. Motor shall be housed in a watertight cast iron shell with Class F insulation with permanently lubricated upper and lower ball bearings. Motor shaft shall be 300 series stainless steel. Motors using sleeve type bearings, carbon steel shafts or motors requiring cooling jackets shall not be considered equal.
  - F. The impeller shall be multi-vane semi-open and accurately machined to the proper diameter and capable of passing 2 inch solids. All impellers are to be statically and dynamically balanced.
  - G. A single mechanical seal with carbon ceramic seal faces shall be provided.
  - H. Controls: Provide NEMA 1 control panel and differential float switches for on, off operation. Provide differential float switch for high water alarm and associated high water alarm horn and light in control panel. Provide reset button silencing switch and Hand-Off Auto switch. Control panel shall be configured for a dry set of alarm contacts which shall be provided for binary input to JCI for remote monitoring.
  - I. Oil sensing unit shall be provided in the elevator pit sump pump to prevent pump operation should oil be sensed in the sump basin.
  - J. Refer to details and schedules on plans for pump, basin and cover requirements.
  - K. Equivalents by Bell & Gossett.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

- A. All pumps shall be installed in strict conformance with manufacturer's installation instructions.
- B. All pumps shall be checked prior to start up by factory authorized service/startup technicians.
- C. All pumps shall be started by factory authorized service technicians.

# SECTION 22 3150 - FUEL OIL TRANSFER PUMPS

### PART 1 - GENERAL (Reference Section 220500)

#### 1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Furnish and install where shown on plans , fuel oil transfer pumps as indicated in pump schedule on the drawings.

#### 1.2 EQUIVALENT MANUFACTURERS

A. Equivalents by Roper, Blackmer.

# 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit drawings indicating components, assembly, dimensions, weights and loadings, required clearances, and location and size of field connections. Indicate accessories where required for complete system.
- B. Submit product data indicating rated capacities, weights, and specialties and accessories.
- C. Submit manufacturer's installation instructions.

#### 1.4 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA

- A. Submit operation and maintenance data.
- B. Include start-up instructions, maintenance data, controls, and accessories.

# 1.5 STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Comply with manufacturer's installation instructions for rigging, unloading, and transporting units.
- B. Protect units from physical damage.

# 1.6 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA

- A. Submit operation and maintenance data.
- B. Include start-up instructions, maintenance data, controls, and accessories.

# 1.7 STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Comply with manufacturer's installation instructions for rigging, unloading, and transporting units.
- B. Protect units from damage.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 FUEL OIL TRANSFER PUMPING UNIT

A. Provide duplex pump set shall be sized to provide full specified flow capacity from each pump. The pump set shall be provided with a separate high voltage Motor Controller panel and a low voltage 24vdc Logic Control panel installed on the skid package. The pump set shall be preassembled and tested by the manufacturer at their facility; job site assembly will not be

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permitted. All piping shall be schedule 40, or heavier, black pipe suitable for use with fuel oil. Pipe fittings shall be malleable or steel fittings rated for 150 psi and suitable for use with fuel oil. Threaded connections are satisfactory on pipe sizes 1" NPT and smaller, 1.25" and larger piping connections shall be welded. On welded systems, where threaded connections are necessary by the design of individual components, a threaded nipple and welded flange shall be used. The pump set shall be finished with industrial enamel. All electrical conduits will be liquid tight or better.

- B. Pumps shall be positive displacement type with cast iron housings. The pump shall be coupled to a TEFC motor with a flexible coupling. The motor and pump assembly shall be permanently aligned with a permanent alignment bracket or laser aligned and documented. The pumps shall be provided with self adjusting mechanical seals.
- C. Provide a fully functioning, 24vdc, UL 508 listed motor control panel that is permanently mounted on fuel oil pump skid and integrated with the Motor Control Module. Enclosure shall be NEMA 4 rated. The control panel shall be preprogrammed and configured with nonproprietary PLC hardware. HMI touch-screen shall be provided.
- D. Motor Controller Module shall be UL 508 listed shall be provided and permanently mounted on fuel oil pump skid. The panel enclosure shall be NEMA 4 with service disconnect for each fuel pump motor, Hand-Off-Auto pump selector switches, pump status and alarm lamps, terminal block for all skid and field wiring connections, control power transformer (if required), pump running hour totalizers and alarm bell.
- E. Strainers shall be cast iron simplex type with a mesh basket. The strainer shall be rated for oil service at a minimum 150psi working pressure. No special tools shall be required for operation or maintenance. The strainer shall be selected by the pump set manufacture to meet the capacity of the pump set with a maximum, clean basket, pressure drop of 1"hg.
- F. The pump base shall be designed and constructed to act as a containment basin with a minimum 3" continuously welded reservoir wall providing containment. Electrical motors and components shall be mounted above maximum liquid level of containment basin. To minimize trip hazards and equipment damage all pump set components shall be located within the perimeter of the containment basin walls no extrusions are allowed.
- G. A float switch shall be provided to detect a flooded containment basin. The switch shall be normally closed, opening on a rise in liquid level of the containment basin. The float switch shall be compatible with fuel oil and be located within the perimeter of the containment basin.
- H. A single paddle type flow switch shall be mounted on the common header.
- An external relief valve shall be provided to relieve the full capacity of the associated pump. The
  relief valve shall be installed in the pump discharge piping prior to any isolation valves. The use
  of a pump internal relief valve is not permitted.
- J. A class 150 bronze "Y" type swing check shall be installed in the discharge side of each pump. Check valves shall have a re-grindable bronze seat, accessible through a threaded cap. Ball type check valves are not acceptable.
- K. Threaded valves shall be brass or stainless steel, full port ball valves. The valves shall be provided with blow-out proof stem and adjustable stem packing. Welded valves shall be carbon steel. Valve handles shall indicate valve position.

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- L. The gauges shall be provided with 4" dials, stainless steel cases and be suitable for industrial use. The gauges shall be glycerin filled and be manufactured to an accuracy of +/- 1% of full scale.
- M. The Logic Control Module shall provide all logic to operate the pump set, monitor and control levels in up to 3 day tanks, and start, stop and rotate fuel pumps; monitor day tank level switches, monitor day tank temperature switch, monitor day tank leak detector, monitor day tank flooded vent switch, control and monitor up to 3 tank fill manifolds. Provide alarm output to fill manifold junction box or local control box.
- N. The motor control module shall provide field wiring terminal and pilot devices for remote operation of the fuel pump set and monitoring of system safeties and components. Provide for local-manual operation of individual fuel pump or select auto for operation by control system, alarm upon input from logic control system. Provide flooded basin and strainer D/P alarm discreet signals to control system, alarm shall be energized upon switch opening. Provide individual positive pump flow discreet signal to control system.
- O. Safety and environmental provisions shall include containment basin with 4" reservoir walls to prevent the release of fuel oil through minor drips, seal failure and strainer leakage; fail safe operation of flow switches and safety devices; leak detector switch for containment basin; OSHA approved coupling guard and alignment bracket.
- P. Interface and communication shall be limited to analog and discreet outputs. These points shall include discreet outputs (dry contacts); Pump 1 flow proven, Pump 2 flow proven, Flooded Basin, High strainer DP. Analog outputs (4-20mA) shall include Pump system outlet pressure, Pump system inlet pressure. Discreet inputs shall include Pump 1 run, Pump 2 run, General alarm. Communications shall be determined by the control system provided by the automatic temperature control contractor.
- Q. The fuel pump set shall be tested for tightness and proper operation prior to leaving factory. The pressure test for tightness shall be a "wet" test with fluorescent liquid; the system shall be brought to pressure and after 60 minutes, each joint shall be visually inspected under pressure with a fluorescent lamp. If any leaks are detected repairs must be made and the system shall be retested in its entirety. Simply testing the system with air pressure and soap bubbles is unacceptable. After a successful pressure test and documentation of those results each pump shall be energized, checked for proper rotation and operation. The motor full load amps shall be read and recorded. The manufacturer shall set all pressure relief and regulating valves, the settings shall be recorded on tags affixed to each individual device and noted in the installation/operation manual shipped provided to installing contractor. The testing liquid shall be purged. If fuel oil is used as the test media it must be removed sufficiently to prevent any accumulation that could result in spillage during transportation, unloading or installation. The Owner's representative may witness the testing. This factory acceptance test requirement is to be noted in the submittal approval. It is the responsibility of the Owner or his representative to coordinate his schedule with the manufacturer so as not to affect manufacturing or delivery schedules.

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R. The wiring between the Logic Control Module, the Motor Control Module and individual pump set components shall be installed by the manufacturer, at his facility, to provide a single location for connection of field wiring. The wiring shall be done in accordance with NEC with special attention being paid to ensure conduits are not overfilled.

S. Equivalent manufacturers acceptable shall have at least 10 years experience designing and building fuel oil pump sets and shall have, on staff, degreed engineers to provide assistance to the installing contractors, owners and operators.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Install pumps as indicated on plans and in strict accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions.

#### SECTION 22 5100 - PLUMBING FIXTURES

PART 1 - GENERAL (Reference Section 220500)

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 PLUMBING FIXTURES AND TRIM

- A. Provide plumbing fixtures as shown on drawings and as specified complete including piping and connections. China fixtures shall be of best grade vitreous ware without pit holes or blemishes and outlines shall be generally true. Architect/Engineer reserves right to reject any piece which in his opinion is faulty. Fixtures fitting against walls shall have ground backs. Exposed piping and fittings shall be chrome plated.
- B. Set fixtures true and level with all necessary supports for fixtures installed before plastering is done. Nipples through wall to fixture connections shall be chrome plated brass. Provide silicone sealer around perimeter of lavatories, water closets, and urinals at connection to wall and/or floor.
- C. Equivalent fixtures and accessories by following manufacturers will be acceptable.

Fixtures: American Standard, Crane, Eljer, Bradley, Acorn. Fittings and Supports: Josam, Smith, Wade, Zurn, Jonespec.

Seats: Church, Olsonite, Bemis or Beneke.

Drinking Fountains: Halsey Taylor, Elkay, Oasis, Haws.

Flush Valves: Sloan, Zurn, Delaney.

Lavatory & Sink Trim: American Standard, Eljer, Chicago, Sloan, Zurn.

Traps, Supplies and Stops: Dearborn, Brass Craft, Central D, Sanitary Dash or as

specified under plumbing fixtures.

Supplies and Stops: Dearborn Fig. No. 2700 CW 1/2" compression screw driver stop and 3/8" O.D. risers in length required. Provide deep chrome plated brass escutcheons.

Traps: Dearborn #FS510 (1-1/2") and/or EFS507 (1-1/4") cast brass body with clean-out and 17 gauge tube outlet "P" trap. Provide deep chrome plated brass escutcheon with set screw.

D. All fixture shall be cleaned and free of all construction debris. Electric water cooler shall be protected during construction. Any chrome trim with wrench marks shall be removed and new trim installed. Architect/Engineer reserves the right to reject any plumbing fixture.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 PLUMBING FIXTURE SCHEDULE

A. Refer to plumbing fixture schedule on plans for specific requirements for plumbing fixtures.

#### SECTION 22 6100 - PLUMBING EQUIPMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL (Reference Section 220500)

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 FLOOR DRAINS

- A. Drains shall be type and style listed below. Unless indicated otherwise provide each drain that does not have an integral "P" trap with a deep seal cast iron "P" trap in connecting piping.
  - 1. Floor Drain Type 1: Wade #W-1100 floor drain, dura-coated cast iron body with bottom outlet, combination invertible membrane clamp and adjustable nickel bronze strainer. Strainer shall have a 6" round top and security screws. Floor drain type 1 indicated with Asterisk "\*" on plans shall be provided with solid top and security screws.
  - 2. Floor Drain Type 2: Wade #W-1240 8" round top medium duty drain, cast iron deep sump body with bottom outlet, seepage pan and combination membrane flashing clamp and frame for medium duty nickel bronze top and grate with secondary dome strainer less bucket. Provide 3/4 top to accept condensate drain where drain used for condensate drain receiver.

#### 2.2 ROOF DRAINS

- A. Roof Drains shall be type and style as listed below.
  - 1. Roof Drain Type 1: Wade #W-3000 52 AE cast iron roof drain with flange, flashing ring with gravel stop and mushroom dome.
  - 2. Roof Drain Type 2: Wade #W-3000 52 AE D same as type "1" except provide stand pipe drain for overflow drain application.
- B. Equivalent drains by J.R. Smith, Zurn, or Josam.

# 2.3 CLEANOUTS

- A. Provide cleanout the full size of soil pipe served up to 4" I.D. Cleanouts for soil lines larger than 4" shall be 4". Provide cleanouts in base of soil pipe stacks, ends of sewer main, at changes in direction of over 45 degrees and in horizontal pipe runs exceeding 100 feet at 50 foot intervals.
- B. Install cleanouts so they are accessible by extending them through walls, floors, to outside of building or to above grade as required.
- C. Where exterior cleanouts do not occur in sidewalks, paved roadways, etc., provide a concrete pad 18" x 18" x 6" thick with top 1-1/2" above finished grade. Isolate concrete pad from sanitary drain pipe riser.
- D. Cleanouts shall be type and style as listed below
  - 1. Floor: Wade #W-6000-XS cast iron cleanout with square, heavy duty, scoriated nickel bronze top, adjustable above to finished floor.
  - 2. Wall: Wade #W-8450-C cleanout with dura-coated cast iron ferrule and cadmium plated cast iron counter-sunk plug complete with round smooth nickel bronze wall access cover and flush over-wall frame. Provide security screws.
  - 3. Exterior: Wade #14-7000Z coast iron floor cleanout with adjustable housing. Ferrule with tapered brass plug and round heavy duty gray iron scoriated top. Cast housing into concrete pad. Ferrule spigot of outlet shall float inside of housing.

E. Equivalent by J.R. Smith, Wade, or Josam.

# 2.4 DOMESTIC HOT WATER EXPANSION TANKS

- A. Provide welded steel diaphragm type tank, pre-charged to the minimum system operation pressure. Tank shall be ASME coded and suitable for domestic water service.
- B. Domestic hot water expansion tanks shall be as indicated on plans.

# 2.5 DOMESTIC HOT WATER RECIRCULATING PUMPS

A. Provide all bronze horizontal domestic hot water recirculating pump. Pump motor shall be provided with internal thermal overload protection. Provide adjustable motor cradle, stainless steel shaft, enclosed brass impeller, brass acorn impeller nut, flexible bellows, seal, N. resistant seal with full "O" ring, thrust collar double bronze bearings, spring loaded oil closure. Bearings and thrust collar shall be submerged in oil, bracket shall be cast iron. Seal plate shall be brass. All wetted parts shall be non-corrosive. Equivalent by B&G, Armstrong, Aurora. Refer to schedule on plans.

# 2.6 WALL HYDRANTS

- A. Wall hydrants shall be Wade 8600, 175 with connections for 3/4" pipe and hose. Non-freezing type with key and vacuum breaker. Provide bronze casing and nickel bronze box.
- B. Equivalent by Smith, Zurn, Woodford or Josam.

#### 2.7 HOSE BIBBS

A. Woodford model 21 wall faucet rough brass finish, steel wheel handle, adjustable packing unit with deep stem guard teflon impregnated packing and standard "O" size washer.

# 2.8 THERMOSTAT MIXING VALVES

- A. Provide Leonard TM 28-E-RF thermostatic water mixing valve with solid bimetallic thermostatic element. Adjustable high limit temperature setting of 120 □ F. Provide color coded dial with locking regulator. Provide check stops, union on inlets, wall support, outlet volume control shut off. Rough bronze construction. 1.0 GPM minimum flow 15 GPM flow at maximum 20 psi system pressure drop. Provide all bronze circulator. Refer to plans for location.
- B. Equivalent by Powers.

#### 2.9 ELECTRIC DOMESTIC WATER HEATER

- A. Provide commercial electrical water heater, where shown and as scheduled on the drawings. Provide T&P valve, foam tank insulation, and anode rods.
- B. Water heater shall have a porcelainized glass lined tank, protected by extruded high-density anode rod. Drain valve shall be provided.
- C. Water heaters shall be CSA certified and rated for a working pressure of 150 psi, a factory installed Temperature and Pressure Relief Valve shall be provided.
- D. Water heater tanks shall be covered by a 3 year limited warranty.

22 6100 - 2 PLUMBING EQUIPMENT

- E. Heating Elements shall be medium watt density with Zinc-Plated copper sheath on Incoloy sheath. Each element shall be controlled by an individually mounted thermostat and high temperature cutoff switch.
- F. Outer jacket shall be steel with a baked enamel paint finish. A full-size control compartment shall be provided with hinged front cover.
- G. Electrical junction box with heavy duty terminal block shall be provided.
- H. Equivalent by A.O. Smith, State, Rheem.

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# SECTION 22 7100 - BELOW GRADE FUEL STORAGE TANKS AND CONTAINMENT PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL (Reference Section 220500)

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 BELOW GRADE FUEL STORAGE TANKS

- A. Provide where shown on plans and as specified herein double wall fuel storage tanks with secondary containment.
- B. The tank shall be fiberglass reinforced plastic (FRP) UL-listed underground storage tank as shown on the drawings. The tank size, fittings and accessories shall be as shown and scheduled on the drawings. The fiberglass tank shall be manufactured by Xerxes<sup>®</sup> Corporation.
- C. The tank shall be tested and installed according to the Xerxes Installation Manual and Operating Guidelines for Fiberglass Underground Storage Tanks in effect at time of installation.
- D. Warranty shall be manufacturer's standard limited warranty in effect at the time of purchase.
- E. Below grade fuel storage tanks shall be tested and listed as follows:
  - Underwriters Laboratories (UL) Standard for Safety 1316 Glass-Fiber-Reinforced Plastic Underground Storage Tanks for Petroleum Products, Alcohols, and Alcohol-Gasoline Mixtures. A UL Label shall be attached to each tank.
  - 2. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Standards: NFPA 30: Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code, NFPA 30A: Code for Motor Fuel Dispensing Facilities and Repair Garages, NFPA 31: Standard for the Installation of Oil-Burning Equipment.
  - 3. City of New York Department of Buildings M.E.A.
  - 4. American Concrete Institute (ACI) standard ACI 318-11, Building Code Requirements for Structural Concrete.
- F. The below grade tank shall meet the following design criteria:
  - Interstitial Pressure The interstitial space of the tank shall withstand a minimum 20-psig pressure test.
  - 2. Internal Load Tank shall withstand a 5-psig air-pressure test with a 5:1 safety factor.
  - 3. Surface Loads Tank shall withstand surface H-20 and HS-20 axle loads when properly installed according to Xerxes' current Installation Manual and Operating Guidelines.
  - 4. External Hydrostatic Pressure Tank shall be designed for 7' of overburden over the top of the tank, the hole fully flooded and a safety factor of 5:1 against general buckling.

# G. Product Storage

- 1. The primary containment of double -wall tanks shall be vented and operated at atmospheric pressure only.
- 2. Tank shall be capable of storing liquids with a specific gravity up to 1.1.
- 3. Tank shall be capable of storing products identified in the manufacturer's standard limited warranty in effect at the time of purchase.

#### Η. Materials of Construction

- 1. The primary and secondary walls of the tank shall be manufactured with 100% premium resin and glass-fiber reinforcement. No sand or silica fillers shall be added to the resin.
- 2. The interstitial space between the primary and secondary walls shall be constructed with a glass reinforcement material such as Parabeam®, which provides a structural bond between the two tank walls, while creating a defined interstice that allows for free flow of liquid.

#### 2.2 TANK MONITORING SYSTEM

#### A. General

- Tank shall be continuously monitored with TRUCHEK hydrostatic leak monitoring system. 1.
- The continuous monitoring system shall include monitoring fluid factory-installed in the 2. interstitial space and within a fiberglass tank-top mounted reservoir.
- The monitoring system shall be recognized by the National Work Group on Leak Detection 3. Evaluations (NWGLDE) as continuous leak detection and as a precision tank test.
- The monitoring system shall be independently tested by a qualified third-party and verified 4. to be capable of detecting leaks as small as .05 per hour when proper tank tightness test procedures are followed.

### B. Design

- The continuous monitoring system shall be designed to detect a leak in either the primary 1. or secondary wall at all times, regardless of the water table conditions at the installation site.
- 2. The interstice of the tank shall be designed for a 5:1 safety factor beyond normal hydrostatic operating pressure to ensure structural integrity and to prevent false leak alarms.

#### 2.3 **ACCESSORIES**

# A. Tank Anchoring

- 1. Anchor straps shall be as supplied by tank manufacturer and designed for a maximum load
- 2. Galvanized turnbuckles (two per anchor strap) shall be supplied by the tank manufacturer.

# B. Manways

The standard manway shall be flanged, 22" I.D. and complete with UL-listed gaskets, bolts 1. and covers as shown on tank drawings.

# C. Threaded Fittings

- 1. All threaded fittings shall be NPT half or full couplings, in 2", 4" or 6" diameters.
- 2. Fittings shall be installed on the tank-top centerline or in the cover of the manway as shown on the tank drawings.

# D. Containment Collars & Sumps

- 1. The tank shall have factory installed 48"-diameter containment collars as shown on the tank drawings.
- Containment sumps in 48" diameter, provided by the tank manufacturer and designed for 2. mounting on the containment collars, shall be supplied as shown on the tank drawings.

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- 3. UL-listed adhesive shall be provided by the tank manufacturer with each containment collar and sump.
- 4. Containment collars and sumps shall be UL-listed for use with the manufacturer's tank.
- Containment collars and sumps shall be designed and supplied as a containment system. 5. Only sumps provided by the manufacturer shall be allowed.

#### 2.4 CONTAINMENT PIPING

- A. Provide where indicated on plans, flexible fuel oil piping as manufactured by OPW or equal. Piping shall be specifically manufactured for fuel oil application and shall be tested under UL 971. Provide all required end fittings, pipe couplings and accessories for a complete and fully operational and functional system.
- B. Containment piping shall be provided and sized as required to contain two product carrying lines. All required end fittings, sump entry fittings, mounting flanges and any other miscellaneous accessories shall be provided to result in a complete and fully functional system.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 **TESTING**

A. The tank shall be tested according to the Xerxes Installation Manual and Operating Guidelines in effect at time of installation.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION

A. The tank shall be installed according to the Xerxes Installation Manual and Operating Guidelines in effect at time of installation.

#### SECTION 23 0500 - COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR HVAC

# PART 1 - GENERAL PROVISIONS

# 1.1 CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

A. All contract documents including drawings, alternates, addenda and modifications preceding this division of this specification are applicable to contractors, subcontractors, and material suppliers.

# 1.2 SPECIFICATION FORM AND DEFINITIONS

- A. These Specifications are abbreviated form and contain incomplete sentences. Omissions of words or phrases such as "the contractor shall", "shall be", "as noted on the Drawings", "according to the drawings", "a", "an", "the" and "all" are intentional. Omitted words and phrases shall be supplied by inference.
- B. The term "Engineer" wherever used in these specifications, shall mean LATIMER, SOMMERS & ASSOCIATES, P.A., 3639 SW SUMMERFIELD DRIVE, SUITE A, TOPEKA, KANSAS 66614, PHONE 785-233-3232, FAX 785-233-0647.
- C. Contractor, wherever used in these specifications, shall mean the Company that enters into contract with Owner to perform this work.
- D. When a word, such as "proper", "satisfactory", "equivalent", and "as directed", is used, it requires Engineer's review.
- E. "Provide" means furnish and install.
- F. Engineer hereinafter abbreviated "Eng" shall mean the Design Engineer.
- G. Equipment and/or materials manufacturer hereinafter abbreviated E/M shall mean the manufacturer of equipment or materials specified or referred to.
- H. When the term "equivalent" is used in context to products or manufacturer's, the equivalency of the proposed product or manufacturer to be used in lieu of the specified product or manufacturer is the sole decision of the A/E.

# 1.3 QUALIFICATIONS

A. The contractor responsible for work under this section shall have completed a job of similar scope and magnitude within the last 3 years. The contractor shall employ an experienced, competent and adequate work force licensed in their specific trade and properly supervised at all times. Unlicensed workers and general laborers shall be adequately supervised to insure competent and quality work and workmanship required by this contract and all other regulations, codes and practices. At all times the contractor shall comply with all applicable local, state and federal guidelines, practices and regulations. Contractor may be required to submit a statement of qualifications upon request before any final approval and selection. Failure to be able to comply with these requirements is suitable reason for rejection of a bid.

#### 1.4 LOCAL CONDITIONS

- Visit site and determine existing local conditions affecting work in contract.
- B. Failure to determine site conditions or nature of existing or new construction will not be considered a basis for granting additional compensation.

#### 1.5 CONTRACT CHANGES

A. Changes or deviations from Contract, including those for extra or additional work must be submitted in writing for review of Engineer. No verbal orders will be recognized.

# 1.6 LOCATIONS AND INTERFERENCES

- A. Location of equipment, piping and other mechanical work is indicated diagrammatically on the Drawings. Determine exact locations on job, subject to structural conditions, work of other sections of the Specifications, access requirements for installation and maintenance and approval of Engineer.
- B. Study and become familiar with the Drawings of other trades and in particular the general construction plans and details in order to obtain necessary information for figuring installation. Cooperate with work of other trades, and install work in such a way as to avoid interference with work of other trades. Minor deviations, not affecting design characteristics, performance or space limitation may be permitted if reviewed by Engineer prior to installation.
- C. Any pipe, apparatus, appliance or other item interfering with proper placement of other work as indicated on Drawings, specified, or required, shall be removed and if so shown, relocated and reconnected without extra cost. Damage to new or existing work caused by Contractor shall be restored as specified for new work.
- D. Do not scale Drawings for dimensions. Accurately lay-out work from dimensions indicated on Drawings unless such is found to be in error.
- E. Report any conflict stated above to Engineer for coordination.

# 1.7 PERFORMANCE

- A. Final acceptance of work shall be subject to the condition that all systems, equipment, apparatus and appliances operate satisfactorily as designed and intended. Work shall include required adjustment of systems and control equipment installed under this specification division.
  - At the completion of construction, all piping systems must be cleaned and properly treated by appropriate chemical treatment contractor. Systems which are not determined acceptable to the A-E shall be re-cleaned.
  - 2. All systems, whether used for temporary construction conditioning or not, shall have a 1 year warranty from the date of substantial completion, irregardless of start-up date.
  - Contractor shall make arrangements for all necessary power to operate equipment during construction and shall include in bid all costs for such use.

# 1.8 TEMPORARY UTILITIES

Contractor shall provide temporary utilities as indicated in Section 015000.

#### 1.9 WARRANTY

- A. All systems are to be warranted to Owner and Engineer the quality of materials, equipment, workmanship and operation of equipment provided under this specification division for a period of one year from acceptance of systems by Owner.
- B. Contractor warrants to Owner and Engineer that on receipt of notice from either of them within one year of warranty period following date of acceptance all defects that have appeared in materials and/or workmanship shall be promptly corrected to condition required by contract documents at contractor expense.

C. The warranty above expressed shall not supersede any separately stated warranty or requirements required by law or by these specifications.

# 1.10 ALTERNATES

A. Refer to General Requirements and description for alternate bid items.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MATERIALS, EQUIPMENT AND SUBSTITUTIONS

- A. The intent of these specifications is to allow ample opportunity for bidder to use its ingenuity and abilities to perform the work to its and the Owner's best advantage, and to permit maximum competition in bidding on standards of materials and equipment required.
- B. Material and equipment provided shall be first class quality, new, unused and without damage unless noted otherwise.
- C. In general, these specifications identify required materials and equipment by naming first the manufacturer whose product was used as the basis for the project design and specifications. The manufacturer's product, series, model, catalog and/or identification numbers shall set quality and capacity requirements for comparing the equivalency of other manufacturer's products. Where other manufacturer's names are listed they are considered an approved manufacturer for the product specified, however; the listing of their names implies no prior approval of any product they may propose to furnish as equivalent to the first named product unless specific model or catalog numbers are listed in these specifications or in subsequent addenda. Where other than first named products are used for base bid proposal it shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to determine prior to bid time that the proposed materials and equipment selections are products of approved manufacturers which meet or exceed the specifications and are acceptable to the Engineer.
- D. Where materials or equipment are described but not named, provide required items of first quality, adequate in every respect for intended use. Such items shall be submitted to Engineer for review prior to procurement.
- E. Prior to receipt of bids, if the Contractor wishes to incorporate products other than those named in the specifications or drawings they shall submit a request for approval of equivalency in writing to the A/E no later than (10) ten calendar days prior to bid date. Engineer will review requests and acceptable items will be listed in an Addendum issued to principal bidders. Equivalents will ONLY be considered approved when listed by project addendum. Substitutions after this may be refused at Engineers option.
- F. Materials and equipment proposed for substitution shall be equal to or superior to that specified in construction, efficiency, utility, aesthetic design, and color as determined by Engineer whose decision shall be final and without further recourse. Physical size of substitute brand shall be no larger than space provided including allowances for access for installation and maintenance. Requests must be accompanied by two (2) copies of complete descriptive and technical data including manufacturer's name, model and catalog number, photographs or cuts, physical dimensions, operating characteristics and any other information needed for comparison. In proposing a substitution prior to receipt of bids, include in such proposal cost of altering other elements of project, including adjustments in mechanical/electrical service requirements necessary to accommodate such substitution.

- G. In proposing a substitution prior to receipt of bids, include in such bid all costs of altering other elements of the project, including such items as adjustments in mechanical/electrical service requirements necessary to accommodate such substitutions. In addition, all physical space and weight requirements requiring additional structural support, modifications to the base floor plans, equipment concrete pad/roof curb dimensions shall be incorporated as required into such bid to accommodate such substitutions.
- H. Within ten (10) working days after bids are received, apparent low bidder shall submit to A/E for approval three copies of a list of all major items of equipment he intends to provide. As soon as practicable and within ten (10) working days after award of contract, Contractor shall submit shop drawings for equipment and materials to be incorporated in work for Engineer's review. Where ten (10) working day limit is insufficient for preparation of detailed shop drawings on major equipment or assemblies, Contractor shall submit manufacturer's descriptive catalog data and indicate date such detailed shop drawings will be submitted along with manufacturer's certifications that order was placed within ten (10) working day limit.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 SHOP DRAWINGS

- A. Contractor shall furnish shop drawings of all materials and equipment. Submittals shall be submitted electronically. In addition, a minimum of (3) paper copies of any submittal that contains informational drawings or documentation that is in a format larger than 8-1/2 x 11shall be submitted to the A/E. A/E will return the submittals to the Contractor electronically except that a copy of large format submittals will be returned to the contractor via mail. A copy of fully processed product data submittal shall be included as a part of each operating and maintenance manual.
- B. Where catalog cuts are submitted for review, conspicuously mark or provide schedule of equipment, capacities, controls, fitting sizes, etc., that are to be provided. Mark each submitted item with applicable section and paragraph numbers of these specifications, or Drawing sheet number when item does not appear in specifications. Where equipment submitted does not appear in specifications or specified equivalent, mark submittals with applicable alternate numbers, change order number or letters of authorization. Each catalog sheet shall bear Equipment Manufacturer's name and address. All shop drawings on materials and equipment listed by UL shall indicate UL approval on submittal.
- C. Contractor shall be required to submit all applicable equipment/material assembly mock-ups as required by the Contract Documents for Engineer approval. Contractor shall provide changes and resubmit mock-ups until Engineer is satisfied final product meets or exceeds stated specifications and quality of specified product.
- D. Contractor shall check all shop drawings to verify that they meet specifications and/or drawings requirements before forwarding submittals to the Engineer for their review.
- E. All shop drawings submitted to Engineer shall bear Contractor's approval stamp which shall indicate that Contractor has reviewed submittals and that they meet specification and drawing requirements. Contractor's submittal review shall specifically check for but not be limited to the following: equipment capacities, physical size in relation to space allowed, electrical characteristics, provisions for supply, return and drainage connections to building systems. All shop drawings not meeting Contractor's approval shall be returned to its supplier for resubmittal.
- F. No shop drawing submittals will be considered for review by the Engineer without Contractor's approval stamp, or that have extensive changes made on the original submittal as a result of Contractor's review. All comments or minor notations on shop drawings shall be flagged to indicate originator of comment.

- G. Engineer will not be responsible for or the cost of returning shop drawing submittals that are submitted without Contractor's review and approval stamp. A letter will be sent to Contractor by the Engineer indicating receipt of an improper submittal for pick-up by Contractor or supplier for 15 working days after date of receipt. If not picked up by the 16th working day, submittals not bearing Contractor's review and approval stamp will be disposed of by Engineer.
- H. Engineer's review of shop drawings will not relieve Contractor of responsibility for deviations from drawings and specifications unless such deviations have been specifically approved in writing by Owner or its representative, nor shall it relieve Contractor of responsibility for errors in shop drawings. No work shall be fabricated until Engineer's review has been obtained with "no exceptions" or "as noted" language. Any time delay caused by correcting and resubmitting shop drawings will be Contractor's responsibility.
- I. The preparation of coordination drawings are not a requirement of the project unless otherwise indicated on the drawings. It is strongly recommended, however, that the various contractors work together to prepare detailed coordination drawings in an effort to minimize conflicts created as the various trades install their particular portion of the work. The design team will assist the contractor in resolving coordination conflicts by reviewing these coordination drawings; however, this review will not constitute any approval of said drawings. There will be no additional compensation for deviations in pipe, ductwork or conduit routing required to achieve coordination of the material and equipment scheduled or indicated to be installed as a part of the project. There will be no additional compensation for the rework of pipe ductwork or conduit should this become required as a result of a lack of coordination between the various trades..
- J. Contractor shall submit the following items for this project:
  - 1. All piping, fittings, unions etc. for the following systems:
    - a. High Pressure Steam
    - b. Low Pressure Steam
    - c. Pumped Condensate Return
    - d. Gravity Condensate Return
    - e. Heating Hot Water
    - f. Cooling Chilled Water
    - g. Condensate Drain
    - h. Condenser Water
    - i. Natural Gas
    - j. Fuel Oil
  - All valves
  - 3. Steam Specialties including but not limited to:
    - a. Pressure Reducing Valves
    - b. Steam Traps
    - c. Relief Valves
    - d. Expansion compensators
    - e. Ball Joints
  - Piping insulation
  - 5. Piping Supports, guides, hangers and structural attachments and assemblies
  - 6. Pumps and Pump specialties
  - 7. Steam Heat Exchangers
  - 8. Condensate return Units
  - 9. Ductwork and ductwork accessories
  - 10. Grilles Registers and Diffusers
  - 11. Ductwork Insulation
  - 12. Air Handling Units

- 13. Fan Coil Units
- 14. Exhaust Fans.
- 15. Cooling Towers
- 16. Boilers
- 17. Surge Tanks
- 18. De aerator Tanks
- 19. Blow Down Coolers
- 20. Chemical Treatment Systems
- 21. Automatic Temperature Controls
- 22. System Testing and Balancing

# 3.2 OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTION MANUALS

- Submit an outline copy of installation, operating, and maintenance manuals for review and comment.
- B. Submit three copies of installation, operating, maintenance instructions, and parts lists for equipment provided. After receiving comments from outline review. Instructions shall be prepared by equipment manufacturer.
- C. Keep in safe place, keys and wrenches furnished with equipment under the Contract. Present to Owner and obtain receipt for same upon completion of project.
- D. Prepare a complete notebook, covering systems and equipment provided and installed under this contract. Submit notebooks to Engineer for review before delivery to Owner. Contractor at his option may prepare this notebook, or retain an individual to prepare it for him. Contractor shall include cost of this service in bid. Notebook shall contain following:
  - 1. Certified equipment drawings/or catalog data with equipment provided clearly marked as outlined under this specification.
  - 2. Complete installation, operating, maintenance instructions and parts lists for each item of equipment.
  - 3. A complete set of approved final shop drawings.
  - 4. Special emergency operating instructions with a list of service organizations (including addresses and telephone numbers) capable of rendering emergency service to various parts of the systems installed.
  - 5. As-Built Drawings: The Contractor shall mark up a set of contract documents during construction noting all changes and deviations including change orders. These will be delivered to A/E at end of the project for review and correction as required. After the originals are changed to reflect the blue line set, a complete set of reproducible set of project record drawings drawn at the original scale indicated shall be included in the brochure.
  - 6. All required warranties and guarantees, including start and end date of warranties/guarantees.
- E. Provide notebooks bound in black vinyl three-ring binders. Reinforce binding edge of each sheet of looseleaf type brochure to prevent tearing from continued usage. Clearly print on label insert of each brochure:
  - 1. Project name and address.
  - 2. Section of work covered by brochure, e.g. "Heating, Ventilating and Air Conditioning", and "Plumbing", etc.
  - F. In addition to the hard copy of the operating and maintenance manuals, provide a digital copy delivered to the Owner on a flash drive, CD or DVD.

#### 3.3 CUTTING AND PATCHING

- A. Contractor shall do cutting and patching of building materials required for installation of work herein specified. Cut no structural members without Engineer's approval and in an approved manner.
- B. Patching shall be by mechanics of particular trade involved and shall meet approval of Engineer.
- C. Drilling and cutting of openings through building materials requires Engineer's review and approval. Make openings in concrete with concrete hole saw or concrete drill. Use of star drill or air hammer for this work is not acceptable.

#### 3.4 MUTILATION

A. Mutilation of building finishes or existing/new equipment, caused by demolition or installation of new work shall be repaired at Contractor's expense to approval of Engineer.

#### 3.5 WALL PENETRATIONS

A. Include the installation of all boxes, access panels and sleeves for openings required to install the work. All floor and wall penetrations shall be sealed to meet fire rating requirements using materials tested in accordance with ASTM E814.

### 3.6 OPENINGS, ACCESS PANELS & SLEEVES

A. Include the installation of all boxes, access panels and sleeves for openings required to install this work, except structural openings incorporated in the structural drawings. Sleeves shall be installed for all pipes passing through structural slabs and walls unless otherwise noted on plans. Set and verify the location of sleeves as shown on structural plans that pass through beams, only if so shown. All floor and wall penetrations be sealed to meet fire rating requirements. Access panels shall include those required to access fire dampers, valves, smoke dampers, pipe chases, manual and automatic dampers, etc. Locations and sizes of panels are to be determined by the contractor and are not specifically shown on the drawings.

# 3.7 FIRE STOPPING

- A. All holes or voids created by the mechanical Subcontractor to extend pipe through fire rated floors and walls shall be sealed with an intumescent material capable of expanding up to 8 to 10 times when exposed to temperatures of 250 degrees F. It shall be ICBO, BOCAI and SBCCI (NRB 243) approved ratings to 3 hours per ASTM E-814 (UL 1479). Acceptable Material: 3M Fire Barrier Caulk, putty, strip and sheet forms. Equivalent by Hilti, SpecSeal.
- B. Submit for review fire-stopping methods and sleeve drawings indicating all required application, methods and sleeves. Refer to Engineering drawing for locations of fire rated partitions and floors.
- C. Penetrations through all walls and/or floors shall be firestopped.

### 3.8 SETTING, ADJUSTMENT AND EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

- A. Work shall include mounting, alignment and adjustment of systems and equipment. Set all equipment level on adequate supports and provide proper anchor bolts and isolation as shown or specified. Equipment failures resulting from improper installation or field alignment shall be repaired or replaced by Contractor at no cost to Owner.
- B. Provide each piece of equipment or apparatus suspended from ceiling or mounted above floor level with suitable structural support, platform or carrier in accordance with best recognized practice. Contractor shall arrange for attachment to building structure, unless otherwise indicated on drawings or as specified. Provide hangers with vibration eliminators where required. Contractor

23 0500-7 COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR HVAC shall verify that structural members of building are adequate to support equipment. Submit details of hangers, platforms and supports together with total weights of mounted equipment to Engineer for review before proceeding with fabrication or installation.

# 3.9 START-UP, CHANGEOVER, TRAINING AND OPERATION CHECK

- A. Contractor shall be responsible for training Owner's operating personnel to operate and maintain systems and equipment installed. Keep a record of training provided to Owner's personnel listing the date, subject covered, instructor's name, names of Owner's personnel attending and total hours of instruction given each individual.
- B. All owner training sessions shall be orderly and well organized and shall be professionally videotaped using digital format. Contractor shall produce a DVD of each training session which shall be submitted to Owner as part of the Operation and Maintenance Manual submittal.

#### 3.10 PRE-FINAL AND FINAL CONSTRUCTION REVIEW

- A. At Contractor's request, Engineer will make pre-final construction review to determine if to the best of its knowledge project is completed in accordance with Contract Documents.
- B. Items found by Engineer as not complete or not in accordance with requirements of contract will be outlined in report to Engineer for forwarding to subcontractors. Subcontractor shall complete and/or correct these items, before notifying Engineer it is ready for final review.
- C. All necessary system adjustments, including air systems balancing, shall be completed and all specified records and reports submitted in sufficient time to be received by Engineer at least ten working days prior to date of final construction review.
- D. At final construction review, Contractors shall be present or shall be represented by a person of authority. Each shall demonstrate, as directed by Engineer that work complies with purpose and intent of contract documents and shall provide labor, services, instruments or tools necessary for such demonstrations and tests.

# SECTION 23 0501 - EXTENT OF CONTRACT WORK AND CODES

# PART 1 - GENERAL (Reference Section 230500)

# 1.1 GENERAL EXTENT OF WORK INCLUDED IN CONTRACT

- A. Provide mechanical systems indicated on Drawings, specified or reasonably implied. Provide every device and accessory necessary for proper operation and completion of mechanical systems. In no case will claims for "Extra Work" be allowed for work about which Contractor could have been informed before bids were taken.
- B. Become familiar with equipment provided by other Subcontractors which require mechanical connections and controls.
- C. Electrical work required to install and control mechanical equipment which is not indicated on Drawings or specified under Division 16 shall be included.
- D. The cost and provision of larger wiring, conduit, control, and protective devices resulting from installation of equipment which was not used for basis of design as outlined in specifications shall be provided at no increase in contract price.
- E. Provide supervision to subcontractor to insure that required connections, interlocking and interconnection of mechanical and electrical equipment are made to attain intended control sequences and system operation.
- F. Furnish electrical wiring diagrams to Engineer and to Electrical Subcontractor. Diagrams shall show factory and field wiring of components and controls. Control devices and field wiring to be provided by Electrical Subcontractor shall be clearly indicated by notation and drawing symbols on wiring diagrams.
- G. Obtain complete electrical data on mechanical shop drawings and list this data on an approved form which shall be presented monthly or on request, to Electrical Subcontractor. Data shall be complete with wiring diagrams received to date and shall contain necessary data on electrical components of mechanical equipment such as HP, voltage, amperes, watts, locked rotor current to allow Electrical Subcontractor to order electrical equipment.

# 1.2 CODES, ORDINANCES, RULES AND REGULATIONS

- A. Provide work in accordance with applicable rules, codes, ordinances and regulations of Local, State, Federal Governments, and other authorities having lawful jurisdiction.
- B. Conform to latest editions and supplements of following codes, standards or recommended practices.
  - 1. International Plumbing Code-2012.
  - 2. International Mechanical Code-2012
  - 3. International Building Code-2012.
  - 4. National Electrical Safety Code Handbook H30- National Bureau of Standard.
  - 5. Occupational Safety and Health Standard (OSHA) Department of Labor.
  - 6. NFPA No. 70 National Electrical Code-2008
  - 7. NFPA No. 90A Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems
  - 8. NFPA No. 91 Blower & Exhaust System
  - 9. International Fire Code 2012
  - 10. NFPA 72 National Fire Alarm Code 2007
  - 11. NFPA 110 Emergency & Standby Power 2005

23 0501 - 1 EXTENT OF CONTRACT WORK AND CODES

# MISCELLANEOUS CODES:

ANSI A117.1 - Handicapped Accessibility Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) Kansas State Boiler Code

- C. Drawings and specifications indicate minimum construction standard, should any work indicated be sub-standard to any ordinances, laws, codes, rules or regulations bearing on work, Contractor shall promptly notify Engineer in writing before proceeding with work so that necessary changes can be made. However, if Contractor proceeds with work knowing it to be contrary to any ordinances, laws, rules, and regulations he shall thereby have assumed full responsibility for and shall bear all costs required to correct non-complying work.
- D. Contractor shall secure and pay for necessary permits and certificates of inspection required by governmental ordinances, laws, rules or regulations. Keep a written record of all permits and inspection certificates and submit two copies to Engineer with request for final review.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 DRAWINGS

A. Drawings are to be considered diagrammatic for all systems. Piping and drawings do not show all required offsets and fittings. Contractor shall include in bid costs to provide systems which will avoid and coordinate will all existing conditions and all other building trades and systems.

# SECTION 23 0525 - SEISMIC PROTECTION

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 GENERAL

Note: The requirements for seismic protection measures to be applied to mechanical/electrical equipment and systems specified herein are in addition to any other items called for in other sections of these specifications.

- A. Seismic protection for mechanical equipment and components shall be provided by the Mechanical Contractor.
- B. Seismic protection for electrical equipment and components shall be provided by the Electrical Contractor.
- C. Seismic protection for general construction items, including suspended ceilings, shall be provided by the General Contractor.
- D. Refer to Section 22 0525.

# 1.2 MECHANICAL/ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

A. Mechanical/electrical equipment shall include the following items to the extent required on plans or in other sections of these specifications:

**Boilers** 

**Expansion Tanks** 

Water Chiller Units

**Control Panels** 

Pumps with Motors

**Light Fixtures** 

Motor Control Centers

Switchboards (Floor Mounted)

Suspended Ceiling Assemblies

Water and Gas Piping Drain, Waste and Vent Piping

Air and Refrigerant Compressors

Air Handling Units

Switchgear

Transformers

**Ducts** 

# 1.3 MECHANICAL SYSTEMS

A. Mechanical systems shall include the following items to the extent required on plans or in other sections of these specifications:

Hot Water Distribution Systems Chilled Water Distribution Systems Gas Distribution Systems Water Supply Systems Sanitary Sewer Systems Fire Sprinkler Systems

### 1.4 ZONE

A. This facility is located in Seismic Zone No. 2A.

#### 1.5 EXCLUSION

- A. Piping and ducts that do not require special seismic restraints: Seismic restraints may be omitted from the following installations:
  - 1. Gas piping less than 1-inch inside diameter.
  - 2. Piping in boiler and mechanical equipment rooms less than 1-1/4 inches inside diameter.
  - 3. All other piping less than 2-1/2 inches inside diameter.

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- 4. All electrical conduit less than 2-1/2 inches inside diameter.
- 5. All rectangular air handling ducts less than 6 square feet in cross sectional area.
- 6. All round air handling ducts less than 28 inches in diameter.
- 7. All piping suspended by individual hangers 12 inches or less in length from the top of pipe to the bottom of the support for the hanger.
- 8. All ducts suspended by hangers 12 inches or less in length from the top of the duct to the bottom of the support for the hanger.

#### 1.6 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical product data, including installation instructions for each type of support and anchor. Submit pipe hanger and support schedule showing Manufacturer's figure number, size, location, and features for each required pipe hanger and support.
- B. Shop Drawings: Submit manufacturer's assembly-type shop drawings for each type of support and anchor, indicating dimensions, weights, required clearances, and methods of assembly or components.
- C. Maintenance Data: Submit maintenance data and parts lists for each type of support and anchor. Include this data, product data, and shop drawings in maintenance manual; in accordance with requirements of Division 1.
- D. Shop drawings, along with catalog cuts, templates, and erection and installation details, as appropriate, for the items listed below shall be submitted in accordance with the SPECIAL CLAUSES. Submittals shall be complete in detail; shall indicate thickness, type, grade, class of metal, and dimensions; and shall show construction details, reinforcement, anchorage, and installation with relation to the building construction.

Sway Braces Flexible Couplings or Joints Resilient Type Vibration Devices Smoke Stacks

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT SHALL CONFORM TO THE RESPECTIVE SPECIFICATIONS AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED BELOW:

# 2.2 BOLTS AND NUTS

- A. Squarehead bolts and heavy hexagon nuts, ANSI B18.2.1 and B18.2.2, and ASTM A 307 or A 576.
- B. Bolts, underground, ASTM A 325.

#### 2.3 SWAY BRACE

A. Material used for members listed in Appendix of this specification, except for pipes, shall be structural steel conforming with ASTM A 36. Steel pipes shall conform to ASTM A 501.

# 2.4 FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS

- A. Flexible couplings shall have same pressure ratings as adjoining pipe.
- B. Flexible ball joints conforming to the following requirements may be employed on aboveground piping. Joints shall have cast or wrought steel casing and ball parts capable of 360-degree rotation plus not less than 15-degree angular movement. Joints shall be certified to be suitable for the service intended by the manufacturer, based on not less than 2 years' satisfactory operation in a similar application.
- C. Flexible couplings and joints of the mechanical joint type may be used for aboveground or underground piping.
- D. Mechanical couplings for steel or cast iron pipe shall be of the sleeve type and shall provide a tight flexible joint under all reasonable conditions, such as pipe movement caused by expansion, contraction, slight settling or shifting of the ground, minor variations in trench gradients, and traffic vibrations. Where permitted in other sections of these specifications, joints utilizing split-half couplings with grooved or shouldered pipe ends may be used.

- E. Sleeve-type couplings shall be used for joining plain-end pipe sections. The coupling shall consist of one steel middle ring, two steel followers, two gaskets, and necessary steel bolts and nuts to compress the gaskets. Underground bolts shall be high-strength type as specified above.
- F. Guy Wires: Guy wires shall conform to Fed. Spec. RR-W-410 as follows:

5/32 inch diameter Type V, Class 1 3/16 inch to 5/16 diameter Type V, Class 2 1/4 inch to 5/8 diameter Type I, Class 2

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 SWAY BRACES

A. Sway braces shall be installed on piping and duct to preclude damage during seismic activity. All bracing shall conform to the arrangements shown. Provisions of this paragraph apply to all piping within a 5-foot line around outside of building unless buried in the ground. Piping grouped for support on trapeze-type hangers shall be braced at the same intervals as determined by the smallest diameter pipe of the group. No trapeze-type hanger shall be secured with less than two ½-inch bolts. Bracing rigidity attached to pipe flanges, or similar, shall not be used where it would interfere with thermal expansion of piping.

# 3.2 SWAY BRACES FOR PIPING

- A. Transverse Sway Bracing: Transverse sway bracing shall be provided at intervals not to exceed those given in Appendix of this section except for cast iron soil pipe, which shall be braced at not more than 10-foot intervals.
- B. Longitudinal Sway Bracing: Longitudinal sway bracing shall be provided at 40-foot intervals.
- C. Vertical Runs: Vertical runs of piping shall be braced at not more than 10-foot vertical intervals. For small tubing, bracing shall be provided at no more than 4-foot spacing.
- D. Anchor Rods, Angles, and Bars: Anchor rods, angles and bars shall be bolted to either pipe clamps or pipe flanges at one end and cast-in-place concrete or masonry insert or clip angles bolted to the steel structure on the other end. Rods shall be solid metal or pipe as specified below. Anchor rods, angles, and bars shall not exceed lengths given in Appendix of this section.
- E. Clamps on uninsulated pipes shall be applied directly to pipe. Insulated piping shall have clamps applied over insulation vapor barrier with high-density inserts and metal protection shields under each clamp.
- F. Bolts: Bolts used for attachment of anchors to pipe and structure shall be not less than ½-inch diameter.

