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January 19, 2015

Mr. Alan Conroy Executive Director Kansas Public Employees Retirement System 611 S. Kansas Ave., Suite 100 Topeka, KS 66603-3803

Re: Cost Study for Proposed Changes to KPERS State/School Funding

Dear Alan:

At your request, we have prepared a cost study to determine the combined impact of the following proposal on the State/School group of KPERS:

- (1) An employer contribution rate of 8.65% for the last half of fiscal year 2015, 9.69% for fiscal year 2016, and 9.59% for fiscal year 2017.
- (2) The years in the amortization period are extended by 10 years.
- (3) The ELARF funds are not added to the trust in addition to the regular KPERS contribution.

Background

Under current law, the employer contribution rate for KPERS is not necessarily the full actuarial required contribution (ARC). Based on legislation passed in 1993, the employer contribution rate certified by the KPERS Board may not increase by more than the statutory cap. The current statutory cap is 0.90% for fiscal year 2014, 1.0% for fiscal year 2015, 1.1% for fiscal year 2016 and 1.2% for fiscal year 2017 and later. The statutory contribution rate for the Local group has been equal to the actuarial required contribution rate in the last two actuarial valuations. However, the statutory employer contribution rate for the State/School group is lower than the actuarial required contribution rate. The following table shows the actuarial required contribution and the statutory contribution rate for the State/School group in the last three valuations.



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Valuation Date	Valuation Date Fiscal Year Employer Contribution Rates													
		Actuarial	Statutory											
12/31/2013	2017	14.85%	13.57%											
12/31/2012	2016	14.95%	12.37%											
12/31/2011	2015	14.34%	11.27%											

There is currently a state budget reduction plan that includes a reduction in the State/School employer contribution rate from the current statutory rate of 11.27% to 8.65% for the last half of fiscal year 2015, from 12.37% to 9.69% for fiscal year 2016, and from 13.57% to 9.59% for fiscal year 2017. Such action will lower the contributions to the State/School group by about \$446 million which will have to be funded in future years (with interest at the assumed rate of 8%).

The amortization period was set at 40 years as part of the KPERS legislative package back in 1993. Subsequent legislation delegated the responsibility for all of the amortization parameters to the KPERS Board of Trustees. To date, the Board has not changed the amortization period so, as of the last valuation date (December 31, 2013), there were 19 years remaining. Part of the proposal to be evaluated in this study is an extension of the amortization period by 10 years so the remaining years at December 31, 2013 would be 29 rather than 19. On its own, the extension of the amortization period serves to lower the actuarial contribution rate and, therefore, the employer actuarial contribution rate. However, the payments to fund the UAL now extend over a longer time period so the total amount of the contributions will be greater than if the current amortization period were unchanged.

Finally, legislation passed in the 2012 session provided for additional contributions by the State to fund the unfunded actuarial liability for the State/School group until the funded ratio was at least 80%. The additional contribution stream was to come from the Expanded Lottery Act Revenue Fund (ELARF) in the amount of 50% of the money credited to the ELARF, after a reduction of \$10.5 million. Using the 2010 valuation to develop projections of the funded ratio at the time the bill was enacted, the additional ELARF contributions were expected to be required from fiscal year 2014 through fiscal year 2026. However, based on more recent projections of the funded ratio, ELARF contributions were assumed to be paid in fiscal years 2015 through 2025. For purposes of this cost study, the additional contributions from ELARF are assumed to be eliminated under the alternate scenario.

Cost Impact

It was assumed that the changes described earlier would be reflected in the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation, which will apply to fiscal year 2018. In the interim, the employer contribution rate will be 8.65% for the last half of fiscal year 2015, 9.69% for fiscal year 2016, and 9.59% for fiscal year 2017. The determination of the employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2018 will also reflect the statutory cap of 1.2% above this revised fiscal year 2017 employer contribution rate.

We used the projection model prepared in conjunction with the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation to estimate the long term cost impact of the current proposal. The results, which reflect the reduced contribution rate of 8.65% for the last half of fiscal year 2015, 9.69% for fiscal year 2016, 9.59% for fiscal year 2017, the 10-year extension of the amortization period to finance the unfunded actuarial liability, and elimination of the additional contributions from the ELARF fund, are compared to the baseline projections



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under current law. Exhibit A shows the estimated employer contribution rate and the corresponding dollar amounts of employer contributions for the proposed option and the current provisions. The alternate funding proposal results in lower contributions through 2032 (reaching a peak of 14.83% under the current scenario, compared to 11.67% under the alternate scenario). However, after 2032 when the unfunded actuarial liability is paid off under the current scenario, the alternate scenario produces higher contributions through 2046, with a total increase in contributions over the entire period of \$9.1 billion.

Exhibit B provides a comparison of the key valuation results such as unfunded actuarial liability and funded ratio, under the current and proposed alternative. As that exhibit shows, the funded ratio improves incrementally over a much longer period of time under the alternate scenario due to the longer amortization period, reaching 70% funded in 2027 and 80% funded in 2034 (compared to 2020 and 2025 respectively under the current scenario). Likewise, the unfunded actuarial liability is projected to rise consistently through 2030 under the alternate scenario, while it is expected to decline each year through 2033 under the current scenario.

Please note that the dollar amounts of employer contributions shown in the exhibits are future dollar amounts, calculated using the estimated employer contribution rate and projected payroll in future years. Due to the length of the projection period, the future payroll amounts grow significantly and the resulting contributions in nominal dollars in those years can appear very large. The present value of the contribution difference, using KPERS' 8% assumed rate of return, is approximately \$0 since the contribution streams under either scenario lead to approximately the same result in 2043. In other words, on a present value basis, the two scenarios require essentially the same amount of contributions to reach the same funded status at the same future point in time, just as would be expected. However, when expressed as nominal dollars, the alternate approach has a higher cost because employer contributions are generally being deferred.

The projections used in this cost study assume that all actuarial assumptions, including the 8% investment return assumption, are met each year in the future. The cost projections are sensitive to the assumptions used, particularly the investment return assumption. To the extent the 8% investment return assumption is not met in the future, the cost projections in these studies are expected to change. Further analysis can be provided upon request if it is deemed to be necessary or helpful.

Disclaimers, Caveats, and Limitations

The numerical tables that comprises this cost study are based primarily upon the December 31, 2013 valuation results