#### 3.3 SWAY BRACES FOR DUCTS

- A. Transverse Sway Bracing: Transverse sway bracing shall be provided at each horizontal turn of 45 degrees or more, at the end of each duct run, and otherwise at each 30-foot interval. Walls which ducts penetrate may be considered transverse braces.
- B. Longitudinal Sway Bracing: Longitudinal sway bracing shall be provided at 60-foot intervals. Transverse bracing for one duct section may also act as longitudinal bracing for a duct section connected perpendicular to it, if the bracing is installed within 4 feet of the intersection, and it is sized for the larger duct.
- C. Bracing Angles: Bracing angles for rectangular ducts shall be in accordance with Appendix of this section.

# 3.4 SPREADERS

A. Spreaders shall be provided between racked or adjacent piping runs to prevent contact during seismic activity whenever pipe or insulated pipe surfaces are less than 4 inches apart or four times the maximum displacement due to seismic force. Spreaders to be applied at same interval as sway braces. Spreaders shall be applied to surface of bare or insulated hot pipe and over insulation utilizing high-density inserts and pipe protection shields where vapor-barrier-type insulation is employed.

# 3.5 FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS OR JOINTS

A. Building Piping: Flexible couplings or joints in building piping shall be provided at bottom of all pipe risers larger than 3-1/2 inches in diameter, except thermal heat distribution piping.

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- B. Cast iron waste and vent piping need only comply with these provisions when caulked joints are used. Flexible bell and spigot pipe joints using rubber gaskets or no-hub fittings may be used at each branch adjacent to tees and elbows for underground waste piping inside of building to comply with these requirements.
- C. Underground Piping: All underground piping and 4-inch or larger conduit, except thermal heat distribution system, shall have flexible couplings installed adjacent to building as shown. Additional flexible couplings shall be provided as follows:
  - On each side of the joints of demarkation between soils having widely differing degrees of consolidation.
  - 2. At all points that can be constructed to act as anchors.
  - 3. On every branch of a tee and each side of an elbow.

# 3.6 ANCHOR BOLTS

- A. All floor or pad mounted equipment required by any Section of these specifications shall be rigidly fastened to the floor or pad by use of cast-in-place anchor bolts. Anchor bolts must conform to ASTM A 307. Anchor bolts shall have an embedded straight length equal to or at least 12 times nominal diameter of the bolt. If the size and number of the anchor bolts are not shown on the drawings then anchor bolts shall be ½" in diameter or the manufacturer's installation recommendations, whichever is the most stringent.
- B. Four bolts per item shall be provided with a minimum embedment of 12 bolts diameters, a minimum bolt spacing of 16 bolts diameters and a minimum edge distance of 12 bolts diameters. Anchor bolts that exceed normal depth of equipment foundation piers or pads shall either extend into concrete floor or the foundation shall be increased in depth to accommodate bolt lengths.
- C. Expansion anchors shall not be used to resist seismic or vibratory loads unless test data are provided to verify the adequacy of the specific anchor and application. In no case shall the expansion anchor size be less than that required for bolts in the preceding table.

# 3.7 RESILIENT VIBRATION ISOLATION DEVICES

- A. Selection of anchor bolts for vibration isolation devices and/or snubbers to equipment base and foundations shall follow the same procedure as in paragraph ANCHOR BOLTS except that an equipment weight equal to five times the actual equipment weight shall be used.
  - 1. Resilient and Spring-Type Vibration Devices: Vibration isolation devices shall be selected so that the maximum movement of equipment from the static deflection point shall be 0.5 inches.

#### 3.8 EQUIPMENT SWAY BRACING

A. Equipment sway bracing shall be provided for all items supported from overhead floor or roof structures. Braces shall consist of angles, rods, bars, or pipes arranged as shown and secured at both ends with not less than ½-inch bolts. Bracing shall be provided in two planes of directions, 90 degrees apart, for each item of equipment. Details of all equipment bracing shall be submitted for approval. In lieu of bracing with vertical supports, these items may be supported with hangers inclined at 45 degrees directed up and radially away from equipment and oriented symmetrically in 90 degree intervals on the horizontal plane, bisecting the angles of each corner of the equipment, provided that supporting members are properly sized to support operating weight of equipment when hangers are inclined at a 45 degree angle.

#### 3.9 LIGHTING FIXTURES IN BUILDINGS

A. In addition to the requirements of the preceding paragraphs, lighting fixtures and supports will conform to the following:

# B. Materials and Construction:

- 1. Fixture supports shall be malleable iron.
- 2. Loop and hook or swivel hanger assemblies for pendant fixtures shall be fitted with a restraining device to hold the stem in the support position during earthquake motions. Pendant-supported fluorescent fixtures shall also be provided with a flexible hanger device at the attachment to the fixture channel to preclude breaking of the support. The motion of swivels or hinged joints shall not cause sharp bends in conductors or damage to insulation.
- Recessed fluorescent individual or continuous-row fixtures shall be supported by a seismic-resistant suspended ceiling support system and shall be provided with fixture support wires attached to the building structural members using two wires for individual fixtures and one wire per unit of continuous row fixtures.
- 4. A supporting assembly that is intended to be mounted on an outlet box shall be designed to accommodate mounting features on 4-inch boxes, 3-inch plaster rings, and fixture studs.
- 5. Surface-mounted fluorescent individual or continuous-row fixtures shall be attached to a seismic-resistant ceiling support system. Fixture support devices for attaching to suspended ceilings shall be a locking-type scissor clamp or a full loop band that will securely attach to the ceiling support. Fixtures attached to underside of a structural slab shall be properly anchored to the slab at each corner of the fixture.
- 6. Each wall-mounted emergency light unit shall be secured in a manner to hold the unit in place during a seismic disturbance.
- C. Tests: In lieu of the requirements for equipment supports, lighting fixtures and the complete fixture-supporting assembly may be tested as specified hereinafter. Such tests shall be conducted by an approved and independent testing laboratory, and the results of such tests shall specifically state whether or not the lighting fixture supports satisfy the requirements given herein.
  - 1. Test Equipment: To simulate earthquake motion, fixtures and supports shall be attached to a carriage suspended on rollers from an overhead track. A gear motor and crank assembly shall be used to provide oscillatory motion of approximately one cycle per second. The exact number of cycles per second and the actual dimensions of the crank apparatus shall be adjusted to produce a minimum carriage acceleration of 0.14g. The actual fixture-mounting surface shall be on the underside of the carriage and shall provide capacity for orienting the fixture in a horizontal plane in various positions, ranging from parallel to perpendicular to the line of traverse.
  - 2. Test Requirements: All tests shall be conducted with the maximum fixture weight so as to produce the most severe loading conditions. Fixtures having stems shall be tested with the actual stem lengths to be used. Tests shall be of 1-minute duration with the mounting surface in the line of traverse, at 45 degrees to the line of traverse, and at 90 degrees to the line of traverse. A total of two fixtures shall be tested in each of the above positions. After each of the six tests, the complete stem assemblies from fixtures having stem assemblies shall be subjected to a tensile strength test. The sample shall withstand, without failure, a force of not less than four times the weight it is intended to support.
  - Acceptance: No component of a fixture nor its support shall be accepted individually. For acceptance, the fixture and its supports shall exhibit no undue damage, and no component of the fixture shall fail or fall from the fixture during testing.
- D. Design Criteria: In lieu of the above test requirements, lighting fixtures shall be designed to resist a lateral force of 56 percent of the fixture weight.
- E. Lighting Fixtures and Air Diffuser Supports: Lighting fixture and air diffuser supports shall be designed and installed to meet the requirements of equipment supports in the preceding paragraphs of this specification with the following exceptions:
  - Recessed lighting fixtures not over 56 pounds in weight and suspended and pendent-hung fixtures not over 20 pounds in weight may be supported and attached directly to the ceiling system runners by a positive attachment such as screws or bolts.
  - 2. Air diffusers that weigh not more than 20 pounds and that receive no tributary loading from ductwork may be positively attached to and supported by the ceiling runners.

# 3.10 SMOKE STACKS

A. Stack shall be mounted directly on boilers or heat producing appliances or on floor supporting such devices with side inlets to stacks. All stacks must be supported with steel guys attached to a point three-fourths of the stack height external to the building. Guy wires shall be 1/4" 6 x 19 cable, improved plow steel with fiber core, as noted, with galvanized coating.

# 3.11 MISCELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT

A. The following specific items of equipment to be furnished under this contract shall be constructed and assembled so as to be capable of withstanding the horizontal equivalent static force of 0.11 times the operating weight of the equipment, at vertical center of gravity of the equipment without causing permanent deformation, dislocations, separation of components, or other damage, which would render the equipment inoperative for significant periods of time following an earthquake.

# 3.12 MISCELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT

Boilers
Cooling Tower
Air-Handling Units
Transformers
Switchboards and Switchgears
Motor Control Centers
Free Standing Electric Motors

# 3.13 APPENDIX

A. The following are reproductions from SMACNA Seismic Restraint Manual Chapters 4, 7 and 8 and contain details for duct, pipe conduit and equipment seismic restraint and shall be used for determining the required restraint for this project. The building shall be categorized seismic hazard level "C".

# SECTION 23 0550 - IDENTIFICATION FOR HVAC PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 REQUIRED WORK

A. Provide the reasonable identification of HVAC piping as specified below.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 PIPING IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify piping for all new HVAC piping including chilled water, high pressure steam, low pressure steam, pumped or gravity flow steam condensate return, drain lines, etc. at intervals indicated below. Provide color coded stencil markings for each type of pipe utilized and provide flow direction arrows. Provide standard stencils, prepared with letter sizes conforming to recommendations of ASME A13.1. Stencil paint shall be exterior use, oil-based, alkyd gloss enamel in colors according to ASME A13.1. Paint may be in pressurized spray-can form.
- B. All letter stenciling shall be minimum 1-1/4" high. Colors and wording shall be as directed by the Owner, using standard colors and standard abbreviations of all services being identified. Contractor shall submit for approval list of colors and wording prior to purchase of pipe marking equipment/material/installation. Pipe markers shall meet applicable ANSI Standard and OSHA requirements.

Piping Section Pipe Identification Spacing (max spacing)

Within tunnel system 20'-0" on center Within any building 8'-0" on center

in any mechanical Room of any building 8'-0" on center

Within a building 10'-0" on center and within 3'-0" of a change in direction

# 2.2 VALVE IDENTIFICATION

Concealed above ceiling

- A. Mark all valves with Seaton No. 300-BL brass identification tags with system legend, valve number and size stamped on tag. Lettering shall be black 1/2" high. Tags shall be minimum 2" in diameter and attached to valve with Seaton No. 16 brass jack chain. Contractor shall submit for approval list of identification markings and letterings prior to ordering tag material.
- B. Prepare typewritten list of valve tags. List shall be typed in upper case and contain tag number, valve size, type, function and location. Provide copy of list, electronically, to Engineer prior to ordering tag material. Provide (1) copy of final list for mounting in location as directed by Owner. Submit a copy of list with each Operation and Maintenance Manual.
- C. Provide valve identification on all ball, gate, globe or butterfly style shut-off or control valves 1  $\frac{1}{2}$  or larger. Check valves do not need identification tags. Provide valve identification on any pressure reducing valve or pressure relief valve.

# SECTION 23 0600 - EXISTING EQUIPMENT TO BE RELOCATED

PART 1 - GENERAL (Reference Section 230500)

#### 1.1 GENERAL EXTENT OF WORK

- A. It is the intent of this section of the specifications to identify existing equipment that is available for relocation and reuse in this current project.
- B. An attempt has been made to identify all equipment in the Docking State Office Building (DSOB) that is available for reuse in the new State of Kansas Energy and Service Center (KEC). If a bidding contractor locates or is aware of equipment in the DSOB that could be used in the new KEC, the Engineer shall be so informed in adequate time prior to the bid to allow for review and issuance in an addendum issued to bidding parties.
- C. Where a particular piece of equipment is in a location that requires it to be disassembled in order for it to be removed and relocated and then reassembled in the new location, factory authorized technicians shall be engaged as required to complete the disassembly and the reassembly and to then certify that the reassembled equipment is in condition equal to that found prior to disassembly.
- D. If any part or appurtenance is damaged during the disassembly, relocation, and / or reassembly, the part or appurtenance shall be replaced with factory certified new replacement parts.

#### 1.2 SCHEDULE OF EXISTING EQUIPMENT AVAILABLE FOR REUSE

A. The following schedule identifies existing equipment that is available for reuse in the new State of Kansas – Energy and Service Center.

EXISTING MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT				
DESCRIPTION	CURRENT LOCATION	NEW LOCATION	REMARKS	
WATER COOLED, HEAT RECOVERY CHILLER WCC-1	DOCKING STATE OFFICE BUILDING SUB BASEMENT CHILLER ROOM	KANSAS ENERGY CENTER, ROOM 127	BOTH CHILLER AND ASSOCIATED ADAPTIVE CONTROL UNIT SHALL BE RELOCATED.	
WATER COOLED, HEAT RECOVERY CHILLER WCC-2	DOCKING STATE OFFICE BUILDING SUB BASEMENT CHILLER ROOM	KANSAS ENERGY CENTER, ROOM 127	BOTH CHILLER AND ASSOCIATED ADAPTIVE CONTROL UNIT SHALL BE RELOCATED.	
WATER COOLED, CHILLER WCC-3	EISENHOWER STATE OFFICE BUILDING BASEMENT MECHANICAL ROOM	KANSAS ENERGY CENTER, ROOM 127	BOTH CHILLER AND ASSOCIATED ADAPTIVE CONTROL UNIT SHALL BE RELOCATED.	
CHILLED WATER PRIMARY PUMP, 60 HP 460 VAC 3 PHASE	DOCKING STATE OFFICE BUILDING SUB BASEMENT CHILLER ROOM	KANSAS ENERGY CENTER, ROOM 127	BOTH PUMP AND ASSOCIATED VARIABLE SPEED MOTER CONTROLLER SHALL BE RELOCATED.	

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EXISTING MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT CONTINUED			
CHILLED WATER PRIMARY PUMP, 60 HP 460 VAC 3 PHASE	DOCKING STATE OFFICE BUILDING SUB BASEMENT CHILLER ROOM	KANSAS ENERGY CENTER, ROOM 127	BOTH PUMP AND ASSOCIATED VARIABLE SPEED MOTER CONTROLLER SHALL BE RELOCATED.
CHILLED WATER PRIMARY PUMP, 60 HP 460 VAC 3 PHASE	DOCKING STATE OFFICE BUILDING SUB BASEMENT CHILLER ROOM	KANSAS ENERGY CENTER, ROOM 127	BOTH PUMP AND ASSOCIATED VARIABLE SPEED MOTER CONTROLLER SHALL BE RELOCATED.
CHILLED WATER SYSTEM EXPANSION TANKS	DOCKING STATE OFFICE BUILDING SUB BASEMENT CHILLER ROOM	KANSAS ENERGY CENTER, ROOM 127	
CHILLED WATER SYSTEM AIR SEPARATOR	DOCKING STATE OFFICE BUILDING SUB BASEMENT CHILLER ROOM	KANSAS ENERGY CENTER, ROOM 127	
CHILLED WATER SYSTEM MAKE UP WATER ASSEMBLY AND METER	DOCKING STATE OFFICE BUILDING SUB BASEMENT CHILLER ROOM	KANSAS ENERGY CENTER, ROOM 127	
REFRIGERATOR ROOM EMERGENCY EXHAUST FAN RRVF-1	DOCKING STATE OFFICE BUILDING SUB BASEMENT CHILLER ROOM	KANSAS ENERGY CENTER, ROOM 127	

END OF SECTION 23 0600

23 0600 - 2 EXISTING EQUIPMENT TO BE RELOCATED

SECTION 23 1100 - CHILLED WATER, HOT WATER, GAS, STEAM & STEAM CONDENSATE PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL (Reference Section 230500)

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 PIPING MATERIALS AND FITTINGS

- A. Piping used throughout project shall conform to the following specifications. Piping shall be plainly marked with manufacturers name and weight. All materials listed may not be required on this project. See piping material schedule on the plans for materials to be used for each piping system. Piping materials shall be as follows:
- B. Carbon Steel Pipe (1/8" thru 2"):
  - 1. Provide seamless carbon steel conforming to ASTM specification A-106.
  - 2. Pipe joints shall be threaded conforming to ANSI Standard B2.1.
  - 3. Pipe by Armco, Jones, Laughlin Steel Corp., Youngstown Sheet and Tube Co., or United States Steel.
- C. Carbon Steel Pipe (2-1/2" and above):
  - Provide electric resistance welded carbon steel pipe conforming to ASTM Specification A-53.
  - 2. Pipe ends shall be beveled for welding.
  - Pipe by Armco, Jones and Laughlin Steel Corp., Youngstown Sheet and Tube Co., or United States Steel.
- D. Polyvinyl Chloride Condenser Water:
  - 1. Provide Schedule 80 polyvinyl chloride condenser water pipe conforming to ASTM D 1785. Joints shall be equivalent to the piping system and shall be properly cleaned, primed and glued.
  - 2. Pipe by Charlotte, Genova, Crest or equal.
- E. Copper Pipe:
  - 1. Refer to section 221213 for requirements for Copper Tube.

# 2.2 PIPING FITTINGS

- A. Piping fitting used throughout project shall be proper type for installation method used and shall be compatible with piping system material. Fittings listed in piping material schedule shall conform to the following specifications:
- B. Carbon Steel Welding Fittings:
  - 1. Provide carbon low alloy seamless steel welding fittings conforming to current ANSI Standard B16.9 and ASTM Specification A234.
  - 2. Fittings by Grinnell, Midwest or Tube Turn.
- C. Branch Connection Welding Fittings:
  - 1. Provide carbon steel weldolet fittings conforming to ANSI Standards B16.9, B16.11, B31.1.0 and ASTM specification A105, Grade 11.
  - 2. Fittings by Bonney Forge.

- D. Branch Connection, Welding to Screwed Fitting:
  - 1. Provide carbon steel threadolet fitting conforming to ANSI Standards B16.9, B16.11, B31.1, and ASTM Specification A105, Grade 11.
  - 2. Fittings by Bonney Forge.
- E. Carbon Steel Flanges:
  - Provide carbon steel flanges conforming to ASTM Specification A181, Grade 1, and ANSI Standard B16.5.
  - 2. Use only weld neck flanges unless allowed in writing by engineer to use slip on flanges.
  - 3. Flanges by Babcock and Wilcox, Grinnell, Midwest or Tube Turn.

# 2.3 INSULATING UNIONS AND FLANGES

- A. Provide insulating unions and flanges conforming to following specifications and plainly and permanently marked with manufacturers name and pressure class rating. Unions and flanges shall be as follows:
  - Steel pipe to steel pipe screwed end:
    - a. Provide Stockham malleable iron No. 693-1/2 insulating union with high dielectric strength insulating sleeve and gasket.
  - 2. Steel pipe to steel pipe flanged end:
    - a. Provide two weld neck flanges of proper pressure rating insulated on both sides with Central or Klingerit Flange Insulation Kit.
  - 5. Iron or steel pipe to copper pipe:
    - a. Provide Epco Dielectric union or flange with screwed or solder joint as required. Union shall have 250 PSI rating and flange 175 PSI rating at 190 degrees F.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 PIPING INSTALLATION

A. Piping systems materials and installation shall conform with the following standards and codes.

System: Heating and Air Conditioning Piping
Code: ANSI Standard B31.1.0 "Power Piping"

International Mechanical Code - 2006

Kansas State Boiler Code

- B. Pipe sizes indicated on plans and as specified refer o nominal size in inches for steel pipe, unless otherwise indicated. Pipes are sized to nearest 1/2". In no case shall piping smaller than size specified be used.
- C. Contractor shall provide and be responsible for proper location of pipe sleeves, hangers, supports, and inserts. Install hangers, supports, inserts, etc., as recommended by manufacturer and as specified and detailed on drawings. Verify construction types and provide proper hangers, inserts and supports for construction used. Install inserts, hangers and supports in accordance with manufacturers load ratings and provide for thermal expansion of piping without exceeding allowable stress on piping or supports. Provide solid type hangers and supports where pipe travel exceeds manufacturer's recommendations for fixed hanger and supports.

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- D. Install piping parallel with building lines and parallel with other piping to obtain a neat and orderly appearance of piping system. Secure piping with approved anchors and provide guides where required to insure proper direction of piping expansion. Piping shall be installed so that allowable stress for piping, valves and fittings used are not exceeded during normal operation or testing of piping system.
- E. Provide piping materials and wall thickness for specific piping systems as listed in piping schedule on plans.
- F. Provide unions or flanged joints in each pipe line preceding connections to equipment to allow removal for repair or replacement. Provide all screwed and control valves with unions adjacent to each piping connection. Provide screwed end valves with union adjacent to valve unless valve can be otherwise easily removed from line.
- G. Piping fitting materials for specific piping systems shall be as listed in piping schedules. Fitting shall be approved factory made type with threaded or weld ends as required. Fittings pressures and temperature ratings shall be equal to or exceed maximum operating temperature and working pressure of piping system. No mitered or field fabricated pipe fittings will be permitted.
- H. All pipe threads shall meet ANSI Standard B2.1 for taper pipe threads. Lubricate pipe threads with Astroseal teflon thread sealant and lubricating compound applied full strength. Powdered or made-up compound will not be permitted. Pipe thread compound shall be applied only to male pipe threads.
- I. Welded pipe joints shall be made by certified welding procedures and welders. Welding electrodes shall be type and material recommended by electrode manufacturer for materials to be welded. All pipe and fittings ends shall be beveled a minimum of 30 degrees prior to welding. Refer to the Part 3.2 Welding for additional welding requirements.
- J. Make changes in piping size and direction with approved factory made fittings. Refer to piping material and fitting schedule on plans for type of fittings to be used for each type of system utilized. Provide fittings suitable for pressure ratings indicated on piping material and fitting schedule on the plans.

# 3.2 WELDING

- A. Contractor shall be responsible for quality of welding and suitability of welding procedures. All welding shall be in accordance with American Welding Society Standard B3.0 and ANSI Standard B31.9.
- B. Welding shall be done only by welders who have successfully passed welder qualifications tests in previous 12 months for type of welding required. Each welder shall identify his work with a code marking before starting any welded pipe fabrication. Contractor shall submit three copies of a list of welders who will work on project listing welders code, date and types of latest qualification test passed by each welder.
- C. Welded joints shall be fusion welded.
- D. Bevel all piping and fittings in accordance with recognized standards by flame cutting or mechanical means. Align and position parts so that branches and fittings are set true. Make changes in direction of piping systems with factory made welding fittings. Make branch connections with welding tees or forged weldolets.
- E. Quality Control

- 1. Prior to the start of any welding, submit a summary of the procedures to be followed by all welders performing work on this project.
- 2. A sampling of the welds provided by the Contractor for this project may be x-rayed by the Owner in an effort to assure quality welding.
  - a. The welds to be x-rayed will be selected by the engineer.
  - b. The x-rayed welds will be analyzed by a certified x-ray technician.
  - c. Allowable anomalies in the welds that are x-rayed shall be as follows:
    - (1) Cracks None permitted.
    - (2) Lack of Fusion The length of unfused areas shall not be more then 20% of the circumference of the pipe, or of the total length of the weld, and no more than 1½ in. any 6 in. of weld.
    - (3) Incomplete Penetration The total joint penetration shall not be less than the thickness of the thinner of the components being joined, except that incomplete root penetration is acceptable if it does not exceed the lesser of 1/32 in. or 20% of the required thickness, and its extent is not more than 1½ in. in any 6 in. of weld.
    - (4) Undercut and Reinforcement Undercut shall not exceed the lesser of 1/32 in. or 12 ½ % of wall thickness. Thickness of weld reinforcement shall not exceed 3/16 in
    - (5) Concave Root concavity of the root surface shall not reduce the total thickness of the joint, including reinforcement, to less than the thickness of the thinner of the components being joined.
    - (6) Excess Root Penetration The excess shall not exceed the lesser of the 1/8 in. or 5% of the inside diameter of the pipe.
    - (7) Weld Surfaces There shall be no overlaps or abrupt ridges and valleys.
- 3. If the x-ray of any of the various welds reveal deficiencies greater than allowable as indicated herein, the deficient weld shall be ground out, the joint rewelded, and the new weld x-rayed to prove that the criteria indicating maximum allowable anomalies is adhered to.

In addition, the Contractor shall x-ray an additional 10 welded joints not previously x-rayed in locations selected by the engineer. All joints shall meet or exceed the criteria stated. If they do not, the deficient weld shall again be ground out and the joint rewelded.

This process shall be continue until the engineer is satisfied that all welded joints meet or exceed the criteria indicating maximum allowable anomaly in any given weld.

4. The cost for the original x-ray procedure as stated in E2 above shall be by the Owner. All required x-ray procedures or required corrective action subsequent to the original x-ray procedure as stated in E2 above shall be provided by the Contractor.

#### 3.3 TESTING PROCEDURES FOR PIPING SYSTEMS

- A. Test all lines and systems before they are insulated, painted or concealed by construction or backfilling. Provide fuel, water, electricity, materials, labor and equipment required for tests.
- B. Where entire system cannot be tested before concealment, test system in sections. Upon completion, each system shall be tested as an entire system.
- C. Repair or replace defects, leaks and material failures revealed by tests and then retest until satisfactory. Make repairs with new materials.

D. Verify that system components are rated for maximum test pressures to be applied. Where specified test pressures exceed component ratings remove or isolate components from system during tests.

# 3.4 TEST METHODS AND PRESSURES

- A. Test methods and pressures shall be as follows:
  - 1. Hydrostatic Test (Closed Systems Steam Condensate Piping):
    - a. Hydrostatic test shall be performed using clean unused domestic water. Test pressures shall be as scheduled for system or 150% of operating pressure where not specified.
  - 2. Pneumatic Test (Steam Piping):
    - a. Test entire system with compressed air. Systems operating above 25 PSI shall be tested at 75 PSI or 150% of operating pressure or whichever is greater.
    - b. Completely isolate entire system from compressor or other sources of air pressure and allow at least 1 hour after test pressure has been applied before making initial test.
  - 3. Pressure Relief and Safety Valve:
    - a. Before installation, test pressure temperature, and safety relief valves to confirm relief settings comply with specifications.
    - b. Tag items that pass test with date of test, observed relief pressure setting and inspector's signature.
    - c. Items installed in systems without test tag attached will be rejected.
- B. All systems shall hold scheduled test pressures for specified time without loss of initial test pressure.
- C. Upon completion of testing submit five copies of a typewritten report to A/E. Report shall list systems tested, test methods, test pressures, holding time and all failures with corrective action taken.
- D. For test pressure schedules refer to plans.

#### 3.5 CLEANING OF STEAM AND CONDENSATE PIPING SYSTEMS

- A. After pressure testing of system and equipment and before operational test thoroughly clean interiors of piping and equipment. Clean equipment as recommended by equipment manufacturers.
- B. Contractor shall install temporary outlet nozzle sized full pipe diameter directed to the building exterior in location as directed by Engineer. Full pressure steam shall be discharged from this pipe for a minimum of 30 min. After pipe cleaning the temporary nozzle shall be removed. This procedure shall be repeated as required to achieve proper pipe cleaning as determined by the Engineer.

#### SECTION 23 1200 - EXPANSION COMPENSATORS AND BALL JOINTS

# PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 EXPANSION AND BALL JOINTS

- A. Provide expansion joints and ball joints on all steam and steam condensate piping as indicated on the plans.
- B. All equivalents not listed in schedule shall be by Engineer approval as listed by addendum only.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 EXPANSION JOINTS - STEAM AND STEAM CONDENSATE RETURN

- A. Thermal expansion joints shall be Hyspan model 6502 weld end, single slip expansion configuration. Expansion joints shall be designed for packing injection under full line pressure.
- B. Rating and Travel: 150 psig working pressure at 500 Deg. F. maximum working temperature. Axial travel shall be 4.0" with a pre-compression of 1.0".
- C. Materials: Traverse chamber and stuffing box shall be seamless steel A-53 GRB pipe or equivalent tubing. Slip shall be machined from A-53 GRV seamless pipe (Schedule 80). Slip shall be plated with 1 mil. of hard chrome applied over 1 mil. of crack-free hard chrome and certified by permascope inspection per ASTM Standard B-499.
- D. Equivalent by Advance Thermal Systems.

#### 2.2 BALL JOINTS – STEAM AND STEAM CONDENSATE RETURN

- A. Ball Joints shall be Hyspan Barco Type N Style I with weld ends in locations and sizes as indicated on the plans.
- B. Ball joints shall be manufactured with carbon steel casing retainer and ball. The retainer shall be bolted to allow correct seal adjustment and disassembly for maintenance. The ball joint shall provide for angular displacement of 15 deg. and shall allow 360 deg. rotational movement.
- C. Ball joints shall be provided with inner and outer seals which consist of precision molded rings made from non-metallic Hyspan Barco seal material specifically formulated for 125 psig steam application. The ball sealing surface shall be protected with two mils of chrome plating consisting of one mil of hard chrome over one mil of crack free chrome and baked on molybdenum disulfide lubricant coating.
- D. Equivalent by Advanced Thermal systems.

# SECTION 23 1300 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR HVAC PIPING

PART 1 - GENERAL (Reference Section 230500)

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 PIPE SLEEVES AND SEALS

- A. Furnish proper type and size pipe sleeves to General Contractor for installation in concrete or masonry walls or floors. Unless specifically noted on plans that penetration is core drilled. Mechanical Contractor shall supervise installation of sleeves to insure proper location and installation.
- B. Each sleeve shall be continuous through wall floor or roof and shall be cut flush on each side except where indicated otherwise. Sleeves shall not be installed in structural member except where indicated or approved.
- D. Provide steel pipe sleeves in bearing walls and masonry walls. Opening in non-bearing walls, floors and ceilings may be 20 gauge galvanized pipe sleeves or openings cut with concrete core drill.
- E. Pipe insulation shall run continuous through pipe sleeves with 1/4" minimum clearance between insulation and pipe sleeve. Provide metal jackets over insulated pipes passing through fire walls, floors and smoke partitions. Jacket shall be 0.018 stainless steel extending 12 inches on either side of barrier and secured to insulation with 3/8" wide band. Seal annular space between jacket and pipe sleeves by installing backing rod and 3M or Hilti Fire barrier caulk.
- F. Pipe wall penetrations exposed to view shall have tight fitting escutcheons or flanges to cover all voids around openings.

# 2.2 PIPE HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Provide and be responsible for locations of piping hangers, supports and inserts, etc., required for installation of piping under this contract. Design of hangers and supports shall conform to current issue of Manufacturers Standardization Society Specification (MSS) SP-58.
- B. Pipe hangers shall be capable of supporting piping in all conditions of operation. They shall allow free expansion and contraction of piping, and prevent excessive stress resulting from transferred weight being induced into pipe or connected equipment. Support horizontal or vertical pipes at locations of least vertical movement.
- C. Where horizontal piping movements are such that hanger rod angularity from vertical is greater than 4 degrees from cold to hot position of pipe, offset hanger, pipe, and structural attachments to that rod is vertical in hot position. Hangers shall not become disengaged by movements of supported pipe.
- D. Provide sufficient hangers to adequately support piping system at specified spacing, at changes in piping direction and at concentrated loads. Hangers shall provide for vertical adjustment to maintain pitch required for proper drainage, and for longitudinal travel due to expansion and contraction of piping. Fasten hangers to building structural members wherever practicable.

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E. Unless indicated otherwise on drawings support horizontal piping as follows:

PIPE SIZE	ROD DIAMETER	MAXIMUM SPACING
Steel Pipe		
Up to 1-1/4"	3/8"	8Ft.
1-1/2" to 2"	3/8"	10 Ft.
2-1/2" to 3-1/2"	1/2"	12 Ft.
4"	5/8"	15 Ft.
5" to 8"	3/4"	15 Ft.
10" to 12"	7/8"	15 Ft.
Schedule 80 PVC		
Condenser water pi	pe	
6" to 8"	3/4"	6 Ft.
10" to 12"	7/8"	7 Ft.

- F. Provide continuous threaded electro galvanized hanger rods wherever possible. No chain, wire, or perforated straps shall be used. Hanger rods shall be subject to tensile loading only, where lateral or axial pipe movement occurs provide suitable linkage to permit swing. Provide pipe support channels with galvanized finish for concealed locations and painted finish for exposed locations. Submit design for multiple pipe supports indicating pipe sizes, service and support detail to Engineer for review prior to fabrication.
- G. Provide Grinnell pipe hangers for vertical pipe risers as follows:

PIPE MATERIAL	PIPE SIZE	<u>HANGER FIG. NO.</u>
Steel	3/4" thru 20"	261

- H. Provide Grinnell Fig. 194, 195, or 199 steel wall brackets for piping suspended or supported from walls. Brackets shall be prime coated carbon steel.
- I. Mount hangers for insulated piping on outside of pipe insulation sized to allow for full thickness of pipe insulation. See 2.4 for insulation insert requirements at all hangers.
- J. Structural attachments for pipe hangers shall be as follows:
  - 1. Concrete Structure: Provide adhesive anchors with a minimum safety factor of 2 for all loads attached there to. All anchors in the tunnel system and KSH parking garage shall be stainless steel.
  - 2. Structural steel beam: Provide Grinnell 133, 228 or equal as required by application.
- K. Provide Grinnell pipe hangers for support of horizontal single pipe runs where not supported by a structural steel rack as in the tunnel, KSH parking garage or KSH Vaults.

<u>PIPE SIZE</u>	HANGER FIG. NO.
1/2" thru 4"	CT-65
½" thru 3-1/2"	260
4" and up	181
6" and up	181
	1/2" thru 4" 1/2" thru 3-1/2" 4" and up

- L. Pipe guides for horizontal piping mounted on structural pipe racks shall be low friction graphite and/or teflon slide supports as manufactured by Tri-State Industries or approved equal.
- M. Provide necessary structural steel and attachment accessories for installations of pipe hangers and supports. Where heavy piping loads are to be attached to building structure verify structural loading with Engineer prior to installations.

# 2.3 EQUIPMENT ANCHORS

- A. Provide floor or foundation mounted equipment with anchors as indicated on plans.
- B. Anchors in floor shall be stainless steel.

#### 2.4 PIPING ANCHORS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Refer to drawings for detail of pipe supports and anchors.
- B. Insert supports for piping shall conform to the following requirements:
  - Insulated pipe supports shall be supplied and installed by the Mechanical Contractor on all insulated pipe and tubing unless otherwise indicated by the plans. Chilled water piping in the main mechanical rooms, tunnel, KSH parking Garage, northwest KSH mechanical vault, west KSH Utility corridor shall be pre insulated with continuous insulation and vapor barrier provided. Steam and pumped condensate return piping in the main mechanical rooms, tunnel, KSH parking Garage, northwest KSH mechanical vault, west KSH Utility corridor shall have the support welded directly to the pipe with insulation field applied over the support. Type 1 supports provide support for the piping while allowing lateral movement in both X and Y coordinates. All other supports shall provide only axial movement while preventing piping lifting up.
    - 2. All pipe supports shall be load rated. Load ratings shall be established by pipe support manufacturer based upon testing and analysis in conformance with the latest edition of the following codes: ASME B31.1, B31.3, MSS SP-58, MSS SP-69, MSS SP-89.
    - 3. Load tests for the load bearing insulation material in the configuration of the support being considered shall be available upon request to the owner or the owner's representative. A minimum safety factor of 5 to 1 at the design temperature shall be used in determining the insulated support load rating.
    - 4. Factory fabricated insulated supports shall consist of two 180 degree segments of high-density insulation material encased in a galvanized sheet metal jacket. On all hot lines the insulation shall be field applied. Supports shall be selected based on support spacing, medium being transported and support method and shall adequately support the piping system with the 5 to 1 safety factor. Insulation thickness of individual pre insulated pipe supports shall match that of the adjacent pipe insulation as indicated on the pipe insulation schedule. Supports and alignment guides shall be manufactured by Tri-States Industries equivalent by Rilco Manufacturing, Pipe Shields, Inc. or approved equal.
    - 5. Pipe supports shall be as indicated in details on the drawings.

# SECTION 23 1400 - VALVES FOR HVAC PIPING

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Provide necessary valves within piping systems to provide required flow control and to allow isolation for inspection, maintenance and repair of each piece of equipment or fixture, and on each main and branch service loop.
- B. Valves installed in piping systems shall be compatible with system maximum test pressure, pipe materials, pipe joining method, and fluid or gas conveyed in system.
- C. Provide valves 2" and smaller with screwed end connections, valves 2-1/2" and larger with flange connections as required by piping materials, piping system and piping sizes indicated in the valve schedule shown on the plans. Install union connection in the line within two feet of each screw end valve unless valve can be otherwise easily removed from line. Each valve shall be installed so that it is easily accessible for operation, visual inspection, and maintenance.
- D. Each valve shall be installed so that it is easily accessible for operation, visual inspection, and maintenance.
- E. Provide butterfly valves in full lug body style. Butterfly valves in sizes 6" and below with latchlock handles for On-Off applications and with Twist-Lock infinite position handle for throttling applications. All butterfly valves in sizes larger than 6" shall be provided with gear operators and wheel handles.
- F. Install globe valves with pressure on top of disc except that must be completely drained for inspection, maintenance or to prevent freezing shall be installed with stem in horizontal position to insure complete drainage of pipe lines.
- G. Non-rising stem valves shall not be installed at any point in the piping systems. With permission of Engineer non-rising stem valve may be installed at particular points where space is restricted.
- H. Gate valves shall not be installed in pipe lines where intended for throttling service or where piping is subject to vibration as part of normal operating conditions.
- I. OS&Y valves shall be provided in steam and condensate return piping systems in sizes 4" and above. Where valve is at elevations above 6'-0" above the finished floor of a mechanical room or area, a chain wheel operator with chain shall be provided.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 SHUT-OFF VALVES, BALANCE VALVES AND CHECK VALVES

A. Provide valves based on pipe sizes, piping system served, and piping material as indicated in the valve schedules shown on the plans.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 GENERAL

- A. Provide valves as indicated in schedule on plans.
- B. Install valves that are installed in systems where flanged connections are provided with proper "spiral wound- Flexitaulic" flange gaskets.

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- C. All butterfly valves shall be provided with full lug body.
- D. Where installed in piping systems requiring gasket where installed in piping system connection and requiring flange union where installed in threaded configuration.
- E. Where gate valve is installed at elevations above 6'-0" AFF provide chain operator to allow actuation from floor.

# SECTION 23 1500 - HVAC PIPING INSULATION

#### PART 1 - GENERAL (Reference Section 230500)

#### 1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Provide necessary materials and accessories for installation of insulation for mechanical systems as specified and/or detailed on drawings insulation type, jacket, and thickness for specific piping systems or equipment shall be as listed in insulation schedule.
- B. Provide insulation materials manufactured by Armstrong Cork Co. Certain/Teed Saint Gobain, Dow Chemical, Johns-Manville or Owens-Corning Fiberglass.
- C. Insulation, except where specified otherwise, shall have composite fire and smoke hazard ratings as rested by ASTM E-84, NFPA 255, and UL 723 procedures not exceeding:

FLAME SPREAD 25 SMOKE DEVELOPED 50 FUEL CONTRIBUTED 50

- D. Provide insulation accessories such as adhesives, mastics, cements, tape and glass fabric with same component ratings as listed above. Products or their shipping cartons shall bear label indicating their flame and smoke safety shall be permanent. Use of water soluble treatments such as corn paste or wheat paste is prohibited. This does not exclude approved lagging adhesives.
- E. Install insulation over clean dry surfaces with joints firmly butted together. Insulation at equipment, flanges, fittings, etc. shall have straight edges with box type joints with corner beads as required. Where plumbing and heating insulation terminates at equipment or unions, taper insulation at 30 degree angle to pipe with one coat finishing cement and finish same as fittings. Total insulation system shall have neat smooth appearance with no wrinkles, or folds in jackets, joint strips or fitting covers.
- F. Undamaged insulation systems on cold surface piping and equipment shall perform their intended functions as vapor barriers and thermal insulation without premature deterioration of insulation or vapor barrier. Contractor shall take every reasonable precaution to provide insulation systems with continuous unbroken vapor barriers.
- G. Where glass fabric is specified in the following insulation methods provide resin impregnated white open weave glass fabric with 10/20 thread count. Provide glass cloth similar to Alpha Martex wettable glass cloth.
- H. Abbreviations for manufacturers of adhesive, mastics and coating specified shall be C.M. for Chicago Mastic Company and B.F. for Benjamin Foster Company.
- Insulation of removable heads, manholes access covers, etc., shall be fabricated to allow removal without damage to insulation. Provide removable units with vapor-proof cover fabricated to be sealed to equipment vapor barrier.
- J. Insulation failing to meet workmanship and appearance standards shall be replaced with an acceptable installation before final acceptance of project will be given. Insulation failing to meet performance requirements of this specification for a period of one year after date of final acceptance or through one heating season and one cooling season, whichever is longer shall be replaced with an acceptable installation. All costs to correct insulation deficiencies and costs to repair damages to other work shall be at Mechanical Contractors expense at no cost to owner.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 INSULATION MATERIALS AND APPLICATION METHODS (PIPING)

- A. Pipe insulation by type shall be as follows:
  - 1. TYPE 1-PHC: Insulation for hot and cold surface piping systems with -60 degrees F to +650 degrees F operating range shall be Owens-Corning Fiberglass ASJ/SSL-11, 4.2 lb. density pipe insulation with white fire retardant ASJ jacket and double self-sealing lap. Average thermal conductivity shall not exceed .26 BTU/Hr. at 75 degrees F mean temperature. Seal longitudinal jacket laps and butt strips with C.M. No. 17-465 or B.F. No. 85-75 vapor barrier adhesive. Insulate valves and fittings as follows:
    - a. Insulate exposed and concealed valves and fittings with 2" thick glass fiberglass inserts or blankets. Cover fittings with Zeston Products PVC fitting covers or approved equal. PVC fitting covers shall be secured with mechanical fasteners such as tacks or staples for temperatures above 75 degrees F. For cold service all joints shall be sealed with vapor barrier adhesive or by pressure sensitive vapor barrier vinyl tape.
    - b. Insulate expansion compensators with self contained, fully jacketed blanket with eyelets to allow the blanket to be laced into place. Jacket shall be rated for anticipated temperatures and shall be durable and shall remain flexible in anticipation of periodic removal and replacement.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 INSULATION MATERIAL AND THICKNESS

- A. Pipe insulation schedule
  - 1. Refer to the piping insulation schedule on plans for pipe insulation material, thickness and installation requirements.

#### SECTION 23 2100 - STEAM TO WATER HEAT EXCHANGERS

# PART 1 - GENERAL (Reference Section 230500)

#### 1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Provide where indicated and scheduled on plans, and herein as specified, steam to water heat exchanger.

# 1.2 EQUIVALENT MANUFACTURERS

A. Provide heat exchangers as manufactured by Bell and Gossett, RECO, Armstrong, Aurora, Taco, Amtrol, Adamson.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit drawings indicating components, assembly, dimensions, weights and loadings, required clearances, and location and size of field connections. Indicate accessories where required for complete system.
- B. Submit product data indicating rated capacities, weights, and specialties and accessories.
- C. Submit manufacturer's installation instructions.

# 1.4 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA

- Submit operation and maintenance data.
- B. Include start-up instructions, maintenance data, controls, and accessories.

#### 1.5 STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Comply with manufacturer's installation instructions for rigging, unloading, and transporting units.
- B. Protect units from physical damage.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.1 Steam to water heat exchanger HVAC heating water application.
  - A. Provide steam to water heat exchanger constructed in accordance with ASME Section VIII for 'U' tube design.
  - B. Unit shall be rated 150 psig for shell. Maximum temperature shall be 375 Deg. □F. Test pressure shall be 300 psig.
  - C. Shell shall be constructed of carbon steel. Head shall be cast iron. Tube sheets and separators shall be steel. Tie rods shall be steel. Tubes shall be copper.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Install all units in strict accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions.

23 2100-1 STEAM TO WATER HEAT EXCHANGERS

- B. Provide angle iron support structure to mount each heat exchanger. Provide min. 10"x10"x1/2" base plates or each leg of the respective support structure.
- C. Anchor all support structure base plates with min. (1) 3/4" concrete expansion anchor for each leg.

# SECTION 23 2200 - STEAM CONDENSATE RECEIVERS AND PUMPS

# PART 1 - GENERAL (Reference Section 230500)

#### 1.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Provide custom built steam condensate receivers/pumping units as indicated in schedules and details on plans.
- B. Condensate receivers shall be fabricated by Messplay.
- C. Condensate pumps shall be manufactured by Grundfos.
- D. Each entire unit shall be factory tested and certified for proper operation and tightness prior to shipment.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 STEAM CONDENSATE RECEIVER AND PUMPS

- A. Provide as specified as indicated in the schedule and in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions duplex, custom built receivers and pumps.
- B. The unit shall consist of a tank with material and capacity as scheduled on plans, a float operated control device with high water alarm contacts, and close coupled pumps unless otherwise noted on plans.
- C. Provide valves and accessories as indicated on the plans and in the schedule.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Units shall be installed in strict accordance with Messplay installation instructions.
- B. Unit installation shall be certified by Messplay authorized technician.
- C. Initial start up of equipment shall be by Messplay authorized start up/service technician.

#### SECTION 23 3100 - PUMPS

# PART 1 - GENERAL (Reference Section 230500)

#### 1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Furnish and install where shown on plans hot water and chilled water and condenser water circulating pumps end suction and vertical turbine design as indicated in pump schedule on the drawings.

# 1.2 EQUIVALENT MANUFACTURERS

A. Equivalents by Bell & Gossett, Taco, Armstrong, Amtrol, Aurora.

# 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit drawings indicating components, assembly, dimensions, weights and loadings, required clearances, and location and size of field connections. Indicate accessories where required for complete system.
- B. Submit product data indicating rated capacities, weights, and specialties and accessories.
- C. Submit manufacturer's installation instructions.

# 1.4 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA

- A. Submit operation and maintenance data.
- B. Include start-up instructions, maintenance data, controls, and accessories.

#### 1.5 STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Comply with manufacturer's installation instructions for rigging, unloading, and transporting units.
- B. Protect units from physical damage.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 END SUCTION PUMPS

- A. Pumps shall be base-mounted, single-stage, end suction design with true back pull-out, capable of being serviced without disturbing piping connections.
- B. Pump volute shall be Class 30 cast iron with integrally-cast pedestal support. The impeller shall be cast bronze, enclosed-type, dynamically balanced, keyed to the shaft and secured by a locking capscrew.
- C. The liquid cavity shall be sealed off at the pump shaft by an internally-flushed mechanical seal with ceramic seal seat of at least 98% alumina oxide content, and carbon seal ring, suitable for continuous operation at 225 deg. F. A replaceable bronze shaft sleeve shall completely cover the wetted area under the seal.
- D. Pumps shall be rated for minimum of 175 psi working pressure. Casings shall have gauge ports at nozzles and vent and drain ports at top and bottom of casing.
- E. Pump bearing housing assembly shall have heavy-duty regreaseable ball bearings, replaceable without disturbing piping connections and have foot support at coupling end.

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- F. Base plate shall be of structural steel or fabricated steel channel configuration fully enclosed at sides and ends, with securely welded cross members and fully open grouting area. A flexible-type coupler, capable of absorbing torsional vibration, shall be employed between the pump and motor, and it shall be equipped with a suitable coupling guard as required. Contractor to level and grout each unit according to manufacturer's instructions.
- G. The motor shall meet NEMA specifications and shall be the size, voltage and enclosure called for on the plans. Pump and motor shall be factory aligned, and shall be realigned by Contractor after installation.
- H. Each pump shall be factory tested. It shall then be thoroughly cleaned and painted with at least one coat of high-grade machinery enamel prior to shipment.
- I. Each unit shall be checked by the Contractor and regulated for proper differential pressure, voltage and amperage draw. This data shall be noted on a permanent tag or label and fastened to the pump for Owner's reference.

# 2.2 VERTICAL TURBINE PUMPS

- A. Provide vertical turbine pumps, single stage, double suction type, with pump characteristics which provide rising heads to shut off.
- B. Refer to pump schedule on plans for pump flows, heads, motor speed, enclosure, efficiency and power requirements.
- C. Pumps shall be an assembly of motor, discharge head, column, inlet strainer, bowl, line shaft and impeller.
- D. Discharge head shall be cast iron with ports for connecting pressure gauge, stuffing box bypass return and lubricator connections. The driver support shall have large windows to allow access to stuffing box and for tension plate adjustments. The windows shall be covered with guards.
- E. Column shall be carbon steel. Line shaft shall be stainless steel with stainless steel bearing retainer and couplings. Line shaft bearing shall be rubber EPDM. Bearings shall be spaced as required to provide vibration free operation. The shaft shall be supported within the column with bearing retainers.
- F. Bowl shall be cast iron with glass enamel interior. Suction bowl shall be cast iron CL 30. Impeller shall be stainless steel. Suction and bowl bearings shall be bronze.
- G. A flexible-type coupler, capable of absorbing torsional vibration, shall be employed between the pump and motor, and it shall be equipped with a suitable coupling guard as required. Contractor to install and level each unit according to manufacturer's instructions.
- H. The motor shall meet NEMA specifications and shall be the size, voltage and enclosure called for on the plans. Pump and motor shall be factory aligned, and shall be realigned by Contractor after installation.
- I. Each pump shall be factory tested. It shall then be thoroughly cleaned and painted with at least one coat of high-grade machinery enamel prior to shipment.
- J. Pumps shall be hydrostatically tested to 150% of the maximum pump working pressure.

# 2.3 HORIZONTAL SPLIT CASE PUMPS

- A. Horizontal Split Case pumps are single stage, double suction type, with pump characteristics which provide rising heads to shut off. These pumps are existing and shall be relocated from the Docking State Office Building to location indicated on plans.
- B. Contractor shall install and level each unit according to manufacturer's instructions.. The pumps shall be realigned by Contractor after installation.

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

# SECTION 23 5100 - METERS AND GAUGES FOR HVAC

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 THERMOMETERS AND GAUGES

A. Provide thermometers and gauges as hereinafter specified and shown on the plans and so that proper testing and balancing and trouble shooting can be accomplished.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Thermometers and Gauges:
  - 1. Dresser Industries, Inc.; Instrument Div.; Weksler Instruments Operating Unit.
  - 2. Marsh Bellofram.
  - 3. Trerice: H. O. Trerice Co.
  - 4. Weiss Instruments, Inc.
  - Ashcroft
  - 6. Moeller
  - 7. Weksler
  - 8. Taylor

# B. Test Plugs:

- 1. Flow Design, Inc.
- 2. MG Piping Products Co.
- National Meter.
- 4. Sisco Manufacturing Co.
- 5. Trerice: H. O. Trerice Co.
- 6. Watts Industries, Inc.; Water Products Div.
- 7. Peterson

# 2.2 THERMOMETERS

- A. Scale Range: Temperature ranges for services listed are as follows:
  - 1. Condenser Water: 0 to 160 deg F, with 2-degree scale divisions (minus 18 to plus 70 deg C, with 1-degree scale divisions).
  - 2. Chilled Water: 0 to 100 deg F, with 2-degree scale divisions (minus 18 to plus 38 deg C, with 1-degree scale divisions)
  - 3. Hot Water: 30 to 240 deg F. with 2-degree scale divisions (0 to 120 deg C with 1-degree scale divisions).
  - Accuracy:
    - a. Plus or minus 1 percent of range span or plus or minus one scale division to maximum of 1.5 percent of range span.
    - 5. Construction
    - a. ASTM E 1
    - Case: Die cast and aluminum finished in baked-epoxy enamel, glass front, spring secured, 9 inches (230 mm) long
    - c. Adjustable Joint: Finish to match case, 180-degree adjustment in vertical plane, 360-degree adjustment in horizontal plane, with locking device.
    - d. Tube: Red or blue reading, organic-liquid filled with magnifying lens.
    - e. Scale: Satin-faced nonreflective aluminum with permanently etched markings
    - f. Stem: Copper-plated steel, aluminum, or brass for separable socket; of length to suit installation.

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# 5. Thermometer Wells:

- Description: Fitting with protective well for installation in threaded pipe fitting to hold test thermometer.
- b. Material: Stainless steel, for use in steel piping
- c. Extension-Neck Length: Nominal thickness of 2 inches (50 mm), but not less than thickness of insulation. Omit extension neck for wells for piping not insulated
- d. Insertion Length: To extend to one-third of diameter of pipe.
- e. Cap: Threaded, with chain permanently fastened to socket
- f. Heat-Transfer Fluid: Oil or graphite.

# 2.3 PRESSURE GAUGES

- A. ASME B40.1, Gauges shall be bourdon tube with minimum 4-1/2" dial and die cast aluminum case with black enamel finish.
  - 1. The movement shall be all stainless steel with Grade A phosphor bronze bourdon tube brazed at socket and tip.
  - 2. The accuracy of the gauge shall be within  $\frac{1}{2}$  percent of the scale range.
  - 3. The pointer shall be the micrometer adjustment type recalibrated from the front.
  - 4. Pressure, compound, and differential pressure gauges shall have suitable scale ranges, shall be submitted and are subject to the review of the Engineer.
  - 5. Graduations shall be one pound or less on all gauges where this is standard for the required range.
  - 6. Gauges shall have ¼" IPS connections and shall be Moeller "Vantage" gauges with Case Style No. 2, or approved equal.

#### 2.4 TEST PLUGS

- A. SISCO ¼" or ½" NPT fitting (Test Plug) of solid brass at desired indicated locations.
  - 1. Test plug shall be capable of receiving either a pressure or temperature probe 1/8" o.d.
  - 2. Dual seal core shall be neoprene for temperature to 200°F and shall be rated zero leakage from vacuum to 1000 psig.

# 2.5 TURBINE FLOW METERS

- A. Insertion type; measures flow directly in gallons per minute (liters per second).
  - 1. Construction: Bronze or stainless-steel body and plastic turbine or impeller, with integral direct-reading scale.
  - 2. Pressure Rating: 150 psig (1035 kPa) minimum.
  - 3. Temperature Rating: 180 deg F (82 deg C) minimum.
  - 4. Display: Visual instantaneous rate of flow, with register to indicate total volume in gallons (liters).
  - 5. Accuracy: Plus or minus 2-1/2 percent

# 2.6 INSTALLATION SCHEDULE

	` <u>Pressure Gauc</u> <u>&amp; Gauge Cock</u>		Thermometer & Well	<u>Flow</u> <u>Meter</u>
STEAM SUPPLY FROM EACH BOIL	ER X			Χ
INLET STEAM PIPE AT PRESSURE REDUCING VALVE	Χ			
OUTLET AT PRESSURE REDUCING VALVE	Χ			
OUTLET PIPE FOR EACH NEW CONDENSATE RETURN PUMP	Χ			Х
CHILLER EVAPORATOR ENTERING LEAVING	X X	X X	X X	X
CHILLER CONDENSER ENTERING LEAVING	X X	X X	X X	X
CHILLER HEAT RECOVERY BUNDLE ENTERING LEAVING	X X	× ×	X X	Х
SUCTION & DISCHARGE FLANGE EACH NEW PUMP AND EACH EXISTING RELOCATED PUMP	х	X		
OUTLET PIPE FOR EACH NEW CONDENSER WATER PUMP	Χ			

# 2.7 FLOW MEASUREMENT SENSORS – IN-LINE-

# A. GENERAL:

The contractor shall furnish and install a flow meter which utilizes a Dual D/P technology, (ACCELABAR®), as manufactured by Armstrong International. The METER BODY and element shall be made from 316SS, as manufactured by Armstrong International.

# B. CONFIGURATION:

The flow meter shall consist of a patented and unique toroidal nozzle design and a Verabar sensing element. The meter body shall have an integral port for an optional RTD. A metal tag (SST) shall be permanently attached to the flow sensor showing Model No., Serial No., Pipe I.D., Tag No., Max Pressure & Temperature, Max D/P, Max allowable insertion D/P and Flow coefficient.

# C. MATERIALS:

The meter body and element shall be made of 316 stainless steel for sizes 3, 4, 6, 8,10 & 12" utilize a 316SST flow element and OPTIONAL CS mating flanges / body. The measuring station shall be rated up to 600 # ANSI depending on the application conditions and the sensor specified. Up to and including 2500 # ANSI upon request.

# D. ACCURACY & REPEATABILITY:

The accuracy of the flow element shall be within +/- 0.75% of actual flow rate over a MAXIMUM flow turndown of up to 65:1. The installation of the meter shall require NO STRAIGHT RUN regardless of the upstream piping configuration. Certified test data from independent flow laboratories shall be provided as verification. The repeatability of the flow element shall be +/- 0.075% of actual value over the entire flow range.

#### E. QUALITY:

The sensor shall be designed and manufactured under the control of an ISO 9001 program.

#### F. FLUIDS:

Liquids, gases and steam.

#### G. SENSOR TYPE:

The sensor type shall be an in-line assembly type in accordance with the below schedule and sizes.

# \*NOTE THAT THE GAUGES SHALL BE REMOVED AND TURNED OVER TO THE OWNER IN A CARRYING CASE AT THE COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT

PART 3 - INSTALLATION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Gauges shall be installed as hereinafter specified. Gauge cocks shall be polished brass A10 ¼" tee handle type with threaded ends. 125 psi rated for all systems rated less than 100 psi and shall be 200 psi rated for systems that are rated 100 psi or more. Provide gauge cock with ¼" pipe nipple for connection to gauge cock.
- B. Flow meters in condensate piping shall be installed in 2" vertical condensate receiver discharge piping. Increase size of piping line according to documents in the horizontal run following the flow meter. Where meter requires installation more than 60" AFF, provide meter with junction box for remote Primo Amplifier. No equivalents shall be used on this project.
- C. Flow Meters in steam piping shall be installed in the supply piping for each boiler in locations as indicated on the plans. Reference the boiler specification for steam flow meters.
- D. In addition to that indicated in the installation schedule above, flow meters shall be installed in the chilled water supply lines to the north Kansas Statehouse and the new energy center. Flow meters shall also be installed in the hot water heating piping that supplies the new energy center.

# SECTION 23 6100 - DUCTWORK

PART 1 – GENERAL (Reference Section 230500)

#### 1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Construct ductwork as detailed on drawings and as detailed in the latest edition of the Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractor's Association (SMACNA) Duct Manual. Details shown on project plans shall indicate specific construction methods to be used on this project, and shall be used in lieu of any alternate methods shown in SMACNA Duct Manual.
- B. Construct and install ductwork to be completely free from vibration under all conditions of operation. Support and securely anchor ductwork and equipment from structural framing of building. Provide suitable intermediate metal framing where required between building structural framing.
- C. Construct ductwork in accordance with operating static pressure range. Ductwork pressure classifications shall be as follows:
  - 1. Low Pressure Ductwork: System operating static pressure 1.5" positive or negative of W.G. or less and velocities less than 2500 FPM.
  - Medium Pressure Ductwork:
- D. All metal ductwork scheduled for interior thermal and acoustical liner is not sized on plans to include the proper thickness of insulation. Add 1" or 2" in height and width of ductwork as required to accommodate insulation thickness. Mount specialties such as turning vanes, campers, etc., to ductwork with that section insulated "Build Outs" to maintain continuity of thermal barrier.
- E. Construct low pressure system ductwork to conform to latest edition of low pressure duct construction standards of SMACNA Duct Manual.
- F. Sealing of low pressure ductwork shall be as follows:
  - 1. Option #1: Low pressure ductwork: Including supply, return and exhaust. Provide Hard Cast, Inc. mineral impregnated woven fiber tape and activator/adhesive in accordance with manufacturers' directions on all joints, connectors, etc.
  - 2. Option #2: Low pressure rectangular ductwork: Provide "Ductmate" systems as manufactured by Ductmate Industries, Inc. or an approved equal system.
  - 3. Option #3: Miracle metal duct sealer model No. 617.
- G. Provide external insulation on exhaust fan and intake hood ductwork.

# 1.2 RECTANGULAR STEEL

A. Provide new commercial quality, bright spangled galvanized sheet steel manufactured in the U.S.A.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Used)

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 INSTALLATION

A. All ductwork shall be installed in strict accordance with the most current edition of the SMACNA "HVAC Duct Construction Standards".

END OF SECTION 23 6100

23 6100-2 DUCTWORK

# SECTION 23 6200 - DUCTWORK ACCESSORIES

PART 1 – GENERAL (Reference Section 230500)

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of contract, including general and supplementary conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to work of this section.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 SHEET METAL SPECIALTIES

- A. Specialties shall be factory fabricated items designed for low, medium or high velocity systems as required. Submit shop drawings on all specialties required with shop drawings of ductwork layout. Specialties shall be as follows:
  - 1. Turning Vanes: Provide single width turning vanes with min. 24 gauge blades and runners. Note: Turning vanes to be provided on all low velocity supply, return and exhaust ducts.
  - 2. Extractors (Low Velocity): Carnes #1250 all aluminum air volume extractor. Unit shall be adjustable from full open to full closed position. Provide channel supports where recommended by manufacturer (length over 16", height over 8"). Provide Young end bearings and rod with regulator as hereinafter specified.
  - 3. Dampers: Provide 24 gauge minimum galvanized metal blades supported on duct with metal supports and locked in position with locking type damper arm.
  - 4. Backdraft Dampers: Unless backdraft dampers are specified with a particular piece of equipment. Provide Cesco #BDA or equal with 16 gauge aluminum blade with oiled bearings mounted in steel frame. Blades shall be balanced and connected with tie bar. Provide end seals and blade seals. Equivalent by Ruskin.
  - 5. Backdraft dampers: Where backdraft dampers are shown on plans installed behind wall louvers or roof relief vents, provide Cesco #BDA-101-H heavy-duty construction counter balanced to assist air flow complete with end seals and blade seals.
  - 6. Flexible Connections: Metaledge Ventglas prefabricated flexible connection of 3-1/4" wide heat and fire resistant neoprene coated glass fabric with two 3" wide 24 gauge metal strips attached to each edge. Vent Fabrics, Inc., Duro-dyne Corp. or equal.
  - 7. Round take-off fittings: Round take-off fittings from supply diffusers or registers to low pressure supply ductwork shall be Flexmaster #FLDE complete with locking damper and air scoop. Equivalent by Atco, Air Control Products.
  - 8. Wall Louvers: Provide Greenheck model EDD-401 fabricated aluminum stationary blade louver with extruded drainable horizontal blades, extended sill and birdscreen where shown on drawings. Verify size shown with architectural drawings to comply with opening sizes required. All louvers are to be one continuous, louver of sizes shown with no mullions or reinforcing strips showing from outside face of louver. Provide louvers in prime coat of paint. Blades shall be a min. .081 thick aluminum. Frame shall be min. .081 thick extruded 6063-T5 aluminum. Equivalent by Carnes, Louvers and Dampers, Titus.
  - 9. Fire Dampers: Prefco 'LPB' low profile 1 1/2 hr rated. Stacked blade design for minimum reduction of cross sectional area of penetrations and ducts. 165 degree fusible link. Equivalent by Nailor, Greenheck, Ruskin, Air Balance.
  - 10. Low Pressure Flexible Duct: Thermaflex M-KC rated for 2" W.G. maximum positive and 2" W.G. maximum negative pressure and 2500 FPM maximum velocity. UL listed "UL-181 Standards Class I Duct Material" complying with NFPA Standards 90A and 90B. Duct shall be composed of inner polymeric linner duct bonded to coated steel wire helix.

23 6200-1 DUCTWORK ACCESSORIES

- Fiberglass insulation and outer vapor barrier cover suitable for installation in return air plenum. Equivalent by Cleavaflex, Flexmaster.
- 11. Roof Ventilators: Provide low silhouette intake ventilators constructed from galvanized steel where located on plans. Ventilator shall be equipped with enlarged hood for protection against water entrainment, PVC coated birdscreen. Unit shall have continuously welded curb cap seams. Provide unit with prime coat finish. Unit shall be field painted by G/C. Refer to schedule on plans. Equivalent by Penn, Greenheck, Titus.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 INSTALLATION

A. All ductwork accessories shall be installed in strict accordance with manufacturers requirements SMACNA, NFPA 90A and 90B, UL listings and drawing details.

END OF SECTION 23 6200

23 6200-2 DUCTWORK ACCESSORIES

# SECTION 23 6300 - DUCTWORK INSULATION

PART 1 – GENERAL (Reference Section 230500)

#### PART 2 – PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 DUCTWORK INSULATION

- A. Provide necessary materials and accessories for installation of interior and exterior ductwork insulation as specified and/or detailed on drawings. Insulation type and thickness for specific ductwork systems shall be as listed in insulation schedule in this section of specification. Provide insulation materials manufactured by Schuller, Knauf Fiberglass, Certain/Teed, or Owens-Corning Fiberglas.
- B. Insulation and application adhesives, except where specified otherwise, shall have fire and smoke hazard rating as tested by ASTM E-84 procedure not exceeding:

FLAME SPREAD	25
SMOKE DEVELOPED	50
FUEL CONTRIBUTED	50

- C. Insulation shall meet ASTM C411 performance test and shall be installed in conformance with NFPA Standard 90A.
- D. Install interior duct liner insulation cut to insure tight fitting corner, and longitudinal joints. Apply liner to sheet metal with 100% coverage of adhesive applied in accordance with manufacturers recommended applications rate. Coat all edges of liner with adhesive. Provide mechanical fasteners on surfaces 18" or wider in addition to liner adhesive with fastener clips set flush with duct liner surface. Provide fasteners as follows:
  - 1. Low Velocity Ductwork (Velocities less than 2000 FPM): Provide fasteners within 3" of leading edge of each section 12" O.C. around joint perimeter and 3" from longitudinal joints 12" O.C. Elsewhere space fasteners 18" O.C. except not more than 6" from longitudinal joints and not 12" from corner break.
- E. Provide round sheet metal ductwork with exterior thermal insulation of type and thickness listed in insulation schedule. Apply insulation with joints tightly butted together with longitudinal and end joint strips sealed with vapor barrier adhesive. Insulate fittings with insulation thickness equal to adjoining insulation with cover overlapping 2" onto adjacent covering.
- F. Eliminate ductwork insulation on exposed round ductwork unless noted otherwise in ductwork insulation schedule.
- G. Duct insulation materials by type shall be as follows:
  - Type 1-DIL: Internal acoustical and thermal duct insulation for low and high velocity ductwork shall be 2 lb. density for 1/2" thick and 1.5 lb. density for 1" thick duct liner with 1.08 @ 1000 FPM friction coefficient and .24 BTUH thermal conductivity at 75 degrees mean temperature.
  - 2. Type 2-DEW: External thermal insulation for low, medium and high pressure duct shall be 1.0 lb. density standard duct insulation type IV with foil-scrim-craft facing and .27 BTUH thermal conductivity at 75 degrees mean temperature.
  - 3. Type 3-DEW: External thermal insulation for low pressure ductwork. Fiberglass with .23 Btuh thermal conductivity at 75°F mean temperature and fire retardant polyethylene .003" thick jacket. Insulation shall be pre-manufactured sleeve type for installation over round low velocity ductwork.

H. Specific insulation materials and installation methods for ductwork systems shall be as follows:

DUCTWORK SYSTEM	DUCT INSULATION TYPE	THICKNESS
Low Pressure Rectangular Supply & Return, Exhaust	1-DIL	1/2"
Rectangular Outside Air	2-DEW	1-1/2"
Relief and Return Air Boots	1-DIL	1/2"
Round Ductwork	2-DEW	1-1/2"

## SECTION 23 7100 - MODULAR AIR HANDLING UNITS

### PART 1 - GENERAL (Reference Section 230500)

#### 1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Provide where shown on plans air handling unit as hereinafter specified, and indicated in the schedule on the plans.
- B. All air handling units shall be by one manufacturer
- C. Equivalents by Trane, Carrier, McQuay, York.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 AIR HANDLING UNITS

- A. All units shall be tested rated and certified as complete units in accordance with ARI Standard 430-66 and shall bear the ARI seal. Units shall be factory built and factory tested.
- B. All units shall be of quality construction, braced, and reinforced for service intended. Removable panels (minimum 18 gauge) shall provide access to all internal parts. A double drain pan with glass fiber insulation between pans shall be furnished to meet requirements of NFPA-90A. Horizontal units shall have the drain pan extended under both fan and coil sections. Drain pans shall have a drain connection on both sides of unit. All unit panels shall be insulated with 1" thick 1-1/2 lb. density neoprene coated insulation. Provide two fan section hinged and latched access doors. Access doors shall be double wall with heavy duty ventlock style handle. Access door to fan section shall have 8"x8" view window.
- C. Centrifugal fans shall be of forward curved type with each fan wheel dynamically balanced and tested while installed in unit casing. Fans shall not pass through their first critical speed at any cataloged RPM. Bearings shall have a 200,000 hour average life and shall be greased lubricated with grease fittings extended to the drive side of the unit casing.
- D. Air handling units shall be furnished with a combination mixing and medium capacity filter box with full size hinged access door for filter removal. Provide 2" throw away filters. FARR 30/30 or equal. Access door shall be double wall with heavy duty ventlock style handle. Install new filters prior to the start of balancing and provide (1) year supply of filters.
- E. Motors shall be mounted on an adjustable mount furnished by manufacturer. All drives shall be adjustable V-belt type suitable for adjustment to within plus or minus 10% of required RPM and selected at 1.4 x MHP. BHP for each unit shall include belt and drive losses. Unit manufacturer shall provide an enclosed belt guard with hole located to take RPM readings unless motors are internally mounted. Where required, motors shall be capable of operating in conjunction with a variable speed controller. Unit manufacturer shall balance fan at 100 RPM increments up to fan maximum design RPM. Motors, shall be TEFC, with full size double wall access door with heavy duty ventlock style handles and view window where internally mounted for inspection. Provide one additional sheave per unit. First sheave shall be of the adjustable type for balancing, and shall be replaced with a fixed sheave at the completion of the system balance.
- F. Cooling and heating coils capacities shall be certified by ARI Standard 410.

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G. Aluminum plate fins with collars drawn, belled, and firmly bonded to copper tubes by mechanical expansion of tubes. No soldering or tinning shall be used in the bonding process. Coils shall have galvanized steel casing and shall be mounted pitched in the casing. Coils shall be removable through the unit panel. Coils shall be proof tested at 300 psig air pressure under water.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Refer to details and schedules on plans for specific installation requirements and orientation for each air handling unit.
- B. Each air handling unit fan shall be mounted on spring type vibration.

### SECTION 23 7200 - VARIABLE AIR VOLUME BOXES

# PART 1 - GENERAL (Reference Section 230500)

#### 1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Furnish and install where shown on plans EH Price shut-off terminal unit with hydronic heat as scheduled.
- B. All variable volume boxes shall be by one manufacturer
- C. Equivalent by Carrier, Titus, Trane.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 VARIABLE AIR VOLUME BOXES

- A. Casing shall be 22 gauge galvanized steel.
- B. Interior surface of unit casing is acoustically and thermally lined with 1 inch, 1.9 lb/cu. ft., R-Value 4.2, density glass fiber with high density facing. Insulation is UL listed and meets NFPA-90A and UL 181.
- C. The VAV box shall be provided with the required equipment to interface with the Building Automation Control (BAC) system. This shall include transformer, static pickups and electric actuator to accept a 24 VAC incremental signal VAV box manufacturer shall accept the DDC controller at the factors and shall mount and wire all components prior to shipping VAV box.
- D. Casing outlet connector for sheet metal duct connection shall be provided.
- E. All units are UL listed and CSA approved.

### 2.2 AIR CONTROL DAMPER

A. The air flow control device with an integral electric actuator with electronic pressure independent controls coordinate with automatic temperature control manufacturer. Inlet shall be tapered to fit standard round flexible ductwork. Maximum leak rate is 1 percent at 4 inches wg. inlet static pressure,. Integral multiple point, averaging flow sensing ring to provide primary air flow measurement with ± 5 percent of unit rated airflow with 1-1/2 diameters of straight duct upstream of unit. Integral flow taps and calibration chart provided on each unit.

## 2.3 WATER COILS

- A. Provide one or two-row water coil designed for heating only, coil shall have aluminum fins which are mechanically bonded to seamless copper tubes. All coils are specifically designed and circuited fro water use. Coils shall be factory tested with 450 psi air under water. Maximum standard operating conditions are: 200 psig, 200 F. Sweat type connections shall be provided.
- B. Refer to schedule on drawings for capacity and size requirements.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Install all variable air volume boxes in strict accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions.

23 7200-1 VARIABLE AIR VOLUME BOXES B. Refer to schedule on plans for specific VAV terminal requirements.

## SECTION 23 7300 - DIFFUSERS, REGISTERS, GRILLES, AND LOUVERS

# PART 1 – GENERAL (Reference Section 230500)

#### 1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Provide grilles, registers, and diffusers where scheduled on Drawings.
- B. Provide submittals of diffusers and grilles used on this project as specified in Section 230500.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 GRILLES, REGISTERS, DIFFUSERS, AND LOUVERS

- A. Provide grilles, registers, diffusers, and louvers as shown on the Drawings and hereinafter specified. Set all units with rubber gaskets for air tight connection with mounting surface. See drawings for types, sizes, air flow and quantity.
- B. Refer to drawings for manufacturer and model for each type that was the basis of design. Provide equipment that meets the sound, pressure drop, and throw characteristics.
- C. Equivalent louvers by Price, Greenheck, Titus, Louvers and Dampers.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 GENERAL

- A. Install all louvers with curve of louver down.
- B. Provide proper mounting supplies and arrangements for areas shown.

# SECTION 23 7500 - FAN COIL UNITS

### PART 1 - GENERAL (Reference Section 230500)

#### 1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Provide fan coil units as indicated and scheduled on plans, Equivalent units by Carrier, York, McQuay, Trane.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 PERFORMANCE DATA

- A. Capacity: Unit capacities certified under Industry Room Fan Coil Air Conditioner Certification Program in accordance with ARI Standard 440-93.
- B. Safety: All standard units are Underwriters Laboratory labeled and approved.

## 2.2 HORIZONTAL BASIC UNIT

A. Basic unit includes chassis, coil(s), drain pans with polystyrene insulating liner, thermoplastic auxiliary drain pan, fan wheel(s), fan housing(s), and motor. The chassis is the structural frame and is constructed of 18-gauge galvanized steel. Unit is acoustically and thermally insulated with closed cell insulation.

### 2.3 HORIZONTAL CABINET

A. Bottom panels are of 16-gauge galvanized steel. All other panel parts are of 18-gauge galvanized steel. All cabinet parts are rigidized by channel forming. End panel is removable for piping access. Discharge grille is recessed to resist condensate formation. Hinged access door is flush with top.

# 2.4 CONCEALED/RECESSED BASIC UNIT

A. Basic unit includes coil(s), coil supports, fans and fan casings, motor fan board and drain pan. Drain pan insulation is closed cell sheet liner. Steel parts exposed to moisture are galvanized. Fan board assembly and drain pan are easily removable. Exposed panels on recessed units are of 18-gauge steel and ship separate from the unit.

### 2.5 FINISH

A. All cabinet parts and exposed recessed panels are cleaned, bonderized, phosphatized, and painted with any of six available decorator colors. Standard finish meets ASTM B117 specifications (salt spray test).

# 2.6 FANS

A. The aluminum fan wheels are centrifugal forward-curved and double-width. Fan wheels and housings are constructed of formed sheet metal.

# 2.7 MOTORS

A. All permanent split capacitor motors are run tested in assembled units. All motors have integral thermal overload protection and are permanently lubricated. Motors are capable of starting at 78 percent of rated voltage and operating at 90 percent of rated voltage on all speed settings. Motors can be operated at 10 percent over voltage without undue magnetic noise and with a temperature rise by the winding resistance method not exceeding 50 C at full speed, and 55 C at reduced speeds.

> 23 7500-1 FAN COIL UNITS

# 2.8 COILS

- A. All water coils are burst tested at 450 psig (air) and leak tested at 300 psig (air under water).
- B. Maximum main coil working pressure is 300 psig. Maximum entering water temperature is 200 F. Tubes and U-bends are 3/8" OD copper. Fins are aluminum and are mechanically bonded to the copper tubes. Connections are expanded to accept standard 3/8" OD copper tubing.

## 2.9 PIPING PACKAGES

- A. All piping packages are burst tested at 450 psig (air) and leak tested at 300 psig (air under water). The piping packages maximum working pressure is 300 psig.
- B. Piping package shall be designed so that any condensation is directed into the auxiliary drain pan. Insulation of piping package is not required. Stop valves shall be ball type.

## 2.10 FILTERS

A. Filters are concealed from sight and easily removable without displacing front panels and with no additional tools required. Filters shall be one-inch throwaway or one-inch pleated media throwaway.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Unit leveling and Drain Line Pitch: Set unit level by checking the casing. Provide a drain line pitch of one-inch drop per ten feet.
- B. Install unit in strict accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions.

END OF SECTION 23 7500.

### SECTION 23 7600 - CENTRIFUGAL POWER ROOF EXHAUST FANS

# PART 1 - GENERAL (Reference Section 230500)

#### 1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Provide where shown on plans exhaust fans as hereinafter specified. Reference the exhaust fan schedule on plans.
- B. Equivalent by Carnes, Cook, Greenheck, Penn, ACME, Powerline, JennAire.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 CENTRIFUGAL POWER ROOF VENTILATOR

- A. Centrifugal power roof exhaust fans shall be provided with ventilator covers of aluminum specifically designed to withstand high wind loads. Wheels 12" in diameter and larger shall have air foil or medium foil blades. The motor and drive compartment shall be positively externally ventilated. Drive components shall be isolated from the structure. Bearings shall be designed for 200,000 hours operation.
- B. Horsepower shall not exceed the values shown and oversize motors will not be acceptable.
- C. Ventilators shall be furnished with acceptable electrical disconnect and birdscreen. Single phase motors shall have integral overload protection. V-belt drives shall be adjustable. Furnish units in prime coat finish for field painting by G/C. Provide electric motorized backdraft dampers to open when fan motor is started.
- D. The fan wheel shall be centrifugal backward inclined, constructed of aluminum and shall include a wheel cone carefully matched to the inlet cone for precise running tolerances. Wheels shall be statically and dynamically balanced. The fan housing shall be constructed of heavy gauge aluminum with a rigid internal support structure.
- E. Motors shall be heavy duty ball bearing type, carefully matched to the fan load, and furnished at the specified voltage, phase and enclosure. Motors and drives shall be mounted on vibration isolators, out of the airstream.
- F. Fresh air for motor cooling shall be drawn into the motor compartment from an area free of discharge contaminants.
- G. Motors shall be readily accessible for maintenance and a means of inspecting, cleaning and servicing the exhaust fan.
- H. Drive frame assemblies shall be constructed of heavy gauge steel and mounted on vibration isolators.
- I. Precision ground and polished fan shafts shall be mounted in permanently sealed, lubricated pillow block ball bearings.
- J. Bearings shall be selected for a minimum of 150% of driven horsepower.
- K. Pulleys shall be of the fully machined cast iron type, keyed and securely attached to the wheel and motor shafts.
- L. Motor pulleys shall be adjustable for final system balancing.

M. A disconnect means shall be factory installed and wired from the fan motor within the motor compartment.

- N. All fans shall bear the AMCA Certified Ratings Seal for sound and air performance.
- O. Each fan shall bear a permanently affixed manufacturer's nameplate containing the model number and individual serial number for future identification.

# PART 3 – EXECUTION

# 3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Reference mechanical drawings for installation requirements.

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## SECTION 23 8100 - SCOTCH MARINE PACKAGED BOILERS

#### PART 1-GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Specifications, apply to this section.
- B. Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods sections apply to this section when so designed in the applicable contract documents.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY:

A. This specification applies to packaged, factory-assembled and tested, firetube steam boilers, trim, and accessories.

## 1.3 SUBMITTALS:

- A. Product Data Manufacturer's technical data shall be presented prior to start of fabrication in an organized submittal and shall include the following:
  - Boiler:
    - a. Product General Arrangement Drawing.
    - b. Rated capacities of selected models.
    - c. Product dimensions including required clearances.
    - d. Unit weights (shipping and operating).
  - 2. Boiler Controls, Trim, & Instrumentation:
    - a. Bills of Materials listing manufacturer, models, and quantity of supplied components.
    - b. Control Panel Layout Drawings.
    - c. Panel Controls and Indicators Layout Drawing.
    - d. Wiring schematics.
- B. Operating & Maintenance Instructions O & M manuals shall be compiled in an organized volume and submitted as a part of the original submittal. The manuals shall include the following:
  - 1. Pre-commissioning installation, checks, and adjustment instructions.
  - 2. Warranty information
  - 3. Maintenance data for components and system.
  - 4. Preventative maintenance schedules or recommendations.
  - 5. Vendor data or "cut sheets" on major components.
  - 6. Boiler General Arrangement Drawing.
  - 7. Piping & Instrument Diagrams.
  - 8. Control panel layout drawing.
  - 9. Instrument & Electrical component bill of material.
  - 10. Copy of ASME P-2, P-4, P-6, P-7, and U1A forms.

# 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

- A. Manufacturer's Qualifications:
  - 1. Manufacturer must be regularly engaged in the manufacture of scotch marine boilers of types and capacities required with products satisfactorily used in similar service for not less than 10 years.
  - 2. The manufacturer must have a written Quality Control manual and program which is currently maintained.

# Codes and Standards:

- 1. Boiler testing and rating will be in accordance with American Boiler Manufacturer's Association (ABMA) "Packaged Firetube Rating".
- 2. Minimum steady-state efficiency of boilers will not be less than prescribed by ASHRAE 90A "Energy Conservation in New Building Design".
- 3. High pressure boiler construction will be in accordance with American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME) Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code. Pressure vessels shall bear the appropriate ASME stamp.
- 4. Electrical installations shall comply with National Fire Prevention Association (NFPA) Code- 70 "The National Electrical Code".
- 5. Gas Fired-boiler installations shall be in accordance with National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Code 54 "National Fuel Gas Code".
- 6. Ancillary electrical components shall be Underwriters Laboratories (UL) listed and labeled.
- 7. The installation and equipment shall be in accordance with ASME CSD-1.
- 8. The installation and equipment shall be in accordance with NFPA 8501 when so designated in the applicable contract documents.
- 9. The installation and equipment shall be in accordance with Factory Mutual (FM) requirements when so designated in the applicable contract documents.
- 10. The installation and equipment shall be in accordance with local codes and other quidelines and requirements when specifically delineated in applicable contract documents.

# 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING:

- Packaged boiler critical envelope dimensions shall be provided to allow review for clearances prior to transport or insertion into restricted spaces.
- B. Exposed electrical components that may be subject to transportation damage due to ambient exposure shall be wrapped and isolated with appropriate elastomer or weatherproofing material at the factory.
- C. Exposed physical utility connections (flanges, pipe ends, etc.) shall be isolated for transport from ambient influences with appropriate blinds, caps, or weatherproofing materials.
- Manufacturer shall provide lifting lugs at points of crane or lift attachment. Lifting load (weight) shall be provided by the manufacturer.
- Water shall be drained from all water storage areas, piping systems, valves, and components prior to shipment.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS:

A. Available Manufacturers: Approved packaged firetube boiler manufacturers must be subject to and in compliance with this specification and other applicable contract requirements. Approved manufacturers include the following:

Johnston Boiler Co. York Shipley Global Cleaver Brooks

Only other pre approved equivalent that is listed by subsequent addendum

# 2.2 PACKAGED FIRETUBE BOILER

- A. Steam Boiler: The selected unit shall be a scotch marine packaged firetube steam boiler. The boiler (pressure vessel), burner, fuel and combustion air delivery systems, burner management systems, electrical control, and feedwater shall be specifically engineered as a compatible packaged system. The system, boiler, and accessories shall be factory mounted on a heavy steel base frame. Burner control panels will be shipped loose for remote mounting in the field. Solid supports or saddles should be used to attach and provide placement of the pressure vessel with the frame and package. The packaged unit shall be designed to be transported and installed with a minimum of field assembly required.
- B. General Boiler Specifications: The boiler shall be designed to provide reliable and consistent performance to the operating parameters as indicated in the schedules as indicated on the plans.

# C. Special Warranty

- 1. Boiler tubesheets, furnace and rear combustion chamber shall be warranted for a period of 15 years after installation, parts and labor included.
- 2. All other equipment shall be warranted for 1 year, parts only.

#### 2.3 BOILER SPECIFICATIONS

- A. Boiler (pressure vessel): The boilers shall be a four-pass waterback Scotch Marine type listed and rated by the American Boiler Manufacturers Association, Firetube Section. The boiler will be designed and built to comply with the latest ASME Code Rules for 150 lbs per square inch working pressure and be inspected and stamped by an authorized boiler inspector. The boiler design shall include the following features to provide optimized efficiency and unit life:
  - 1. The combustion chamber shall be fully submerged within the boiler water and four pass heated gas contact configuration.
  - 2. Boiler furnace tube shall be corrugated.
  - 3. The boiler shall have a minimum of five (5) square feet of heat transfer surface per rated boiler horsepower, measured on the fireside (ASME method calculation).
  - 4. The boiler shall be constructed with 12 gauge firetubes, <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" tube sheets and <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" ligament spacing.
  - 5. The boilers shall have two separate rear tube sheets with "water back" design.
  - 6. The boilers shall have tubes attached by prossering, roller expanding, and beading.
  - 7. Connections for bottom blowoffs shall be supplied on both ends of the boiler shell.
  - 8. Openings for trimmings and external connections shall be flanged and/or threaded.
  - 9. A minimum of five (5) hand holes and one manhole for thorough inspection and cleaning shall be provided.
  - 10. The boiler shall be equipped with a standby steam heating coil "belly heater" to maintain boiler temperature when offline without firing the burner. Steam sparger tubes are not acceptable.
  - 11. The boiler shall be equipped with a steam baffle to ensure steam quality and prevent water carry
  - 12. Gas tight inspection doors shall be provided.
  - 13. Boilers must bear ASME Stamp and be inspected under National Board Rules.

#### B. Front and Rear Flue Doors:

- 1. The boiler's front and rear flue doors shall be:
  - a. Hinged or davited for easy access and interference clearance.
  - b. Sealed with heat resistant gaskets.
  - c. Fastened with lugs or threaded studs with nuts and washers.
  - d. Designed so that front and rear tube sheets and all flues are accessible for inspection and cleaning when doors are open.
  - e. The doors shall be thermally insulated with ceramic fiber blanket insulation.

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- 2. Front and rear flue doors shall carry a full fifteen (15) year parts and labor warranty.
- C. Exhaust Gas Vent: Boilers shall have a flanged flue exhaust vent at the top front of the boiler. The vent is to include a 8" diameter stack thermometer and will be designed for convenient connection to flue or stack exhaust.
- D. Insulation and Jacket: The boiler shall be factory insulated around its full circumference with 2" thick fibrous, no asbestos containing, insulation. The insulation shall be held in place by spacer pins welded to the shell and covered by a corrosion resistant galvanneale sheet metal jacket. The jacket will be assembled with lock seam joints. Insulation shall also be provided on the boiler rear head. The jacket shall be designed and arranged to provide adequate support for personnel along the top centerline of the boiler to facilitate installation and inspection work.
- E. Boiler Trim: The boiler shall include the following control and accessory equipment (trim):
  - 1. Water Column complete with chain operated try cocks, reflex gauge glass, and water column blowdown valve.
  - Modulating Feedwater Control will be an integral part of the water column. The control will be selected to automatically actuate a motor driven feedwater valve to maintain boiler water level within normal limits.
  - Low Water Cutoff shall be an integral part of the water column. The LWCO shall be factory
    installed and wired into burner control circuits to prevent burner operation if water level falls below
    safe operating limits.
  - 4. Auxiliary Low Water Cutoff will be supplied. The ALWCO will be a second probe type low water cutoff, installed external to the pressure vessel to activate below the primary low water cut-off.
  - 5. A continuous surface water blowoff connection shall be provided with surface skimmer.
  - 6. Bottom blow down valves are to be provided when specified in the applicable contract documents. The blowdown valves will include one/two quick opening and one/two slow opening valve(s) factory mounted and hydro tested on the boiler or as required by code.
  - 7. Feedwater piping will be provided and will include a 3-valve bypass with electrically actuated modulating feedwater valve hydrostatically tested on the boiler and removed for shipping.
  - 8. Steam Pressure Gauge: Steam pressure gauge shall be located on the front end of the boiler. The gauge installation shall include siphon, shut-off cock and test connection. Gauge range shall suit the specified design pressure.
  - Steam Safety Valves shall be provided in types, sizes and quantities to comply with ASME Code requirements.
  - Steam Pressure Controls will be provided to regulate the burner operation and boiler output and safety.
  - 11. ASME piping and valve package to include feedwater and blowdown valves.
  - 12. Data Reports: The equipment supplier shall provide copies of data reports for boiler, steam piping spools per drawings, and steam isolation valves, ASME form P-2, P-4, P-6, and P-7 (when applicable).

#### 2.4 BURNER AND COMBUSTION CONTROLS

A. Burner Manufacturer: The boiler package shall include a high efficiency Limpsfield Combustion Model LCNO53 (NO ALTERNATES will be entertained). The Limpsfield burner shall have the following performance:

## **Natural Gas**

3 % O2 (or less) throughout the entire firing range. <10 ppm CO throughout the entire firing range. 10.5 % CO2 throughout the firing range.

#### #2 Fuel Oil

3.5 % O2 (or less) throughout the entire firing range. Smoke Number of 1 or less.
13.5 % CO2 throughout the firing range.

- B. Burner Design: The burner(s) will be a high efficiency, low O2, industrial forced draft burner design, suitable for firing Natural Gas and #2 Fuel Oil. Burner will use independently characterized fuel / air ratio curves for the rated capacity on each fuel. Combustion control will be accomplished using independent direct-coupled servomotors on the inlet air damper assembly and fuel valve(s) so that no mechanical linkages are required. A radial, split head design, gas distribution assembly will be used to facilitate adjustment of gas and air mixing efficiency. Burner will be selected specifically for firing the specified boiler design, and will comply with the required boiler output without any flame impingement on the boiler furnace surfaces.
- C. Burner Construction: The burner shall include the following construction features:
  - 1. Manufactured from a rigid steel fabrication and finished in powder-coated paint.
  - 2. Burner blast tube, combustion cone and diffuser will be constructed of high-grade high temperature stainless steel.
  - 3. Sight glass will be air cooled and provided at the front of the burner with minimum 8" diameter flame viewing port for clear view of combustion process.
  - 4. Flame Scanner shall be UV self-checking.
  - 5. Air louvers shall be integral to the burner housing and provided with pivoted bearings for limited hysteresis. Louvers will be a multi-bladed damper assembly operated via direct-coupled positioning servomotor.
  - 6. The burner diffuser, oil lance and complete combustion head assembly shall be removable from the burner without removal of the burner wind box from the boiler.
  - 7. The burner will operate quietly without pulsation; have turndown range on gas firing of at least 6 to
  - 8. High-energy spark ignition shall be accomplished at low fire or choke position light off. Direct spark ignition will be implemented using a separate gas pilot probe assembly. Oil light off will be accomplished without the requirement of pilot gas.
  - 9. Gas flow control to the burner will be controlled using a burner mounted butterfly valve specifically selected for the duty and operated via a direct coupled positioning servo motor accurate to 0.1 degrees angular, ensuring infinite repeatability.
  - 10.Oil control on the burner will be hydraulically operated to ensure absolutely no after burn, this will be achieved by a piston controlled shutoff valve closing directly on the nozzle outlet. The oil volume throughput will be controlled via a V-slot spill back valve, operated by an infinitely repeatable servomotor accurate to 0.1 degrees angular. The burner high-pressure nozzle will operate with a 363 psig supply pressure an manufactured from high alloy steel ensuring the best possible burn out behavior of variable oil quality.
  - 11.A separate forced draft fan mounted on the burner front will be electric motor driven of sufficient capacity at maximum firing rate to provide stoichiometric air for combustion plus 15% margin for safe combustion and control requirements. Static and total pressure capability will be coordinated with the requirements of the combustion air and boiler static pressure from fan inlet to stack outlet. The motor shall not be overloaded under any condition of operation. The fan shall be of rugged construction and dynamically balanced to prevent vibration. The fan wheel shall be backward inclined and direct connected to the correctly sized motor.
- 2.5 MAIN NATURAL GAS FUEL TRAIN

A. Natural Gas will be provided at minimum pressure of 5 psig and maximum pressure of 9 psig at the entrance to the fuel gas train.

- B. A gas pressure regulator will be provided that is adequately sized for the available gas pressure and will be capable of accurately controlling gas pressure to the burner throughout the firing range.
- C. High and low gas pressure manual reset gas pressure interlocks will be provided via the use of the burner controller and shall be logged by the burner management controller.
- D. Two electrically operated gas shutdown valves with proof of closure switches and automatic vent valve will be provided to positively prevent gas from entering the burner in the event of the opening of any boiler or combustion system limit switch. Safety shut off valves will be interlocked with the flame safeguard control.
- E. Gas trains will be designed to comply with UL/NFPA requirements as a minimum standard of acceptance. Manual shut off valves, leak test connections and pressure connections are to be provided in accordance with local code requirements.

#### 2.6 PILOT GAS FUEL TRAIN

- A. Natural Gas will be provided at pressure of 5 psig at the entrance to the pilot gas train.
- B. A gas pressure regulator will be provided that is adequately sized for the available gas pressure and will be capable of controlling gas pressure to the burner for pilot gas.
- C. Two electrically operated gas shutdown valves will be provided to positively prevent gas from entering the burner in the event of the opening of any boiler or combustion system limit switch. Safety shut off valves will be interlocked with the flame safeguard control.
- D. Pilot gas trains will be designed to comply with UL/NFPA requirements as a minimum standard of acceptance. Manual shut-off valves are to be provided in accordance with local code requirements.

### 2.7 OIL FUEL TRAIN

- A. Provide a burner mounted oil fuel train with two solenoid operated shut down valves to positively prevent oil from entering the burner in the event of the opening of any boiler or combustion system limit switch. NFPA approved safety shut off valves with proof of closure will be interlocked with the flame safeguard control.
- B. A positive displacement oil pump mounted on the boiler skid will be provided for mechanical atomization of the oil. The oil pump set will be provided with a manual gate valve, fuel oil filter or strainer and pressure gauge on the pressure side of the oil pump. The oil pump must be capable of supplying the correct volume of oil at low and high fire to allow for spillback losses though the burner control valves maintaining a constant pressure at the oil nozzle regardless of firing input.

# 2.8 BURNER CONTROL PANEL

- A. A NEMA 1 factory wired control cabinet will be supplied with each burner. The cabinet will be designed for mounting separate from the burner to meet site requirements. The control cabinet will house the Autoflame Mk 7 Micro Modulation fuel air ratio and flame safeguard control, 10.4" color touchscreen, water level controls, TDS/surface blowdown controls, expanded annunciator, programming purge timer, VFDs, fuses, relays, transformers, control switches and indicating lights. Panel will be provided with an air conditioning unit to cool and protect electrical components. Panel will be provided complete with the following features and functionality:
  - Individual lights with nameplates to indicate "Power On", "Fuel On", "Load Demand" and "Flame Failure".
  - 2. The following control switches will be provided as a minimum. "On / Off", "Hand / Auto / Low Fire Hold", "Fuel Curve Select", "Reset", Flame Failure Reset" and "Manual Increase / Decrease firing rate push buttons".
  - 3. All control and switchgear to safely operate the forced draft combustion fan, oil pump, run and fail indication lamps etc.
  - 4. Pre-ignition purge airflow rate shall be no less than 100% of the maximum firing rate airflow. Micro processor interlocks shall be provided to continuously monitor and prove airflow at all times during purge cycles and operation.
  - **5.** Electronic safety control shall be interlocked with a scanner signal providing continuously monitored and verified flame signal intensity by detection of ultraviolet radiation.
  - 6. The control panels will have installed Variable Speed Drives to control the forced draft fan to the burner. These will be monitored by a 4 20 mA input and output signal and checked continually and integrally by the "Micro Modulation Controller". Each VFD shall be rated for 115% of the full load amperage rating of the blower motor and will come with LCD panel display for ease of commissioning and fault finding while the control panel door is locked shut.
  - 7. The front of the panel-mounted control will consist of a 10.4" touch screen providing easy to read numeric and system graphical information. Separate displays will be individually selectable for the specific application to provide continuously updated information as follows:
    - a. Status Display Fuel Fired, Percent Firing Rate, Required Temperature Actual Temperature, Hours Run and Installed Software Issue.
    - b. Micro Modulation Degrees angular position of servo motors for Channels 1, 2, 3 and 4. Analogue input signals for channels 5 and 6. Designated O2 Trim Channel.
    - c. Exhaust O2 analysis On Line Values of O2, Exhaust Gas Temperature, Ambient Temperature, and Differential Temperature. The system will provide comparison of actual versus original commissioned values and will be displayed on demand locally and remotely.
    - d. Sequencing Status Boiler I.D number, Lead Boiler Designation, Reduced Set Point, Lag / Standby Firing Sequence and Current Boiler Status.
    - e. Variable Speed Vertical bar chart comparison display of analogue input and output from VFD on channels 5 and 6. Vertical bar chart display of percentage firing rate and comparison between commissioned and actual wind box air pressure.
    - f. Flame Safeguard Graphical display of current Flame Safeguard Sequence Logic with indication of current status showing flame intensity signal strength for flame, post purge time and actual position in cycle, pre purge time and actual position in cycle, combustion air damper / VFD Speed Position, current firing rate status, main fuel valve status (Open or Closed), pilot fuel valve status (Open or Closed), spark ignition status, combustion air fan (Running or Standby), lockout or run status message, lockout reset capability
    - g. Combustion Air Sensor Combustion air proving pressure sensor is specified and must be installed allowing a graphical display to indicate commissioned and on line pressures.
    - h. Lockout History Display of the last annunciated 16 limit circuit lockouts with description of lockout, time and date occurred and reset time and date.
  - 8. Oxygen Trim System- Provide a fully integrated system that will consist of a zirconium oxide probe

permanently installed in the boiler exhaust stack that will be data linked to the "Micro Modulation Controller" specified herein to continuously measure and display O2 percentage. The system will provide the necessary control signals via the "Micro Modulation Controller" to automatically adjust the air damper servo motor position and VFD ensuring that the commissioned values of O2 are maintained throughout the burner firing rate regardless of variations in stack pressure, fuel pressure boiler house temperature or barometric conditions.

- 9. Expansion Board Upgrade- to include the following features:
  - First out annunciation to monitor thermostats and switches. Provide with 15 inputs in a series control circuit.
  - b. Water level control via capacitance probes to measure and control the level switching points entered at commissioning. The provided probes will support 7 switch points (high level, 1<sup>st</sup> low level, 2<sup>nd</sup> low level, etc). The points will trigger feedwater activation, alarms and lockouts.
  - c. TDS/Surface Blowdown control to drain boiler water at surface if/when total dissolved solids level falls out of range as measured by capacitance probe installed by boiler manufacturer.

## 2.9 BUILDING MANAGEMENT SYSTEM INTEGRATION

- A. Provide a fully integrated "Data Transfer Interface (DTI)" with built in touchscreen. The DTI will be remote mounted and data linked to the "Micro Modulation Controller(s)" specified herein to continuously update, retrieve and make available for remote display and control the information stored in memory locally at the burner control panel as follows:
  - 1. Remote enable / disable control.
  - 2. Digital input / output signals via digital modules.
  - 3. Analogue input / output via analogue modules.
  - 4. Control relay status.
  - 5. Remote set point change.
  - 6. Hand and Low Fire Hold status.
  - 7. Lead boiler status.
  - 8. Remote lead boiler selection.
  - 9. On Line / Off Line status.
  - 10. Load index, firing rate in percentage.
  - 11. MM error numbers.
  - Burner lockout details.
  - 13. O2 Trim
  - 14. Servomotor / Fuel and Air angular positions.
  - 15. Number of MM units on the system.
  - 16. Full lockout and lockout reset (time and date) history.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION:

A. The Owner or Owner's Representative may inspect the order execution and job progress at the manufacturer's facility during normal business hours at any point during the design, procurement, and fabrication processes. A minimum forty-eight hour notification is required prior to the inspection. All aspects of the job execution may be inspected except those data, information, or processes considered by the manufacturers to be proprietary.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION:

A. Critical boiler installation dimensions and considerations shall be incorporated into and supplied by the manufacturer on equipment general arrangement drawings. Manufacturer, upon notification of

discrepancies or errors by the job site or others, will correct such drawings, dimensions, and considerations in a timely fashion and re-submit to all concerned.

- B. The Scotch Marine Packaged Firetube Boiler shall be designed to be installed on a 4" high concrete pad, 4" larger on each side than base of unit.
- C. Boiler trim or other items "shipped loose" for field assembly shall be designated as "ship loose" on equipment bills of material and shippers packing documents.
- D. Steam, fuel, and other connections: The location, size, and specifications for each applicable connection will be provided by the manufacturer's supplied boiler Piping & Instrument Diagram, boiler general arrangement drawing, and bills of material.
- D. Breeching: Manufacturer shall provide a fully flanged outlet connection for interface with the site supplied flue duct or stack equipment. Dimensions for the connection shall be provided in the boiler general arrangement drawing. The manufacturer will provide pertinent information delineating concerns, restrictions, or cautions associated with mating firetube boiler flue outlets with flue and stack systems not supplied by the boiler manufacturer.
- F. Electrical: Electrical connection and service requirements shall be provided and clearly designated in the manufacturer's electrical wiring diagrams.

#### 3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL:

- A. The manufacturer will provide completed ASME P-2 forms to assist in completion by others of any required on-site hydrostatic testing or other testing in accordance with applicable sections of ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code or other local codes.
- B. Manufacturer will provide a written procedure by which any field defects or deficiencies will be brought to the manufacturer's attention and by which the manufacturer will address such defects and deficiencies.

## 3.3 START-UP AND COMMISSIONING:

A. Equipment start-up and commissioning will be performed by a factory authorized technician and cost of services will be included in Contractor's bid.

# SECTION 23 8200 - CONDENSATE SURGE UNIT

#### PART 1-GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Specifications, apply to this section.
- B. Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods sections apply to this section when so designed in the applicable contract documents.

## 1.2 SUMMARY:

A. This specification applies to packaged, factory-assembled and tested, condensate surge tank, trim, and accessories.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS:

- A. Product Data Manufacturer's technical data shall be presented prior to start of fabrication in an organized submittal and shall include the following:
  - 1. Boiler:
    - a. Product General Arrangement Drawing.
    - b. Rated capacities of selected models.
    - c. Product dimensions including required clearances.
    - d. Unit weights (shipping and operating).
  - 2. Controls, Trim, & Instrumentation:
    - a. Bills of Materials listing manufacturer, models, and quantity of supplied components.
    - b. Control Panel Layout Drawings.
    - c. Panel Controls and Indicators Layout Drawing.
    - d. Wiring schematics.
- B. Operating & Maintenance Instructions O & M manuals shall be compiled in an organized volume and submitted as a part of the original submittal. The manuals shall include the following:
  - 1. Pre-commissioning installation, checks, and adjustment instructions.
  - 2. Warranty information
  - 3. Maintenance data for components and system.
  - 4. Preventative maintenance schedules or recommendations.
  - 5. Vendor data or "cut sheets" on major components.
  - 6. General Arrangement Drawing.
  - 7. Piping & Instrument Diagrams.
  - 8. Control panel layout drawing.
  - 9. Instrument & Electrical component bill of material.

# 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

- A. Manufacturer's Qualifications:
  - Manufacturer must be regularly engaged in the manufacture of similar equipment of types and capacities required with products satisfactorily used in similar service for not less than 10 years.
  - The manufacturer must have a written Quality Control manual and program which is currently maintained.

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## 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING:

- A. Critical envelope dimensions of surge tank shall be provided to allow review for clearances prior to transport or insertion into restricted spaces.
- B. Exposed electrical components that may be subject to transportation damage due to ambient exposure shall be wrapped and isolated with appropriate elastomer or weatherproofing material at the factory.
- C. Exposed physical utility connections (flanges, pipe ends, etc.) shall be isolated for transport from ambient influences with appropriate blinds, caps, or weatherproofing materials.
- D. Manufacturer shall provide lifting lugs at points of crane or lift attachment. Lifting load (weight) shall be provided by the manufacturer.
- E. Water shall be drained from all water storage areas, piping systems, valves, and components prior to shipment.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MANUFACTURERS:

A. Available Manufacturers: Approved packaged surge tank manufacturers must be subject to and in compliance with this specification and other applicable contract requirements. Approved manufacturers include the following:

**BSF** 

Cleaver Brooks

Only other pre approved equivalent that is listed by subsequent addendum

# 2.2 PACKAGED SURGE TANK

- A. Provide, where indicated on drawings and as defined by the schedule on the plans, a packaged condensate surge unit complete with stainless steel receiver tank, pumps, piping, trim valves, control panel all mounted on a structural steel support stand.
- B. Surge Tank Level shall be monitored by a unit mounted PLC with HMI display. Level shall be controlled via a PID control loop that modulates a control valve to maintain the level to a setpoint. Setpoint shall be entered and displayed HMI. Process and Control Variables shall also be displayed on the HMI.
- C. The PLC will include low level alarm, low level shutdown switch, high level alarm and high level shutdown Switch. If either the low level shutdown or high level shutdown switch is triggered, an alarm message with an audible alert will be activated. In the event of a high level shutdown, the water flow to the tank will be isloated. In the event of a low water shutdown the pumps will be shut off.
- D. Three pumps will deliver water from the surge tank to the deaerator. Pumps shall be controlled via the PLC and monitored at the HMI. Pumps shall operate using a Lead / Lag / Standby sequence. Each pump shall be configured as Lead, Lag, or Standby. Individual pump pressure and Lead / Lag / Standby status is to be monitored by the PLC and displayed at the HMI.

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- E. A PID instruction in the PLC will control water flow using a setpoint that is displayed and can be adjusted at the HMI. The control variable will be used to control automatic pump sequencing. The Lag Pump will start if the Lead Pump cannot maintain pressure based upon the PID Control Variable and Setpoints that are entered and displayed at the HMI. The Standby Pump should not be required to run at the same time as both the Lead and Lag Pumps. However, if both the Lead and Lag Pumps are running, the Standby Pump will start and stop based upon the PID Control Variable and Setpoints that are entered and displayed at the HMI.
- F. Each pump will include a retentive run timer that will allow the operator to view run time of each pump. This is to allow the operator to change Lead, Lag, and Standby status based on run time. The HMI will include a button to reset the run timers.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 **EXAMINATION:**

A. The Owner or Owner's Representative may inspect the order execution and job progress at the manufacturer's facility during normal business hours at any point during the design, procurement, and fabrication processes. A minimum forty-eight hour notification is required prior to the inspection. All aspects of the job execution may be inspected except those data, information, or processes considered by the manufacturers to be proprietary.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION:

- A. Critical installation dimensions and considerations shall be incorporated into and supplied by the manufacturer on equipment general arrangement drawings. Manufacturer, upon notification of discrepancies or errors by the job site or others, will correct such drawings, dimensions, and considerations in a timely fashion and re-submit to all concerned.
- B. The surge tank shall be designed to be installed on a 4" high concrete pad, 4" larger on each side than base of unit.
- C. Surge tank trim or other items "shipped loose" for field assembly shall be designated as "ship loose" on equipment bills of material and shippers packing documents.
- D. The location, size, and specifications for each applicable connection will be provided by the manufacturer's supplied Piping & Instrument Diagram, general arrangement drawing, and bills of material.
- E. Electrical: Electrical connection and service requirements shall be provided and clearly designated in the manufacturer's electrical wiring diagrams.

#### 3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL:

- A. The manufacturer will provide completed forms to assist in completion by others of any required on-site hydrostatic testing or other testing in accordance with applicable sections of ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code or other local codes.
- B. Manufacturer will provide a written procedure by which any field defects or deficiencies will be brought to the manufacturer's attention and by which the manufacturer will address such defects and deficiencies.

# 3.4 START-UP AND COMMISSIONING:

A. Equipment start-up and commissioning will be performed by a factory authorized technician and cost of services will be included in Contractor's bid.

## SECTION 23 8300 - DEAERATOR BOILER FEEDWATER UNIT

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Specifications, apply to this section.
- B. Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods sections apply to this section when so designed in the applicable contract documents.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY:

A. This specification applies to packaged, factory-assembled and tested, spray type deaerator boiler feedwater unit complete with trim, pumps, and accessories.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS:

- A. Product Data Manufacturer's technical data shall be presented prior to start of fabrication in an organized submittal and shall include the following:
  - Deaerator:
    - a. Product General Arrangement Drawing.
    - b. Rated capacities of selected models.
    - c. Product dimensions including required clearances.
    - d. Unit weights (shipping and operating).
  - 2. Controls, Trim, & Instrumentation:
    - a. Bills of Materials listing manufacturer, models, and quantity of supplied components.
    - b. Control Panel Layout Drawings.
    - c. Panel Controls and Indicators Layout Drawing.
    - d. Wiring schematics.
- B. Operating & Maintenance Instructions O & M manuals shall be compiled in an organized volume and submitted as a part of the original submittal. The manuals shall include the following:
  - 1. Pre-commissioning installation, checks, and adjustment instructions.
  - 2. Warranty information
  - 3. Maintenance data for components and system.
  - 4. Preventative maintenance schedules or recommendations.
  - 5. Vendor data or "cut sheets" on major components.
  - 6. General Arrangement Drawing.
  - 7. Piping & Instrument Diagrams.
  - 8. Control panel layout drawing.
  - 9. Instrument & Electrical component bill of material.

# 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

- A. Manufacturer's Qualifications:
  - Manufacturer must be regularly engaged in the manufacture of similar equipment of types and capacities required with products satisfactorily used in similar service for not less than 10 years.

2. The manufacturer must have a written Quality Control manual and program which is currently maintained.

# 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING:

- A. Critical envelope dimensions of surge tank shall be provided to allow review for clearances prior to transport or insertion into restricted spaces.
- B. Exposed electrical components that may be subject to transportation damage due to ambient exposure shall be wrapped and isolated with appropriate elastomer or weatherproofing material at the factory.
- C. Exposed physical utility connections (flanges, pipe ends, etc.) shall be isolated for transport from ambient influences with appropriate blinds, caps, or weatherproofing materials.
- D. Manufacturer shall provide lifting lugs at points of crane or lift attachment. Lifting load (weight) shall be provided by the manufacturer.
- E. Water shall be drained from all water storage areas, piping systems, valves, and components prior to shipment.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MANUFACTURERS:

A. Available Manufacturers: Approved packaged surge tank manufacturers must be subject to and in compliance with this specification and other applicable contract requirements. Approved manufacturers include the following:

**BSF** 

Cleaver Brooks

Only other pre approved equivalent that is listed by subsequent addendum

# 2.2 PACKAGED DEAERATOR

- A. Provide, where indicated on drawings and as defined by the schedule on the plans, a packaged spray type deaerator boiler feedwater unit complete with steel receiver tank, boiler feed pumps, piping, trim valves, control panel all mounted on a structural steel support stand.
- B. DA Tank Level shall be monitored by a unit mounted PLC with HMI display. Level shall be controlled via a PID control loop that modulates a control valve to maintain the level to a setpoint. Setpoint shall be entered and displayed HMI. Process and Control Variables shall also be displayed on the HMI.
- C. The PLC will include low level alarm, low level shutdown switch, high level alarm and high level shutdown Switch. If either the low level shutdown or high level shutdown switch is triggered, an alarm message with an audible alert will be activated. In the event of a high level shutdown, the water flow to the tank will be isloated. In the event of a low water shutdown the pumps will be shut off.
- D. Four pumps will deliver water from the DA tank to the boilers. Pumps shall be controlled via the PLC and monitored at the HMI. Pumps shall operate using a Lead / Lag / Standby1 / Standby2 sequence. Each pump shall be configured as Lead, Lag, Standby1 or Standby2. Individual pump pressure and Lead / Lag / Standby status is to be monitored by the PLC and displayed at the HMI.
- E. A PID instruction in the PLC will control water flow using a setpoint that is displayed and can be adjusted at the HMI. The control variable will be used to control automatic pump sequencing.

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The Lag Pump will start if the Lead Pump cannot maintain pressure based upon the PID Control Variable and Setpoints that are entered and displayed at the HMI. The Standby Pump should not be required to run at the same time as both the Lead and Lag Pumps. However, if both the Lead and Lag Pumps are running, the Standby Pump will start and stop based upon the PID Control Variable and Setpoints that are entered and displayed at the HMI.

F. Each pump will include a retentive run timer that will allow the operator to view run time of each pump. This is to allow the operator to change Lead, Lag, and Standby status based on run time. The HMI will include a button to reset the run timers.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION:

A. The Owner or Owner's Representative may inspect the order execution and job progress at the manufacturer's facility during normal business hours at any point during the design, procurement, and fabrication processes. A minimum forty-eight hour notification is required prior to the inspection. All aspects of the job execution may be inspected except those data, information, or processes considered by the manufacturers to be proprietary.

## 3.2 INSTALLATION:

- A. Critical installation dimensions and considerations shall be incorporated into and supplied by the manufacturer on equipment general arrangement drawings. Manufacturer, upon notification of discrepancies or errors by the job site or others, will correct such drawings, dimensions, and considerations in a timely fashion and re-submit to all concerned.
- B. The surge tank shall be designed to be installed on a 4" high concrete pad, 4" larger on each side than base of unit.
- C. Surge tank trim or other items "shipped loose" for field assembly shall be designated as "ship loose" on equipment bills of material and shippers packing documents.
- D. The location, size, and specifications for each applicable connection will be provided by the manufacturer's supplied Piping & Instrument Diagram, general arrangement drawing, and bills of material.
- E. Electrical: Electrical connection and service requirements shall be provided and clearly designated in the manufacturer's electrical wiring diagrams.

#### 3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL:

- A. The manufacturer will provide completed forms to assist in completion by others of any required on-site hydrostatic testing or other testing in accordance with applicable sections of ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code or other local codes.
- B. Manufacturer will provide a written procedure by which any field defects or deficiencies will be brought to the manufacturer's attention and by which the manufacturer will address such defects and deficiencies.

# 3.3 START-UP AND COMMISSIONING:

A. Equipment start-up and commissioning will be performed by a factory authorized technician and cost of services will be included in Contractor's bid.

#### SECTION 23 8400 - HVAC WATER TREATMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL (Reference Section 230500)

## 1.1 CHILLED WATER AND STEAM SYSTEM CHEMICAL TREATMENT

- A. Chemical treatment shall be provided for the steam system and condenser water system thru the use of the new chemical injection equipment as indicated on the plans.
- B. Chemical treatment shall be provided for the closed loop chilled water system and the closed loop hot water system using "pot feeders" as indicated on the plans.
- C. The Contractor shall be responsible to provide appropriate chemical treatment throughout the duration of construction. Upon completion of construction, the Owner will take over the chemical treatment program.
- D. The Contractor shall be responsible to coordinate system shutdowns and startups with chemical treatment personnel to allow for proper treatment of the systems.
- E. The existing chemical treatment contractor, currently utilized by the State of Kansas for their current main steam plant, shall be responsible to provide all equipment, as indicated on the plans, and all additional chemical for the proper treatment of the systems as required by this project. Coordinate with the Owner and include, in the base bid, all costs associated with equipment and chemicals for proper system treatment
- F. The Contractor shall properly clean and flush all systems and associated equipment once all new system components have been installed. Procedures for cleaning and flushing shall be provided by the chemical treatment provider. The Contractor shall implicitly follow the direction of chemical treatment provider so as to properly clean out and flush the systems and equipment.
- G. The chemical treatment provider is:

Wade Hutcheson 14006 S Cottonwood Drive Olathe, KS 66062

Office: (763) 689-3636 extension 328

Mobile: (913) 375-6373

whutcheson@uswaterservices.com

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## SECTION 23 8500 - WATER CHILLERS

# PART 1 - GENERAL (Reference Section 230500)

- 1.1 Install where indicated on drawings, water cooled chillers as indicated on drawings.
  - A. Two chillers shall be removed from the Docking State Office Building and transported to and installed in the new Kansas Energy Center and one chiller shall be removed from the Eisenhower State Office Building and transported to and installed in the new Kansas Energy Center.
  - B. The Contractor shall coordinate efforts with the Owner's maintenance staff to disconnect, protect, transport and place these existing chillers.

# 1.2 SUBMITTALS

A. Submit manufacturer's installation instructions.

#### 1.3 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA

- A. Submit operation and maintenance data.
- B. Include start-up instructions, maintenance data, controls, and accessories.

## 1.4 STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Comply with manufacturer's installation instructions for rigging, unloading, and transporting units.
- B. Protect units from physical damage. Factory coil shipping covers shall be kept in place until installation.
- C. Unit controls shall be capable of withstanding 203 Deg F (95 Deg C) storage temperatures in the control compartment for an indefinite period of time.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS - Not Applicable

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Align chiller package on concrete foundations.
- C. Install units on neoprene vibration isolators.
- D. Connect to electrical service.
- E. Connect to chilled water piping.
- F. Arrange piping for easy dismantling to permit tube cleaning.

# 3.2 MANUFACTURER'S FIELD SERVICES

A. Supply service of factory trained representative for a period of one day to supervise testing, start-up, and instruction on operation and maintenance to Owner.

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B. Owner instruction by factory-trained representative shall be professionally video taped in digital format. Training video recording shall be submitted to and become the property of the Owner.

C. Supply charge of refrigerant R 134a and oil as required to assure each chiller is fully charged...

## SECTION 23 9100 - HVAC INSTRUMENTATION AND CONTROLS

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. System commissioning is a part of the construction process. Documentation and testing of systems, as well as training of the Owner's operation and maintenance personnel, is required. Final Completion is dependent on successful completion of all commissioning procedures, documentation, and issue closure.

# 1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. ACP: Area Control Panel.
- B. DDC: Direct-digital controls.
- C. LAN: Local area network.
- D. MS/TP: Master-slave/token-passing.
- E. PICS: Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement.
- F. PC: Personal Computer.
- G. BIBBS: BACnet Interoperability Building Blocks.
- H. TCP/IP: Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol.
- I. EMCS: Energy Management Control System.
- J. RCAS: Reserve Component Automation System.

# 1.3 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Provide additions to the existing Control Systems as indicated on plans. These additions shall be by Johnson Controls, and shall be acquired via the existing State contract that the Capitol Complex has with Johnson Controls, State contract #33634. Johnson Controls will contract directly with the Capitol Complex for the required Building Automation and Control Systems modifications, and will not flow through the General and Mechanical Contracts. The General and Mechanical Contractors will be required to coordinate with Johnson Controls on this project. The system s hall be complete in all respects including labor, materials, equipment, and services necessary, and shall be installed by personnel regularly employed by Johnson Controls.
- B. All automation and control components shall be integrated into a distributed network system communicating over a nonproprietary local area network. This system shall consist of field Standalone Direct Digital Controllers (DDC), Smart Local DDC's and interface into existing PC based operator workstations.
- 1.4 SEQUENCE OF OPERATION (SEE PLANS)

# 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Include manufacturer's technical literature for each control device. Indicate dimensions, capacities, performance characteristics, electrical characteristics, finishes for materials, and installation and startup instructions for each type of product indicated.
  - 1. Each control device labeled with setting or adjustable range of control.
- B. Shop Drawings: Detail equipment assemblies for each DDC and/or pneumatic control system and indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
  - 1. Schematic flow diagrams showing fans, pumps, coils, dampers, valves, and control devices. Included shall be diagrams depicting the system architecture complete with a communications riser.
  - 2. Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and point-to-point control wiring diagrams. Differentiate between manufacturer-installed and field-installed wiring.
  - 3. Details of control panel faces, including controls, instruments, and labeling.
  - 4. Written description of sequence of operation.
  - 5. Schedule of dampers including size, leakage, and flow characteristics.
  - 6. Schedule of valves including leakage and flow characteristics.
  - 7. Trunk cable schematic showing programmable control unit locations and trunk data conductors.
  - 8. Listing of connected data points, including connected control unit and input device.
  - 9. System graphics indicating monitored systems, data (connected and calculated) point addresses, and operator notations.
  - 10. System configuration showing peripheral devices, batteries, power supplies, diagrams, modems, and interconnections.
- C. ANSI/ASHRAE 135 BACnet Statement: PICS for each DDC system component (panel, zone controller (at VAV terminals), field devices, and operator workstation) proposed.
- D. Samples: For each color required, of each type of thermostat cover.
- E. Software and Firmware Operational Documentation: Include the following:
  - 1. Software operating and upgrade manuals.
  - 2. Program Software Backup: On a magnetic media or compact disc, complete with data files.
  - Device address list.
  - 4. Printout of software application and graphic screens.
  - 5. Software license required by and installed for DDC workstations and control systems. All software shall be licensed in the name of the Owner.
- F. Software Upgrade Kit: For Authorized Representative to use in modifying software to suit future power system revisions or monitoring and control revisions.
- G. Field Test Reports: Indicate and interpret test results for compliance with performance requirements.
- H. Maintenance Data: For systems to include in maintenance manuals specified in Division 1. Include the following:
  - 1. Maintenance instructions and lists of spare parts for each type of control device.
  - 2. Interconnection wiring diagrams with identified and numbered system components and devices.
  - 3. Keyboard illustrations and step-by-step procedures indexed for each operator function.

- 4. Inspection period, cleaning methods, cleaning materials recommended, and calibration tolerances.
- 5. Calibration records and list of set points.
- I. Qualification Data: For firms and persons specified in "Quality Assurance" Article.
- J. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of control components, including control units, thermostats, and sensors. Revise Shop Drawings to reflect actual installation and operating sequences.

## 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who is a certified installer of the BAS control system manufacturer for both installation and maintenance of units required for this Project and shall include all necessary debugging and calibration of each component of the system.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: A firm experienced in manufacturing automatic temperature-control systems similar to those indicated for this Project and with a record of successful in-service performance. Equipment and Installer shall have a support facility within 100 miles of the site with technical support staff, spare parts inventory and all necessary test and diagnostic equipment.
- C. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- D. Underwriters Laboratory (UL 916).
- E. FCC Regulation, Part 15, Section 156.
- F. National Electric Manufacturers Associations (NEMA).
- G. Building Officials and Code Administrator's International (BOCA) Mechanical Code.
- H. Comply with NFPA 90A, "Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilation Systems."
- I. Comply with ASHRAE 135 for DDC system control components.
- J. Year-2000 Compliant: Computer hardware and software shall be capable of accurately processing, providing, and receiving date data from, into, and between the twentieth and twenty-first centuries, including leap-year calculations.

## 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Factory-Mounted Components: Where control devices specified in this Section are indicated to be factory mounted on equipment, arrange for shipping of control devices to unit manufacturer.

### 1.8 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate location of thermostats, and other exposed control sensors with plans and room details before installation.
- B. Coordinate supply of conditioned electrical circuits for control units and operator workstation.

# 1.9 WORK BY OTHERS

A. Contractor Responsibilities/Coordination with building Automation and Control System Contractor. It shall be the responsibility of the General, Mechanical, and Electrical Contractors to coordinate with the Capitol Complex BACS contractor, Johnson Control, to procure a fully functional mechanical system. Responsibilities of the Contractors are as follows:

#### B. Sheet Metal Subcontractor:

- 1. Setting of automatic control dampers, and blank off plates.
- 2. Access doors where and as required.
- 3. Provide necessary mechanical equipment submittals to Johnson Controls.

# C. Piping Contractor:

- 1. Installation of immersion wells.
- 2. Installation of flow switches.
- 3. Setting of automatic control valves.
- 4. Installation of pressure tappings and associated shut-off cocks.
- 5. Provide necessary mechanical equipment submittals to Johnson Controls.

#### D. Electrical Contractor:

- All power wiring and line voltage interlock wiring such as exhaust fan interlocked to supply fan.
- 2. All control wiring specifically shown on electric plans, such as unit heater room thermostats.
- 3. Provide submittal drawings to the BACS contractor on any items that will require and interface between the two.

#### E. Electrical Work for Controls:

- 1. All electrical work for automatic controls, except as otherwise specified, or shown on the electrical drawings shall be included in this Division by Johnson Controls.
- 2. Electrical work shall, in general, comply with the following:
  - All low voltage wiring in finished rooms shall be concealed below working heights and exposed above.
  - b. Electrical work may include both line voltage and low voltage wiring, as required.
  - Conduit network from power systems may be used for running control high voltage wiring.
  - d. All electrical work shall comply with the NEC and the local electrical codes.
  - e. All safety devices shall be wired through both hand and auto positions of motor starting device to insure 100% safety shut-off.
  - f. All magnetic starters furnished by Electrical Contractor for mechanical equipment shall be furnished with integral control transformers, sized to handle the additional VA needed for the controls – pilots, EP valves, etc.
  - g. The motor starter supplier shall provide auxiliary contacts as required for interlock by BACS Contractor, the supplier shall estimate an allowance of at least one auxiliary contract per starter. All interlock and control wiring shown on the electrical prints is by the electrical subcontractor.

# 1.10 GUARANTEE

A. All components, parts and assemblies shall be guaranteed against defects in material and workmanship for a period of one year after acceptance. Expressed warranties are conditionally based on the requirement that the items covered within the guarantee are used and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Guarantee commences at the time of acceptance and continues for the previously indicated duration. Individual or aggregate beneficial use shall bean that the Owner's operators are able to use the System and receive reliable information from inputs and outputs completed by the Building Automation Contractor.

B. The following procedures shall govern the guarantee period. Within thirty (30) days after the Owner is receiving beneficial use of approved operation, the Building Automation Contractor shall initiate the guarantee period by formally transmitting to the Owner commencement notification of the period of the system(s), subsystem(s) and devices previously accepted. Guarantee notification will be formally transmitted in like manner for subsequent phases or portions thereof which remain incomplete at the time of initial notification.

### 1.11 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
- B. Replacement Materials: One replacement diaphragm or relay mechanism for each unique valve motor, controller, thermostat and positioning relay.
- C. Spare points on individual controllers will not be required; however, the entire system must have the ability to be expanded in the future through the addition of application specific controllers.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 GENERAL

A. Provide products compatible with existing automatic temperature controls and as required for a complete and functional system as indicated on plans.

## 2.2 STATUS AND SAFETY SWITCHES

# A. General Requirements

1. Switches shall be provided to monitor equipment status, safety conditions, and generate alarms at the FMS when a failure or abnormal condition occurs. Safety switches shall be provided with two sets of contacts and shall be interlock wired to shut down respective equipment.

## B. Current Sensing Switches

- The current sensing switch shall be self-powered with solid state circuitry and a dry contact output. It shall consist of a current transformer, a solid state current sensing circuit, adjustable trip point, solid state switch, SPDT relay, and an LED indicating the on or off status. A conductor of the load shall be passed through the window of the device. It shall accept over-current up to twice its trip point range.
- 2. Current sensing switches shall be used for run status for fans, pumps, and other miscellaneous motor loads.
- 3. Current sensing switches shall be calibrated to show a positive run status only when the motor is operating under load. A motor running with a broken belt or coupling shall indicate a negative run status.

# C. Air Flow Switches

1. Differential pressure flow switches shall be bellows actuated mercury switches or snap acting micro-switches with appropriate scale range and differential adjustment for intended service.

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# 2.3 HVAC OUTPUT DEVICES

#### A. Actuators

- 1. General Requirements
  - Damper and valve actuators shall be electronic.
- 2. Electronic Damper Actuators
  - a. Electronic damper actuators shall be direct shaft mount.
  - b. Modulating and two-position actuators shall be provided as required by the sequence of operations. Damper sections shall be sized based on actuator manufacturer's recommendations for face velocity, differential pressure and damper type. The actuator mounting arrangement and spring return feature shall permit normally open or normally closed positions of the dampers, as required. All actuators (except terminal units) shall be furnished with mechanical spring return unless otherwise specified in the sequences of operations. All actuators shall have external adjustable stops to limit the travel in either direction, and a gear release to allow manual positioning.
  - c. Modulating actuators shall accept 24 VAC or VDC power supply, consume no more than 15 VA, and be UL listed. The control signal shall be 2-10 VDC or 4-20 mA, and the actuator shall provide a clamp position feedback signal of 2-10 VDC. The feedback signal shall be independent of the input signal and may be used to parallel other actuators and provide true position indication. The feedback signal of one damper actuator for each separately controlled damper shall be wired back to a terminal strip in the control panel for trouble-shooting purposes.
  - d. Two-position or open/closed actuators shall accept 24 or 120 VAC power supply and be UL listed. Isolation, smoke, exhaust fan, and other dampers, as specified in the sequence of operations, shall be furnished with adjustable end switches to indicate open/closed position or be hard wired to start/stop associated fan. Two-position actuators, as specified in sequences of operations as "quick acting," shall move full stroke within 20 seconds. All smoke damper actuators shall be quick acting.
  - e. Acceptable manufacturers: Johnson Controls, Belimo

# 3. Electronic Valve Actuators

- Electronic valve actuators shall be manufactured by the valve manufacturer.
- b. Each actuator shall have current limiting circuitry incorporated in its design to prevent damage to the actuator.
- c. Modulating and two-position actuators shall be provided as required by the sequence of operations. Actuators shall provide the minimum torque required for proper valve close-off against the system pressure for the required application. The valve actuator shall be sized based on valve manufacturer's recommendations for flow and pressure differential. All actuators shall fail in the last position unless specified with mechanical spring return in the sequence of operations. The spring return feature shall permit normally open or normally closed positions of the valves, as required. All direct shaft mount rotational actuators shall have external adjustable stops to limit the travel in either direction.
- d. Modulating Actuators shall accept 24 VAC or VDC and 120 VAC power supply and be UL listed. The control signal shall be 2-10 VDC or 4-20 mA and the actuator shall provide a clamp position feedback signal of 2-10 VDC. The feedback signal shall be independent of the input signal, and may be used to parallel other actuators and provide true position indication. The feedback signal of each valve actuator (except terminal valves) shall be wired back to a terminal strip in the control panel for troubleshooting purposes.

e. Two-position or open/closed actuators shall accept 24 or 120 VAC power supply and be UL listed. Butterfly isolation and other valves, as specified in the sequence of operations, shall be furnished with adjustable end switches to indicate open/closed position or be hard wired to start/stop the associated pump or chiller.

# B. Control Dampers

- 1. The FMS Contractor shall furnish all automatic dampers. All automatic dampers shall be sized for the application by the FMS Contractor or as specifically indicated on the Drawings.
- 2. All dampers used for throttling airflow shall be of the opposed blade type arranged for normally open or normally closed operation, as required. The damper is to be sized so that, when wide open, the pressure drop is a sufficient amount of its close-off pressure drop to shift the characteristic curve to near linear.
- 3. All dampers used for two-position, open/close control shall be parallel blade type arranged for normally open or closed operation, as required.
- 4. Damper frames and blades shall be constructed of either galvanized steel or aluminum. Maximum blade length in any section shall be 48". Damper blades shall be 16-gauge minimum and shall not exceed six (6) inches in width. Damper frames shall be 16-gauge minimum hat channel type with corner bracing. Additional stiffening or bracing shall be provided for any section exceeding 48" in height. All damper bearings shall be made of stainless steel or oil-impregnated bronze. Dampers shall be tight closing, low leakage type, with synthetic elastomer seals on the blade edges and flexible stainless steel side seals. Dampers of 48" x 48" size shall not leak in excess of 8.5 cfm per square foot when closed against 4" w.g. static pressure when tested in accordance with AMCA Std. 500.
- 5. Air foil blade dampers of double skin construction with linkage out of the air stream shall be used whenever the damper face velocity exceeds 1500 FPM or system pressure exceeds 2.5" w.g., but no more than 4000 FPM or 6" w.g. Acceptable manufacturers are Johnson Controls D-1300, Ruskin CD50, and Vent Products 5650.
- 6. One piece rolled blade dampers with exposed or concealed linkage may be used with face velocities of 1500 FPM or below.
- 7. Acceptable manufacturers are: Johnson Controls D-1100, Ruskin CD36, and Vent Products 5800.
- 8. Multiple section dampers may be jack-shafted to allow mounting of direct connect electronic actuators. Each end of the jack shaft shall receive at least one actuator to reduce jack shaft twist.

# C. Control Relays

- 1. Control Pilot Relays
  - a. Control pilot relays shall be of a modular plug-in design with retaining springs or clips.
  - b. Mounting bases shall be snap-mount.
  - c. DPDT, 3PDT, or 4PDT relays shall be provided, as appropriate for application.
  - d. Contacts shall be rated for 10 amps at 120VAC.
  - e. Relays shall have an integral indicator light and check button.
  - f. Acceptable manufacturers: Johnson Controls, Lectro

#### D. Control Valves

All automatic control valves shall be fully proportioning and provide near linear heat transfer control. The valves shall be quiet in operation and fail-safe open, closed, or in their last position. All valves shall operate in sequence with another valve when required by the sequence of operations. All control valves shall be sized by the control manufacturer, and shall be guaranteed to meet the heating and cooling loads, as specified. All control valves shall be suitable for the system flow conditions and close against the differential pressures involved. Body pressure rating and connection type (sweat, screwed, or flanged) shall conform to the pipe schedule elsewhere in this Specification.

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- 2. Chilled water control valves shall be modulating plug, ball, and/or butterfly, as required by the specific application. Modulating water valves shall be sized per manufacturer's recommendations for the given application. In general, valves (2 or 3-way) serving variable flow air handling unit coils shall be sized for a pressure drop equal to the actual coil pressure drop, but no less than 5 PSI.
- Modulating plug water valves of the single-seat type with equal percentage flow characteristics shall be used for all hot and chilled water applications, except those described hereinafter. The valve discs shall be composition type. Valve stems shall be stainless steel.
- 4. Ball or Globe valves shall be acceptable for water terminal reheat coils, radiant panels, unit heaters, package air conditioning units, and fan coil units.
  - a. Globe Valves NPS 2 and Smaller: Bronze body, bronze trim, rising stem, renewable composition disc, and screwed ends with backseating capacity replaceable under pressure.
  - b. Globe Valves NPS 2 ½" and Larger: Iron body, bronze trim, rising stem, plug-type disc, flanged ends, and renewable seat and disc
  - c. Hydronic system globe valves shall have the following characteristics:
    - 1) Rating: Class 125 for service at 125 psig and 250 degrees F operating conditions
    - 2) Internal Construction: Replaceable plugs and seats of stainless steel or brass. Single-seated valves with cage trim provides seating and guiding surfaces for plug on top and bottom of guide plugs. Double-seated valves with balancing plug; caged trim provides seating and guiding surfaces for plugs on top and bottom of guided plugs.
  - d. Sizing: 3-psig maximum pressure drop at design flow rate.
  - e. Flow characteristics: Two-way valves shall have equal percentage characteristics. Operators shall close valves against pump shutoff head.

# E. Electronic Signal Isolation Transducers

- 1. A signal isolation transducer shall be provided whenever an analog output signal from the Facility Management System is to be connected to an external control system as an input (such as a chiller control panel), or is to receive as an input signal from a remote system.
- 2. The signal isolation transducer shall provide ground plane isolation between systems.
- 3. Signals shall provide optical isolation between systems.

#### 2.4 HVAC MISCELLANEOUS DEVICES

### A. Local Control Panels

- All control panels shall be factory constructed, incorporating the FMS manufacturer's standard designs and layouts. All control panels shall be UL inspected and listed as an assembly and carry a UL 508 label listing compliance. Control panels shall be fully enclosed, with sub-panel, hinged door, and key-locking latch.
- 2. In general, the control panels shall consist of the DDC controller(s), display module, and I/O devices—such as relays, transducers, and so forth—that are not required to be located external to the control panel due to function. The display module shall be flush mounted in the panel face unless otherwise noted.
- 3. All I/O connections on the DDC controller shall be extended to a numbered, color-coded, and labeled terminal strip for ease of maintenance and expansion. Wiring to I/O devices shall be made from this terminal strip.
- 4. All other wiring in the panel, internal and external, shall be made to additional line or low voltage color-coded and labeled terminal strips. Low and line voltage wiring shall be segregated. All terminal strips and wiring shall be UL listed, 300-volt service and provide adequate clearance for field wiring.

- 5. All wiring for every control panel shall follow a common color-coded format. All terminal strip color coding and numbering shall follow a common format. All wiring shall be neatly installed in plastic trays or tie-wrapped.
- 6. A convenience 120 VAC duplex receptacle shall be provided in each enclosure, fused on/off power switch, and required transformers.

## B. Power Supplies

- 1. DC power supplies shall be sized for the connected device load. Total rated load shall not exceed 75% of the rated capacity of the power supply.
- 2. Input: 120 VAC +10%, 60Hz.
- 3. Output: 24 VDC.
- 4. Line Regulation: +0.05% for 10% line change.
- 5. Load Regulation: +0.05% for 50% load change.
- 6. Ripple and Noise: 1 mV rms, 5 mV peak to peak.
- 7. An appropriately sized fuse and fuse block shall be provided and located next to the power supply.
- 8. A power disconnect switch shall be provided next to the power supply.

#### C. Thermostats

1. Electric room thermostats of the heavy-duty type shall be provided for unit heaters, cabinet unit heaters, and ventilation fans, where required. All these items shall be provided with concealed adjustment. Finish of covers for all room-type instruments shall match and, unless otherwise indicated or specified, covers shall be manufacturer's standard finish.

#### 2.5 CONTROL CABLE

A. Electronic and Fiber-Optic Cable for Control Wiring: As specified in Division 16 Section "Control/Signal Transmission Media."

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that conditioned power supply is available to control units and operator workstation.
- B. Verify that duct-, pipe-, and equipment-mounted devices and wiring and pneumatic piping are installed before proceeding with installation.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install equipment level and plumb.
- B. Install software in control units and operator workstation. Implement all features of programs to specified requirements and as appropriate to sequence of operation.
- C. Connect and configure equipment and software to achieve sequence of operation specified.
- D. Verify location of thermostats, humidistats, and other exposed control sensors with plans and room details before installation. Locate all 60 inches above the floor.
  - 1. Install averaging elements in ducts and plenums in crossing or zigzag pattern.
- E. Install guards on thermostats in the following locations:
  - Entrances.

- 2. Public areas.
- Where indicated.
- F. Install automatic dampers according to Section 15820 "Duct Accessories."
- G. Install damper motors on outside of duct in warm areas, not in locations exposed to outdoor temperatures.
- H. Install labels and nameplates to identify control components according to Section 15050 "Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods."
- I. Install labels and nameplates to identify control components according to Section 15075 "Mechanical Identification."
- J. Install hydronic instrument wells, valves, and other accessories according to Section 15181 "Hydronic Piping."
- K. Install duct volume-control dampers according to Division 15 Sections specifying air ducts.
- L. Install electronic and fiber-optic cables according to Division 16 Section "Control/Signal Transmission Media."

#### 3.3 ELECTRICAL WIRING AND CONNECTION INSTALLATION

- A. Install raceways, boxes, and cabinets according to Division 16 Section "Raceways and Boxes."
- B. Install building wire and cable according to Division 16 Section "Conductors and Cables."
- C. Install signal and communication cable according to Division 16 Section "Control/Signal Transmission Media."
  - Conceal cable, except in mechanical rooms and areas where other conduit and piping are exposed.
  - 2. Install exposed cable in raceway.
  - 3. Install concealed cable in raceway.
  - 4. Bundle and harness multiconductor instrument cable in place of single cables where several cables follow a common path.
  - 5. Fasten flexible conductors, bridging cabinets and doors, along hinge side; protect against abrasion. Tie and support conductors.
  - 6. Number-code or color-code conductors for future identification and service of control system, except local individual room control cables.
- D. Connect hand-off-auto selector switches to override automatic interlock controls when switch is in hand position.

# 3.4 CONNECTIONS

- A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 15 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
  - 1. Install piping adjacent to machine to allow service and maintenance.
- B. Ground equipment.
  - Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to manufacturer's published torquetightening values. If manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A and UL 486B.

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#### 3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect field-assembled components and equipment installation, including piping and electrical connections. Report results in writing.
  - 1. Operational Test: After electrical circuitry has been energized, start units to confirm proper unit operation. Remove malfunctioning units, replace with new units, and retest.
  - 2. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment, and retest.
  - 3. Calibration test electronic controllers by disconnecting input sensors and stimulating operation with compatible signal generator.
- B. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to perform startup service.
- C. Replace damaged or malfunctioning controls and equipment.
  - 1. Start, test, and adjust control systems.
  - Demonstrate compliance with requirements, including calibration and testing, and control sequences.
  - 3. Adjust, calibrate, and fine tune circuits and equipment to achieve sequence of operation specified.

# D. Verify DDC as follows:

- 1. Verify software including automatic restart, control sequences, scheduling, reset controls, and occupied/unoccupied cycles.
- 2. Verify operation of operator workstation.
- 3. Verify local control units including self-diagnostics.

### 3.6 DEMONSTRATION

- A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Authorized Representative's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain control systems and components.
  - 1. Train Authorized Representative's maintenance personnel on procedures and schedules for starting and stopping, troubleshooting, servicing, and maintaining equipment and schedules.
  - 2. Provide operator training on data display, alarm and status descriptors, requesting data, executing commands, calibrating and adjusting devices, resetting default values, and requesting logs. Include a minimum of 24 hours' dedicated instructor time on-site.
  - 3. Review data in maintenance manuals. Refer to Section 01770 "Project Closeout."
  - 4. Schedule training with Authorized Representative, through Architect, with at least seven days' advance notice.
  - Training of the Owner's operation and maintenance personnel is required in cooperation with the Commissioning Consultant. A training agenda shall be prepared by the Contractor and approved by the Commissioning Consultant prior to training performance.

# 3.7 ON-SITE ASSISTANCE

A. Occupancy Adjustments: Within one year of date of Substantial Completion, provide up to three Project site visits, when requested by Authorized Representative, to adjust and calibrate components and to assist Authorized Representative's personnel in making program changes and in adjusting sensors and controls to suit actual conditions.

END OF SECTION 23 9100

# SECTION 23 9500 - TESTING, ADJUSTING, AND BALANCING FOR HVAC

# PART 1 - GENERAL (REFERENCE SECTION 230500)

#### 1.1 TESTING AND BALANCING

A. Testing and balancing of the HVAC air and hydronic systems will be completed near the end of construction. The Subcontractor has responsibility to cooperate with, make adjustments for, and provide any equipment necessary for the TAB agency to complete the job. Include all testing and balancing costs in the Contractor's bid.

### 1.2 ACCEPTABLE TESTING AND BALANCING FIRMS:

Energy Management & Control Corporation 3639 SW Summerfield Dr. Suite B (785) 233-0289

Allied Labs 303 S. Topeka Wichita, KS 67202 (316) 262-6457

Doyle Field Services, Inc. 646 W. 58<sup>th</sup> St. Kansas City, MO 64113 (816) 444-7103

ViroCon 1627 Main St. Suite 600 Kansas City, MO 64108 (816) 842-9225

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT APPLICABLE)

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 SYSTEM PREPARATION FOR TESTING AND BALANCING

- A. Prior to requesting testing and balancing agency to perform their work the installing Subcontractor shall make all necessary inspections and adjustments to insure that systems are completely installed and operating in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and the contract documents.
- B. The following checks shall be performed on each system installed under this contract. A report sheet shall be prepared by the testing and balancing firm for each system indicating checks made, corrective action taken where required, date, and name of person making inspection. Submit two copies of the checklist to the A/E.
  - 1. Air Handling Systems:
    - a. Clear system of all foreign objects & clean system.
    - b. Verify fan rotation.
    - c. Check bearing condition and lubrication.
    - d. Check fan wheel clearances & fan alignment.
    - e. Check motor security to mounting base.
    - f. Check alignment of drive.

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- Check vibration isolator adjustment. g.
- Verify that proper filter media is installed. h.
- Verify that all control dampers are installed and operable without binding or i.
- Confirm that all fire, smoke and volume dampers are installed and in full open j. position.
- Verify that all air terminal units are installed. k.
- Confirm that all air openings in walls above ceilings have been provided. I.
- Check for and repair all excessive air leaks in duct systems, at equipment m. connections and at coils. Air leaks shall not exceed SMACNA parameters for system pressure.
- Verify that ductwork is constructed and installed in accordance with contract n. drawings and/or approved ductwork shop drawings.

#### 2. Hydronic Systems:

- Confirm that total system has been hydrostatically tested, flushed, filled, vented a. and water treated as required.
- b. Confirm that all strainer baskets are in place, clean and are the proper type.
- Verify that all pressure reducing and control valves are operating properly. C.
- Verify that access to all balancing valves and flow stations in walls and ceilings d. have been provided.
- Confirm that fittings have been provided for flow and temperature measurements at e. all coils, heat exchangers and pumps.

#### 3.2 **COORDINATION & RESPONSIBILITIES**

- Attend initial Construction meeting scheduled by the Commissioning Agent and all other A. construction meetings as necessary.
- B. Submit the draft and final TAB procedures and all proposed test forms to the design professional for review and acceptance.
- Attend any construction meetings scheduled by the design professional. Be prepared to discuss the procedures that shall be followed in testing, adjusting and balancing the HVAC system.
- D. Notify the Engineer a minimum of (2) two weeks in advance of the time for start of the TAB work.
- Begin TAB work only after Pre-Functional Procedures, leak testing, start-up, etc. have been completed, documented, reviewed and approved.
- F. Work with the Owner to assist in properly calibrating the system.
- Provide Engineer with copies of in-progress, hand-written reports of TAB work, when requested on a regular basis.

#### 3.3 AIR BALANCE

The Contractor shall procure the services of the independent air balance and testing agency, approved by the Engineer, which specializes in the balancing and testing of heating, ventilating and air conditioning systems, to balance, adjust, and test air moving equipment and air distribution and exhaust systems and all water flow circuits. All work by this agency shall be done under direct supervision of a qualified heating and ventilating engineer employed by them. All instruments used by this agency shall be accurately calibrated within six months of performing work and maintained in good working order. If requested the tests shall be conducted in the presence of the Engineer responsible for the project and/or its representative. The testing and

- balancing firm shall be certified by NEBB or AABC and all work shall be performed in accordance with these organizations' published procedure manuals.
- B. Air balance and testing shall not begin until systems have been completed and are in full working order. All heating, ventilation, and air conditioning systems and equipment shall be in full operation during each working day of testing and balancing.
- C. The Subcontractor shall make changes in pulleys, belts, dampers, etc., as required by the test and balance agency, at no additional cost to the Owner.
- D. The Subcontractor shall install new filters in the air handlers and clean all strainers in the water system just prior to the beginning of the testing and balancing.
- E. The control manufacturer or its representative shall assist the test and balance agency in setting automatic dampers, valves, etc., as required.
- F. The air flows shall be balanced to within + 10% of design requirements.

### 3.4 WATER BALANCE

- A. The Contractor shall procure the services of the independent air balance and testing agency, approved by the Engineer, which specializes in the balancing and testing of heating, ventilating and air conditioning systems, to balance, adjust, and test all new pumping equipment. All work by this agency shall be done under direct supervision of a qualified heating and ventilating engineer employed by them. All instruments used by this agency shall be accurately calibrated within six months of performing work and maintained in good working order. If requested the tests shall be conducted in the presence of the Engineer responsible for the project and/or its representative. The testing and balancing firm shall be certified by NEBB or AABC and all work shall be performed in accordance with these organizations' published procedure manuals.
- B. During installation of the mechanical systems the testing and balancing agency shall make no less than (1) inspection visits to the project site. Proper placement and installation of all control and balancing devices shall be verified by these inspections. The mechanical contractor shall make all corrections in control and balancing device locations as requested by the TAB firm. Following each inspection visit the TAB firm shall report to the A/E all items noted, action taken, and progress of control device installation. The last inspection and balancing shall be performed in the presence of a professional engineer active in the design of mechanical building systems.

#### 3.5 REPORT

- A. The balancing agency shall prepare a certified report of all tests performed. The report shall be written on standard forms prepared by NEBB or AABC or facsimiles thereof. The balancing agency shall submit the report electronically to the Engineer. A hard copy of the report, subsequent to approval by the Engineer, shall be included in each of the Operating and Maintenance manuals for the project.
- B. The Balancing reports shall include a line drawing of each HVAC air handling, exhaust and hydronic system the heating water piping as installed; record of all air handling unit, exhaust fan and pump data at idle and full load conditions, air and water flows, and air and water temperatures. The balancing report shall also include all NEBB or AABC forms completed as required by each respective certification.

END OF SECTION 23 9500

### SECTION 26 0500 - COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR ELECTRICAL

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

A. All contract documents including drawings, alternates, addenda and modifications preceding this division of this specification are applicable to contractors, subcontractors, and material suppliers.

### 1.2 SPECIFICATION FORM AND DEFINITION

- A. These Specifications are abbreviated form and contain incomplete sentences. Omissions of words or phrases such as "the Contractor shall", "shall be", "as noted on the drawings", "according to the drawings", "a", "an", "the" and "all" are intentional. Omitted words and phrases shall be supplied by inference.
- B. Engineer, wherever used in these specifications shall mean LATIMER, SOMMERS & ASSOCIATES, P.A., 3639 SW SUMMERFIELD DRIVE, SUITE A, TOPEKA, KANSAS 66614, 785-233-3232, FAX 785-233-0647.
- C. Contractor, wherever used in these specifications, shall mean the Company that enters into contract with Owner to perform this work.
- D. When a word, such as "proper", "satisfactory" and "as directed" is used, it required Engineer's review.
- E. "Provide" means furnish and install.
- F. Engineer hereinafter abbreviated ENGINEER shall mean both the Design Engineers and the Design Engineers.
- G. Equipment and/or materials manufacturer hereinafter abbreviated E/M shall mean the manufacturer of equipment or materials specified or referred to.
- H. When the term "equivalent" is used in context to products or manufacturer's, the equivalency of the proposed product or manufacturer to be used in lieu of the specified product or manufacturer is the sole decision of the ENGINEER.

# 1.3 QUALIFICATIONS

A. The contractor responsible for work under this section shall have completed a job of similar scope and magnitude within the last 3 years. The contractor shall employ an experienced, competent and adequate work force licensed in their specific trade and properly supervised at all times. Unlicensed workers and general laborers shall be adequately supervised to insure competent and quality work and workmanship required by this contract and all other regulations, codes and practices. At all times the contractor shall comply with all applicable local, state and federal guidelines, practices and regulations. Contractor may be required to submit a statement of qualifications upon request before any final approval and selection. Failure to be able to comply with these requirements is suitable reason for rejection of a bid.

### 1.4 LOCAL CONDITIONS

- A. Visit site and determine existing local conditions affecting work in contract.
- B. Failure to determine site conditions or nature of existing or new construction will not be considered basis for granting additional compensation.

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# 1.5 CONTRACT CHANGES

A. Changes or deviations from contract, including those for extra or additional work must be submitted in writing for review of Engineer. No verbal orders will be recognized.

### 1.6 LOCATIONS AND INTERFERENCES

- A. Locations of equipment, conduit and other electrical work are indicated diagrammatically by electrical drawings. Layout work from dimensions on Engineerural and Structural Drawings. Verify equipment size from manufacturers shop drawings.
- B. Study and become familiar with contract drawings of trades and in particular general construction drawings and details in order to obtain necessary information for figuring installation. Cooperate with other workmen and install work in such a way to avoid interference with their Work. Minor deviations, not affecting design characteristics, performance or space limitation may be permitted if reviewed prior to installation by ENGINEER.
- C. Should the requirements of work or systems installed by other trades require specific placement of conduit, apparatus, appliances or other electrical item, these requirements shall be adhered to. Should these requirements result in major deviations in placement from that indicated on the plans or specifications, the condition shall be reviewed by ENGINEER prior to the placement of the work.
- D. Any conduit, apparatus, appliance or other electrical item interfering with proper placement of other work as indicated on drawings, specified, or required, shall be removed and if so shown relocated and reconnected without extra cost. Damage to other Work caused by this contractor, subcontractor, workers or any cause whatsoever, shall be restored as specified for new work.
- E. Do not scale electrical drawings for dimensions. Accurately layout work from dimensions indicated on Engineerural drawings unless such be found in error.
- F. Report any conflict stated above to supervisor for coordination.

#### 1.7 PERFORMANCE

A. Final acceptance of work shall be subject to the condition that all systems, equipment, apparatus and appliances operate satisfactorily as designed and intended. Work shall include required adjustment of systems and control equipment installed under this specification division.

#### 1.8 TEMPORARY UTILITIES

A. Contractor shall provide temporary utilities as indicated in Section 015000 during construction.

#### 1.9 WARRANTY

- A. The electrical systems are to be warranted to Owner and Engineer the quality of materials, equipment, workmanship and operation of equipment provided under this specification division for a period of one year from acceptance of electrical systems by Owner.
- B. Contractor warrants to Owner and Engineer that on receipt of notice from either of them within one year of warranty period following date of acceptance all defects that have appeared in materials and/or workmanship, shall be promptly corrected to condition required by contract documents at contractor expense.
- C. The warranty above expressed shall not supersede any separately stated warranty or requirements required by law or by these specifications.

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# 1.10 ALTERNATES

A. Refer to General Requirements and description for alternate bid items if applicable.

#### PART 2 – PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MATERIALS, EQUIPMENT AND SUBSTITUTIONS

- A. The intent of these specifications is to allow ample opportunity for Contractor to use ingenuity and ability to perform the work to his and Owner's best advantage, and to permit maximum competition in bidding on standards of materials and equipment required.
- B. Material and equipment installed under this contract shall be first class quality, new, unused and without damage unless noted otherwise on plans.
- C. In general, these specifications identify required materials and equipment by naming first the manufacturer whose product was used as the basis for the project design and specifications. The manufacturer's product, series, model, catalog and/or identification numbers shall set quality and capacity requirements for comparing the equivalency of other manufacturer's products. Where other manufacturer's names are listed they are considered an approved manufacturer for the product specified, however; the listing of their names implies no prior approval of any product they may propose to furnish as equivalent to the first named product unless specific model or catalog numbers are listed in these specifications or in subsequent addenda. Where other than first named products are used for base bid proposal it shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to determine prior to bid time that the proposed materials and equipment selections are products of approved manufacturers which meet or exceed the specifications and are acceptable to the Engineer.
- D. Where materials or equipment are described but not named, provide required items of first quality, adequate in every respect for intended use. Such items shall be submitted to Engineer for review prior to procurement.
- E. Prior to receipt of bids, if the Contractor wishes to incorporate products other than those named in the specifications or drawings they shall submit a request for approval of equivalency in writing to the ENGINEER no later than (10) ten calendar days prior to bid date. Engineer will review requests and acceptable items will be listed in an Addendum issued to principal bidders. Equivalents will ONLY be considered approved when listed by project addendum. Substitutions after this may be refused at Engineers option.
- F. Materials and equipment proposed for substitution shall be equal to or superior to that specified in construction, efficiency, utility, aesthetic design, and color as determined by Engineer whose decision shall be final and without further recourse. Physical size of substitute brand shall be no larger than space provided including allowances for access for installation and maintenance. Requests must be accompanied by two (2) copies of complete descriptive and technical data including manufacturer's name, model and catalog number, photographs or cuts, physical dimensions, operating characteristics and any other information needed for comparison.
- G. In proposing a substitution prior to receipt of bids, include in such bid all costs of altering other elements of the project, including such items as adjustments in mechanical/electrical service requirements necessary to accommodate such substitutions. In addition, all physical space and weight requirements requiring additional structural support, modifications to the base floor plans, equipment concrete pad/roof curb dimensions shall be incorporated as required into such bid to accommodate such substitutions.

H. Within ten (10) working days after bids are received, apparent low bidder shall submit to ENGINEER for approval three copies of a list of all major items of equipment he intends to provide. As soon as practicable and within ten (10) working days after award of contract, Contractor shall submit shop drawings for equipment and materials to be incorporated in work for Engineer's review. Where ten (10) working day limit is insufficient for preparation of detailed shop drawings on major equipment or assemblies, Contractor shall submit manufacturer's descriptive catalog data and indicate date such detailed shop drawings will be submitted along with manufacturer's certifications that order was placed within ten (10) working day limit.

#### PART 3 – EXECUTION

### 3.1 SHOP DRAWINGS

- A. Contractor shall furnish shop drawings of all materials and equipment. Submittals shall be submitted electronically. In addition, a minimum of (3) paper copies of any submittal that contains informational drawings or documentation that is in a format larger than 8-1/2 x 11shall be submitted to the A/E. A/E will return the submittals to the Contractor electronically except that a copy of large format submittals will be returned to the contractor via mail. A copy of fully processed product data submittal shall be included as a part of each operating and maintenance manual.
- B. Where catalog cuts are submitted for review, conspicuously mark or provide schedule of equipment, capacities, controls, sizes, etc., that are to be provided. Mark each submitted item with applicable section and paragraph numbers of these specifications, or plan sheet number when item does not appear in specifications or specified equivalent, mark submittals with applicable alternate numbers, change order number or letters of authorization. Each catalog sheet shall bear equipment manufacturer's name, address and phone number. All shop drawings on materials and equipment listed by UL shall indicate UL approval on submittal.
- C. Contractor shall be required to submit all applicable equipment/material assembly mock-ups as required by the Contract Documents for Engineer approval. Contractor shall provide changes and resubmit mock-ups until Engineer is satisfied final product meets or exceeds stated specifications and quality of specified product.
- D. Contractor shall check all shop drawings to verify that they meet specifications and/or drawing requirements before forwarding submittals to the Engineer for their review.
- E. All shop drawings submitted to Engineer shall bear Contractor's approval stamp which shall indicate that Contractor has reviewed submittals and that they meet specification and drawing requirements. Contractor's submittal review shall specifically check for but not be limited to the following: equipment capacities, physical size in relation to space allowed, electrical characteristics, provisions for supply, and drainage connections to building systems. All shop drawings not meeting contractor's approval shall be returned to it's supplier for resubmittal.
- F. No shop drawing submittals will be considered for review by the Engineer without Contractor's approval stamp, or that have extensive changes made on the original submittal as a result of contractor's review. All comments or minor notations on shop drawings shall be flagged to indicate originator of comment.
- G. Engineer will not be responsible for or the cost of returning shop drawing submittals that are submitted to them without Contractor's review and approval stamp. A letter will be sent to Contractor by either the Engineer or Engineer indicating receipt of an improper submittal for pick-up by Contractor or supplier for 15 working days after date of receipt. If not picked up by the 16th working day, submittals not bearing Contractor's review and approval stamp will be disposed of by Engineer.
- H. Engineer's review of shop drawings will not relieve Contractor of responsibility for deviations

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from drawings and specifications unless such deviations have been specifically approved in writing by Owner or the representative, nor shall it relieve Contractor of responsibility for error in shop drawings. No work shall be fabricated until ENGINEER's review has been obtained. Any time delay caused by correcting and resubmitting shop drawings will be Contractor's responsibility.

- I. The preparation of coordination drawings are not a requirement of the project unless otherwise indicated on the drawings. It is strongly recommended, however, that the various contractors work together to prepare detailed coordination drawings in an effort to minimize conflicts created as the various trades install their particular portion of the work. The design team will assist the contractor in resolving coordination conflicts by reviewing these coordination drawings; however, this review will not constitute any approval of said drawings. There will be no additional compensation for deviations in pipe, ductwork or conduit routing required to achieve coordination of the material and equipment scheduled or indicated to be installed as a part of the project. There will be no additional compensation for the rework of pipe ductwork or conduit should this become required as a result of a lack of coordination between the various trades.
- J. Contractor shall submit the following items for this project:
  - All conduit, raceways and cable trays
  - 2. All conductors
  - 3. All junction boxes, backboxes and conduit bodies
  - 4. All wiring devices
  - 5. All switchboards, main distribution panels, and circuit breaker panelboards.
  - 6. All circuit breakers
  - 7. All disconnect switches
  - 8. All motor starters and motor controllers.
  - 9. All lighting fixtures and luminaires
  - 10. Fire alarm and security systems

#### 3.2 OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTION MANUALS

- A. Submit an outline copy of installation, operating, and maintenance manuals for review and comment.
- B. Submit three copies of installation, operating, maintenance instructions, and parts lists for equipment provided. After receiving comments from outline review. Instructions shall be prepared by equipment manufacturer.
- C. Keep in safe place, keys and wrenches furnished with equipment under this contract. Present to Owner and obtain receipt for same upon completion of project.
- D. Prepare a complete notebook, covering systems and equipment provided and installed under this contract. Submit notebooks to Engineer for review before delivery to Owner. Contractor at his option may prepare this notebook or retain an individual to prepare it for him. Contractor shall include cost of this service in bid. Notebooks shall contain following:
  - 1. Certified equipment drawings/or catalog data with equipment provided clearly marked as outlined under this specification.
  - Complete installation, operating, maintenance instructions and parts lists for each item of equipment.
  - 3. A complete set of approved final shop drawings.
  - 4. Special emergency operating instructions with a list of service organizations (including addresses and telephone numbers) capable of rendering emergency service to various parts of the systems installed.

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- 5. As-Built Drawings: The Contractor shall mark up a set of contract documents during construction noting all changes and deviations including change orders. These will be delivered to ENGINEER at end of the project for review and correction as required. After the originals are changed to reflect the blue line set, a complete set of reproducible set of project record drawings drawn at the original scale indicated shall be included in the brochure.
- 6. All required warranties and guarantees, including start and end date of warranties/guarantees.
- E. Provide notebooks bound in black vinyl three- ring binders with metal hinge. Reinforce binding edge of each sheet of looseleaf type brochure to prevent tearing from continued usage. Clearly print on label insert of each brochure:
  - 1. Project name and address.
  - 2. Section of work covered by brochure, i.e., Electrical.
- F. In addition to the hard copy of the operating and maintenance manuals, provide a digital copy delivered to the Owner on a flash drive, CD or DVD.

## 3.3 CUTTING AND PATCHING

- A. Contractor shall do cutting and patching of building materials required for installation of work herein specified. Cut no structural members without Engineer's approval and in a manner approved by him.
- B. Patching shall be by mechanics of particular trade involved and shall meet approval of Engineer.
- C. Drilling and cutting of openings through building materials requires Engineer's review and approval. Make openings in concrete with concrete hole saw or concrete drill. Use of star drill or air hammer for this work will not be permitted.

## 3.4 MUTILATION

A. Mutilation of building finishes or existing/new equipment, caused by demolition or installation of new work shall be repaired at Contractor's expense to approval of Engineer.

### 3.5 WALL PENETRATIONS

A. Include the installation of all boxes, access panels and sleeves for openings required to install the work. All floor and wall penetrations shall be sealed to meet fire rating requirements using materials tested in accordance with ASTM E814. Assume all walls are fire rated.

# 3.6 OPENINGS, ACCESS PANELS AND SLEEVES

A. Contractor shall provide all boxes, access panels and sleeves for openings required to install his work, except structural openings incorporated in the structural drawings. Sleeves shall be installed for all pipes passing through structural slabs and walls.

# 3.7 FIRE STOPPING

A. All holes or voids created by the electrical contractor to extend pipe through fire rated floors and walls and shall be sealed with an intumescent material capable of expanding up to 8 to 10 times when exposed to temperatures of 250 degrees F. It shall be ICBO, BOCAI and SBCCI (NRB 243) approved ratings to 3 hours per ASTM E-814 (UL 1479). Acceptable Material: 3M or Hilti Fire Barrier Caulk, putty, strip and sheet forms. Equivalent by SpecSeal.

B. Submit for review firestopping methods and sleeve drawings indicating all required application, methods and sleeves. Refer to engineering drawing for locations of fire rated partitions and floors.

C. All penetrations through walls shall be firestopped.

### 3.8 SETTING, ADJUSTMENT AND EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

- A. Work shall include mounting, alignment and adjustment of systems and equipment. Set all equipment level on adequate supports and provide proper anchor bolts and isolation as shown or specified. Equipment failures resulting from improper installation or field alignment shall be repaired or replaced by Contractor at no cost to Owner.
- B. Provide each piece of equipment or apparatus suspended from ceiling or mounted above floor level with suitable structural support, platform or carrier in accordance with best recognized practice. Contractor shall arrange for attachment to building structure, unless otherwise indicated on drawings or as specified. Provide hangers with vibration eliminators where required. Contractor shall verify that structural members of building are adequate to support equipment. Submit details of hangers, platforms and supports together with total weights of mounted equipment to Engineer for review before proceeding with fabrication or installation.

# 3.9 START-UP, CHANGEOVER, TRAINING AND OPERATION CHECK

- A. Contractor shall be responsible for training Owner's operating personnel to operate and maintain systems and equipment installed. Keep a record of training provided to Owner's personnel listing the date, subject covered, instructor's name, names of Owner's personnel attending and total hours of instruction given each individual.
- B. All owner training sessions shall be orderly and well organized and shall be professionally recorded using digital format. Contractor shall produce a DVD of each training session and submit to Owner as part of the Operation and Maintenance Manual submittal.

## 3.10 PRE-FINAL AND FINAL CONSTRUCTION REVIEW

- A. At Contractor's request, Engineer will make pre-final construction review to determine if to the best of its knowledge project is completed in accordance with Contract Documents.
- B. Items found by Engineer as not complete or not in accordance with requirements of contract will be outlined in report to Engineer for forwarding to Subcontractors. Subcontractor shall complete and/or correct these items, before notifying Engineer it is ready for final review.
- C. All necessary system adjustments, including air systems balancing, shall be completed and all specified records and reports submitted in sufficient time to be received by Engineer at least ten working days prior to date of final construction review.
- D. At final construction review, Contractors shall be present or shall be represented by a person of authority. Each shall demonstrate, as directed by Engineer that work complies with purpose and intent of contract documents and shall provide labor, services, instruments or tools necessary for such demonstrations and tests.

#### 3.11 TESTS RECORDING AND REPORTING TESTS AND DATA

A. Record nameplate horsepower, amperes, volts, phase service factor and other necessary data on motors and other electrical equipment furnished and/or connected under this contract.

- B. Record motor starter catalog number, size and rating and/or catalog number of thermaloverload units installed in all motor starters furnished and/or connected under this contract. See motor starter specification for instructions for proper sizing of thermal-overload units.
- C. Record amperes-per0phase at normal or near-normal loading of each item of equipment furnished and/or connected.
- D. Record correct readings of each feeder conductor after energized and normally loaded, and again after balancing of feeder loads as required by current readings.
- E. Record voltage and ampere-per-phase readings taken at service entrance equipment after completion of project with building operating at normal electrical load.
- F. Submit at least two (2) typewritten copies of data noted above to Engineer for review prior to final inspection.
- G. Keep a record of all deviations made from routes, locations, circuiting, etc. shown on contract drawings. Prior to final inspection submit one new set of project drawings with all deviations and changes clearly indicated.

# 3.12 EXCAVATION AND BACKFILL

A. Perform necessary excavation to receive work. Provide necessary sheathing, shoring, cribbing, tarpaulins, etc. for this operation, and remove same at completion of work. Perform excavation in accordance with appropriate section of these specifications, and in compliance with OSHA Safety Standards.

# 1. Excavation:

- a. Excavate trenches of sufficient width to allow ample working space, and no deeper than necessary for installation work.
- b. Conduct excavations so no walls or footings are disturbed or injured. Backfill excavations made under or adjacent to footing with selected earth or sand and tamp to compaction required by ENGINEER. Mechanically tamp backfill under concrete and savings in 6" layers to 95% standard density, Reference Division 2.

# 2. Backfill:

a. Backfill trenches and excavations to required heights with allowance made for settlement. Tamp fill material thoroughly and moistened as required for specified compaction density. Dispose of excess earth, rubble and debris as directed by Engineer.

### 3. Soil Conditions:

a. When available, refer to test hole information on Engineerural drawings or specifications for types of soil to be encountered in excavations.

END OF SECTION 26 0500

### SECTION 26 0501 - EXTENT OF CONTRACT WORK AND CODES

### PART 1 - GENERAL (Reference Section 260500)

# 1.1 GENERAL EXTENT OF WORK INCLUDED IN CONTRACT

- A. Provide electrical systems indicated on drawings, specified or reasonably implied. Provide every device and accessory necessary for proper operation and completion of electrical systems. In no case will claims for "Extra Work" be allowed for work about which Contractor could have been informed before bids were taken.
- B. Contractor shall be familiar with all equipment provided which requires electrical connections and control. Follow circuiting shown on drawings for lighting, power and equipment connections.
- C. Make required electrical connections to equipment provided under this project. Receive and install electric control devices requiring field installation, wiring, and service connection.
- D. Check electrical data and wiring diagrams with project voltages, wiring, controls and protective devices shown on electrical drawings. Promptly bring discrepancies found to attention of Engineer for a decision.

### 1.2 CODES, ORDINANCES, RULES AND REGULATIONS

- A. Provide work in accordance with applicable rules, codes, ordinances and regulations of Local, State, Federal Governments, and other authorities having lawful jurisdiction.
- B. Conform to latest editions and supplements of following codes, standards or recommended practices.

# **SAFETY CODES**:

National Electrical Safety Code Handbook H30 - National Bureau of Standards Occupational Safety and Health Standard (OSHA) Department of Labor Safety Code for Elevators ANSI A17.1 International Building Code - 2012

# NATIONAL FIRE CODES:

NFPA No. 70 National Electrical Code 2008

NFPA No. 90A Air Conditioning & Ventilation Systems

NFPA No. 91 Blower and Exhaust Systems

NFPA No. 101 Life Safety Code

# **UNDERWRITERS LABORATORIES INC.:**

All materials, equipment and component parts of equipment shall bear UL labels whenever such devices are listed by UL.

### MISCELLANEOUS CODES:

ANSI A117.1 - Handicapped Accessibility Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)

C. Drawings and specifications indicate minimum construction standard, should any work indicated be sub-standard to any ordinances, laws, codes, rules or regulations bearing on work, Contractor shall promptly notify Engineer in writing before proceeding with work so that necessary changes can be made. However, if Contractor proceeds with work knowing it to be contrary to any ordinances, laws, rules, and regulations he shall thereby have assumed full responsibility for and shall bear all costs required to correct non-complying work.

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- D. Contractor shall secure and pay for necessary permits and certificates of inspection required by governmental ordinances, laws, rules or regulations. Keep a written record of all permits and inspection certificates and submit two copies to Engineer with request for final review.
- E. Contractor shall include in bid any charges by local utility providers to establish new services to the structure. Coordinate with the utility suppliers to verify exact which part of the work is to be performed by whom.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 DRAWINGS

- A. Drawings are to be considered diagrammatic for all systems. Conduit runs and circuiting do not show all required offsets and fittings. Contractor shall include in bid costs to provide systems which will avoid and coordinate with all other building trades and systems.
- B. Contractor may not share neutrals for multiple circuits, unless specifically noted as such on the drawings.
- C. Homeruns for single phase circuits may be grouped together, however, no more than (3) single phase circuits shall be installed in a common conduit. Contractor shall be responsible for properly sizing conduits where homeruns are grouped together per requirements of the National Electric Code.

END OF SECTION 260501

### SECTION 26 0525 - SEISMIC PROTECTION

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 GENERAL

Note: The requirements for seismic protection measures to be applied to mechanical/electrical equipment and systems specified herein are in addition to any other items called for in other sections of these specifications.

- A. Seismic protection for mechanical equipment and components shall be provided by the Mechanical Contractor.
- B. Seismic protection for electrical equipment and components shall be provided by the Electrical Contractor.
- C. Seismic protection for general construction items, including suspended ceilings, shall be provided by the General Contractor.
- D. Refer to Section 22 0525.

### 1.2 MECHANICAL/ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

A. Mechanical/electrical equipment shall include the following items to the extent required on plans or in other sections of these specifications:

**Boilers** 

**Expansion Tanks** 

Water Chiller Units

**Control Panels** 

Pumps with Motors

**Light Fixtures** 

Motor Control Centers

Switchboards (Floor Mounted)

Suspended Ceiling Assemblies

Water and Gas Piping Drain, Waste and Vent Piping

Air and Refrigerant Compressors

Air Handling Units

Switchgear

Transformers

**Ducts** 

### 1.3 MECHANICAL SYSTEMS

A. Mechanical systems shall include the following items to the extent required on plans or in other sections of these specifications:

Hot Water Distribution Systems Chilled Water Distribution Systems Gas Distribution Systems Water Supply Systems Sanitary Sewer Systems Fire Sprinkler Systems

### 1.4 ZONE

A. This facility is located in Seismic Zone No. 2A.

#### 1.5 EXCLUSION

- A. Piping and ducts that do not require special seismic restraints: Seismic restraints may be omitted from the following installations:
  - 1. Gas piping less than 1-inch inside diameter.
  - 2. Piping in boiler and mechanical equipment rooms less than 1-1/4 inches inside diameter.
  - 3. All other piping less than 2-1/2 inches inside diameter.

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- 4. All electrical conduit less than 2-1/2 inches inside diameter.
- 5. All rectangular air handling ducts less than 6 square feet in cross sectional area.
- 6. All round air handling ducts less than 28 inches in diameter.
- 7. All piping suspended by individual hangers 12 inches or less in length from the top of pipe to the bottom of the support for the hanger.
- 8. All ducts suspended by hangers 12 inches or less in length from the top of the duct to the bottom of the support for the hanger.

#### 1.6 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical product data, including installation instructions for each type of support and anchor. Submit pipe hanger and support schedule showing Manufacturer's figure number, size, location, and features for each required pipe hanger and support.
- B. Shop Drawings: Submit manufacturer's assembly-type shop drawings for each type of support and anchor, indicating dimensions, weights, required clearances, and methods of assembly or components.
- C. Maintenance Data: Submit maintenance data and parts lists for each type of support and anchor. Include this data, product data, and shop drawings in maintenance manual; in accordance with requirements of Division 1.
- D. Shop drawings, along with catalog cuts, templates, and erection and installation details, as appropriate, for the items listed below shall be submitted in accordance with the SPECIAL CLAUSES. Submittals shall be complete in detail; shall indicate thickness, type, grade, class of metal, and dimensions; and shall show construction details, reinforcement, anchorage, and installation with relation to the building construction.

Sway Braces Flexible Couplings or Joints Resilient Type Vibration Devices Smoke Stacks

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT SHALL CONFORM TO THE RESPECTIVE SPECIFICATIONS AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED BELOW:

### 2.2 BOLTS AND NUTS

- A. Squarehead bolts and heavy hexagon nuts, ANSI B18.2.1 and B18.2.2, and ASTM A 307 or A 576.
- B. Bolts, underground, ASTM A 325.

### 2.3 SWAY BRACE

A. Material used for members listed in Appendix of this specification, except for pipes, shall be structural steel conforming with ASTM A 36. Steel pipes shall conform to ASTM A 501.

### 2.4 FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS

- A. Flexible couplings shall have same pressure ratings as adjoining pipe.
- B. Flexible ball joints conforming to the following requirements may be employed on aboveground piping. Joints shall have cast or wrought steel casing and ball parts capable of 360-degree rotation plus not less than 15-degree angular movement. Joints shall be certified to be suitable for the service intended by the manufacturer, based on not less than 2 years' satisfactory operation in a similar application.
- C. Flexible couplings and joints of the mechanical joint type may be used for aboveground or underground piping.
- D. Mechanical couplings for steel or cast iron pipe shall be of the sleeve type and shall provide a tight flexible joint under all reasonable conditions, such as pipe movement caused by expansion, contraction, slight settling or shifting of the ground, minor variations in trench gradients, and traffic vibrations. Where permitted in other sections of these specifications, joints utilizing split-half couplings with grooved or shouldered pipe ends may be used.

- E. Sleeve-type couplings shall be used for joining plain-end pipe sections. The coupling shall consist of one steel middle ring, two steel followers, two gaskets, and necessary steel bolts and nuts to compress the gaskets. Underground bolts shall be high-strength type as specified above.
- F. Guy Wires: Guy wires shall conform to Fed. Spec. RR-W-410 as follows:

5/32 inch diameter Type V, Class 1 3/16 inch to 5/16 diameter Type V, Class 2 1/4 inch to 5/8 diameter Type I, Class 2

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 SWAY BRACES

A. Sway braces shall be installed on piping and duct to preclude damage during seismic activity. All bracing shall conform to the arrangements shown. Provisions of this paragraph apply to all piping within a 5-foot line around outside of building unless buried in the ground. Piping grouped for support on trapeze-type hangers shall be braced at the same intervals as determined by the smallest diameter pipe of the group. No trapeze-type hanger shall be secured with less than two ½-inch bolts. Bracing rigidity attached to pipe flanges, or similar, shall not be used where it would interfere with thermal expansion of piping.

### 3.2 SWAY BRACES FOR PIPING

- A. Transverse Sway Bracing: Transverse sway bracing shall be provided at intervals not to exceed those given in Appendix of this section except for cast iron soil pipe, which shall be braced at not more than 10-foot intervals.
- B. Longitudinal Sway Bracing: Longitudinal sway bracing shall be provided at 40-foot intervals.
- C. Vertical Runs: Vertical runs of piping shall be braced at not more than 10-foot vertical intervals. For small tubing, bracing shall be provided at no more than 4-foot spacing.
- D. Anchor Rods, Angles, and Bars: Anchor rods, angles and bars shall be bolted to either pipe clamps or pipe flanges at one end and cast-in-place concrete or masonry insert or clip angles bolted to the steel structure on the other end. Rods shall be solid metal or pipe as specified below. Anchor rods, angles, and bars shall not exceed lengths given in Appendix of this section.
- E. Clamps on uninsulated pipes shall be applied directly to pipe. Insulated piping shall have clamps applied over insulation vapor barrier with high-density inserts and metal protection shields under each clamp.
- F. Bolts: Bolts used for attachment of anchors to pipe and structure shall be not less than ½-inch diameter.

#### 3.3 SWAY BRACES FOR DUCTS

- A. Transverse Sway Bracing: Transverse sway bracing shall be provided at each horizontal turn of 45 degrees or more, at the end of each duct run, and otherwise at each 30-foot interval. Walls which ducts penetrate may be considered transverse braces.
- B. Longitudinal Sway Bracing: Longitudinal sway bracing shall be provided at 60-foot intervals. Transverse bracing for one duct section may also act as longitudinal bracing for a duct section connected perpendicular to it, if the bracing is installed within 4 feet of the intersection, and it is sized for the larger duct.
- C. Bracing Angles: Bracing angles for rectangular ducts shall be in accordance with Appendix of this section.

## 3.4 SPREADERS

A. Spreaders shall be provided between racked or adjacent piping runs to prevent contact during seismic activity whenever pipe or insulated pipe surfaces are less than 4 inches apart or four times the maximum displacement due to seismic force. Spreaders to be applied at same interval as sway braces. Spreaders shall be applied to surface of bare or insulated hot pipe and over insulation utilizing high-density inserts and pipe protection shields where vapor-barrier-type insulation is employed.

# 3.5 FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS OR JOINTS

A. Building Piping: Flexible couplings or joints in building piping shall be provided at bottom of all pipe risers larger than 3-1/2 inches in diameter, except thermal heat distribution piping.

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- B. Cast iron waste and vent piping need only comply with these provisions when caulked joints are used. Flexible bell and spigot pipe joints using rubber gaskets or no-hub fittings may be used at each branch adjacent to tees and elbows for underground waste piping inside of building to comply with these requirements.
- C. Underground Piping: All underground piping and 4-inch or larger conduit, except thermal heat distribution system, shall have flexible couplings installed adjacent to building as shown. Additional flexible couplings shall be provided as follows:
  - On each side of the joints of demarkation between soils having widely differing degrees of consolidation.
  - 2. At all points that can be constructed to act as anchors.
  - 3. On every branch of a tee and each side of an elbow.

### 3.6 ANCHOR BOLTS

- A. All floor or pad mounted equipment required by any Section of these specifications shall be rigidly fastened to the floor or pad by use of cast-in-place anchor bolts. Anchor bolts must conform to ASTM A 307. Anchor bolts shall have an embedded straight length equal to or at least 12 times nominal diameter of the bolt. If the size and number of the anchor bolts are not shown on the drawings then anchor bolts shall be ½" in diameter or the manufacturer's installation recommendations, whichever is the most stringent.
- B. Four bolts per item shall be provided with a minimum embedment of 12 bolts diameters, a minimum bolt spacing of 16 bolts diameters and a minimum edge distance of 12 bolts diameters. Anchor bolts that exceed normal depth of equipment foundation piers or pads shall either extend into concrete floor or the foundation shall be increased in depth to accommodate bolt lengths.
- C. Expansion anchors shall not be used to resist seismic or vibratory loads unless test data are provided to verify the adequacy of the specific anchor and application. In no case shall the expansion anchor size be less than that required for bolts in the preceding table.

### 3.7 RESILIENT VIBRATION ISOLATION DEVICES

- A. Selection of anchor bolts for vibration isolation devices and/or snubbers to equipment base and foundations shall follow the same procedure as in paragraph ANCHOR BOLTS except that an equipment weight equal to five times the actual equipment weight shall be used.
  - 1. Resilient and Spring-Type Vibration Devices: Vibration isolation devices shall be selected so that the maximum movement of equipment from the static deflection point shall be 0.5 inches.

### 3.8 EQUIPMENT SWAY BRACING

A. Equipment sway bracing shall be provided for all items supported from overhead floor or roof structures. Braces shall consist of angles, rods, bars, or pipes arranged as shown and secured at both ends with not less than ½-inch bolts. Bracing shall be provided in two planes of directions, 90 degrees apart, for each item of equipment. Details of all equipment bracing shall be submitted for approval. In lieu of bracing with vertical supports, these items may be supported with hangers inclined at 45 degrees directed up and radially away from equipment and oriented symmetrically in 90 degree intervals on the horizontal plane, bisecting the angles of each corner of the equipment, provided that supporting members are properly sized to support operating weight of equipment when hangers are inclined at a 45 degree angle.

#### 3.9 LIGHTING FIXTURES IN BUILDINGS

A. In addition to the requirements of the preceding paragraphs, lighting fixtures and supports will conform to the following:

### B. Materials and Construction:

- 1. Fixture supports shall be malleable iron.
- 2. Loop and hook or swivel hanger assemblies for pendant fixtures shall be fitted with a restraining device to hold the stem in the support position during earthquake motions. Pendant-supported fluorescent fixtures shall also be provided with a flexible hanger device at the attachment to the fixture channel to preclude breaking of the support. The motion of swivels or hinged joints shall not cause sharp bends in conductors or damage to insulation.
- Recessed fluorescent individual or continuous-row fixtures shall be supported by a seismic-resistant suspended ceiling support system and shall be provided with fixture support wires attached to the building structural members using two wires for individual fixtures and one wire per unit of continuous row fixtures.
- 4. A supporting assembly that is intended to be mounted on an outlet box shall be designed to accommodate mounting features on 4-inch boxes, 3-inch plaster rings, and fixture studs.
- 5. Surface-mounted fluorescent individual or continuous-row fixtures shall be attached to a seismic-resistant ceiling support system. Fixture support devices for attaching to suspended ceilings shall be a locking-type scissor clamp or a full loop band that will securely attach to the ceiling support. Fixtures attached to underside of a structural slab shall be properly anchored to the slab at each corner of the fixture.
- 6. Each wall-mounted emergency light unit shall be secured in a manner to hold the unit in place during a seismic disturbance.
- C. Tests: In lieu of the requirements for equipment supports, lighting fixtures and the complete fixture-supporting assembly may be tested as specified hereinafter. Such tests shall be conducted by an approved and independent testing laboratory, and the results of such tests shall specifically state whether or not the lighting fixture supports satisfy the requirements given herein.
  - Test Equipment: To simulate earthquake motion, fixtures and supports shall be attached to a carriage suspended on rollers from an overhead track. A gear motor and crank assembly shall be used to provide oscillatory motion of approximately one cycle per second. The exact number of cycles per second and the actual dimensions of the crank apparatus shall be adjusted to produce a minimum carriage acceleration of 0.14g. The actual fixture-mounting surface shall be on the underside of the carriage and shall provide capacity for orienting the fixture in a horizontal plane in various positions, ranging from parallel to perpendicular to the line of traverse.
  - 2. Test Requirements: All tests shall be conducted with the maximum fixture weight so as to produce the most severe loading conditions. Fixtures having stems shall be tested with the actual stem lengths to be used. Tests shall be of 1-minute duration with the mounting surface in the line of traverse, at 45 degrees to the line of traverse, and at 90 degrees to the line of traverse. A total of two fixtures shall be tested in each of the above positions. After each of the six tests, the complete stem assemblies from fixtures having stem assemblies shall be subjected to a tensile strength test. The sample shall withstand, without failure, a force of not less than four times the weight it is intended to support.
  - Acceptance: No component of a fixture nor its support shall be accepted individually. For acceptance, the fixture and its supports shall exhibit no undue damage, and no component of the fixture shall fail or fall from the fixture during testing.
- D. Design Criteria: In lieu of the above test requirements, lighting fixtures shall be designed to resist a lateral force of 56 percent of the fixture weight.
- E. Lighting Fixtures and Air Diffuser Supports: Lighting fixture and air diffuser supports shall be designed and installed to meet the requirements of equipment supports in the preceding paragraphs of this specification with the following exceptions:
  - Recessed lighting fixtures not over 56 pounds in weight and suspended and pendent-hung fixtures not over 20 pounds in weight may be supported and attached directly to the ceiling system runners by a positive attachment such as screws or bolts.
  - 2. Air diffusers that weigh not more than 20 pounds and that receive no tributary loading from ductwork may be positively attached to and supported by the ceiling runners.

# 3.10 SMOKE STACKS

A. Stack shall be mounted directly on boilers or heat producing appliances or on floor supporting such devices with side inlets to stacks. All stacks must be supported with steel guys attached to a point three-fourths of the stack height external to the building. Guy wires shall be 1/4" 6 x 19 cable, improved plow steel with fiber core, as noted, with galvanized coating.

### 3.11 MISCELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT

A. The following specific items of equipment to be furnished under this contract shall be constructed and assembled so as to be capable of withstanding the horizontal equivalent static force of 0.11 times the operating weight of the equipment, at vertical center of gravity of the equipment without causing permanent deformation, dislocations, separation of components, or other damage, which would render the equipment inoperative for significant periods of time following an earthquake.

### 3.12 MISCELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT

Boilers
Cooling Tower
Air-Handling Units
Transformers
Switchboards and Switchgears
Motor Control Centers
Free Standing Electric Motors

### 3.13 APPENDIX

A. The following are reproductions from SMACNA Seismic Restraint Manual Chapters 4, 7 and 8 and contain details for duct, pipe conduit and equipment seismic restraint and shall be used for determining the required restraint for this project. The building shall be categorized seismic hazard level "C".

END OF SECTION 26 0525

### SECTION 26 0550 - IDENTIFICATION FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

### PART 1 - GENERAL (Reference Section 260500)

#### 1.1 IDENTIFICATION OF WIRING AND EQUIPMENT

- A. Provide identification and warning signs to wiring and equipment as listed in schedule. Signs and tags shall be as follows:
  - TYPE 1: Laminated phenolic plastic with black Gothic condensed lettering by Seton or Wilco.
  - TYPE 2: Self-sticking ½" wide plastic tape with high gloss surface and embossed lettering by Brady or Dymo.
  - TYPE 3: Self-sticking flexible vinyl with oil resistant adhesive for -20 degrees to 300 degrees F. temperatures by Brady or as approved.
- B. Provide lighting and power panelboards with Type 1 sign minimum of 1-1/4" x 6" indicating panel designation and electrical characteristics. Mount inside of panel door on circuit breaker trim flange just below breakers.
- C. Provide disconnect switches/motor starters with Type 1 sign 3/4" x 5" indicating equipment served and Brady No. AE-46125 danger sign.
- D. Provide feeders and branch circuit home runs with Type 3 wire marker indicating circuit number and power source. Provide feeders phase identification letter at each terminal point in addition to its circuit number. Provide label designating area and room number(s) served on inside of panelboard door for each circuit used.
- E. Provide Type 2 tape at feeder terminal lugs to switchboards and panelboards. Tape shall indicate conduit size, conductor type and AWG size. Tape shall be located to be easily read with conductors installed.
- F. All wires for branch circuit work shall be color coded as follows:
  - 1. Provide continuous color coding for feeder, branch and control circuits. Insulation or identification tape color shall be same color for like circuits throughout. Where specified insulation colors are not available in larger wire sizes color code conductor at all accessible location with Scotch 35 all-weather color code tape.
  - 2. Identify the same phase conductor with same color throughout.
  - 3. Provide conductors with color coding in accordance with NEC. Where more than one standard voltage system is installed, provide same colored conductors with indicated tape or stripe to indicate system voltage.

Phase	208/120	480/277
Α	BLACK	BROWN
В	RED	ORANGE
С	BLUE	YELLOW
NEUTRAL	WHITE	WHITE
GROUND	GREEN	GREEN

Use solid color coating for No. 6 and smaller branch circuit conductors and neutral conductors.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION 26 0550

## SECTION 26 0600 - EXISTING EQUIPMENT TO BE RELOCATED

PART 1 - GENERAL (Reference Section 230500)

#### 1.1 GENERAL EXTENT OF WORK

- A. It is the intent of this section of the specifications to identify existing equipment that is available for relocation and reuse in this current project.
- B. An attempt has been made to identify all equipment in the Docking State Office Building (DSOB) that is available for reuse in the new State of Kansas Energy and Service Center (KEC). If a bidding contractor locates or is aware of equipment in the DSOB that could be used in the new KEC, the Engineer shall be so informed in adequate time prior to the bid to allow for review and issuance in an addendum issued to bidding parties.
- C. Where a particular piece of equipment is in a location that requires it to be disassembled in order for it to be removed and relocated and then reassembled in the new location, factory authorized technicians shall be engaged as required to complete the disassembly and the reassembly and to then certify that the reassembled equipment is in condition equal to that found prior to disassembly.
- D. If any part or appurtenance is damaged during the disassembly, relocation, and / or reassembly, the part or appurtenance shall be replaced with factory certified new replacement parts.

# 1.2 SCHEDULE OF EXISTING EQUIPMENT AVAILABLE FOR REUSE

A. The following schedule identifies existing equipment that is available for reuse in the new State of Kansas – Energy and Service Center.

EXISTING ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT					
DESCRIPTION	CURRENT LOCATION	NEW LOCATION	REMARKS		
MAIN SWITCHBOARD	DOCKING STATE OFFICE BUILDING SUB BASEMENT MAIN ELECTRICAL ROOM	KANSAS ENERGY CENTER, ROOM 126	PROVIDE NEW CIRCUIT BREAKERS WITH FEATURES AND RATINGS SIMILAR TO EXISTING AS INDICATED ON PLANS AND IN ONE LINE DIAGRAM		
GENERATOR SWITCHBOARD	DOCKING STATE OFFICE BUILDING SUB BASEMENT MAIN ELECTRICAL ROOM	KANSAS ENERGY CENTER, ROOM 126. SEE PLANS FOR RECONFIGURATION REQUIREMENTS	PROVIDE NEW CIRCUIT BREAKERS WITH FEATURES AND RATINGS SIMILAR TO EXISTING AS INDICATED ON PLANS AND IN ONE LINE DIAGRAM		

EXISTING ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT CONTINUED					
MAIN DISTRIBUTION PANEL MDP-1	DOCKING STATE OFFICE BUILDING SUB BASEMENT	KANSAS ENERGY CENTER, ROOM 126	PROVIDE NEW CIRCUIT BREAKERS WITH FEATURES AND RATINGS SIMILAR TO EXISTING AS INDICATED ON PLANS AND IN ONE LINE DIAGRAM		
MAIN DISTRIBUTION PANEL MDPL-1	DOCKING STATE OFFICE BUILDING SUB BASEMENT	KANSAS ENERGY CENTER, ROOM 126	PROVIDE NEW CIRCUIT BREAKERS WITH FEATURES AND RATINGS SIMILAR TO EXISTING AS INDICATED ON PLANS AND IN ONE LINE DIAGRAM		
TRANSFORMER TFX L-1	DOCKING STATE OFFICE BUILDING SUB BASEMENT	KANSAS ENERGY CENTER, ROOM 126			
BUS DUCT	DOCKING STATE OFFICE BUILDING	KANSAS ENERGY CENTER	HARVEST BUS DUCT SECTIONS, FITTINGS ETC AND PROVIDE STRAIGHT SECTIONS, FITTINGS, TAP BOXES ETC AS REQUIRED TO RESULT IN A COMPLETE AND FULLY FUNCTIONAL SYSTEM AS INDICATED ON THE PLANS		
ADAPTIVE MOTOR CONTROLLER FOR WCC-1	DOCKING STATE OFFICE BUILDING SUB BASEMENT CHILLER ROOM	KANSAS ENERGY CENTER, ROOM 127			
ADAPTIVE MOTOR CONTROLLER FOR WCC-2	DOCKING STATE OFFICE BUILDING SUB BASEMENT CHILLER ROOM	KANSAS ENERGY CENTER, ROOM 127			
ADAPTIVE MOTOR CONTROLLER FOR WCC-3	EISENHOWER STATE OFFICE BUILDING BASEMENT MECHANICAL ROOM	KANSAS ENERGY CENTER, ROOM 127			
VARIABLE SPEED MOTOR CONTROLLER FOR PRIMARY PUMP	DOCKING STATE OFFICE BUILDING SUB BASEMENT CHILLER ROOM	KANSAS ENERGY CENTER, ROOM 127			
VARIABLE SPEED MOTOR CONTROLLER FOR PCWP-1	DOCKING STATE OFFICE BUILDING SUB BASEMENT CHILLER ROOM	KANSAS ENERGY CENTER, ROOM 127			
VARIABLE SPEED MOTOR CONTROLLER FOR PCWP-2	DOCKING STATE OFFICE BUILDING SUB BASEMENT CHILLER ROOM	KANSAS ENERGY CENTER, ROOM 127			

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EXISTING ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT CONTINUED					
VARIABLE SPEED MOTOR CONTROLLER FOR PCWP-3	DOCKING STATE OFFICE BUILDING SUB BASEMENT CHILLER ROOM	KANSAS ENERGY CENTER, ROOM 127			
VARIABLE SPEED MOTOR CONTROLLER FOR CONDENSER WATER PUMP CP-1, 30 HP 460 VAC 3 PHASE	DOCKING STATE OFFICE BUILDING SUB BASEMENT CHILLER ROOM, CURRENTLY SERVES DCHWP-3, 40 HP 460 VAC 3 PHASE	KANSAS ENERGY CENTER, ROOM 127			
VARIABLE SPEED MOTOR CONTROLLER FOR COOLING TOWER FAN CT-1, 25 HP 460 VAC 3 PHASE	DOCKING STATE OFFICE BUILDING SUB BASEMENT CHILLER ROOM, CURRENTLY SERVES PHRP-4, 25HP 460 VAC 3 PHASE	KANSAS ENERGY CENTER, ROOM 127			
VARIABLE SPEED MOTOR CONTROLLER FOR COOLING TOWER FAN CT-2, 25 HP 460 VAC 3 PHASE	DOCKING STATE OFFICE BUILDING SUB BASEMENT CHILLER ROOM, CURRENTLY SERVES PHRP-5, 25HP 460 VAC 3 PHASE	KANSAS ENERGY CENTER, ROOM 127			
DIESEL ENGINE DRIVEN GENERATOR	GROUNDS STORAGE YARD AT 4 <sup>TH</sup> AND VAN BUREN, TOPEKA, KANSAS	KANSAS ENERGY CENTER SITE, SOUTH OF THE BUILDING	SEE PLANS FOR RECONFIGURATION REQUIREMENTS.		

END OF SECTION 26 0600

26 0600 - 3 EXISTING EQUIPMENT TO BE RELOCATED

### SECTION 26 1100 - RACEWAY AND BOXES FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL (Reference Section 260500)

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 STEEL CONDUIT

- A. Galvanized rigid steel conduit: Conduit shall be hot dipped galvanized and shall bear a UL label. Conduit shall also meet Federal Specification W-WC-581 and ANSI C80.1.
- B. EMT Conduit: Conduit shall be galvanized steel electrical metallic tubing and bear and Underwriters' Laboratory label. Conduit shall conform to Federal Specification WWC-563 and ANSI specification C80.3.
- C. Contractor may use either rigid steel or EMT for all above grade main feeder circuits to switchboards and panelboards unless specifically indicated on plans.
- D. Outside and Wet Location Flexible Conduit: Flexible conduit shall have a water resistant non-sleeving polyvinyl chloride jacket with a general temperature range of -40 degrees C to + 60 degrees C. Conduit shall bear a UL label.
- E. MC Flexible Conduit: 3/8" may only be used from JB to lighting fixture as per NEC 330. A ground wire shall be run in the conduit assembly.
- F. Liquid tight flexible metal conduit Type LFMC: Liquid tight flexible metal conduit shall be used for final connection to interior and exterior motors or equipment where vibration may be encountered. A maximum length of 6'-0" shall be used. A grounding conductor shall be installed in all conduits to include liquid tight flexible metal conduit. Transition from either EMT conduit or GRS conduit to liquid tight flexible metal conduit shall be made by use of a NEMA 3R junction box. Liquid tight flexible metal conduit shall be installed as indicated in NEC Article 350.

# 2.2 CONDUIT FITTINGS

- A. Rigid Steel Conduit: Couplings shall be steel threaded type and box connectors shall be steel insulated bushings and malleable iron or steel locknuts. Unilets shall be malleable iron with blank cover.
- B. EMT Conduit: Couplings and box connectors shall be die cast set screw type. Unilets shall be malleable iron with blank cover.
- C. Flexible Conduit: Connectors shall be threaded type iron with insulated throat.
- D. Where conduits cross building expansion joints provide O-Z expansion fittings type "AX", "TE", "EX", or "EXE" as required.
- E. Provide grounding bushings where feeder conduit attaches to panelboard backbox. Bond grounding bushing to ground bus.

### 2.3 CONDUIT INSTALLATION

A. Align conduit terminations at panelboards, switchboards, motor control equipment, junction boxes, etc. and install true and plumb. Provide supports or templates to hold conduit alignment during rough-in stage of work.

- B. Install conduit continuous between outlet boxes, cabinets and equipment. Make bends smooth and even without flattening or flaking conduit. Radius of bends shall not be shorter than radius listed table 346-10 (b) of NEC. Long radius elbows may be used where necessary.
- C. Ream and clean conduit before installation and plug or cover openings and boxes to keep conduit clean during construction.
- D. Install no conduits or other raceways sized smaller than permitted in applicable NEC Tables. Where conduit sizes shown on drawings are smaller than permitted by code, Contractor shall include cost for proper size conduit in his base bid. In no case reduce conduit sizes indicated on drawings or specified without written approval of Engineer. Fasten conduit securely in place with approved straps, hangers, and steel supports. Provide O-Z cable support to support conductors in vertical raceways as required by NEC Table 300-19 (a) of NEC.
- E. Low voltage wiring including fire alarm, telephone, television, computer cabling and other low voltage wiring shall be installed in conduit unless noted otherwise.

# 2.4 INSERTS, HANGERS

- A. Support vertical and horizontal conduit runs at intervals not greater than 10 feet, within 3 feet of any bend and at every outlet or junction box
- B. Install multiple runs of conduits as follows:
  - 1. Where a number of conduits are to be run exposed and parallel, group and support with trapeze hangers.
  - 2. Fasten hanger rods to structural steel members with suitable beam clamps and to concrete structures with inserts set flush with surface. Install concrete inserts with reinforced rod through opening provided in inserts.
  - 3. Inserts shall be Grinnell figure 279, 281, 282, or 285 or equivalent as required by load and concrete thickness.
  - 4. Provide beam clamps suitable for structural members and conditions.
  - 5. Provide 3/8" minimum diameter steel hangers rods galvanized or cadmium plated finish.
  - 6. Trapeze hangers shall be Kindorf Series 900 channel with fittings and accessories as required.
  - 7. Attach each conduit to trapeze hanger with Steel City No. C-105 clamps for rigid conduit and Steel City No. C-106 clamps for electrical metallic tubing. (EMT).
- C. Install clamps for single conduit runs as follows:
  - Support individual runs by approved pipe straps, secured by toggle bolts on hollow masonry; expansion shields and machine screws or standard preset inserts on concrete or solid masonry; machine screws or bolts on metal surfaces; and wood screws on wood construction. Use of perforated strap not permitted.
  - 2. Install exposed conduits in damp locations with clamp backs under each conduit clamp to prevent accumulation of moisture around conduits.
  - 3. Provide inserts, hangers and accessories with finish as follows:
    - Galvanized: Concrete inserts and pipe straps.
    - b. Galvanized or Cadmium Plated: Steel bolts, nuts, washers and screws.
    - c. Painted with Prime Coat: Individual hangers, trapeze hangers and rods.
- D. Equivalent hangers and support systems by Binkley, Fee and Mason, Kin-Line or Unistrut.

### 2.5 BUSHINGS AND LOCKNUTS

A. Enter outlet boxes squarely and securely clamp conduit to outlet box with bushing on inside and locknut on outside.

### 2.6 SLEEVES

- A. Provide proper type and size sleeves to General Contractor for electrical ducts, busses, conduits, etc. passing through building construction. Supervise installation to insure proper sleeve location. Unless indicated or approved install no sleeves in structural members.
- B. Provide cast iron sleeves extending 1 inch above finished floor where sleeves pass through floors subject to flooding such as toilet rooms, bathrooms, equipment rooms and kitchen. Seal opening between pipe and sleeve with Thunderline Corp. Link Seal.
- C. Unless specified otherwise provide 18 gauge galvanized sheet metal sleeves through floors and non-bearing walls. Where piping passes through exterior walls, equipment room walls, air plenum walls and walls between areas that must be isolated from occupied areas, seal space between sleeves and piping, air or water tight are required with Thunderline Corp. Link Seal.
- D. Provide O-Z Electrical Manufacturing Co., Inc. Type "FSK" or "WSK" or equivalent thruwall and floor seals where conduits pass through concrete foundation walls below grade.
- E. Provide Zurn Z-195 or equivalent flashing sleeve through walls and floors with waterproof membrane. Seal annular space between conduit and sleeve with Thunderline Link Seal or O-Z type CSM sealing bushing.
- F. All holes or voids created by the electrical contractor to extend pipe through fire rated floors and walls shall be sealed with an intumescent material capable of expanding up to 8 to 10 times when exposed to temperatures of 250 degrees F. It shall have ICBO, BOCAI and SBCCI (NRB 243) approved ratings to 3 hours per ASTM E-814 (UL 1479). Acceptable Material: 3M Fire Barrier Caulk, Putty, Strip and sheet forms.

# 2.7 OUTLET BOXES

- A. Provide electrical service outlets, including plug receptacles, lamp receptacles, lighting fixtures and switches with Steel City, Raco, or equivalent four inch code gauge steel knockout boxes galvanized or sheradized of required depth for service or device.
- B. Provide code gauge galvanized steel raised covers on outlet boxes installed in plaster finish. Set to plaster grounds with outside edge of cover flush with plaster finish.
- C. Provide 3/8" or larger fixture stud in each outlet box scheduled to receive lighting fixture. Select covers with proper opening for device installed in outlet box.
- D. Use of utility of "Handy" boxes acceptable only where single gang flush outlet box in masonry is "dead-end" with only one conduit entering box from end or back.
- E. Use no sectional outlet boxes.
- F. Provide Appleton FS or FD unilets for surface mounted exterior work. Provide complete with proper device cover and gasket. Provide blank cover and gasket when used as junction box.

# 2.8 LOCATION OF OUTLET BOXES

A. Locate outlet boxes generally from column centers and finished wall lines. Install ceiling outlet boxes at suspended ceiling elevations.

B. Accurately locate lighting fixtures and appliance outlet boxes mounted in concrete or in plaster finish on concrete. Install outlet boxes in forms to dimensions taken from bench marks, columns, walls, or floors. Rough-in lighting fixtures and appliance outlet boxes to general locations before installation of walls and furring and reset to exact dimensions as walls and furring are constructed. Set outlet boxes true to horizontal and vertical finish lines of building.

- C. Install outlet boxes accessible. Provide outlet boxes above piping or ductwork with extension stems or offsets as required to clear piping and ductwork.
- D. Install bottom of switch outlet boxes 48" above floor unless otherwise called for or required by wainscot, counter, etc. Install bottom of receptacle outlet boxes 16" above floor unless otherwise called for on drawings. Adjust mounting heights to nearest masonry joint for minimum cutting in case of flush outlets.

# 2.9 PULL BOXES, WIREWAYS AND GUTTERS

- A. Provide Alwalt, Keystone, Universal or equivalent code gauge pull boxes, wireways, and gutters indicated or required for installation, sized to conform with NEC rules. Provide complete with necessary fittings, interconnecting nipples, insulating bushings, conductor supports, covers, gaskets, partitions, etc. as required.
- B. Special items may be fabricated locally, to same general design and specifications as those listed in specified manufacturer's catalogs. Provide free of burrs, sharp edges, unreamed holes, sharp pointed screws or bolts, and finished with one coat of suitable enamel inside and out, prior to mounting.
- C. Provide sectional covers for easy removal.

END OF SECTION 26 1100

### SECTION 26 1200 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL (Reference Section 260500)

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 INSERTS, HANGERS

- A. Support vertical and horizontal conduit runs at intervals not greater than 10 feet, within 3 feet of any bend and at every outlet or junction box. All junction boxes and device backboxes shall be supported independently of the connected conduit system.
- B. Install multiple runs of conduits as follows:
  - 1. Where a number of conduits are to be run exposed and parallel, group and support with trapeze hangers.
  - Fasten hanger rods to structural steel members with suitable beam clamps and to concrete structures with inserts set flush with surface. Install concrete inserts with reinforced rod through opening provided in inserts.
  - 3. Inserts shall be Grinnell figure 279, 281, 282, or 285 or equivalent as required by load and concrete thickness.
  - 4. Provide beam clamps suitable for structural members and conditions.
  - 5. Provide 3/8" minimum diameter steel hangers rods galvanized or cadmium plated finish.
  - 6. Trapeze hangers shall be Kindorf Series 900 channel with fittings and accessories as required.
  - 7. Attach each conduit to trapeze hanger with Steel City No. C-105 clamps for rigid conduit and Steel City No. C-106 clamps for electrical metallic tubing. (EMT).
- C. Install clamps for single conduit runs as follows:
  - 1. Support individual runs by approved pipe straps, secured by toggle bolts on hollow masonry; expansion shields and machine screws or standard preset inserts on concrete or solid masonry; machine screws or bolts on metal surfaces; and wood screws on wood construction. Use of perforated strap not permitted.
  - 2. Install exposed conduits in damp locations with clamp backs under each conduit clamp to prevent accumulation of moisture around conduits.
  - 3. Provide inserts, hangers and accessories with finish as follows:
    - a. Galvanized: Concrete inserts and pipe straps.
    - b. Galvanized or Cadmium Plated: Steel bolts, nuts, washers and screws.
    - c. Painted with Prime Coat: Individual hangers, trapeze hangers and rods.
- D. Equivalent hangers and support systems by Binkley, Fee and Mason, Kin-Line or Unistrut.

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION 26 1200.

### SECTION 26 2100 - LOW-VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL POWER CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

PART 1 - GENERAL (Reference Section 260500)

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 CONDUCTORS

- A. Unless noted otherwise conductors referred to are wires and cable. Provide code grade soft annealed copper conductors with specified insulation type in proper colors to conform with color coding specified. Provide conductors No. 8 gauge and larger stranded and conductors No. 10 gauge and smaller shall be solid.
- B. Use no conductors smaller than No. 12 gauge unless specifically called for or approved by Engineer. Size wire for volt branch circuits for 3% maximum voltage drop. Size feeder circuits for 2% maximum voltage drop. Combined voltage drop of feeders and branch circuits shall not exceed 5% maximum.
- C. Provide conductors for listed applications as follows:
  - 1. Lighting and Receptacle Circuits: Type THWN, or THWN/THHN 600 volt, 75 degrees C (167°F) thermoplastic insulated building conductor or better.
  - 2. Lighting and Receptacles Circuits with No. 8 or larger conductors, motor circuits, power and feeder circuits and building service feeders: Type THHN/THWN 600 volts, 75 degrees C (167°F) thermoplastic insulated building conductor.
- D. Provide conductors by Essex, Capitol Southwire Rome, Senator or equivalent.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 CONDUCTOR INSTALLATION

- A. Run conductors in conduit continuous between outlets and junction boxes with no splices or taps pulled into conduits.
- B. Neatly route, tie and support conductors terminating at switchboards, motor control centers, panelboards, sound equipment, etc., with Thomas & Betts Ty-Rap cable ties and clamps or equivalent by Electrovert or Panduit.
- C. Make circuit conductor splices with appropriately sized "wire nuts" Buchanan crimped-on solderless connectors and snap-on nylon insulators or equivalent.
- D. Terminate solid conductors at equipment terminal strips and other similar terminal points with insulated solderless terminal connectors. Terminate all stranded conductor terminal points with insulated solderless terminal connectors. Provide Thomas & Betts Sta-Kon insulated terminals and connectors or equivalent by API/AMP, Blackburn, Buchanan or Scotchlok "Wire Nuts".
- E. Where a total of six or more control and feeder conductors terminate in a multiple device panel or enclosure that has no built-in terminal blocks provide Buchanan 600 volt heavy duty Type HO sectional terminal blocks with mounting channel and No. 23 see-thru covers. Equivalent terminal blocks by General Electric, Square D or Westinghouse.
- F. Wrap conductor taps and connections requiring additional insulation with a minimum of three overlapped layers of 3M scotch vinyl plastic electrical type No. 88 or equivalent.

G. Only one neutral may be used for each circuit. When additional circuits occur in conduit run, additional neutrals shall be installed. Contractors shall provide conduit/conductor sizes as required by Code for listed quantities of conductors.

# 3.2 CONDUCTOR COLOR CODING

A. Refer to 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."

# 3.3 CIRCUITING

A. Refer to 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."

END OF SECTION 26 2100

### SECTION 26 2200 - GROUNDING AND BONDING FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

### PART 1 - GENERAL (Reference Section 260500)

### 1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Supplement grounded neutral of secondary distribution system with equipment grounding system, installed so that metallic structures, enclosures, raceways, junction boxes, outlet boxes, cabinets, machine frames, portable equipment and other conductive items operate continuously at ground potential and provide low impedance path for ground fault currents.
- B. System shall comply with National Electrical Code.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 GROUNDING CONNECTIONS

- A. Equipment grounding conductors for branch circuit home runs shown on the drawings shall indicate an individual and separate ground conductor for that branch circuit which shall be terminated at the branch circuit panelboard, switchboard, or other distribution equipment. No sharing of equipment grounding conductors sized according to the size of the overcurrent device and NEC Table 250.122 shall be allowed.
- B. Required equipment grounding conductors and straps shall be sized in compliance with N.E.C. Table 250.122. Equipment grounding conductors shall be provided with green type TW 600 volt insulation. Related feeder and branch circuit grounding conductors shall be connected to ground bus with approved pressure connectors. Provide feeder servicing several panelboards with a continuous grounding conductor connected to each related panelboard ground bus. Installation shall include necessary precautions regarding terminations with dissimilar metals.
- C. Provide low voltage distribution system with a separate green insulated equipment grounding conductor for each raceway containing single or three-phase feeder. Single phase 120 volt branch circuits for lighting and power shall consist of phase and neutral conductors and a green ground conductor installed in common metallic conduit which shall serve as grounding conductor. Provide flexible metallic conduit utilized in conjunction with above single phase branch circuits with suitable green insulated grounding conductors connected to approved grounding terminals at each end of flexible conduit. Single phase branch circuit installed in nonmetallic conduits shall be provided with separate grounding conductor. Install grounding conductor in common conduit with related phase and/or neutral conductors.
- D. Where parallel feeders are installed in more than one raceway, each raceway shall have a green insulated equipment grounding conductor.
- E. Contractor shall determine number and size of pressure connectors to be provided on equipment grounding bars for termination of equipment grounding conductors in panelboards and other electrical equipment. In addition to active circuits, provide pressure connectors for panel spares and blank spaces.
- F. Provide electrical expansion fitting with an external flexible copper ground securely bonded by approved grounding straps on each end of fitting except where UL approved built-in copper grounding device is provided.
- G. Provide steel and aluminum conduits which terminate without mechanical connection to metallic housing of electrical equipment with ground bushing and connect each bushing with bare copper conductor to ground bus in electrical equipment. Electrically non-continuous metallic conduits containing ground wiring only shall be bonded to ground wire at both conduit entrance and exit.

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- H. Provide grounding bushings on all feeder conduits. Bond grounding bushing to ground bus in respective panelboard.
- I. Grounding conductors shall be as shown on plans or if not specifically shown shall be no smaller than that required by the NEC.

END OF SECTION 26 2200

# SECTION 26 3100 - DRY-TYPE TRANSFORMERS (600 V AND LESS)

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Requirements specified in other Sections apply to this Section.
- C. System commissioning is a part of the construction process. Documentation and testing of systems, as well as training of the Owner's operation and maintenance personnel, is required.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes dry type transformers rated 600V and below.
- B. Furnish and install single- and three-phase (Under 600 volts) dry type transformers as shown on the drawings and specified hereinafter.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Submit the following in accordance with Conditions of Contract and Division 1 Specification Sections.
- B. Product data for products specified in this Section. Include dimensions, ratings, and data on features and components.
- C. Maintenance data for products for inclusion in Operating and Maintenance Manual specified in Division 1 and in Section 260500 Basic Electrical Materials and Methods.

### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Provide transformers from manufacturers regularly engaged in the manufacture of equipment of the types and capacities indicated, with such products in satisfactory use in similar service for not less than 5 years.
- B. Components and Installation: NFPA 70 "National Electrical Code."
- C. Listing and Labeling: Provide products specified in this Section that are listed and labeled.
- D. The terms "listed" and "labeled" shall be defined as they are in the National Electrical Code, Article 100.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, and the pricing agreement established for this project, and with the State or Kansas Department of Facilities Management, the product shall be as manufactured by Square D Company, Schneider Electric.

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#### 2.2 DRY TYPE TRANSFORMERS

- A. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to verify if the final equipment dimensions and if it will fit in the space provided. Design was based on Square D information during design. If manufacturer dimensions change, make any provisions as necessary to make the equipment fit within the allotted space.
- B. These transformers to be designed, assembled, and tested in accordance with the applicable standards of NEMA, IEEE, U.L., ANSI. All transformers shall be energy efficient type designed and assembled in accordance with energy Act 2005. Transformers shall meet requirements of Table 4.2 in NEMA TP1 Standard.
- C. These transformers to be KVA, primary and secondary voltage rated as shown on the drawings. Transformers 15 KVA and larger shall have a minimum quantity of 6, 2-1/2 percent full capacity primary taps (two above and four below). Exact voltages to be as designated on the plans or the transformers schedule.
- D. Transformers 15 KVA and above to be 115 degrees C temperature rise above 40 degrees C ambient. All insulating materials to be in accordance with NEMA ST20 standards for a 220 degrees C UL component recognized insulation system.
- E. Transformer coils to be of the continuous wound copper construction and to be impregnated with nonhygroscopic, thermosetting varnish.
- F. Where the drawing or other specifications require a shielded transformer, the transformer is to have electrostatic shield between primary and secondary windings. The electrostatic shield to be grounded to the case.
- G. All cores to be constructed of high grade, non-aging silicon steel with high magnetic permeability, and low hysteresis and eddy current losses. Magnetic Flux densities are to be kept well below the saturation point. The core lamination to be clamped together with structural steel angles. The completed core and oil is then to be bolted to the base of the enclosure but isolated therefrom by means of rubber, vibration-absorbing mounts. There is to be no metal-tometal contact between the core and coil and the enclosure. On transformers 500 KVA and smaller, the vibration isolating system to be designed to provide a permanent fastening of the core and coil to the enclosure. Sound isolating systems requiring the complete removal of all fastening devices will not be acceptable.
- H. Transformers 15 KVA and larger to be in a heavy gauge, sheet steel, ventilated enclosure. The ventilating openings to be designed to prevent accidental access to live parts in accordance with UL, NEMA, and National Electrical Code standards for ventilated enclosures. Transformers through 75 KVA to be designed so they can be either floor or wall mounted. Above 75 KVA they are to be floor mounted design. Terminal compartment shall be suitable for 75 degrees C insulated wire.
- I. The entire transformer enclosure to be degreased, cleaned, phosphatized, primed, and finished with a grey, baked enamel.
- J. The maximum temperature of the top of the enclosure is not to exceed 50 degrees C rise above a 40 degrees C ambient.
- K. The core of the transformer to be visibly grounded to the enclosure by means of a flexible grounding conductor sized in accordance with applicable NEMA, IEEE, ANSI standards.
- L. Sound levels to be guaranteed by the manufacturer not to exceed the following:

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- 1. 15 to 50 KVA 45DB.
- 2. 51 to 150 KVA 50DB.
- 3. 151 to 300 KVA 55DB.
- 4. 301 to 500 KVA 60DB.
- M. Impedance: The manufacturer published average impedance shall be as follows:
  - 1. 15 KVA 3.0%
  - 2. 30 KVA 3.5%
  - 3. 45 KVA 3.7%
  - 4. 75 KVA 3.2%
  - 5. 112.5 KVA 3.9%
  - 6. 150 KVA 4.7%
  - 7. 225 KVA 6.6%
  - 8. 300 KVA 3.7%
  - 9. 500 KVA 6.2%
- N. Submit complete, guaranteed performance data and physical description for similar transformers. Data to be submitted for each size specified.
- O. The transformer shall be listed by Underwriters' Laboratory for the specified temperature rise.
- P. The equipment shall have adequate quantity of lugs to terminate the quantity and size of conductors as shown on the Drawings. Lugs shall be suitable for type of conductors to be used as shown on the Drawings and/or as specified elsewhere in these specifications.
- Q. Enclosures: For individually mounted contactor and relay devices, comply with NEMA Standard 250, "Enclosures for Electrical Equipment (1,000 Volts Maximum)." Provide enclosures suitable for the environmental conditions at the controller location except as otherwise indicated on drawings.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install independently mounted equipment in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Location: Locate equipment as required unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Install these transformers on a concrete base, (3-1/2-inch nominal thickness) or on a wall bracket as and where shown on the drawings, use neoprene vibration insulator pads under the transformers or neoprene hangers if suspended from above. Provide all mounting hardware necessary.
- D. Secondary wire and conduit shall be run as shown on the drawings.
- E. Primary wire and connections shall be as shown on the drawings.
- F. Provide transformer ground as shown on the drawings, or as specified elsewhere herein.
- G. Connections to be with flexible conduit.

### 3.2 IDENTIFICATION

A. Identify equipment in accordance with Section 16195 – Electrical Identification.

### 3.3 CONNECTIONS

A. Tighten connectors, terminals, bus joints, and mountings. Tighten field connected connectors and terminals, including screws and bolts, in accordance with equipment manufacturer's published torque tightening values. Where manufacturer's torquing requirements are not indicated, comply with tightening torques specified in UL 486A and UL 486B.

### 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Visual and mechanical inspection: Include the following inspections and related work.
- B. Inspect for defects and physical damage and nameplate compliance with contract documents.
- C. Check tightness of electrical connections of devices with calibrated torque wrench. Use manufacturer's recommended torque values.
- D. Verify proper fuse types and ratings in fusible devices.
- E. Electrical Tests: Perform the following in accordance with manufacturer's instructions:
- F. Test all transformers with a 500-volt megger. Minimum acceptable reading for 120-volt transformers windings, between windings and between winding and ground: 20 megohms. Dry out transformers or control equipment that test lower than the above minimum values by a method approved by the Engineer and retest.
  - 1. Perform all tests as may be required by the equipment manufacturer to ensure full warranties.

# 3.5 ADJUSTMENTS

- A. Adjustments or corrections shall be made immediately where equipment does not operate properly or where operation is outside of the parameters specified herein.
- B. If the grounding electrode system resistance specified cannot be met, the Authorized Representative should be notified before taking corrective action.
- C. Provide a written statement to the Architect that confirms all field quality control work has been performed and that all installations meet the requirements of the contract documents. Report documentation shall be provided to the Commissioning Consultant.

# 3.6 CLEANING

A. Remove paint splatters and other spots, dirt, and debris. Touch up scratches and mars of finish to match original finish. Clean devices internally using methods and materials as recommended by manufacturer.

### SECTION 26 4100 - PANELBOARDS

# PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Requirements specified in other Division 16 Sections apply to this Section.
- C. System commissioning is a part of the construction process. Documentation and testing of systems, as well as training of the Owner's operation and maintenance personnel, is required in cooperation with the Commissioning Consultant. Final Completion is dependent on successful completion of all commissioning procedures, documentation, and issue closure. Refer to Commissioning Specification Section 01810 for detailed commissioning requirements.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes lighting and power panelboards and associated auxiliary equipment rated 600 V or less.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Submit the following in accordance with Conditions of Contract and Division 1 Specification Sections.
- B. Product data for each type panelboard, accessory item, and component specified.
- C. Shop drawings from manufacturers of panelboards including dimensioned plans, sections, and elevations. Show tabulations of installed devices, features, accessories, current rating, and voltage rating. Include the following:
  - 1. Enclosure type with details for types other than NEMA Type 1.
  - 2. Bus configuration and current ratings.
  - 3. Short-circuit current rating of panelboard and protective devices.
  - 4. Features, characteristics, ratings, and factory settings of individual protective devices and auxiliary components.
  - 5. Time-current data curves for protective devices.
- D. Wiring diagrams detailing schematic diagram including control wiring, and differentiating between manufacturer-installed and field-installed wiring.
- E. Panel schedules for installation in panelboards. Submit final versions after load balancing.
- F. Maintenance data for panelboard components, for inclusion in Operating and Maintenance Manual specified in Division 1 and in Section 260500 Basic Electrical Materials and Methods. Include instructions for testing circuit breakers.

#### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Listing and Labeling: Provide products specified in this Section that are listed and labeled.

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- 1. The terms "listed" and "labeled" shall be defined as they are in the National Electrical Code, Article 100.
- B. Electrical Component Standard: Components and installation shall comply with NFPA 70, "National Electrical Code."
- C. NEMA Standard: Comply with NEMA PB1, "Panelboards."
- D. UL Standards: Comply with UL 61, "Panelboards," and UL 50, "Cabinets and Boxes."

#### 1.5 **EXTRA MATERIALS**

- Keys: Furnish 10 spare keys for panelboard cabinet locks. Α.
- B. Touch-up Paint for surface-mounted panelboards: One half-pint container.
- C. Obtain the Owner-signed receipt for all extra materials. Provide a copy of the receipt to the Architect.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, and the pricing agreement established for this project, and with the State or Kansas Department of Facilities Management, the product shall be as manufactured by Square D Company, Schneider Electric.
- B. Design is based on products as supplied by Square D.

#### 2.2 PANELBOARDS, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- Α. Provide panelboards and auxiliary components of types, sizes, and ratings indicated and that comply with manufacturer's standard materials, design, and construction in accordance with published product information, unless indicated otherwise. Series rated devices, equipment and assemblies shall not be provided. IEC rated devices, equipment and assemblies shall not be provided. All rated devices, equipment, and assemblies shall be NEMA rated. All buses shall be silver plated copper. All connections shall be tightly bolted. AIC shall be as indicated on the drawings or elsewhere herein.
- B. Provide dead-front safety type circuit breaker panelboards as indicated, with bolt-on to bus molded case circuit breakers in quantities, ratings, types and arrangement indicated. Provide anti-turn solderless pressure type lug connectors approved for copper conductors on all circuit breakers and bus bars. All connectors shall be listed for 75 degrees C. All bus bars shall be hard drawn silver plated copper of 98 percent conductivity. Provide full size neutral bus. Where noted on the drawings, provide 200 percent neutral bus. Provide ground bus, additionally provide isolated ground bus for isolated ground type panelboards. Provide circuit breakers with toggle handles that indicate when tripped. Provide common trip on multiple pole circuit breakers so overload on one pole will trip all poles simultaneously. Provide 20 ampere, singlepole circuit breakers listed as type SWD. Provide circuit breakers listed as type HACR as required. Select enclosures and front trims fabricated by same manufacturer as panelboard and that mate properly with panelboards.
- C. Provide panelboard enclosures fabricated of code-gauge, minimum 16-gauge thickness, galvanized sheet steel unless required to be of other type of material to meet NEMA type as indicated. Provide enclosures without knock-outs. Provide hinged cover front trims of door-in-

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door design to allow access to interior of panelboard without total removal of cover and hinged door with flush key lock. All locks shall be keyed alike. Provide 10 extra keys. Provide front with interior circuit directory frame and directory card with clear plastic cover.

- D. Locks shall be keyed the same.
- E. The equipment shall have adequate quantity of lugs to terminate the quantity and size of conductors as shown on the Drawings. Lugs shall be suitable for type, size, and quantity of conductors to be used as shown on the Drawings and/or as specified elsewhere in these specifications.
- F. If a panelboard of a manufacturer other than the base manufacturer is supplied, it must have the same available "space" for the addition of future breakers, equivalent to the "space" available in the base manufacturer. Any deviation from this requirement is only with the permission of the Owner's representative.
- G. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to verify if the final equipment dimensions and if it will fit in the space provided. Design was based on Square D information during design. If manufacturer dimensions change, make any provisions as necessary to make the equipment fit within the allotted space.
- H. 480Y/277V branch circuit panelboards shall be Square D NF and fully rated at 14,000 AIC minimum, including all breakers, unless otherwise noted on the drawing or here-in.
- I. 208Y/120V branch circuit panelboards shall be Square D NQOD and fully rated at 10,000 AIC minimum, including all breakers, unless otherwise noted on the drawing or here-in.

### 2.3 IDENTIFICATION

A. General: Refer to Section 260553 – Electrical Identification for labeling materials.

#### 2.4 FUSES

A. General: Provide fuses in accordance with Section 262813 – Fuses.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install panelboards and accessory items in accordance with NEMA PB 1.1, "General Instructions for Proper Installation, Operation and Maintenance of Panelboards Rated 600 Volts or Less" and manufacturer's written installation instructions.
- B. Ground Fault Protection: Install panelboard ground fault circuit interrupter devices (as indicated) in accordance with installation guidelines of NEMA 289, "Application Guide for Ground Fault Circuit Interrupters."
- Mounting Heights: Top of box 6'-6" above finished floor, except as indicated.
- Mounting: Plumb and rigid without distortion of box. Mount flush panels uniformly flush with wall finish. Mount surface panels on U-channels in accordance with Section 16050 – Basic Electrical Materials and Methods.
- E. Circuit Directory: Typed and reflective of final circuit changes required to balance panel loads. Obtain approval prior to typing and installing.

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- F. Install filler plates in unused spaces.
- G. Provision for Future Circuits at Flush Panelboards: Stub four 1-inch empty conduits from panel into accessible ceiling space or space designated to be ceiling space in future. Stub four 1-inch empty conduits into raised floor space or below slab other than slabs on grade.

#### 3.2 IDENTIFICATION

A. Identify field-installed wiring and components and provide warning signs in accordance with Section 16195– Electrical Identification.

#### 3.3 GROUNDING

- A. Connections: Make equipment grounding connection(s) for panelboards unless indicated otherwise.
- B. Provide ground continuity to main electrical ground bus(es) unless indicated otherwise.

### 3.4 CONNECTIONS

A. Tighten electrical connectors and terminals, including grounding connections, in accordance with manufacturer's published torque-tightening values. Where manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A and UL 486B.

### 3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Prepare for acceptance tests as follows:
  - 1. Test insulation resistance for each panelboard bus, component, connecting supply, feeder, and control circuit.
  - 2. Test continuity of each circuit.
- B. Testing: After installing panelboards and after electrical circuitry has been energized, demonstrate product capability and compliance with requirements.
  - 1. Procedures: Perform each visual and mechanical inspection and electrical test indicated in NETA ATS, Section 7.5 for switches and Section 7.6 for molded-case circuit breakers. Certify compliance with test parameters.
  - 2. Correct malfunctioning units on site, where possible, and retest to demonstrate compliance; otherwise, replace with new units and retest.
- C. Balancing Loads: After Substantial Completion, but not more than 60 days after Final Acceptance, measure load balancing and make circuit changes as follows:
  - 1. Measure as directed during period of normal system loading.
  - 2. Perform load-balancing circuit changes outside normal occupancy/working schedule of the facility and at time directed. Avoid disrupting critical 24-hour services such as fax machines and on-line data processing, computing, transmitting, and receiving equipment.
  - 3. After circuit changes, recheck loads during normal load period. Record all load readings before and after changes and submit test records.
  - 4. Tolerances: Difference exceeding 20 percent between phase loads, within a panelboard, is not acceptable. Rebalance and recheck as necessary to meet this minimum requirement.

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- D. Infrared Scanning: After Substantial Completion, but not more than 60 days after Final Acceptance, perform an infrared scan of each panelboard. Remove panel fronts so joints and connections are accessible to portable scanner.
  - 1. Follow-up Infrared Scanning: Perform an additional follow-up infrared scan of each panelboard 11 months after date of Substantial Completion.
  - 2. Instrument: Use an infrared scanning device designed to measure temperature or to detect significant deviations from normal values. Provide calibration record for device.
  - 3. Record of Infrared Scanning: Prepare a certified report that identifies panelboards checked and describes scanning results. Include notation of deficiencies detected, remedial action taken, and observations after remedial action.
- E. Test data documentation shall be provided to the Commissioning Consultant.

### 3.6 CLEANING

A. Upon completion of installation, inspect interior and exterior of panelboards. Remove paint splatters and other spots, dirt, and debris. Touch up scratches and mars of finish to match original finish.

### 3.7 DEMONSTRATION

- A. Conduct a minimum 4 hours of training in operation and maintenance as specified under "Instructions to the Owner's Employees" in Division 1. Include training relating to equipment operation and maintenance procedures.
- B. Schedule training with at least 7 days advance written notification to the Owner.

### SECTION 26 5100 - WIRING DEVICES AND COVERPLATES

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SWITCHES, RECEPTACLES AND COVER PLATES

- A. Provide where shown on plans Leviton wiring devices. Part numbers shall be as listed for each device specified.
- B. Equivalent devices by Bryant, Hubbell, General Electric, Arrow Hart, Pass & Seymour.

#### 1.2 INDUSTRY REFERENCES

- A. Underwriter's Laboratories (UL)
  - 1. Switches (UL 20)
  - 2. Receptacles, Plugs & Connectors (UL 498)
  - 3. Pin & Sleeve Connectors (UL 1286)
  - 4. Device Plates (UL 514)
  - 5. GFCI's (UL 943)
- B. National Electric Manufacturers Association (NEMA)
  - 1. WD-1 (Devices, Plates, Colors)
  - 2. WD-6
- C. Federal Specifications
  - 1. Fed Spec Switches (WS-896E)
  - 2. Fed Spec Receptacles (WC-596F)
  - 3. Fed Spec Device Plates (W-P-455)

#### PART 1 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 GENERAL

A. Provide factory-fabricated wiring devices in types, colors, and electrical ratings for applications indicated. Wherever possible, devices shall be back and side wired. All switches and receptacles shall incorporate a metal mounting strap: non-metallic mounting straps are not acceptable. Switches shall be listed per UL 20 and certified by UL to Fed Spec. WS-596E. Receptacles shall be listed per UL 498 and certified by UL to Fed. Spec. WS-896E. Both switches and receptacles shall be visibly marked with the "UL-FS" mark to confirm certification. All devices shall be from the same manufacturer. Color of devices shall be Ivory.

#### 2.2 SWITCHES

A. Pilot Light Switches: Shall have illuminated toggles in the ON position for visual load monitoring.

Leviton Part No. #12-1-PLR

B. Momentary contact switches: Shall be 20 ampere, double throw, three position, center off toggle switches mounted in matching wall plate.

Leviton #1257

#### C. Motion Sensor Switches

Hubbell H-Moss dual technology motion sensor switch in single or dual level light switching as required by plans. The switches shall be configured as "vacancy" operation requiring push of a button to illuminate the lighting system. The lighting system shall then be turned off after a predetermined time of inactivity.

Dual with (2) push buttons shall be AD1277I2 (Ivory) Single with (1) push button shall be AD1277II (Ivory)

E. See Switch Schedule at end of section

### 2.3 RECEPTACLES

- A. Receptacles: Standard receptacles shall be equipped with a 20 ampere simplex or duplex plug receptacles as shown on the plans except where otherwise noted. Receptacles shall be 3 wire grounding type NEMA No. 5-20R. Receptacle shall be constructed with Nylon face and base; .050 gauge brass backstrap with one-piece ground design; riveted self-grounding clip; and .040 gauge solid brass, triple-wipe contacts. Receptacles denoted as "Emergency" shall be red in color, and denoted as such with a device plate labeled with the word "EMERGENCY" in capital letters.
- B. Isolated Ground Receptacles: IG receptacles shall be 3 wire grounding type NEMA No. 5-20R-IG. Receptacle shall be constructed with Nylon face and base; .050 gauge brass nickel-plated backstrap with isolated ground design; riveted self-grounding clip; and .040 gauge solid brass, nickel-plated, triple-wipe contacts. Receptacles shall be orange.
- C. Weatherproof receptacles: Weatherproof receptacles shall be equipped with a ground fault interrupter receptacle which will automatically detect a ground fault current and will de-energize receptacle when fault current exceeds 5 milliamps. GFCI shall be certified Class A by Underwriter's Laboratories.

Leviton #6898 with hinged cover #4987-GY

- D. GFCI Receptacles: GFCI receptacles shall detect a ground fault current and shall automatically de-energize receptacle when fault current exceeds 5 milliamps. GFCI shall be certified Class A by Underwriter's Laboratories, and listed under UL Standard 943. Receptacle shall be rated 20A. 120V. 2 pole, 3 wire grounding.
- E. Combination 120/208 Volt Receptacles: Shall be 20 ampere duplex, NEMA 5-20R/6-20R.

Leviton #5844

F. Surge Suppression Receptacles: Surge Suppression receptacles shall be isolated ground, duplex receptacle design, rated 20 ampere, 120 Volts and shall contain surge suppression device to protect appliances served by the receptacle. Receptacles shall provide 13,000 Amps Maximum Surge Current Line to Neutral; 6,500 ampere Maximum Surge Current Line to Ground; and 6,500 ampere Max. Surge Current Neutral to Ground; each based on IEEE C62.41, \* X 20 us waveform. Receptacle shall be certified by UL 1449 to have maximum clamping voltage of 500 Volts Peak Line to Neutral, Line to Ground, and Neutral to Ground based on Class B, 6KV, 3KA impulse, and shall be suitable for ANSI/IEEE C62.41-1980 installation categories A and B. Receptacles shall have a blue faceplate. Receptacle shall have an audible alarm.

Leviton #5380 Leviton #5380-IG (isolated ground) Leviton #8380 (Hospital Grade) Leviton #8380-IG (Hospital Grade w/ isolated ground)

G. Corrosion-Resistant Receptacles: Corrosion-Resistant receptacles shall be provided with a 20 ampere, 125 Volt duplex receptacle, NEMA 5-20R configuration. It shall be constructed with Nylon face and base; .050 gauge brass nickel-plated backstrap with one-piece ground design; riveted self-grounding clip; and .040 gauge solid brass, nickel-plated, triple-wipe contacts. Face shall be yellow in color. Device shall surpass ASTMB-17-13, 500 Hour salt spray and fog test requirements with no visible corrosion.

#### Leviton #53CM-62

#### 2.4 SWITCH AND RECEPTACLE FLUSH WALL PLATES

- A. Wall plates for all flush outlets shall be satin stainless steel Type 302. All plates shall be listed per UL 514 and shall be of the same manufacturer as the devices furnished. Plates for surface mounted device outlets shall be drawn galvanized steel for steel boxes and cast for cast boxes.
- B. Provide projecting mounted wiring devices with standard stainless steel wall plates with satin finish conforming to U.S. Bureau of Standards finish #32D.
- C. Provide matching blank wall plates to cover outlet or junction boxes intended for future devices.
- D. Provide matching blank wall plates with round knock out at all telephone outlet locations.
- E. Provide factory engraved wall plates where indicated. Where engraved text is not outlined submit two copies of proposed text to A/E for review.
- F. Where wall plates for special devices are available only from manufacturer of device, provide designs and finishes equivalent to above specification.
- G. Multiple switch plates shall be engraved to indicate what they control.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 GENERAL

- A. Install wiring devices to manufacturer's recommendations and in strict accordance with applicable sections of NEC.
- B. Wall plates shall not support wiring devices. Provide wiring device with accessories as required to properly install devices and wall plates.
- C. Provide tamper proof screws for all device coverplates. Refer to Section 08710.

# **Equivalent Device Manufacturers and Model Numbers**

TOGGLE SWITCHES										
TYPE	GE	AH	BRYANT	HUBBELL	LEVITON	P&S				
Single Pole	GE5951-2G	19911	4901-GI	HBL1221I	1221-21	20AC1-I				
Double Pole	GE5952-2G	19921	4902-I	HBL1222I	1222-21	20AC2-I				
3-Way	GE5953-2G	19931	4903-I	HBL1223I	1223-21	20AC3-I				
4-Way	GE5954-2G	19941	4904-GI	HBL1224I	1224-21	20AC4-I				
SP Key Op	GE5951-OLG	1991L	4901-L	HBL1221L	1221-2L	20AC1-L				
3-W Key Op	GE5953-OLG	1993L	4903-L	HBL1223L	1223-L	20AC3-L				

RECEPTACLES										
TYPE	GE	AH	BRYANT	HUBBELL	LEVITON	EAGLE	P&S			
Duplex	GE5362-2	53621	5362-I	53521	5352-I	5362V	5362-I			
Simplex	GE4102-2	5361I	5361-I	53511	5351-I	5361V	5361-l			
Isolated Ground	GE5362- IG2	IG5362I	5362-IGI	IG5352I	5352-IGI	IG5362V	IG600-I			
GFCI	GE5342-2G	GF5342I	GFR53FT-I	GF5352-IA	6898-I	647-2V	2091-IS			
Weather -proof				GF5352- GYA	6898					
TVSS w/IG				IG5362S	5380-IG					

#### SECTION 26 6100 - DISCONNECT AND SAFETY SWITCHES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 DISCONNECT SWITCHES

- A. Provide heavy duty horsepower rated Safety Switches rated in accordance with NEMA enclosed Switch Standard KS 1-1969 and L98 Standard.
- B. Enclosure shall be NEMA type required by switch location and environment. Enclosure door shall latch with means for padlocking and cover interlock with defeater to prevent opening door when switch is energized or closing switch with door open. Switch shall have an embossed nameplate permanently attached to door front with switch rating, short circuit interrupting capacity and application information.
- C. Line terminals shall be permanently marked and shielded. Contact shall be tin plated, equipped with arch chutes and have moving contacts visible in off position with door open. Wiring terminals shall be pressure type suitable for copper or aluminum wire. Switching mechanism shall be quick-make, quick-break spring driven anti-tease mechanism and shall be integral part of box. All current carrying parts shall be plated.
- D. Fuse holders shall be high pressure suitable for use with dual element fuses or rejection type current limiting fuses where required. Fuse holders shall be completely accessible from front of switch and fuses shall be installed so that the label may be easily read from the front and without removing the fuse.
- E. All fuse holders for rejection type current limiting fuses shall have rejection clips installed.

### 1.2 INSTALLATION

- All disconnect switches as specified shall be installed in strict accordance with rules set forth by NEC.
- B. Approved disconnect switches shall include G.E., Cutler Hammer, or I.T.E. Siemens, Square D.

### SECTION 26 6150 - FUSES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Requirements specified in other Division 26 Sections apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes fuses rated 600 V and below and accessory items. Types of products in this Section include the following:
  - Cartridge Fuses.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Submit the following in accordance with Conditions of Contract and Division 1 Specification Sections:
- B. Product Data for fuses. Include descriptive data and time-current curves for all fuses and letthrough current curves for those with current limiting characteristics.

### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electrical Component Standard: Components and installation shall comply with NFPA 70 "National Electrical Code."
- B. UL Listing and Labeling: Items provided under this Section shall be listed and labeled by UL.

### 1.5 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Maintenance Stock, Fuses: For types and ratings required, furnish spare fuses, amounting to one unit for every 10 installed units, but not less than one set of 3 of each kind.
- B. Obtain Authorized Representative signed receipt for all extra materials. Provide a copy of the receipt to the Architect.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Bussmann Div., Cooper Industries, Incorporated.
  - 2. Gould, Incorporated.
  - 3. Littelfuse, Incorporated.

# 2.2 FUSES, GENERAL

- A. General: Provide fuses of types, classes, and current ratings as indicated; where not indicated provide current rating to meet NEC requirements and circuit ampacity. Voltage ratings shall be consistent with the circuits on which used.
- B. Fuses for Direct Current Circuits: Marked for such use by the manufacturer on the fuse label.

#### 2.3 CARTRIDGE FUSES

- A. General: Comply with ANSI/IEEE Standard FU1, "Low Voltage Cartridge Fuses." Provide nonrenewable-cartridge-type fuses except as indicated.
  - 1. Class L Fuses: Comply with UL 198C, "High-Interrupting Capacity Fuses," Time-Delay Current-Limiting Type.
  - 2. Class RK1 & RK5 Dual Element Time Delay Current Limiting Fuses: Comply with UL 198E, "Class R Fuses."

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 APPLICATION OF FUSES

- A. General: All fuses, 600 volt and below, shall be by the same manufacturer.
- B. Apply fuses as indicated:
  - 1. 600 Ampere or less: Class RK1 time-delay current limiting fuse with minimum 200,000 RMS symmetrical AIC rating. Fuses to be Bussmann type #LPN-RK Gould type #A2D-R, Littelfuse type #LLN-RK for 250 volt application, Bussmann type #LPS-RK, Gould type #A6D-R, Littelfuse type #LLS-RK for 600 volt application, or equal.
  - 2. 601-6000 Ampere: Class L time-delay current limiting fuse with minimum 200,000 RMS symmetrical AIC rating. Fuses to be Bussmann Type #KRP-C, Gould type #A4BQ, Littelfuse type #KLP-C.
  - 3. Fuse sizes shown on drawings for motor circuit protection are sized be Bussmann's recommendation for "running back-up overload protection." If an approved equal manufacturer is used. The sizing must be check and changed if necessary per that manufacturer's recommendation.
  - 4. Rejection clips shall be provided in any fuse clip that is scheduled to receive an "R" class fuse.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install fuses in fusible devices.
- B. Supply a minimum of 10% spare fuses of each size and type or a minimum of 3 which ever is greater.
- C. Coordination Study: Where coordination study recommends changes in types, classes, features, or ratings of fuses or fusible devices from those indicated, and those changes are approved, make them with no change to the contract price or time of completion.

# 3.3 IDENTIFICATION

A. Install labels indicating fuse replacement information on inside door of each fused switch.

### SECTION 26 7100 - MOTOR CONTROLLERS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For products specified in this Section. Include dimensions, ratings, and data on features and components.
- B. Field Test Reports: Indicate and interpret test results for compliance with performance requirements.
- C. Maintenance Data: For products to include in the maintenance manuals specified in Division 1.
- D. Load-Current and Overload-Relay Heater List: Compile after motors have been installed and arrange to demonstrate that selection of heaters suits actual motor nameplate full-load currents.

### 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Provide full voltage, reduced-voltage, solid-state, and variable-speed controllers from manufacturers regularly engaged in the manufacture of equipment of the types and capacities indicated, with such products in satisfactory use in similar service for not less than 5 years.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain similar motor-control devices through one source from a single manufacturer.
- C. Comply with NFPA 70.
- D. Listing and Labeling: Provide motor controllers specified in this Section that are listed and labeled.
  - 1. The Terms "Listed" and "Labeled": As defined in the National Electrical Code, Article 100.
- E. NEMA Compliance: NEMA ICS 2, "Industrial Control Devices, Controllers and Assemblies."
- F. UL Compliance: UL 508, "Electric Industrial Control Equipment."

### 1.4 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate features of controllers and accessory devices with pilot devices and control circuits to which they connect.
- B. Coordinate features, accessories, and functions of each motor controller with the ratings and characteristics of the supply circuit, the motor, the required control sequence, and the duty cycle of the motor and load.

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#### 1.5 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed, are packaged with protective covering for storage, and are identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Spare Fuses and Incandescent Indicating Lamps: Furnish 1 spare for every 5 installed units, but not less than 1 set of 3 of each kind.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, and the pricing agreement established for this project, and with the State or Kansas Department of Facilities Management, the product shall be as manufactured by Square D Company, Schneider Electric.

# 2.2 MOTOR CONTROLLERS, GENERAL

- A. Coordinate the features of each motor controller with the ratings and characteristics of the supply circuit, the motor, the required control sequence, the duty cycle of the motor, drive, and load, and the pilot device, and control circuit affecting controller functions. Provide controllers that are horsepower rated to suit the motor controlled. Provide auxiliary devices as indicated; where not indicated as required for a complete operation system as intended. All connectors shall be listed for 75 degrees C. Controllers shall be only NEMA listed/rated. Series rated devices, equipment and assemblies shall not be provided. IEC rated devices, equipment and assemblies shall not be provided. All rated devices, equipment, and assemblies shall be NEMA rated.
- B. Contacts shall open each ungrounded connection to the motor.
- C. Overload Relays: Ambient-compensated type with inverse-time-current characteristic. Provide with heaters or sensors in each phase matched to nameplate full-load current of the specific motor to which connected with appropriate adjustment for duty cycle. Overloads to be NEMA Class 20 Type.
- D. Enclosures: For individually mounted motor controllers and control devices, comply with NEMA Standard 250, "Enclosures for Electrical Equipment (1,000 Volts Maximum)." Provide enclosures suitable for the environmental conditions at the controller location except as otherwise indicated.

### 2.3 MANUAL MOTOR CONTROLLERS

A. Description: Provide NEMA ICS 2, general purpose, quick-make, quick-break toggle action controller as indicated; where not indicated, as required to make a complete operational system as intended. Controller to be Allen-Bradley Bulletin #600 Series with neon pilot light except incandescent pilot light for NEMA 4, 7, and 9, or equal.

### 2.4 MAGNETIC MOTOR CONTROLLERS

A. Full Voltage: NEMA ICS 2, Class A, full voltage, nonreversing, across the line, unless otherwise indicated. Where not indicated, as required to make a complete operation system as intended. Controller shall be Allen-Bradley Bulletin #509 Series or equal.

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- B. Control Circuit: 120 V; obtained from integral control power transformer, unless otherwise indicated. Include a control power transformer with adequate capacity to operate connected pilot, indicating and control devices, plus 100 percent spare capacity.
- C. Combination Controller: Factory-assembled combination controller and disconnect switch with or without overcurrent protection as indicated.
  - 1. Fusible Disconnecting Means: NEMA KS 1, heavy-duty, fusible switch with rejection-type Type RK-1 fuse clips rated for fuses indicated. Select and size fuses to provide Type 2 protection according to IEC 947-4-1, as certified by a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory.
  - 2. Nonfusible Disconnect: NEMA KS 1, heavy-duty, nonfusible switch.
  - 3. Circuit-Breaker Disconnect: NEMA AB 1, motor-circuit protector with field-adjustable short-circuit trip coordinated with motor locked-rotor amperes.
  - 4. Interlock switch with unit cover or door. Controller shall be Allen-Bradley Bulletin #512, #506, #522, #532, #542 Series or equal. Provide fuses as required to meet NEC and the actual motor load full load amperage.
- D. Overload Relay: Ambient-compensated type with inverse-time-current characteristic. Provide with heaters or sensors in each phase matched to nameplate full-load current of specific motor to which they connect, and with appropriate adjustment for duty cycle.
- E. Multi-Speed Motor Controller: Match controller to motor type, application, and number of speeds (constant horsepower/constant torque/variable torque, two-speed-separate-winding/two-speed-consequent pole): Where not indicated, as required to make a complete operational system as intended. Controller shall be Allen-Bradley Bulletin #520 Series or equal. Include the following accessories:
  - 1. Compelling relay ensures motor will start only at low speed.
  - 2. Accelerating relay ensures properly timed acceleration through speeds lower than that selected
  - 3. Decelerating relay ensures automatically timed deceleration through each speed.

### 2.5 ENCLOSURES

- A. Description: Flush or surface-mounted cabinets as indicated. NEMA 250, Type 1, unless otherwise indicated to meet environmental conditions at installed location.
  - 1. Outdoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 3R.
  - 2. Kitchen Areas: NEMA 250, Type 4X, stainless steel.
  - 3. Other Wet or Damp Indoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 4.
  - 4. Hazardous Areas Indicated on Drawings: NEMA 250, Type 7C.

### 2.6 ACCESSORIES

- A. Devices are factory installed in controller enclosure, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Push-Button Stations, Pilot Lights (Transformer Type), and Selector Switches: NEMA ICS 2, heavy-duty type. Heavy-duty type, Allen Bradley Bulletin #800T Series or equal.
- C. Stop and Lockout Push-Button Station: Momentary-break push-button station with a factory-applied hasp arranged so a padlock can be used to lock push button in depressed position with control circuit open. Heavy-duty type, Allen Bradley Bulletin #800T Series or equal.

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- D. Control Relays: Auxiliary and adjustable time-delay relays as indicated; where not indicated, as required to make a complete operational system as intended. Relays shall be Allen-Bradley Bulletin #700N, #700RT and #700RTA Series or equal.
- E. Current-Sensing, Phase-Failure Relays: Solid-state sensing circuit with isolated output contacts for hard-wired connection; arranged to operate on phase-failure, phase reversal, current unbalance of from 30 to 40 percent, or loss of supply voltage. Provide adjustable response delay.
- F. Transient Voltage Surge Suppressers: IEEE C62.41, selected to meet requirements for a low-exposure category.
- G. Impulse sparkover voltage coordinated with system circuit voltage.
- H. Factory mounted with Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory listed and labeled mounting device.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 APPLICATION

- A. Select features of each motor controller to coordinate with ratings and characteristics of supply circuit and motor; required control sequence; duty cycle of motor, drive, and load; and configuration of pilot device and control circuit affecting controller functions.
- B. Select horsepower rating of controllers to suit motor controlled.
- C. Use fractional-horsepower manual controllers for single-phase motors, unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Push-Button Stations: In covers of magnetic controllers for manually started motors where indicated, start contact connected in parallel with sealing auxiliary contact for low-voltage protection shall be provided.
- E. Hand-Off-Automatic Selector Switches: Provide in covers of manual and magnetic controllers of motors started and stopped by automatic controls or interlocks with other equipment.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install independently mounted motor-control devices according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Manufacturer's Field Services: For reduced voltage and solid state controllers, provide services of a factory-authorized service representative to supervise the field assembly and connection of components, including the pretesting and adjustment of solid-state controllers.
- C. Location: Locate controllers within sight of motors controlled, unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Mounting: For control equipment at walls, bolt units to structural steel U-channels securely fastened to the wall. For controllers not at walls, provide freestanding racks fabricated of structural steel members and structural steel U-channels. Use feet consisting of 3/8-inch thick steel plates, 6 inches square, bolted to the floor. Use feet for welded attachment of 1-1/2-inch by 1-1/2-inch by 1/4-inch vertical angle posts not over 3 feet on centers. Connect the posts with welded horizontal steel U-channels and bolt the control equipment to the channels.

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- 1. Mount manual controllers at same height as snap switches per Section 16143 Wiring Devices unless indicated otherwise.
- Mount top of magnetic, solid state, and variable frequency drive controllers at 6'-0" AFF unless indicated otherwise.
- E. Install freestanding equipment on concrete housekeeping bases conforming to Section 03300 Cast-In-Place Concrete.
- F. Motor-Controller Fuses: Install indicated fuses in each fusible switch conforming to requirements of Section 262813 Fuses.

### 3.3 IDENTIFICATION

A. Identify motor control components and control wiring in accordance with Section 16195 – Electrical Identification.

### 3.4 CONTROL WIRING INSTALLATION

- A. Install wiring between motor-control devices according to Section 16120– Wire and Cables.
- B. Bundle, train, and support wiring in enclosures.
- C. Connect hand-off-automatic switch and other automatic control devices where available.
  - 1. Connect selector switches to bypass only the manual and automatic control devices that have no safety functions when switch is in the hand position.
  - 2. Connect selector switches with motor-control circuit in both hand and automatic positions for safety-type control devices such as low- and high-pressure cutouts, high-temperature cutouts, and motor overload protectors.
- D. Provide wiring between fire alarm system and controllers.
- E. Provide wiring between DDC temperature control panels and magnetic motor controllers that are not part of a package unit.

### 3.5 CONNECTIONS

A. Tighten connectors, terminals, bus joints, and mountings. Tighten field-connected connectors and terminals, including screws and bolts, according to manufacturer's published torque tightening values. Where manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A and UL 486B.

# 3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing: After installing motor controllers and after electrical circuitry has been energized, demonstrate product capability and compliance with requirements.
  - 1. Procedures: Perform each visual and mechanical inspection and electrical test stated in NETA ATS, Sections 7.5, 7.6, and 7.16. Certify compliance with test parameters.
  - 2. Remove and replace malfunctioning units with new units, and retest.
- B. Visual and mechanical inspection: Include the following inspections and related work.

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- Motor-Control Device Ratings and Settings: Verify that ratings and settings, as installed, are C. appropriate for final loads and final system arrangement and parameters. Recommend final protective-device ratings and settings where differences are found. Use accepted revised ratings or settings to make the final system adjustments. Prepare and submit for review the load current and overload relay heater list.
- D. Inspect for defects and physical damage, and nameplate compliance with current project drawings.
- E. Exercise and perform operational tests of mechanical components and other operable devices.
- F. Check tightness of electrical connections of devices with calibrated torque wrench. Use manufacturer's recommended torque values.
- G. Clean devices using manufacturer's approved methods and materials.
- Н. Verify proper fuse types and ratings in fusible devices.
- Ι. Electrical Tests: Perform the following in accordance with manufacturer's instructions:
  - 1. Test controllers with 1000 VDC megger. Follow manufacturer's instructions and remove all control wires and devices as necessary to avoid damage to sensitive components. Test each phase conductor to each phase conductor and ground, record data on test forms. Provide test data, as requested by the Architect, for review by the Architect. Any equipment failing to meet minimum standards as determined by the Architect shall be replaced or repaired at Contractor's expense.
  - 2. Test auxiliary protective features such as but not limited to loss of phase, phase unbalance and undervoltage to verify operation.
  - 3. Check for improper voltages at terminals in controllers that have external control wiring when controller disconnect is opened.
  - Provide written notice of test date/time to owner's representative a minimum of 48 hours 4. prior to the test date or as noted in Section01810.
  - 5. Test data documentation shall be provided to the Commissioning Consultant.
- Correct deficiencies and retest motor control devices. Verify by the system tests that specified J. requirements are met.
- Provide a written statement to the Architect that confirms all field quality control work has been K. performed and that all installations meet the requirements of the contract documents. Report documentation shall be provided to the Commissioning Consultant.

#### 3.7 **CLEANING**

Remove paint splatters and other spots, dirt, and debris. Touch up scratches and mars of finish to match original finish. Clean devices internally, using methods and materials as recommended by manufacturer.

# 3.8 DEMONSTRATION

- A. Training: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to demonstrate solid-state and variable-speed controllers and train Owner's maintenance personnel.
  - 1. Conduct a minimum of 4 hours of training in operation and maintenance as specified in Division 1. Include training relating to equipment operation and maintenance procedures.
  - 2. Schedule training with at least 7 days' advance notice.

END OF SECTION 26 7100

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#### SECTION 26 7200 - VARIABLE FREQUENCY DRIVES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes solid-state, PWM, VFDs for speed control of three-phase, squirrel-cage induction motors.

### 1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. DDC: Direct digital control
- B. IGBT: Integrated gate bipolar transistor.
- C. LAN: Local area network.
- D. PID: Control action, proportional plus integral plus derivative.
- E. PWM: Pulse-width modulated.
- F. VFD: Variable frequency drive.

### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of VFD, provide dimensions; mounting arrangements; location for conduit entries; shipping and operating weights; and manufacturer's technical data on features, performance, electrical ratings, characteristics, and finishes.
- B. Shop Drawings: For each VFD.
  - 1. Include dimensioned plans, elevations, sections, and details, including required clearances and service space around equipment. Show tabulations of installed devices, equipment features, and ratings.
- C. Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and control wiring for VFD. Provide schematic wiring diagram for each type of VFD.
- D. Field Test Reports: Written reports specified in Part 3.
- E. Operation and Maintenance Data: For VFDs, all installed devices, and components to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. Include the following:
  - 1. Routine maintenance requirements for VFDs and all installed components.

### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Maintain, within 100 miles (160 km) of Project site, a service center capable of providing training, parts, and emergency maintenance and repairs.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain VFDs of a single type through one source from a single manufacturer.

- C. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- D. Product Selection for Restricted Space: Drawings indicate maximum dimensions for VFDs, minimum clearances between VFDs, and adjacent surfaces and other items. Comply with indicated dimensions and clearances.
- E. Comply with NFPA 70.

### 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Store VFDs indoors in clean, dry space with uniform temperature to prevent condensation. Protect VFWs from exposure to dirt, fumes, water, corrosive substances, and physical damage.

#### 1.6 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate layout and installation of VFWs with other construction including conduit, piping, equipment, and adjacent surfaces. Maintain required workspace clearances and required clearances for equipment access doors and panels.
- B. Coordinate size and location of concrete bases. Cast anchor-bolt inserts into bases. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork requirements are specified in Division 3.
- C. Coordinate features of VFDs installed units, and accessory devices with pilot devices and control circuits to which they connect.
- D. Coordinate features, accessories, and functions of each VFD and each installed unit with ratings and characteristics of supply circuit, motor, required control sequence, and duty cycle of motor and load.

### 1.7 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Spare Fuses: Furnish one set of three of each type and rating.
  - 2. Indicating Lights: Two of each type installed.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Subject to compliance with requirements, and the pricing agreement established for this project, and with the State or Kansas Department of Facilities Management, the product shall be as manufactured by Square D Company, Schneider Electric.

## 2.2 VARIABLE FREQUENCY CONTROLLERS

- A. Description: NEMA ICS 2, IGBT, PWM, VFD; listed and labeled as a complete unit and arranged to provide variable speed of a NEMA MG 1, Design B, 3-phase, premium-efficiency induction motor by adjusting output voltage and frequency.
- B. Design and Rating: Match load type, in this case, pumps; and type of connection used between motor and load such as direct or through a power-transmission connection.
- C. Output Rating: 3-phase; 6 to 60 Hz, with voltage proportional to frequency throughout voltage range.
- D. Unit Operating Requirements:
  - 1. Input ac voltage tolerance of 380 to 500 V, plus or minus 10 percent.
  - 2. Input frequency tolerance of 50/60 Hz, plus or minus 6 percent.
  - 3. Capable of driving full load, under the following conditions, without derating:
    - a. Ambient Temperature: 0 to 40 deg C.
    - b. Humidity: Less than 90 percent (non-condensing).
    - c. Altitude: 500 feet.
  - 4. Minimum Efficiency: 96 percent at 60 Hz full load.
  - 5. Minimum Displacement Primary-Side Power Factor: 96 percent.
  - 6. Overload Capability: 1.1 times the base load current for 60 seconds; 2.0 times the base load current for 3 seconds.
  - 7. Starting Torque: 100 percent of rated torque or as indicated.
  - 8. Speed Regulation: Plus or minus 1 percent.
  - 9. Isolated control interface to allow controller to follow control signal over an 11:1 speed range.
- E. Internal Adjustability Capabilities:
  - 1. Minimum Speed: 5 to 25 percent of maximum rpm.
  - 2. Maximum Speed: 80 to 100 percent of maximum rpm.
  - 3. Acceleration: 2 to a minimum of 22 seconds.
  - 4. Deceleration: 2 to a minimum of 22 seconds.
  - 5. Current Limit: 50 to a minimum of 110 percent of maximum rating.
- F. Self-Protection and Reliability Features:
  - 1. Input transient protection by means of surge suppressors.
  - 2. Snubber networks to protect against malfunction due to system voltage transients.
  - 3. Under- and overvoltage trips; inverter overtemperature, overload, and overcurrent trips.
  - 4. Motor Overload Relay: Adjustable and capable of NEMA 250 performance.
  - 5. Notch filter to prevent operation of the controller-motor-load combination at a natural frequency of the combination.
  - 6. Instantaneous line-to-line and line-to-ground overcurrent trips.
  - 7. Loss-of-phase protection.
  - 8. Reverse-phase protection.
  - 9. Short-circuit protection.
  - 10. Motor overtemperature fault.

- G. Automatic Reset and Restart: To attempt three restarts after controller fault or on return of power after an interruption and before shutting down for manual reset or fault correction. Bidirectional autospeed search shall be capable of starting into rotating loads spinning in either direction and returning motor to set speed in proper direction, without damage to controller, motor, or load.
- H. Power-Interruption Protection: To prevent motor from re-energizing after a power interruption until motor has stopped.
- I. Torque Boost: Automatically vary starting and continuous torque to at least 1.5 times the minimum torque to insure high-starting torque and increased torque at slow speeds.
- J. Motor Temperature Compensation at Slow Speeds: Adjustable current fallback based on output frequency for temperature protection of self-cooled fan-ventilated motors at slow speeds.
- K. Input Line Conditioning: AC Line Reactors, 3% minimum impedance as well as a DC link choke.
- L. Status Lights: Door-mounted LED indicators shall indicate the following conditions:
  - Power on.
  - 2. Run.
  - Overvoltage.
  - Line fault.
  - 5. Overcurrent.
  - External fault.
- M. Panel-Mounted Operator Station: Start-stop and auto-manual selector switches with manual speed control potentiometer and elapsed time meter.
- N. Indicating Devices: Meters or digital readout devices and selector switch, mounted flush in controller door and connected to indicate the following controller parameters:
  - 1. Output frequency (Hz).
  - 2. Motor speed (rpm).
  - 3. Motor status (running, stop, and fault).
  - 4. Motor current (amperes).
  - 5. Motor torque (percent).
  - 6. Fault or alarming status (code).
  - 7. PID feedback signal (percent).
  - 8. DC-link voltage (VDC).
  - 9. Set-point frequency (Hz).
  - 10. Output voltage (V).
- O. Control Signal Interface: As required for Temperature Control system interface, provide VFDs with the following:
  - 1. Electric Input Signal Interface: A minimum of 2 analog inputs (0 to 10 V or 0/4-20 ma) and 6 programmable digital inputs.
  - 2. Remote Signal Inputs: Capability to accept any of the following speed-setting input signals from the BMS or other control systems:
    - a. 0 to 10-V dc.
    - b. 0-20 or 4-20 ma.
    - c. Potentiometer using up/down digital inputs.
    - d. Fixed frequencies using digital inputs.

- e. RS485.
- f. Keypad display for local hand operation.
- 3. Output Signal Interface:
  - a. A minimum of 1 analog output signal (0/4-20 ma), which can be programmed to any of the following:

Output frequency (Hz).

Output current (load).

DC-link voltage (VDC).

Motor torque (percent).

Motor speed (rpm).

Set-point frequency (Hz).

- 4. Remote Indication Interface: A minimum of 2 dry circuit relay outputs (120-V ac, 1 A) for remote indication of the following:
  - a. Motor running.
  - b. Set-point speed reached.
  - c. Fault and warning indication (overtemperature or overcurrent).
  - d. PID high or low speed limits reached.
- P. Communications: Provide an RS485 interface allowing VFD to be used with an external system within a multi-drop LAN configuration. Interface shall allow all parameter settings of VFD to be programmed via BMS control. Provide capability for VFD to retain these settings within the nonvolatile memory. The serial interface shall be capable of communicating via ModBus and or Johnson Metasys N2 protocols.
- Q. Integral Disconnecting Means: NEMA AB 1, instantaneous-trip circuit breaker with lockable handle.
- 2.3 ENCLOSURES
  - A. NEMA 1 enclosure with ventilating openings as required.
- 2.4 ACCESSORIES
  - A. Devices shall be factory installed in controller enclosure, unless otherwise indicated.
  - B. Push-Button Stations, Pilot Lights, and Selector Switches: NEMA ICS 2, heavy-duty type.
  - C. Control Relays: Auxiliary and adjustable time-delay relays.
  - D. Standard Displays:
    - 1. Output frequency (Hz).
    - Set-point frequency (Hz).
    - 3. Motor current (amperes).
    - 4. DC-link voltage (VDC).
    - 5. Motor torque (percent).
    - 6. Motor speed (rpm).
    - 7. Motor output voltage (V).
  - E. Historical Logging Information and Displays:

- 1. Real-time clock with current time and date.
- 2. Running log of total power versus time.
- 3. Total run time.
- 4. Fault log, maintaining last four faults with time and date stamp for each.
- F. Current-Sensing, Phase-Failure Relays for Bypass Controller: Solid-state sensing circuit with isolated output contacts for hard-wired connection; arranged to operate on phase failure, phase reversal, current unbalance of from 30 to 40 percent, or loss of supply voltage; with adjustable response delay.
- G. Isolation process control interface shall enable VFD to follow 4-20 MA or 0-10 volt signal from process device.
- H. Line Reactors:
  - Reactors shall be mounted in NEMA 1 enclosures and shall be constructed with Class H insulation.

### 2.5 FACTORY FINISHES

A. Finish: Manufacturer's standard paint applied to factory-assembled and -tested VFDs before shipping.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas, surfaces, and substrates to receive VFDs for compliance with requirements, installation tolerances, and other conditions affecting performance.
- B. Examine roughing-in for conduit systems to verify actual locations of conduit connections before VFD installation.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 APPLICATIONS

A. Select rating of controllers to suit the motor controlled.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Anchor each VFD assembly to steel-channel sills arranged and sized according to manufacturer's written instructions. Attach by bolting. Level and grout sills flush with VFD mounting surface.
- B. Controller Fuses: Install fuses in each fusible switch.

### 3.4 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify VFDs, components, and control wiring to match what is used in the building.
- B. Operating Instructions: Laminate printed operating instructions for VFDs, including control sequences and emergency procedures. Fabricate frame of finished metal, and cover instructions with clear acrylic plastic. Mount on front of VFD units.

#### 3.5 CONTROL WIRING INSTALLATION

- A. Bundle, train, and support wiring in enclosures.
- B. Connect hand-off-automatic switch and other automatic-control devices where available.
  - 1. Connect selector switches to bypass only manual- and automatic-control devices that have no safety functions when switch is in hand position.
  - 2. Connect selector switches with control circuit in both hand and automatic positions for safety-type control devices such as low- and high-pressure cutouts, high-temperature cutouts, and motor overload protectors.

#### 3.6 CONNECTIONS

- A. Drawings indicate general arrangement of conduit, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Ground equipment.
- C. Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to manufacturer's published torquetightening values. If manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A and UL 486B.

#### 3.7 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Prepare for acceptance tests as follows:
  - Test insulation resistance for each VFD element, bus, component, connecting supply, feeder, and control circuit.
  - 2. Test continuity of each circuit.
- B. Testing: Owner will engage a qualified testing agency to perform the following field quality-control testing:
- C. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect field-assembled components and equipment installation, including pretesting and adjusting VFDs.

### 3.8 STARTUP SERVICE

- A. Verify that electrical wiring installation complies with manufacturer's submittal and the NEC.
- B. Complete installation and startup checks according to manufacturer's written instructions.

# 3.9 ADJUSTING

A. Set field-adjustable switches and circuit breaker trip ranges.

### 3.10 CLEANING

A. Clean VFDs internally, on completion of installation, according to manufacturer's written instructions. Vacuum dirt and debris; do not use compressed air to assist in cleaning.

### 3.11 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain VFDs.

### SECTION 26 8100 - LIGHTING FIXTURES

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Provide lighting fixtures complete with lamps and accessories required for hanging. Contractor shall insure that lamps, reflector lens and trim are clean at time of final inspection. Mount recessed fixtures with trim flush to ceilings, free of gaps or cracks.
- B. Coordinate mounting of ceiling mounted lighting fixtures with General Contractor. Where additional fixture supports are required due to lighting fixture location or weight, supports shall be provided by electrical contractor, unless otherwise specified under ceiling specifications. Recessed lighting luminaires that are installed in a grid type ceiling shall be supported independent of the ceiling grid using proper tie wires at diagonal corners.
- C. Consult architectural plans for ceiling types and provide surface and recessed lighting fixtures with appropriate mounting components and accessories.
- D. Lighting fixtures submitted must meet or exceed specified lighting fixture in performance and construction and appearance.
- E. Provide lighting fixtures at each location shown on drawings. Lighting fixtures shall be in accordance with type designation on drawings.
- F. Lighting fixture supports shall comply with the latest edition of the NEC Sections 410-15 and 410-16. Provide lighting fixture securing clips as required.
- G. See lighting fixture schedule on plans for fixture types.

### 1.2 INSPECTION

- A. Prior to installation of luminaires Electrical Contractor shall inspect luminaire and verify unit meets or exceeds specifications, is new and unused without damage or defect and is suitable for the intended service.
- B. See architectural and electrical plans for luminaire locations, coordinate installation with other trades.
- C. At the completion of the project all luminaires shall be aligned, level and cleaned to the satisfaction of the A/E.

# 1.3 MANUFACTURERS

A. Provide luminaires by the following manufacturers:

Downlights: Halo, Lithonia, Marko, Prescolite Flourescents: Columbia, Lithonia, Metalux, Williams

HID: Holophane, Hubbell, Kim, Lithonia

Track Lighting: Halo, Lithonia, Marko, Prescolite

Emergency Fixtures: Exitronix, Fail-Safe, Hubbell, Lithonia

Security Fixtures: Holcor

#### SECTION 26 9100 - DIESEL ENGINE GENERATOR

### PART 1 - GENERAL (Reference Section 260500)

#### 1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Provide all labor, materials and equipment to required to install and place in operation the existing Emergency/Standby power generation system in accordance with the contract documents and manufacturer's drawings and installation instructions. The generator is in storage in a State of Kansas owned facility in Topeka, Kansas.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS - NOT APPLICABLE

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 CONTRACT COMPLETION

#### A. Production Tests

1. The system manufacturer shall perform production tests on the complete generator set subsequent to installation. These tests and controls shall include but not be limited to:

Operation at rated kW
Transient and steady state governing
Transient and steady state voltage regulation
Operation of all alarm and shutdown devices
Single step load pickup of rated kW

# B. Installation/on Site Testing

- 1. The installation shall be complete and shall be performed in accordance with shop drawings (provided to the Contractor by the Owner), specifications and the manufacturer's instructions; and shall comply with applicable state and local codes.
- 2. The generator set shall be tested as defined below by the manufacturers authorized dealer to show it is free of any defects and will start automatically and carry full load. This testing may be performed at the facility of the system manufacturer's authorized local dealer or at the jobsite. Testing shall be completed in the presence of the owner's engineer or his appointed representative.
- 3. All consumables necessary for testing shall be furnished by the bidder. Any defects which become evident during the test shall be immediately indicated to the Owner and Engineer.
- C. Proper operation of the following shall be demonstrated:
  - 1. All auxiliary equipment supplied to this specification
  - 2. Starting and charging system components
  - 3. All controls, engine shutdowns and safety devices
  - 4. Cold start test:
    - The unit shall demonstrate the ability to start from a "cold" standby condition with operational jacketwater heaters.

### 5. Load Test:

a. The unit shall be operated at 80% of full load rating for one hour followed by two hours operation at 100% full load. After the first half-hour stabilization period at full load, the following shall be recorded at fifteen minute intervals: Voltage and amperage (3 phase), frequency Fuel pressure, oil pressure and water temperature Exhaust gas temperature at engine exhaust outlet Ambient temperature

6. Should these tests indicate that the equipment does not meet the specified performance requirements, National Electric Code and Local codes, the Contractor shall immediately inform the Owner's representative and Engineer.

#### 3.2 EXTENDED STORAGE AT JOBSITE

A. The bidder shall take measures to facilitate extended outdoor storage at the jobsite for up to one year. The bidder shall also include provision for placing the unit into a start-up ready condition at the end of the storage period.

## 3.3 SERVICE MANUALS AND PARTS BOOKS

- A. The system manufacturer's authorized local dealer shall furnish three copies of each of the manuals and books listed below for the unit installed under this contract:
  - 1. Operating Instructions
  - 2. Spare Parts
  - 3. Preventive Maintenance Instructions
  - 4. Routine Test Procedures
  - 5. Troubleshooting Chart
  - 6. Recommended Spare Parts List
  - 7. Wiring Diagrams and schematics

# 3.4 INSTALLATION

A. The generator and all associated equipment shall be completely piped and wired so that a complete and operational system is provided to the owner.

#### 3.5 OWNER TRAINING

- A. The contractor shall provide a minimum of (4) hours of owner training in operation and maintenance of the system.
- B. All owner training shall be professionally video recorded using digital format. Training videos shall become the property of the Owner and shall be included in the Operating and Maintenance manuals.

## SECTION 26 9200 - UNINTERRUPTIBLE POWER SUPPLY

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Provide a continuous-duty three-phase, solid-state, scalable (field-upgradable) uninterruptible power system (UPS). The UPS shall provide high-quality AC power for sensitive electronic equipment.

# 1.2 STANDARDS

- A. The UPS shall be designed in accordance with the applicable sections of the current revision of the following documents. Where a conflict arises between these documents and statements made herein, the statements in this specification shall govern.
  - 1. UL Standard 1778
  - 2. CSA 22.2, No. 107.3, 4th edition
  - 3. FCC Part 15, Class A
  - 4. IEC 61000-3-4,4-4,4-2,4-3,4-6,2-2
  - 5. National Electrical Code (NFPA-70)
  - 6. NEMA PE-1
  - 7. ISTA\_1H
  - 8. ANSI C62.41, Categories A3 and B3
  - 9. The UPS shall be UL and cUL listed per UL Standard 1778.

# 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals with the proposal shall include:
  - 1. System configuration with single-line diagrams
  - 2. Functional relationship of equipment including weights, dimensions and heat dissipation
  - 3. Descriptions of equipment to be furnished, including deviations from these specifications
  - 4. Size and weight of shipping units to be handled by installing contractor
  - 5. Detailed layouts of customer power and control connections
  - 6. Detailed installation drawings including all terminal locations

# 1.4 UPS DELIVERY SUBMITTALS

A. Submittals upon UPS delivery shall include a complete set of submittal drawings and one (1) set of instruction manuals that shall include a functional description of the equipment with block diagrams, safety precautions, instructions, step-by-step operating procedures and routine maintenance guidelines, including illustrations.

## 1.5 WARRANTY

### A. UPS Module

 The UPS manufacturer shall warrant the UPS module against defects in materials and workmanship for 12 months after initial startup or 18 months after ship date, whichever period expires first.

## B. Battery

1. The battery manufacturer's standard warranty shall be passed through to the end user.

## 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

## A. Manufacturer Qualifications

- A minimum of 20 years' experience in the design, manufacture and testing of solid-state UPS systems is required. The system shall be designed and manufactured according to world-class quality standards. The manufacturer shall be ISO 9001:2000 certified.
- 2. Acceptable Manufacturers:

**Liebert Corporation** 

Delta

Uninterruptible Power Supplies

Factory Testing

Before shipment, the manufacturer shall fully and completely test the system to assure compliance with the specification.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Design Requirements UPS Module
  - 1. Input/output voltage specifications of the UPS shall be: Input: 480 volts, three-phase, 3-wire-plus-ground

Output: 208 volts, three-phase, 4-wire-plus-ground

- Specified output load capacity of the UPS shall be 30 kVA/30kW at unity power factor. UPS shall have redundant power module for 30kVA N+1 internal redundancy operation.
- 3. UPS rated output capacity will be scalable by Emerson Network Power Liebert Services. Models will be available in two different frames:
  - a) 45kVA Frame Scalable in 15kVA increments with Liebert FlexPower<sup>™</sup> modules: 15, 30 and 45kVA
  - b) Current Sharing: When multiple UPS modules are connected in parallel and powering a common load, each UPS module output current will not differ by more than 5% of the rated full load current of one UPS module.
- B. Design Requirements Battery Cells: Valve-regulated, lead acid batteries.
  - 1. Reserve Time: 12 minutes at 30 kVA, unity power factor, with ambient temperature of 77°F (25°C). Unit shall provide terminal for connection of external batteries.
  - 2. Recharge Time: to 95% capacity within ten (10) times discharge time.

# 2.2 MODES OF OPERATION

A. The UPS shall be designed to operate as an on-line, double-conversion, reverse-transfer system with the following operating modes:

- 3. Normal The critical AC load is continuously supplied by the UPS inverter. The rectifier/charger derives power from an AC source and supplies DC power to the inverter while simultaneously float-charging the reserve battery.
- 4. Emergency Upon failure of utility AC power, the critical AC load is supplied by the inverter, which obtains power from the battery. There shall be no interruption in power to the critical load upon failure or restoration of the utility AC source.
- 5. Recharge Upon restoration of utility AC power after a utility AC power outage, the rectifier/charger shall automatically restart, gradually ramp up output voltage and assume the inverter and battery recharge loads.
- 6. Bypass If the UPS must be taken out of service for maintenance or repair or if the inverter overload capacity is exceeded, the static transfer switch shall perform a reverse transfer of the load from the inverter to the bypass source with no interruption in power to the critical AC load.

# 2.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

# A. AC Input to UPS

- 1. Voltage Configuration: 480V, three-phase, three-wire plus ground
- 2. Voltage Range: +15%, -20% of nominal without derating
- 3. Frequency: 40-70Hz
- 4. Power Factor: 0.99 full load, 0.98 half load
- Inrush Current: UPS inrush current not to exceed 1.5 times rated input current.
   Maintenance bypass and distribution cabinet inrush current not to exceed 8 times rated input current.
- 6. Current Limit: 140% of nominal AC input current maximum
- 7. Current Distortion: <3% reflected THD maximum at full load
- 8. Surge Protection: Sustains input surges without damage per criteria listed in IEC 1000-4-5

# B. AC Output, UPS Inverter

- 1. Voltage Configuration: three-phase, 4-wire plus ground
- 2. Voltage Regulation:
  - $\pm 1\%$  three-phase RMS average for a balanced three-phase load for the combined variation effects of input voltage, connected load, battery voltage, ambient temperature and load power factor
  - $\pm 5\%$  three-phase RMS average for a 100% unbalanced load for the combined variation effects of input voltage, connected load, battery voltage, ambient temperature and load power factor
- 3. Frequency: ±0.1% (single Liebert FlexPower assembly) ±0.25% (six Liebert FlexPower assemblies)
- 4. Frequency Slew Rate: Selectable from 0.1Hz/sec to 3.0Hz/sec maximum for single unit
- 5. Phase Balance:
  - 120 degrees ±1 degree for balanced load
  - 120 grees ±1.5 degrees for 100% unbalanced load
- 6. Voltage Distortion:
  - <1% total harmonic distortion (THD) for linear loads
  - <5% THD for 100% nonlinear loads (3:1 crest factor) without kVA/kW derating
- 7. Load Power Factor Range: 0.7 lagging to 0.9 leading without derating
- 8. Output Power Rating: 0.99 full load. 0.98 half load
- 9. Overload Capability:
  - 110% for 60 minutes

125% for 10 minutes 150% for 60 seconds

- 10. Voltage Transient Response: 100% load step, ±5.0%
- 11. Transient Recovery Time: to within 5% of steady state output voltage within half a cycle
- 12. Voltage Unbalance: 100% unbalanced load, ±5%

## 2.4 ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

- A. The UPS shall be able to withstand the following environmental conditions without damage or degradation of operating characteristics:
  - 1. Operating Ambient Temperature

UPS Module: 32°F to 104°F (0°C to 40°C)

Battery: 77°F ±9°F (25°C ±5°C)

2. Storage/Transport Ambient Temperature UPS Module: -4°F to 158°F (-20°C to 70°C) Battery: -4°F to 86°F (-20°C to 30°C)

3. Relative Humidity

0 to 95%, non-condensing

4. Altitude

Operating: 3300 ft. (1000m) above sea level; derate power by 1% per 330 ft. 100m) between 3300 and 6000 ft (1000m and 2000m).

Storage/Transport: to 40,000 ft. (12,200m) above mean sea level.

Audible Noise

56 dB (45kW/kVA models)

60 B (90kW/kVA models)

## 2.5 FABRICATION

- A. All materials of the UPS shall be new, of current manufacture and high grade and shall not have been in prior service except as required during factory testing. All active electronic devices shall be solid-state. All power semi-conductors shall be sealed. Control logic and fuses shall be physically isolated from power train components to ensure operator safety and protection from heat. All electronic components shall be accessible from the front without removing subassemblies for service access.
- B. Wiring practices, materials and coding shall be in accordance with the requirements of the National Electrical Code, OSHA and applicable local codes and standards. All bolted connections of busbars, lugs and cables shall be in accordance with requirements of the National Electrical Code and other applicable standards. All electrical power connections shall be torqued to the required value and marked with a visual indicator.
- C. Provisions shall be made in the cabinets to permit installation of input, output and external control cabling, using raceway or conduit. Provision shall be made for top and bottom access to input, output, bypass and DC connections. In conformance with NEC, connection cabinets shall provide for adequate wire bend radius. All copper busbars for customer power connections shall be tin plated for connection integrity.
- D. The UPS shall be in NEMA Type 1 enclosures, designed for floor mounting. The UPS shall be structurally adequate and have provisions for hoisting, jacking and forklift handling. Maximum cabinet height shall be 78.7 in. (2000mm).
- E. Cooling of the UPS shall be by forced air using a redundant fan configuration. Fan power shall be provided by the UPS. The thermal design, along with all thermal and ambient sensors, shall be coordinated with the protective devices before excessive component or internal cabinet

temperatures are exceeded. Air filters shall be located at the point of air inlet and be changeable.

# F. Access shall be:

Liebert APM UPS: Front and top access Liebert APM maintenance bypass cabinet: Front and top access

# 2.6 COMPONENTS

- A. Rectifier/Charger. The term rectifier/charger shall denote the solid-state equipment and controls necessary to convert AC to regulated DC for input to the inverter and for charging the battery.
- B. AC Input Current Limiting. The rectifier/charger unit shall be provided with AC input current limiting whereby the maximum input current shall be limited to 140% of the full input current rating.
- C. DC Filter. The rectifier/charger shall have an output filter to minimize ripple current into the battery. The AC ripple voltage of the rectifier DC output shall not exceed 1% RMS of the float voltage. The filter shall be adequate to ensure that the DC output of the rectifier/charger will meet the input requirements of the inverter without the battery connected.
- D. Automatic Rectifier Restart. Upon restoration of utility AC power, after a utility AC power outage and prior to a UPS automatic end-of-discharge shutdown, the rectifier/charger shall automatically restart, walk-in and gradually assume the inverter and battery recharge loads.
- E. Battery Recharge. In addition to supplying power for the inverter load, the rectifier/charger shall be capable of producing battery charging current sufficient to replace 95% of the battery discharge power within ten (10) times the discharge time. After the battery is recharged, the rectifier/charger shall maintain the battery at full charge until the next emergency operation.
- F. Overvoltage Protection. There shall be DC overvoltage protection so that if the DC voltage rises to the preset limit, the UPS will shut down automatically and initiate an uninterrupted load transfer to the static bypass line.
- G. Inverter. The term inverter shall denote the equipment and controls to convert DC from the rectifier/charger or battery to precise AC to power the load. The inverter shall be solid-state, capable of providing rated output power, and for increased performance the inverter shall be a pulse-width-modulated design and utilize insulated gate bipolar transistors (IGBTs). The inverter shall be capable of supplying current and voltage for overloads exceeding 100%. The inverter is to provide 150% of full load for 60 seconds, 125% of full load for 10 minutes and 110% of full load for 60 minutes. A status indicator and audible alarm shall indicate overload operation. The UPS shall transfer the load to bypass when overload capacity is exceeded. The inverter shall be capable of supplying an overload current of 150% of its full-load rating for one minute. For greater currents or longer time duration, the inverter shall have electronic current-limiting protection to prevent damage to components. The critical load will be transferred to the static bypass automatically and uninterrupted. The inverter shall be self-protecting against any magnitude of connected output overload. Inverter control logic shall sense and disconnect the inverter from the critical AC load without the requirement to clear protective fuses.

## 2.7 STEP LOAD RESPONSE

# A. Voltage Distortion

Total harmonic distortion in the output voltage will not exceed 1% for 0% to 100% linear loads. Total harmonic distortion in the output voltage will not exceed 4% for 0% to 100% non-linear loads.

Total harmonic distortion in the output voltage will not exceed 5% for 0% to 100% non-linear, unbalanced loads.

### B. Phase Balance

Electronic controls shall be provided to regulate each phase so that an unbalanced loading will not cause the output voltage to go outside the specified voltage unbalance or phase displacement. With 100% load on one phase (and 0% load on the other two phases) or 100% load on two phases (and 0% load on the other phase), the voltage balance is to be within 5% and the phase displacement is to be 120 degrees within a range of ±1.5 degrees.

# 2.8 INVERTER SHUTDOWN

A. For rapid removal of the inverter from the critical load, the inverter control electronics shall instantaneously turn off the inverter transistors. Simultaneously, the static transfer switch shall be turned on to maintain continuous power to the critical load.

## 2.9 INVERTER DC PROTECTION

The inverter shall be protected by the following disconnect levels:

- DC Overvoltage Shutdown
- DC Undervoltage Warning (Low Battery Reserve)—pre-warning time is adjustable
- DC Undervoltage Shutdown (End of Discharge)

# 2.10 OUTPUT FREQUENCY

A. The output frequency of the inverter shall be controlled by a high-speed DSP capable of holding the inverter output frequency to within ±0.1% for a single Liebert FlexPower assembly or ±0.25% for six Liebert FlexPower assemblies during steady state and transient conditions. Total deviation from the rated frequency, including short time fluctuations and drift, shall not exceed 0.1% for a single Liebert FlexPower assembly or 0.25% for six Liebert FlexPower assemblies

# 2.11 DISPLAY

A. The UPS shall be provided with a microprocessor-based unit status display and controls section designed for convenient and reliable user operation. A graphical liquid crystal display (LCD) shall be used to show a single-line diagram of the UPS and shall be provided as part of the monitoring and controls sections of the UPS. All operator controls and monitors shall be located on the front of the UPS cabinet. Monitoring functions such as metering, status and alarms shall be displayed on the graphical LCD. Additional features of the monitoring system shall include:

Menu-driven display with pushbutton navigation Real-time clock (time and date) Alarm history with time and date stamp Memory with battery backup

# B. Metering

The following parameters shall be displayed:

Input AC voltage line-to-line

Input AC current for each phase

Input frequency Battery voltage

Battery charge/discharge current Output AC voltage line-to-line

Output AC current for each phase

Output frequency Apparent power Active power

Battery time left during battery operation

# C. Alarm Messages

The following alarm messages shall be displayed:

Mains Voltage Abnormal Mains Undervoltage Mains Freq. Abnormal

Charger Fault Battery Reversed

No Battery

Control Power 1 Fail Parallel Comm. Fail Bypass Unable To Track

Bypass Abnormal Inverter Asynchronous

Fan Fault

Control Power 2 Fail Unit Over Load System Over Load Bypass Phase Reversed Transfer Time-Out

Load Sharing Fault
Bypass Over Current
Output Ground Fault

## D. Status Messages

The following UPS status messages shall be displayed:

Rectifier (Off / Soft Start / Main Input On / Battery Input On)

Input Supply (Normal Mode / Battery Mode / All Off)

Battery Self Test (True / False)
Input Disconnect (Open / Closed)

EPO (True / False) Charger (On / Off)

Output Disconnect (Open / Closed)

Maint. Disconnect (Open / Closed)

Bypass Disconnect (Open / Closed)

Inverter (Off / Soft Start / On)

Bypass (Normal / Unable To Trace / Abnormal)

Output Supply (All Off / Bypass Mode / Inverter Mode / Output Disable)

Inverter On (Enable / Disable)

## 2.12 CONTROLS

- A. UPS startup, shutdown and static bypass operations shall be accomplished through pushbutton controls on the front panel. Menu-driven user prompts shall be provided to guide the operator through system operation without the use of additional manuals. Pushbuttons shall be provided to display the status of the UPS and to test and reset visual and audible alarms. A mimic screen shall be available on the LCD to depict a single-line diagram of the UPS with switch positions and power flow.
- B. The UPS shall be provided with a menu-driven On-Line Battery Test feature. The test shall ensure the capability of the battery to supply power to the inverter while the load is supplied power in the normal mode.

## 2.13 STATIC TRANSFER SWITCH

- A. A static transfer switch and bypass circuit shall be provided as an integral part of the UPS. The static switch shall be a naturally commutated high-speed static (SCR-type) device rated to conduct full load current continuously. The switch shall have an overload rating to clear a 20-ampere load branch circuit breaker.
- B. The static transfer switch control logic shall contain an automatic transfer control circuit that senses the status of the inverter logic signals and operating and alarm conditions. This control circuit shall provide an uninterrupted transfer of the load to an alternate bypass source without exceeding the transient limits specified herein, when an overload or malfunction occurs within the UPS or to bypass the UPS for maintenance.

### 2.14 UNINTERRUPTED TRANSFER

A. The transfer control logic shall automatically turn on the static transfer switch, transferring the critical AC load to the bypass source, after the transfer logic senses any of the following conditions:

Inverter overload capacity exceeded Critical AC load overvoltage or undervoltage UPS fault condition

- B. The transfer control logic shall inhibit an automatic transfer of the critical load to the bypass source if any of the following conditions are present:
- C.

Bypass frequency out of limits
Bypass out-of-synchronization range with inverter output

## 2.15 UNINTERRUPTED RETRANSFER

A. Retransfer of the critical AC load from the bypass source to the inverter output shall be automatically initiated unless inhibited by manual control. The transfer control logic shall inhibit an automatic retransfer of the critical load to the inverter if one of the following conditions exists:

Bypass out of synchronization range with inverter output Inverter/bypass voltage difference exceeding preset limits condition exists in excess of inverter full load rating UPS fault condition present

## 2.16 BATTERY POWER PACK

A. The battery power pack shall include valve-regulated, lead-acid battery cells housed inside the UPS cabinet. Battery cells shall be mounted on slide-out trays for ease of maintenance. A battery disconnect circuit breaker shall be included for isolation of the battery pack from the UPS module.

# 2.17 ACCESSORIES

A. Liebert IntelliSlot<sup>®</sup> IS-UNITY-DP Web Card Provides communication outputs to indicate a change of status of the UPS. Outputs are provided for:

SNMP HTML - Web page Allow use of Liebert Nform <sup>™</sup> and or network management systems One (1) Year of LIFE factory remote support included (if enabled)

# 2.18 MATCHING MAINTENANCE BYPASS AND DISTRIBUTION CABINET

A. A make-before-break maintenance bypass with Solenoid Key Release Unit (SKRU) interlock shall be available in a cabinet that matches and may be bolted up to the right side of the UPS. Installation of the cabinet shall not affect the cooling ability of the UPS. Thermal-magnetic breakers shall be provided for bypass and maintenance isolation. Bypass cabinet shall also include isolation step-down transformer, 225Amp 54 pole integral panelbaord and (4) 100AT, 3-pole, Sq-D, 10kAlC bolt-in branch breakers.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. The following inspections and test procedures shall be performed by factory-trained field service personnel during the UPS startup.
  - 1. Visual Inspection

Inspect equipment for signs of damage.

Verify installation per drawings.

Inspect cabinets for foreign objects.

Verify neutral and ground conductors are properly sized and configured.

Inspect battery cases.

Inspect battery for proper polarity.

Verify all printed circuit boards are configured properly.

### Mechanical Inspection

Check all control wiring connections for tightness.

Check all power wiring connections for tightness.

Check all terminal screws, nuts and/or spade lugs for tightness.

# 3. Electrical Inspection

Check all fuses for continuity.

Confirm input voltage and phase rotation is correct.

Assure connection and voltage of the battery string(s).

# 4. Site Testing

- a. Scope: includes verification with manufacturer provided resistive load bank of proper operation in all UPS operational modes (on inverter, on bypass, on battery, etc.) and proper transfer to and from each mode. Testing will be done at the time of start-up (during normal business hours) under load as is allowable by onsite electrical distribution system, so as to not overload any upstream breakers/switches.
- b. Time duration in each mode shall be: 30 minutes. Load Bank and load bank cables are to be provided by manufacturer. Load bank cables are to be landed/removed by installing contractor. Written report of testing will be provided.

# 5. Infrared Testing

 Scope: scanning using manufacturer provided IR camera, FLIR TCAM T400 or equal, to verify proper wire terminations. Scans will be performed within the UPS system cabinets. Full report shall be provided.

# 3.2 MANUFACTURER'S FIELD SERVICE

## A. Service Personnel

- 1. The UPS manufacturer shall directly employ a nationwide service organization consisting of factory-trained field service personnel dedicated to the startup and maintenance of UPS and power equipment.
- 2. The manufacturer shall provide a national dispatch center to coordinate field service personnel schedules. One toll-free number shall reach a qualified support person 24 hours/day, 7 days/week, 365 days/year. If emergency service is required, on-site response time shall be guaranteed for four hours or less.
- 3. Two local customer engineers shall be assigned to the site with a regional office as a backup. Escalation procedures shall be in place to notify Power Technical Support if a site is not functioning within 24 hours.

# 3.3 REPLACEMENT PARTS STOCKING

- A. Parts shall be available through an extensive network to ensure round-the-clock parts availability throughout the country.
- B. Spare parts shall be stocked by local field service personnel with backup available from national parts center and the manufacturing location. A national parts center Customer Support Parts Coordinator shall be on call 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year for immediate parts availability.

# 3.4 MAINTENANCE CONTRACTS

A. A complete offering of preventive and full-service maintenance contracts for both the UPS system and battery system shall be available.

# 3.5 AUTOMATED SITE MONITORING

A. The UPS manufacturer shall provide as an option an automated site-monitoring service. This service shall be staffed by a qualified support person 24 hours/day, 7 days/week, 365 days/year. At the detection of an alarm within the UPS, the controls shall initiate communications with the monitoring service. The monitoring service shall be capable of interpreting the communicated alarms to allow dispatch of a service engineer.

- B. Prior to installation of luminaires Electrical Contractor shall inspect luminaire and verify unit meets or exceeds specifications, is new and unused without damage or defect and is suitable for the intended service.
- C. See architectural and electrical plans for luminaire locations, coordinate installation with other trades.
- D. At the completion of the project all luminaires shall be aligned, level and cleaned to the satisfaction of the A/E.

# 3.6 MANUFACTURERS

A. Provide luminaires by the following manufacturers:

Downlights: Halo, Lithonia, Marko, Prescolite Flourescents: Columbia, Lithonia, Metalux, Williams

HID: Holophane, Hubbell, Kim, Lithonia

Track Lighting: Halo, Lithonia, Marko, Prescolite

Emergency Fixtures: Exitronix, Fail-Safe, Hubbell, Lithonia

Security Fixtures: Holcor

END OF SECTION 26 9200

## SECTION 28 3111- FIRE ALARM SYSTEM

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 SCOPE

- A. The work covered by this Section consists of furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, services, coordination, and supervision required to install, test, and place in service a complete networked microprocessor addressable fire alarm system, including network connection to the existing State of Kansas Capital Complex fire alarm network.
- B. All work performed and all materials furnished shall meet the requirements of the applicable current standards of the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA): Standards 70-2011, and 72-2013; Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc. (UL); Americans with Disabilities Act and other federal, state, and local codes and ordinances except as otherwise indicated on the drawings or specified herein.
- C. After entering into the contract, the Contractor shall be held responsible for the completion of all work necessary for a complete and approved installation without extra expense to the Owner or Engineer.
- D. The Contractor shall prepare any supplementary detailed diagrams or drawings, which may be required by the state authority or local Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ).
- E. Any deviations from the requirements of this specification must be acknowledged in writing with the supplier's bid offer.

## 1.2 APPLICABLE REFERENCES

- A. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):
  - 1. No. 70, National Electric Code (NEC)
  - 2. No. 72, National Fire Alarm Code
  - 3. No. 170, Fire Safety Symbols
- B. Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (UL):
  - 1. No. 50 Cabinets and Boxes
  - 2. No. 268 Smoke Detectors for Fire Protective Signaling Systems
  - 3. No. 864 Control Units for Fire Protective Signaling Systems
  - 4. No. 268A Smoke Detectors for Duct Applications.
  - 5. No. 521 Heat Detectors for Fire Protective Signaling Systems.
  - 6. No. 464 Audible Signaling Appliances.
  - 7. No. 38 Manually Actuated Signaling Boxes.
  - 8. No. 1481 Power supplies for Fire Protective Signaling Systems.
  - 9. No. 1971 Visual Notification Appliances.

# 1.3 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

A. Complete, integrated, and operating networked fire alarm, detection, control, and monitoring systems shall be installed in the State of Kansas Energy and service Center as specified herein and as shown on the drawings.

- В. System(s) shall include, but not be limited to: dedicated network annunciator panel(s), fire alarm control panel(s), annunciator panels, alarm notification appliances and alarm initiating devices, relays, monitor and control modules, network connections, conduit, wire, and all accessories required to furnish complete operational system(s), including complete network integration.
- C. All work shall be performed as indicated on the drawings and as specified herein.
- D. Audible Alarm Indication: Horns (Temporal Tone per NFPA 72)
- E. System Wiring: System wiring shall be Style B for initiating circuits, Style 4 for signaling line circuits and Style Y for notification appliance circuits. New Network Circuits shall be Class A, Style 6, fiberoptic. Separation of incoming and outgoing legs is not required.
- F. Means of lightning suppression shall be provided at all locations where fire alarm circuits leave protected buildings exterior walls, including on the network signaling line circuits.
- G. The sequence of operation for the fire alarm systems shall be as described on the drawings.
- Spare Capacity: All Signaling Line Circuits (SLC's), Initiating Device Circuits (IDC's) and Notification Appliance Circuits (NAC) shall be sized and configured to accommodate the proposed system plus a minimum 25 percent expansion capability.

#### 1.4 **SUBMITTALS**

- A. A Submittals and shop drawings shall be approved by the Engineer prior to ordering equipment or commencing system installation.
- B. Operation and Maintenance manuals and as-built drawings at the completion of the project.
- C. Complete and comprehensive submittals in full accordance with NFPA 72 and these specifications.
- D. Partial submittals shall not be acceptable.
- Approval of submittals shall not relieve Contractor of conformance with the contract drawings, E. specifications, and applicable codes and standards. The following are required submittals:
  - 1. Shop Drawings: The shop drawings shall, as a minimum, include the equipment layout, device arrangement, output ratings of the audible and visual devices, complete point to point (device to device) wiring diagrams as intended for installation, conduit/wiring layouts, complete riser diagrams, battery calculations, voltage drop calculations, sequence of operations, typical wiring diagrams and internal panel diagrams showing all field wiring terminations and circuit labels.
  - 2. Testing Report/Address Description List: Provide in hardcopy and Excel format a complete spreadsheet indicating the proposed address labels and address descriptions for all proposed system addresses. This shall include all devices. The spreadsheet shall also include a pass/fail notation column and a notes column for each item to be tested as required by NFPA 72 and these specifications. Shall be submitted with shop drawings.

- 3. Product Certifications: Provide technical data sheets by the manufacturers of all fire alarm and electrical equipment proposed for installation. Certifications shall clearly indicate products comply with the referenced standards and these specifications. All fire alarm equipment shall be submitted. As a minimum, the following electrical equipment shall be submitted: wire and cables; raceway, i.e. D-Rings, conduit and wiremold; back boxes for devices; pull/junction boxes; automatic label maker; terminal blocks used for splices; and conduit connectors. All Certifications shall be clearly indexed and marked to indicate the proposed items of equipment to be furnished. Item shall be submitted with the Shop Drawings.
- 4. Written Fire Alarm System Test Procedure: A written procedure for completing the fire alarm system testing shall be prepared by the Contractor. The procedure shall be coordinated with the Owner and shall describe the means of testing each device, verifying the operation of each notification appliance and verifying all fire alarm system functions. Shall be submitted with shop drawings.
- 5. Operation & Maintenance Manuals: Preliminary Submittal to be submitted with Shop Drawings. Final Submittal to be submitted with Record/As-Built Drawings.
- 6. Record/As-Built Drawings: Accurate As-Built drawings reflecting the as-built conditions shall be provided to the Engineer prior to acceptance testing. As-Built drawings shall be furnished to the Engineer on electronic media in AutoCAD R14 compatible format and also a complete set of reproducible tracings to 1/8" scale (minimum) showing the as built layout of all conduit systems and/or wire routing and all fire alarm equipment, complete riser diagrams showing all devices and EOL's, and accurate panel diagrams showing all field wiring terminations and labels.

#### 1.5 **QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- All equipment furnished shall be new and the latest state-of-the-art products of a single A. manufacturer engaged in the manufacturing and sale of fire detection devices for five years.
  - 1. The Contractor shall contract with a single source for supplying job materials, services, and programming, including final inspection/test services for the fire alarm system.
- The development of the fire alarm system design, calculations, and shop drawings shall be B. coordinated with and supervised by the Engineer. The design efforts performed by the Contractor shall be performed by a NICET Level II or greater technician certified in fire alarm technology.
- C. Installer Qualifications: Contractor shall complete the following:
  - 1. Demonstrate in writing for advance approval by the Engineer, 5 years of fire alarm installation experience and five years of substantial experience in similar microprocessorbased fire alarm system installation projects.
  - 2. Provide in writing for advance consideration at least five local references for similar microprocessor-based fire alarm system installation projects.
  - 3. Engage an experienced factory-authorized service representative to oversee the work of this Section and the testing of the system. The factory-authorized service representative shall be available during the entire construction phase, including testing. The Contractor shall provide a copy of the factory certificate of the factory-authorized service representative for this project.
  - 4. The installing company shall employ NICET (minimum Level III Fire Alarm Technology) technicians on site to guide the final check-out and to ensure the systems integrity.
- D. All materials and equipment furnished and installed under this Section shall be new and currently listed by UL, Inc., or approved by FM Engineering Corporation, except as otherwise specified herein.

## 1.6 WARRANTY

- A. All work performed, all material and equipment furnished and all programming completed under this contract shall be free from defects and shall remain so for a period of at least two (2) years from the date of formal acceptance. The full cost of all service/diagnostics, maintenance, labor and materials, reprogramming, retesting, pickup and delivery required to correct any defect during the one year period shall be included in the bid submittal. Replacement parts shall be the original manufacturer's replacement parts, components, and supplies.
- B. The Warranty shall also include all service, maintenance and testing as required by NFPA 72, Chapter 14 for this two year period after the date of formal system acceptance.
- C. Warranty service shall be performed within 24 hours of notification during normal working hours (Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., excluding holidays) and within 48 hours of notification during all other times.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 PRODUCTS

## A. INITIATING DEVICES

- 1. Manual Pull Stations, Standard: Double-action type, fabricated of metal or plastic, and finished in red with molded, raised-letter operating instructions of contrasting color. Stations requiring the breaking of glass are not acceptable. Manual pull stations shall be fully addressable, having self contained monitor modules.
  - a. Station Reset: Key-operated. Stations shall have screw terminals for connections.
- Smoke Detectors: Smoke sensors shall be addressable and shall be of the photoelectric
  type and shall communicate actual smoke chamber values to the system control panel.
  The smoke detectors shall comply with UL 268, "Smoke Detectors for Fire Protective
  Signaling Systems" and shall include the following features:
  - a. Factory Nameplate: Serial number and type identification.
  - b. Operating Voltage: 24 VDC, nominal.
  - c. Self-Restoring: Detectors do not require resetting or readjustment after actuation to restore them to normal operation.
  - d. Plug-In Arrangement: Detector and associated encapsulated electronic components are mounted in a module that connects to a fixed base with a twist-locking plug connection. Terminals in the fixed base accept building wiring. The sensors shall be listed for both ceiling and wall mount applications.
  - e. Visual Indicator: Each sensor base shall contain an LED that will flash as an indication of proper sensor operation. When the control panel determines that a sensor is in the alarm or a trouble condition, the control panel shall command the LED on that sensor's base to turn on steady indicating the abnormal condition. Sensors that do not provide a visible indication of an abnormal condition at the sensor location shall not be acceptable.
  - f. Addressability: Detectors shall include a communication transmitter and receiver having a unique identification and capability for status reporting to the FACP.
    - 1) Each sensor shall communicate with the control panel for its type identification to prevent inadvertent substitution of another sensor type. The control panel shall operate with the installed device but shall initiate a "Wrong Device" trouble condition until the proper type is installed or the programmed sensor type is changed.

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- 2) The sensor's electronics shall be immune from false alarms caused by Electro Magnetic Interference and Radio Frequency Interference.
- 3. Duct Detector: For duct mounted applications provide detector housing with auxiliary relay and sampling tubes as required.
  - a. For maintenance purposes, it shall be possible to clean the duct housing sampling tubes by accessing them through the duct housing front cover.
  - b. To minimize false alarms, voltage and RF suppression techniques shall be employed as-well-as a smoke signal verification circuit and an insect screen.
  - Auxiliary SPDT relays and/or remote LED alarm indicators and key operated test stations shall be installed where indicated.
- 4. Heat Detectors: Rate-compensated/fixed-temperature type with plug-in base and alarm indication lamp. Detectors have a communication transmitter and receiver with unique identification and capability for status-reporting to the fire alarm control panel.

#### Addressable Monitor Module

- a. An addressable monitor module shall be used to connect conventional initiating devices (waterflow switch or alarm pressure switch) to the addressable initiating circuits and to supervise the suppression systems (tamper switches).
- b. The module shall mount in an electrical box and shall be capable of Class B supervised wiring to the initiating device. The monitor module shall provide address, which the control panel shall use to identify the location and type of device. The monitor module shall contain an integral LED that flashes each time the monitor module is polled.

## 6. Addressable Control Module

- An addressable control module shall be used to connect and supervise conventional initiating devices that require an external power supply, such as door holders.
- b. The module shall mount in an electrical box and shall be capable of Class B supervised wiring to the indicating or control device. The control module shall contain an integral LED that shall flash each time the module is polled. The control module shall provide address, which the control panel shall use to identify the control module.

## B. FIRE ALARM AUDIBLE/VISUALS AND VISUALS AND AUDIBLES ONLY

- General: Visual and audio/visual indicating appliances shall be comprised of a Xenon flashtube and be entirely solid state. These devices shall be UL listed and shall be 15 cd, 30 cd, 75 cd or 110 cd as a minimum as indicated on the drawings. The visual appliance shall have a 1 HZ flash rate. The light unit shall be of ABS polycarbonate and the lens of high grade, optical quality LEXAN.
- 2. All visual appliances shall be in compliance with ADA and as indicated on the drawings.
- 3. Audible appliances shall provide a minimum 90 dBA sound level at 10 feet with a 1kHz signal.

# C. FIRE ALARM CONTROL PANEL (FACP)

- 1. General: Comply with UL 864, "Control Units for Fire-Protective Signaling Systems."
- 2. Cabinet: Lockable steel enclosure. Arrange panels so all operations required for testing or for normal care and maintenance of the system are performed from the front of the enclosure. If more than a single unit is required to form a complete control panel, provide exactly matching modular unit enclosures. Accommodate all components and allow ample gutter space for field wiring. Identify individual components and modules within the cabinets with permanent labels.
- 3. Signaling line circuit boards shall consist of plug-in cards.
- 4. Each initiating device shall be identified by the FACP with a unique address. No single notification circuit shall serve more than a single floor.
- 5. As a minimum each FACP:
  - a. Shall sound the trouble signal indicating loss of primary power at the FACP. An emergency power light shall be illuminated when the system is operating on an alternate power supply.
  - b. Shall provide a plain-language description of alarms, trouble signals, supervisory signals, monitoring actions, system and component status, and system commands. The display shall have minimum 80 characters.
  - c. Shall provide power, annunciation, supervision, and control for the complete detection, alarm, monitoring, and control system.
  - d. Shall remain 100 percent operational and capable of responding to an alarm condition while in the routine maintenance mode.
  - e. Shall be provided with internal battery backup.
  - f. Shall be analog intelligent device addressable, low voltage, and modular in full compliance with all applicable codes and standards.
  - g. Shall include the manufacturer's latest version of all required operating modules, components, devices, and accessories.
  - h. Shall have capability to test the sensitivity of the initiating devices for compliance with NFPA 72 testing requirements.
  - i. Shall have a minimum 200-event history log. All events shall be recorded with a time and date stamp.
  - j. Shall be suitable to connect to additional panels.
- 6. Priority of Signals: Accomplish automatic response functions by the first device initiated. Alarm functions resulting from initiation of the first device shall not be altered by subsequent alarms. The highest priority is an alarm signal. Supervisory and trouble signals have second- and third-level priority. Signals of a higher level priority take precedence over signals of lower priority even though the lower priority condition occurred first. All alarm signals shall be annunciated regardless of priority or order received.
- 7. Silencing at the FACP: Provide switches for acknowledgment of alarm, supervisory, trouble, and other specified signals at the FACP and provide the capability to silence the local audible signal and light a light-emitting diode (LED). Subsequent alarms cause the audible signal to sound again until silenced in turn by switch operation. Operation of the system silence button shall silence audible appliances only and not individual strobes.
- 8. Ground fault detection shall be provided for all initiating and audible circuits. Lamp test capability shall be provided to test visual panel indicators. The control panel shall be equipped with a silence before reset feature, designed to prevent accidental system reset during an alarm condition.
- 9. Instructions: Typewritten instruction card mounted behind a lean plastic or glass cover in a stainless steel or aluminum frame. Install the frame in a location observable from the FACP. Include interpretation and appropriate response for displays and signals, and briefly describe the functional operation of the system under normal, alarm, and trouble conditions.

# D. LCD ALPHANUMERIC DISPLAY ANNUNCIATOR:

- 1. The alphanumeric display annunciator shall be a supervised back-lit LCD display containing a minimum of eighty (80) characters for alarm annunciation in clear English text.
- 2. The LCD annunciator shall display all alarm, trouble and supervisory conditions in the system.
- 3. LCD display annunciators shall mimic the main control panel 80 character display and shall not require special programming.
- 4. The LCD annunciator shall have switches which may be programmed for System control such as Global Acknowledge, Global Signal Silence and Reset. These switch inputs shall be capable of being disabled permanently by a key lockout function on the front plate.

# E. FIRE ALARM SYSTEM NETWORK

- 1. The fire alarm network shall meet all of the following:
  - a. UL Listed Proprietary Fire Alarm Network;
  - b. Based on peer to peer, token passing and/or master/slave technology communications and signal regeneration for signal amplification;
  - c. Capable of communicating via wire or fiber optic medium;
  - d. Capable of using wire and fiber optic medium in the same network;
  - e. Fail safe, such that failure of any node does not cause failure or communication degradation of any other node or change the network communication protocol among surviving nodes located within distance limitations;
  - f. Suitable for connection with twenty network annunciators;
  - g. Suitable for connection with at least four network Graphic User Interfaces;
  - h. Capable of network connection to at least 50 network nodes (fire alarm control panels). Each network node address shall be software assignable at each node;
  - i. Network shall have 25,000 point capacity;
  - j. Capable of displaying all network activity.

## F. NETWORK ALPHANUMERIC ANNUNCIATOR:

- 1. The alphanumeric display annunciator shall be a supervised back-lit LCD display containing a minimum of eighty (80) characters for alarm annunciation in clear English text.
- 2. The annunciator shall display all alarm, trouble and supervisory conditions in all systems connected to the network.
- Display annunciators shall be able to mimic the main control panel(s) and include building names.
- 4. System History Recording and Reporting: The annunciator shall have a history buffer capable of storing 200 events in non volatile memory.
- 5. Annunciator having switches which may be programmed for control of network nodes shall also have the capability of being permanently locked out (non-operational). If a keyed lockout function is provided the key shall not be keyed the same as all other keys.

# G. EMERGENCY POWER SUPPLY

- 1. The fire alarm panel shall have emergency power supply components, which shall include sealed-lead acid or nickel cadmium type batteries, a battery charger, and an automatic transfer switch. Battery nominal life expectancy shall be a minimum of 5 years.
- 2. Battery capacity shall be adequate to operate the complete alarm system in normal or supervisory (non-alarm) mode for a period of 24 hours. At the end of this period, the battery shall have sufficient capacity to operate the system, including all alarm-indicating devices in alarm mode for a period of 5 minutes.

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- 3. The battery charger shall be solid-state, fully automatic, variable charging rate type. Emergency backup power shall be with a float or equalizer type charging system. In the event that the batteries are discharged to the point where the system will not operate, the charger shall recharge the batteries fully within 24 hours. Charger output shall be supervised as part of system power supply supervision.
- 4. The automatic transfer switch shall transfer the load to the battery without loss of signals or status indications when normal power fails.

## H. FIRE ALARM SYSTEM ELECTRICAL IDENTIFICATION

- 1. Initiating Device Labels: Plastic typed labels created by Automatic Label Maker. 3/32 inch font minimum.
- 2. Circuit Identification Labels: Plastic typed labels created by Automatic Label Maker. 3/32 inch font minimum.
- 3. Laminate Signs: Engraving stock melamine plastic laminate, 1/16 inch minimum thick for signs up to 20 square inches, or 8 inches in length; 1/8 inch thick for larger sizes. Engraved legend in white letters on red face and punched for mechanical fasteners.

## I. WIRE

- 1. Solid copper conductors shall be used. Stranded wire shall not be allowed.
- 2. Wire shall be in strict accordance with manufacturer's published installation recommendations, Article 760 of NFPA 70, the drawings, and these specifications.
- 3. The outer jacket of all wiring shall be red in color and provided with the appropriate markings to indicate the type and gauge of the wire and that the wire is UL Listed for fire alarm systems.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# A. GENERAL INSTALLATION

- 1. System installation shall be in full accordance with the Project Drawings, these Specifications, NFPA Standards, and the manufacturer's published recommendations.
- 2. All equipment and products furnished shall be UL listed or FM approved and labeled, and connection shall comply with NEMA construction standards.

# B. EQUIPMENT INSTALLATION

- 1. All FCPs shall be surface mounted with the top of the cabinet not more than six feet above the finished floor. Control, Power Supply and other panels shall be mounted with sufficient clearance for observation and testing.
- 2. All penetrations through walls, barriers and floor slabs shall be firestopped.
- 3. Smoke Detectors shall be installed no closer than 3 feet from air registers.

# C. WIRING INSTALLATION

- 1. Application: All wiring shall be installed in EMT conduit, flex or rigid metallic conduit in accordance with NFPA 70. Wiremolding shall not be permitted. All raceway shall be concealed in finished spaces.
- 2. Minimum wiring size shall be as follows:
  - a. Initiating circuits shall be a minimum of AWG No. 18.
  - b. Indicating and control circuits shall be AWG No. 14 or larger.
  - c. Line voltage circuits shall be AWG No. 14 or larger.

# 3. Wiring Method:

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- a. Wiring installed in metal raceway shall be in accordance with NFPA 72 and Article 760 of NFPA 70. Raceways for fire alarm circuits shall be a minimum of ¾ inch, except, ½ inch shall be permitted for drops to individual devices.
- b. System drain wires and conduit grounding shall be properly installed in accordance with the manufacturer's published recommendations.
- c. Wiring splices shall be held to an absolute minimum and avoided to the extent possible. If needed, they shall be made only in junction or outlet boxes and shall be connected on terminal blocks or with crimp-type connectors.
- d. Wire nut-type connections are not acceptable for use except on manufacturer provided pig-tails where specifically permitted.

# 4. Wiring Within Enclosures:

- a. Install conductors parallel with, or at right angles to, the sides and back of the enclosure. Bundle, lace, and train the conductors to terminal points with no excess. Panels shall be completely dressed.
- b. Connect conductors that are terminated, spliced, or interrupted in any enclosure associated with the fire alarm system to terminal blocks. Mark each terminal in accordance with the wiring diagrams of the system.
- c. Separate all wiring for initiating devices from all other wiring in FCP enclosure.
- 5. Grounding shall be provided and connected in strict accordance with manufacturer's installation recommendations.
  - a. FACP shall be grounded in accordance with NFPA 70. Raceway ground shall not be acceptable.
  - b. Raceways shall be earth grounded throughout the system.
- 6. Before any of the devices are connected, each circuit/conductor shall be megger tested except the circuits/conductors intentionally and permanently grounded. Test for resistance to ground. Report readings less than 1 megaohm for evaluation. The megger testing shall be documented and available for review by the Engineer.
- 7. Protection, Cleaning, and Adjustment
  - a. Protection from damage and contamination shall be provided for all system components, devices, and equipment during the entire installation and until acceptance testing.
  - b. Damaged or contaminated devices and/or components shall be replaced before final testing.
  - Final system adjustment, including detector sensitivity, shall be provided before final acceptance testing.

## D. WIRES AND CABLE

- 1. Splice only in accessible junction or outlet boxes.
- 2 Splices and Taps for #8 and smaller shall be made only in junction boxes and shall be connected on terminal blocks or with crimp type connectors. Wire nut type connections shall not be used. Ground conduits, panels, and devices with green wire.

# E. CIRCUIT AND EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICAION:

1. Lettering and Graphics: Coordinate names, abbreviations, colors, and other designations used in electrical identification work with corresponding designations specified or indicated on the approved drawings and address list as applicable.

- 2. All Primary Power Circuit Breakers shall be provided with Laminate Signs indicating breaker designation as fire alarm and shall include reference to which fire alarm equipment served.
- 3. Equipment Identification: Securely fasten Laminate Signs to all fire alarm control panels, remote power supplies, etc. Signs shall indicate general equipment name, device label and location of fire alarm primary power breaker.
- 4. Circuit Identification: Securely fasten Circuit Identification Labels to circuits at all initiating devices, notification appliances, terminal connections and all other splices. Identification markings must correspond with the approved shop drawing circuit designations. Labels must be applied to be legible without moving equipment, labels, circuits, etc.
- 5. Initiating Device Identification: Where initiating devices are located on walls or on ceilings less than 14 feet in height, securely fasten Initiating Device Labels to the surface of the Initiating Device base so the label may be viewed from the floor. Where ceilings are over 14 feet in height a schematic diagram of the "high ceiling area" with all Initiating Devices and respective addresses shall be provided. Schematic shall be 8 ½ X 11, framed behind clear plastic and located where directed by the Owner
- 6. Install identification products in accordance with the manufacturer's written instructions and requirements of NFPA 70.
- 7. Junction and pull boxes containing EOL's shall be so marked. Where EOL's are concealed behind fire alarm devices there presence shall be marked.
- 8. All fire alarm junction box cover plates shall be painted red.

#### F. FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- Pre-testing: Upon completing installation of each system, align, adjust, and balance the system and perform complete pre-testing. Determine, through pre-testing, the conformance of the system to the requirements of the Drawings and Specifications. Correct deficiencies observed in pre-testing. Replace malfunctioning or damaged items with new equipment, and retest until satisfactory performance and conditions are achieved. Pre-testing shall include all fire alarm appliances and devices and all fire alarm system operations.
- 2. Wiring runs shall be tested for continuity, short circuits and grounds before system is energized. Resistance, current and voltage readings shall be made as work progresses. All circuits shall be tested for shorts and/or leakage with a "megger" (meg-ohm meter). Provide all testing information in a documented report with all values of the testing and the signature of the testing personnel.
- 3. Report of Pretesting: After pretesting is complete, provide a letter and all test reports to the Engineer to certify that the installation is complete and fully operable. Include the names and titles of the witnesses to the preliminary tests.
- 4. Final Test Notice: Provide a 10-day minimum notice in writing when the system is ready for final acceptance testing.

#### G. **TESTING**

- 1. All test equipment, instruments, tools and labor required to conduct the system tests shall be provided by the Contractor. As a minimum for conducting the tests, ladders; multimeter; laptop computer with programming software; two-way radios; flashlights; smoke generation devices and supplies; printer to print test report and spare printer paper and decibel meter shall be available.
- 2. All addressable devices shall be tested and logged for correct address and sensitivity using test equipment specifically designed for that purpose.
- Presence of a manufacturer's authorized technical representative shall be required at all 3. acceptance tests and retests.
- 4. Acceptance testing shall be in accordance with the procedures outlined in NFPA 72, the manufacturer's recommendations, and the direction of the Engineer and AHJ.

- 5. System wiring shall be tested to demonstrate correct system response and correct subsequent system operation in the event of:
  - a. Open, shorted and grounded addressable signaling circuit.
  - b. Open, shorted and grounded circuits.
  - c. Open, shorted and grounded horn circuits.
  - d. Addressable device removal.
  - e. Primary power or battery disconnected.
  - f. Incorrect device at address.
- 6. System evacuation alarm indicating appliances shall be demonstrated as follows:
  - a. All alarm notification appliances operate as programmed.
  - b. The ambient sound level of each room shall be recorded and the sound level of the audible devices in each room shall be recorded to verify the performance of the system.
- 7. System indications shall be demonstrated as follows:
  - a. Correct message display for each alarm input at the control panel, network workstations and remote alpha-numeric display.
- 8. Secondary power capabilities shall be demonstrated as follows:
  - a. System primary power shall be disconnected for a period of 24 hours. At the end of that period, an alarm condition shall be created and the system shall perform as specified for 5 minutes.
  - b. System primary power shall be restored for 24 hours and system charging current shall be normal trickle charge for a fully charged battery bank.
  - c. System battery voltages and charging currents shall be checked at the fire alarm control panel using the codes and display on the LCD.

## H. FORMAL ACCEPTANCE TESTING

- 1. Formal acceptance testing shall be held in the presence of the Engineer, DOAS and Owner, and to their satisfaction. The Contractor shall supply personnel and required auxiliary equipment for this test without additional cost to the Owner.
- 2. Final Test Notice: Provide a 10 working day minimum notice in writing when the system is ready for final acceptance testing.
- 3. Report of Pretesting and Acceptance test: After pretesting is complete, provide a letter and all test reports to the Engineer to certify that the installation is complete and fully operable. Include the following:
  - a. Names and titles of the witnesses to the preliminary tests.
  - b. Written certification confirming the full compliance with these specifications, the manufacturer's latest recommendations and NFPA 72 (2013 Edition).
  - c. Written certification confirming the system is free of ground faults, short circuits, and the absence of unwanted voltages between circuit conductors and ground in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and NFPA 72 and adequately megger tested.
  - d. Written certification and test results of the complete system checkout procedure in accordance with the manufacturer's published installation recommendations and NFPA 72.

- 4. The Engineer shall be provided with two preliminary copies of the record drawings for use during the testing procedure to verify operation as programmed.
- 5. In the event of system failure to perform as specified and programmed during the testing procedure, at the discretion of the Owner, or Engineer, the test shall be terminated and rescheduled after the Contractor has made corrections and repeated the pre-testing procedure.
- 6. The Owner, or Engineer may elect to require the complete test procedure be performed again if, in their opinion, modifications to the system hardware or software warrant complete retesting.
- 7. Operational Test: Acceptance of the system shall also require a demonstration of the stability of the system. This shall be adequately demonstrated if the system operates for a 90 day test period without any unwarranted alarms. Should an unwarranted alarm(s) occur, the Contractor shall readjust or replace the detector(s) or necessary equipment and begin another 90 day test period.

# I. WRITTEN CERTIFICATIONS AND/OR TEST REPORTS

- 1. The following four written certifications and/or test reports shall be submitted by the installation Contractor before final and formal acceptance will be scheduled:
  - Written certification and test results confirming full compliance with these specifications, the manufacturer's latest recommendations, and NFPA 72 (2013 Edition).
  - b. Written certification and test results confirming the system is free of ground faults, short circuits, and the absence of unwanted voltages between circuit conductors and ground in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and NFPA 72 and adequately megger tested.
  - c. Written report on final system programming configuration.
  - d. Written certification and test results of the complete system checkout procedure in accordance with the manufacturer's published installation recommendations and NFPA 72 including:
    - 1) A complete list of equipment installation and wiring.
    - 2) Indication that all equipment is properly installed and functioning, and conforms with these Specifications.
    - 3) Technician's name, certification number, and data.
    - 4) After completion of all the tests and adjustments listed above, the Contractor shall submit the following information to the Engineer.

# e. Record Drawings

- 1) Detailed catalog data on all installed system components.
- 2) Copy of the test report.
- 3) UL Certificates and/or listing documentation to verify that all equipment is UL Listed for its intended use.
- 4) Final test and inspection shall be held in the presence of the Engineer and to their satisfaction. The Contractor shall supply personnel and required auxiliary equipment for this test without additional cost.
- 5) Acceptance of the system shall also require a demonstration of the stability of the system. This shall be adequately demonstrated if the system operates for a 90 day test period without any unwarranted alarms. Should an unwarranted alarm(s) occur, the Contractor shall readjust or replace the detector(s) and begin another 90 day test period. As required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall recheck the devices using the fire test after each readjustment or replacement of devices.

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- 6) If the requirements provided in the paragraph above are not completed within one year after beginning the tests described therein, the Contractor shall replace the system with another acceptable manufacturer and the process repeated until acceptance of the equipment by the Engineer without additional costs.
- Before final acceptance of the work and the release of the retainage, the 7) Contractor shall deliver three copies of the complete Operating and Maintenance Manual and Record Drawings to the Engineer in hard copy (3) complete sets) and electronic copy in AutoCad, Version 14 or greater.

#### **CLEANING AND ADJUSTING** J.

- 1. Cleaning: Remove paint splatters and other spots, dirt, and debris. Touch up scratches and mars of finish to match original finish. Clean units internally using methods and materials recommended by manufacturer.
- 2. Occupancy Adjustments: When requested within one year of date of Substantial Completion, provide on-site assistance in adjusting sound levels and adjusting controls and sensitivities to suit actual occupied conditions. Provide up to three visits at eight hours a piece to the site for this purpose.

#### K. **TRAINING**

- 1. Provide the services of a factory-authorized service representative to demonstrate the system and train the Owner's personnel as specified below upon completion of the field
- 2. Train personnel in the procedures and schedules involved in operation, troubleshooting, service, and preventive maintenance of the system. Provide a minimum of sixteen hours of on-site training.
- Schedule the on-site training with the Owner at least seven days in advance of the 3.
- 4. Owner Training shall be professionally video recorded using digital format. All training videos shall become the property of the owner and shall be included in the project Operating and Maintenance manuals.

**END OF SECTION 28 3111** 

## SECTION 311000 - SITE CLEARING

# PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Geotechnical Engineering Report: "Geotechnical Engineering Report, Proposed Kansas Energy and Service Center", GeoSource Proj. No. D14G1399, December 31, 2015.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
  - 1. Protecting existing trees and vegetation to remain.
  - 2. Removing trees and other vegetation.
  - 3. Clearing and grubbing.
  - 4. Topsoil stripping.
  - 5. Protecting "No Build" Zones
- B. Related Sections include the following:
  - Geotechnical Engineering Report If discrepancies occur between this specification and the Geotechnical Engineering Report, the Geotechnical Engineering Report shall govern.

# 1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Topsoil: Natural or cultivated surface-soil layer containing organic matter and sand, silt, and clay particles; friable, pervious, and black or a darker shade of brown, gray, or red than underlying subsoil; reasonably free of subsoil, clay lumps, gravel, and other objects more than 2 inches in diameter; and free of weeds, roots, and other deleterious materials.

## 1.4 MATERIALS OWNERSHIP

- A. Except for topsoil and other materials indicated to be stockpiled or to remain Owner's property, cleared materials shall become Contractor's property and shall be removed from the site.
- 1.5 SUBMITTALS (No Requirements)

# 1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Traffic: Minimize interference with adjoining roads, streets, walks, and other adjacent occupied or used facilities during site-clearing operations.
  - 1. Do not close or obstruct streets, walks, or other adjacent occupied or used facilities without permission from Owner and authorities having jurisdiction.

- 2. Provide alternate routes around closed or obstructed traffic ways if required by authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Improvements on Adjoining Property: Authority for performing indicated removal and alteration work on property adjoining Owner's property will be obtained by Owner before award of Contract.
- C. Notify utility locator service for area where Project is located before site clearing.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Protect and maintain benchmarks and survey control points from disturbance during construction.
- B. Provide erosion-control measures to prevent soil erosion and discharge of soil-bearing water runoff or airborne dust to adjacent properties and walkways.
- C. Locate and clearly flag trees and vegetation to remain or to be relocated.
- D. Protect existing site improvements to remain from damage during construction.
  - 1. Restore damaged improvements to their original condition, as acceptable to Owner.
  - 2. Protect "No Build Zones" from damage with silt fence around the perimeter of the designated areas. No construction activity shall occur within the "No Build Zone" boundaries.

# 3.2 TREE PROTECTION

- A. Erect and maintain a temporary fence around drip line of individual trees or around perimeter drip line of groups of trees to remain. Remove fence when construction is complete.
  - Do not store construction materials, debris, or excavated material within drip line of remaining trees.
  - 2. Do not permit vehicles, equipment, or foot traffic within drip line of remaining trees.
- B. Do not excavate within drip line of trees, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Where excavation for new construction is required within drip line of trees, hand clear and excavate to minimize damage to root systems. Use narrow-tine spading forks, comb soil to expose roots, and cleanly cut roots as close to excavation as possible.
  - 1. Cover exposed roots with burlap and water regularly.
  - 2. Temporarily support and protect roots from damage until they are permanently relocated and covered with soil.
  - 3. Coat cut faces of roots more than 1-1/2 inches in diameter with an emulsified asphalt or other approved coating formulated for use on damaged plant tissues.
  - 4. Cover exposed roots with wet burlap to prevent roots from drying out. Backfill with soil as soon as possible.

D. Repair or replace trees and vegetation indicated to remain that are damaged by construction operations, in a manner approved by Architect.

# 3.3 CLEARING AND GRUBBING

- A. Remove obstructions, trees, shrubs, grass, and other vegetation to permit installation of new construction. Removal includes digging out stumps and obstructions and grubbing roots.
  - 1. Do not remove trees, shrubs, and other vegetation indicated to remain or to be relocated.
    a. No construction activity shall occur within the designated "No Build Zones".
  - 2. Cut minor roots and branches of trees indicated to remain in a clean and careful manner where such roots and branches obstruct installation of new construction.
  - 3. Completely remove stumps, roots, obstructions, and debris extending to a depth of 18 inches below exposed subgrade.
  - 4. Use only hand methods for grubbing within drip line of remaining trees.
- B. Fill depressions caused by clearing and grubbing operations with approved soil material, unless further excavation or earthwork is indicated. (As specified in Section 312000 Earth Moving)
  - Place fill material and compact as specified in Section 312000 Earth Moving.

# 3.4 TOPSOIL STRIPPING

- A. Remove sod and grass before stripping topsoil.
- B. Strip topsoil to whatever depths are encountered in a manner to prevent intermingling with underlying subsoil or other waste materials.
  - Strip surface soil of unsuitable topsoil, including trash, debris, weeds, roots, and other waste materials.
- C. Stockpile topsoil materials away from edge of excavations without intermixing with subsoil. Grade and shape stockpiles to drain surface water.
  - 1. Do not stockpile topsoil within drip line of remaining trees.
  - 2. Stockpile surplus topsoil and allow for re-spreading deeper topsoil.

# 3.5 SITE IMPROVEMENTS

- A. Remove existing above- and below-grade improvements as indicated and as necessary to facilitate new construction.
- B. Remove slabs, paving, curbs, gutters, and aggregate base as indicated.
  - 1. Unless existing full-depth joints coincide with line of demolition, neatly saw-cut length of existing pavement to remain before removing existing pavement. Saw-cut faces vertically.

# 3.6 DISPOSAL

A. Disposal: Remove surplus soil material, unsuitable topsoil, obstructions, demolished materials, and waste materials, including trash and debris, and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.

END OF SECTION 311000

### SECTION 312000 - EARTH MOVING

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- Kansas Department of Transportation (KDOT) "Standard Specifications for State Road and Bridge Construction", latest edition.
- C. Geotechnical Engineering Report: "Geotechnical Engineering Report, Proposed Kansas Energy and Service Center", GeoSource Proj. No. D14G1399, December 31, 2015.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
  - 1. Excavating and backfilling for buildings and inlet structures.
  - 2. Excavating and backfilling trenches for utility trenches.
  - 3. Preparing subgrades for slabs-on-grade
  - 4.
- B. This Section does not include the following:
  - 1. Excavating and backfilling for reinforced concrete box structures.
- C. Related Sections include the following:
  - 1. Division 1 Section "Temporary Facilities and Controls" for temporary controls, utilities and support facilities.
  - 2. Division 31 Section "Site Clearing" for temporary erosion and sedimentation control measures, site stripping, grubbing, stripping and stockpiling topsoil, and removal of above-and below grade improvements and utilities.
  - 3. Divisions 31, 32 and 33 Sections for installing underground mechanical and electrical utilities and buried mechanical and electrical structures.
  - 4. Geotechnical Engineering Report If discrepancies occur between this specification and the Geotechnical Engineering Report, the Geotechnical Engineering Report shall govern.

# 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Backfill: Job excavated material free from debris, organic material, and large stones.
  - 1. Initial Backfill: Backfill placed on top of the haunching material in the trench from the spring line to 12" above the top of pipe.
  - 2. Final Backfill or trench backfill: Backfill placed over initial backfill/embedment to fill a trench.
- B. Bedding Course: Material placed over the excavated subgrade in a trench before laying pipe.
- C. Borrow: Satisfactory soil imported from off-site location for use as fill or backfill.

- Embedment: Backfill placed around the pipe in the trench consisting of the bedding, haunching, and the initial backfill.
- E. Excavation: Removal of material encountered above subgrade elevations and to lines and dimensions indicated.
  - Authorized Additional Excavation: Excavation below subgrade elevations or beyond indicated lines and dimensions as directed by the Architect. Authorized additional excavation and replacement material will be paid for according to contract provisions for changes in the Work.
- F. Fill: Soil materials used to raise existing grades.
- G. Foundation: Subgrade below bedding material. Typically undisturbed earth unless soil is unsuitable, soft, or mucky.
- H. Haunching: Material placed on top of the bedding material in the trench from the flow line of the pipe to the spring line of the pipe including material to support the sides of pipe.
- I. Structures: Buildings, footings, foundations, retaining walls, slabs, tanks, curbs, mechanical and electrical appurtenances, or other man-made stationary features constructed above or below the ground surface.
- J. Subgrade (aka: Final Subgrade or Rough Grade): Surface or elevation remaining after completing excavation, or top surface of a fill or backfill immediately below subbase, drainage fill, or topsoil materials.
- K. Material Test Reports: From a qualified testing agency indicating and interpreting test results for compliance of the following with requirements indicated.
- L. Utilities include on-site underground pipes, conduits, ducts, and cables, as well as underground services within buildings.

# 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For the following:
  - 1. Each type of plastic warning tape.
  - 2. Controlled low-strength material, including design mixture.
- B. Material Test Reports:From a qualified testing agency indicating and interpreting test results for compliance of the following with requirements indicated:
- 1. Classification according to ASTM D 2487 of each on-site or off-site borrow soil material proposed for fill and backfill.
  - Laboratory compaction curve (Standard Proctor) according to ASTM D 698 (AASHTO T99) for each on-site or off-site borrow soil material proposed for fill and backfill.
  - C. Submit all purchased items that will be left on site and become the owner's property after construction.
    - 1. Gradation for Granular bedding material.

2.

# 3. Warning tape

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Geotechnical Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing agency qualified according to ASTM E 329 to conduct soil materials and rock-definition testing, as documented according to ASTM D 3740 and ASTM E 548.
  - 1. Geotechnical Testing Agency will be retained and paid for by the Owner.

## 1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Existing Utilities: Do not interrupt utilities serving facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted in writing by Owner and then only after arranging to provide temporary utility services according to requirements indicated:
  - 1. Notify Owner not less than two days in advance of proposed utility interruptions.
  - 2. Do not proceed with utility interruptions without Owner's written permission.
  - 3. Contact utility-locator service for area where Project is located before excavating.
- B. Demolish and completely remove from site existing underground utilities indicated to be removed. Coordinate with utility companies to shut off services if lines are active.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 SOIL MATERIALS

- A. General: Provide borrow soil materials when sufficient satisfactory soil materials are not available from excavations.
- B. Satisfactory (suitable) Soils: As approved by the Geotechnical Engineer and free of rock or gravel larger than 3 inches in any dimension, debris, organic matter, waste, frozen materials, vegetation, and other deleterious matter.
- C. Unsatisfactory (unsuitable) Soils: As identified by the Geotechnical Engineer or not meeting satisfactory soil conditions.
  - 1. Unsatisfactory soils also include satisfactory soils not maintained within the specified moisture content at time of compaction.

2.

- D. Backfill and Fill: Satisfactory soil materials.
- E. Engineered Fill: Naturally or artificially graded mixture of natural or crushed gravel, crushed stone, and natural of crushed sand; ASTM D 2940; with at least 90 percent passing a 1-1/2 inch sieve and not more than 12 percent passing a No. 200 sieve.
- F. Bedding Course: Naturally or artificially graded mixture of natural or crushed gravel, crushed stone, and natural of crushed sand; ASTM D 2940; except with 100 percent passing a 1 inch sieve and not more than 8 percent passing a No. 200 sieve.
- G. Sand: ASTM C 33; fine aggregate, natural, or manufactured sand.

H. Low Volume Change (LVC) or Structural Fill Material: (See Geotechnical Report) Low plasticity cohesive soil - as defined below, granular material – as defined in the Geotechnical Report and as approved by the Geotechnical engineer; or treated soil as defined in the Geotechnical Report and as approved by the Geotechnical engineer.

5.

- 1. Low Plasticity Cohesive Soil: Low Plasticity Cohesive Soil is that which exhibits a liquid limit of less than 45 percent and a plasticity index less than 25 percent.
- 6. KDOT AB-3 (or approved equal) may be used as LVC materials.

7

- I. Borrow Areas: Borrow areas provided by the contractor shall be approved by the Engineer as to suitability of material and location. Special care shall be taken in this approval to minimize the increase of siltation and turbidity of streams, lakes, and reservoirs and to avoid interference with the movement of migratory fish. Areas which, in the opinion of the engineer, leave an unsightly appearance to the Project will not be approved. All borrow sites must also be approved by the Kansas Department of Health and Environment.
- J. Topsoil: Topsoil material, if any, shall be stripped (see Geotechnical Report boring logs for topsoil depth) and stockpiled for use in final grading of the project. Any additional Topsoil needed for final grading of the project shall be previously stripped from the site or provided by the contractor at no additional cost.

# 2.2 CONTROLLED LOW-STRENGTH MATERIAL

A. Controlled Low Strength Material: Low-Density, self-compacting, flowable concrete material as follows:

Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I or II.
 Fly Ash: ASTM C 618, Class C or F.

- 3. Normal Weight Aggregate:FA-A Fine Aggregate as defined in the Kansas Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for State Road and Bridge Construction, 1990 edition, Section 1100, Subsection 1102.
- Foaming Agent: ASTM C 869.
   Water: ASTM C 94/C 94M.
   Air Entraining Admixture: ASTM C 260.

7.

- B. Produce low density, controlled low-strength material with the following physical properties:
  - As-Cast unit Weight: 120 lb./cu/ft. maximum at point of placement, when tested according to ASTM C 138/C 138M.
  - 2. Compressive strength:80 psi, when tested according to ASTM C 495.

# 2.3 ACCESSORIES

- A. Silt Fence Fabric: Fine mesh material specifically designed to retain soil run-off, while maintaining surface drainage; comply with KDOT specs for materials to be used.
  - B. Detectable Warning Tape: Acid- and alkali-resistant polyethylene film warning tape manufactured for marking and identifying underground utilities, minimum 6 inches wide and 4 mils thick, continuously inscribed with a description of utility, with metallic core encased in a protective jacket for corrosion protection, detectable by metal detector when tape is buried up to 30 inches deep; colored as follows:

1. Red: Electric

2. Yellow: Gas, oil, steam, and dangerous materials.

3. Orange: Telephone and other communications.

4. Blue: Water systems.

5. Green: Sewer systems/Force mains

## PART 2 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 LINES AND GRADES

A. Lay pipes to lines and grades indicated on Drawings.

- 1. Engineer reserves right to make changes in lines, grades, and depths of utilities when changes are required for Project conditions.
- B. Use laser-beam instrument with qualified operator to establish lines and grades on all pipe lines that will transmit fluid by gravity flow with a slope less than one percent (1.00%).
- C. Maintain grade alignment of other pipelines using string line parallel with grade line and vertically above centerline of pipe.
  - 1. Install batter boards spanning trench, rigidly anchored to posts driven into ground on both sides of trench.
  - 2. Determine elevation and position of string line from elevation and position of offset points or stakes located along pipe route.

# 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Verify field measurements prior to fabrication.
- B. Call Local Utility Line Information service not less than five working days before performing Work.
  - Request underground utilities to be located and marked within and surrounding construction areas.
- C. Identify required lines, levels, contours, and datum locations.
- D. Protect plant life, lawns, and other features remaining as portion of final landscaping.
- E. Protect bench marks, existing structures, fences, sidewalks, paving, and curbs from excavating equipment and vehicular traffic.
- F. Maintain and protect above and below grade utilities indicated to remain.
- G. Establish temporary traffic control and/or detours when trenching across roadways or streets. Relocate controls and reroute traffic as required during progress of Work.
- H. Protect existing structures, utilities, sidewalks, pavements, and other facilities from damage caused by settlement, lateral movement, undermining, washout, and other hazards created by earthwork operations.
- Preparation of subgrade for earthwork operations including removal of vegetation, topsoil, debris, obstructions and deleterious materials from ground surface is specified in Division 31 Section "Site Clearing."

- J. Protect subgrades and foundation soils against freezing temperatures or frost. Provide protective insulating materials as necessary.
- K. Provide protective insulating materials to protect subgrades and foundation soils against freezing temperatures or frost.
- L. Provide erosion-control measures to prevent erosion or displacement of soils and discharge of soil-bearing water runoff or airborne dust to adjacent properties and walkways.
  - 1. Temporary Erosion Control methods and materials shall be accordance with the drawings in the construction documents.
- M. Vegetation, topsoil, fill, existing structures and other loose, soft or otherwise unsuitable material should be removed from the planned paved areas at the on-set of construction. The procedures and recommendations in the Geotechnical Engineering Report shall be used. In addition to undercutting and moisture conditioning the existing site soils or replacing unsuitable existing soils (as required), all materials within the upper 12 inches of building floor slab subgrade level (below the slab and leveling course) shall consist of low volume change material.
- N. Strip all material classified as topsoil and miscellaneous fill in all disturbed areas; stripping shall be through the topsoil vegetation.
  - 1. See boring logs in Geotechnical Report.
- O. Stockpile topsoil on-site for future use for finish grading.

## 3.3 DEWATERING

- A. Prevent surface water and ground water from entering excavations, from ponding on prepared subgrades, and from flooding Project site and surrounding area.
- Protect subgrades from softening, undermining, washout, and damage by rain or water accumulation.
  - 1. Reroute surface water runoff away from excavated areas. Do not allow water to accumulate in excavations. Do not use excavated trenches as temporary drainage ditches.
  - 2. Install a dewatering system to keep subgrades dry and convey ground water away from excavations. Maintain until dewatering is no longer required.

## 3.4 EXPLOSIVES

A. Explosives: Do not use explosives.

# 3.5 EXCAVATION, GENERAL

- A. Unclassified Excavation: Excavate to subgrade elevations regardless of the character of surface and subsurface conditions encountered. Unclassified excavated materials may include rock, soil materials, and obstructions. No changes in the Contract Sum or the Contract Time will be authorized for rock excavation or removal of obstructions.
  - 1. If excavated materials intended for fill and backfill include unsatisfactory soil materials and rock, replace with satisfactory soil materials.

# 3.7 EXCAVATION FOR STRUCTURES

- A. Excavate to indicated elevations and dimensions within a tolerance of plus or minus 1 inch. Extend excavations a sufficient distance from structures for placing and removing concrete formwork, for installing services and other construction, and for inspections.
  - Excavations for Footings and Foundations: Do not disturb bottom of excavation. Excavate by hand to final grade just before placing concrete reinforcement. Trim bottoms to required grades to leave solid base to receive other work.
  - 2. Pile Foundations:Stop excavations 6 to 12 inches above bottom of pile cap before piles are placed. After piles have been driven, remove loose and disturbed material. Excavate to final grade, leaving solid base to receive concrete pile caps.
  - 3. Excavation for Underground Tanks, Basins and Mechanical or Electrical Utility Structures:
    - a. Excavate to elevations and dimensions indicated within a tolerance of plus or minimum 1 inch. Do not disturb bottom of excavations intended as bearing surfaces.
- B. Remove all fill material from within and at least 10 feet beyond the building footprint. Additionally, removal shall extend a minimum of 2 feet beyond the pavement edges.
- C. Once the topsoil is removed, the insitu soil that is within 24" of the floor slab and leveling course shall be removed. The contractor shall have the geotechnical engineer test the bottom of the excavation to determine if satisfactory soils exist. If satisfactory soils are not present, the contractor shall remove additional material as instructed by the geotechnical engineer.
  - 1. The contractor shall scarify the top 8" below the 24" LVC layer, moisture condition the soil as noted in the geotechnical report (0 to +4% above the optimum moisture content as determined by the standard proctor compaction procedure.
    - a. Proof roll the re-compacted subgrade before placement of fill to detect and compact any localized soft areas at the surface of the site.
    - Soft or unsuitable materials should be removed and replaced with low volume change material.
  - 2. Within the mechanical room floor slab that houses the boilers, a minimum of 12" of crushed limestone aggregate shall be placed below the building floor slab and leveling course. This 12" layer shall be placed in 6" lifts and compacted to a minimum of 95% of the material's maximum dry density as determined by ASTM 698.
    - a. The 12" aggregate shall be substituted for 18" of the low volume change material (select fill). therefore, there is an additional 6" of low volume change material below the 12" layer for a total of 18" low volume change materials. This is different from the 24" LVC layer to be constructed in the other areas of the building.
    - b. This area consists of the Mechanical Room of the building.
    - c. The layer shall extend a minimum of 5' beyond the building footprint.
    - d. Crushed limestone shall be KDOT AB-3.

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- D. Once the topsoil is removed within the parking and drive areas, the insitu soil that is within 8" of the finished surface elevations shall be tested by the geotechnical engineer to determine if satisfactory soils exist. If satisfactory soils are not present, the contractor shall remove materials until satisfactory soils are found. The contractors shall replace with satisfactory soils to the required elevations in no more than 9" layers (loose lift thickness) with adequate moisture control and compaction.
  - 4.
  - 1. The over-excavation shall extend a minimum of 10' beyond the proposed building perimeter to the north, east and south, 5' beyond the proposed building perimeter to the west and 2' beyond the backs of curbs and pavement edges.
  - 2. Should the insitu soils be satisfactory at the subgrade elevations, the contractor shall scarify the top 8", moisture condition and re-compact in accordance with the geotechnical report.

## 3.7 UNAUTHORIZED EXCAVATION

- A. Fill unauthorized excavation under foundations or wall footings by extending bottom elevation of concrete foundation or footing to excavation bottom, without altering top elevation. Lean concrete fill, with 28-day compressive strength of 2500 psi, may be used when approved by Architect.
  - 1. Fill unauthorized excavations under other construction or utility pipe as directed by Architect.

# 3.8 STORAGE OF SOIL MATERIALS

- A. Stockpile borrow materials and satisfactory excavated soil materials. Stockpile soil materials without intermixing. Place, grade, and shape stockpiles to drain surface water. Cover to prevent windblown dust.
  - Stockpile soil materials away from edge of excavations. Do not store within drip line of remaining trees.
  - 2. Stockpiled soils shall be temporarily seeded if untouched for more than 14 calendar days.

# 3.9 EXCAVATION FOR UTILITY TRENCHES

- A. TRENCHING EXCAVATION: The trench shall be excavated, true to line and grade as shown on the Plans or established by the Engineer. The Contractor shall perform all excavation of every description and of whatever substances encountered to the depths indicated on the Plans or as otherwise specified. During excavation, material suitable for backfilling shall be piled in an orderly manner a sufficient distance from the banks of the trench to avoid over-loading and to prevent slides or cave-ins. Such grading shall be done as may be necessary to prevent surface water from flowing into trenches or other excavations, and to maintain the flow of water in natural watercourses on or adjacent to the site. Any water accumulating in trenches or other excavations shall be removed by pumping or by other approved methods as specified elsewhere. Unless otherwise indicated or authorized, excavation shall be by open cut.
  - 3.
  - 1. Do not interfere with 45 degree bearing splay of foundations
  - 2. All excavated materials not required or suitable for backfill shall be removed and disposed of off the site, by and at the expense of the Contractor.
  - 3. The Contractor shall not open more trench in advance of pipe laying than is necessary. Four hundred (400) feet will be the maximum length of open trench allowed on any line under construction. All open trenches shall be adequately protected.
  - 4. Beyond building perimeter, excavate trenches to allow installation of top of pipe below frost line.
- B. TRENCH BOTTOMS: Excavate and shape trench bottoms to provide uniform bearing and support of pipes and conduit. Shape subgrade to provide continuous support for bells, joints, and barrels of pipes and for joints, fittings, and bodies of conduits. Remove projecting stones and sharp objects along trench subgrade. Excavate to allow for bedding material where required.
- C. LIMITING TRENCH WIDTHS AND PIPE CLEARANCES: Trenches shall be excavated to a width that will provide adequate working space and pipe clearances for proper pipe installation, jointing, bedding, and initial backfill operations. In order to protect the pipe from external loads in excess of those used in the design of the pipe, it is necessary to limit the width of the lower portion of the trench below an elevation twelve (12) inches above the top of the installed pipe. The trench width shall be a minimum of twelve (12) inches greater than the outside diameter of the barrel of the pipe and a maximum of sixteen (16) inches greater than the outside diameter of the barrel of the pipe. Pipes larger than 24-inch diameter may have greater maximum trench widths upon approval of the Engineer.
  - 1. Trench walls shall be vertical from bottom of trench to twelve (12) inches above the top of pipe. Above that point, trench wall shall be sloped as required to meet safety standards and

all pertinent OSHA Regulations. When Project conditions do not permit safe trench wall slopes, provide sheeting and shoring to protect excavation as specified in this section.

- D. UNAUTHORIZED TRENCH WIDTHS: Where, for any reason, the width of the lower portion of the trench as excavated at any point exceeds the maximum specified above, either pipe of adequate design, total concrete pipe encasement, additional granular embedment or arch concrete encasements as required by loading conditions and as determined by the Engineer (at the Contractor's expense) shall be furnished and installed by and at the expense of the Contractor. The determination of necessary pipe, special embedment, or arch concrete encasement shall be based on a pipe strength equal to the minimum three-edge bearing ultimate strength stipulated in the governing pipe specifications for the size and kind of pipe involved with a safety factor of 65. Trench loadings will be based on saturated backfill weighing 120 (one hundred twenty) pounds per cubic foot with suitable allowance for truck or other live loads where required.
  - 1. Correct areas over excavated areas with compacted backfill as specified for authorized excavation or replace with fill concrete as directed by Engineer.
- E. Embankment or fill: When pipe is to be installed in embankment or fill, the embankment shall be constructed in accordance with APWA section 2102.6 and shall be built up to a plane at least 18 inches above the top of the pipe prior to the excavation of the sewer trench.
- F. MECHANICAL EXCAVATION: The use of mechanical equipment will not be permitted in locations where its operation would cause damage to trees, buildings, culverts, or other existing property, utilities, or structures above or below ground; in all such locations, hand excavating tools and methods shall be used.
  - 1. Mechanical equipment used for trench excavation shall be of a type, design, and construction, and shall be so operated, that the control of the rough trench excavation bottom elevation is accurate and positive at all times, that uniform trench widths and vertical side walls are obtained at least from an elevation one foot above the top of the installed pipe to the bottom of the trench and that the trench alignment is such that the pipe when accurately laid to specified alignment will be centered in the trench with adequate clearance between the pipe and side walls of the trench as excavated at all points. Undercutting of the sidewall to obtain such clearance will not be permitted.
  - 2. All mechanical trenching equipment, its operating condition, and the manner of its operations, shall be subject at all times to the approval of the Engineer.
- G. BLASTING: The use of explosives is not allowed.
- H. BELL HOLES: Excavation for bell holes for the various types of joints to be made, excavation for assembling and bolting mechanical joints or couplings, excavation in trench banks to provide additional working space, and any other excavation outside of rough excavation limits which may be required for pipe jointing operations shall be performed prior to the installation of the specified bedding material below pipe subgrade elevations to prevent contamination of the bedding material.
  - 1. Bell holes for mechanical joint pipe shall provide adequate clearance for the tools and methods used in installing and bolting the joints.
  - 2. Bell holes for boltless gasketed joint pipe shall be excavated to provide at least one-inch clearance between the pipe bell and the bottom of the bell hole.
  - 3. Excavations for the installation of Dresser type couplings on steel pipe shall have a length of twenty-six (26) inches parallel to the center line of the pipe, shall be centered on the middle of the joint, and shall provide a clearance of two (2) feet on the sides of an eighteen (18) inches below the bottom of the pipe.
  - 4. Regardless of the type of joint, all excavations shall be of sufficient size and depth that the joints can be properly made and so that no part of the pipe bell, will be in contact with the trench bottom or pipe bedding thereon.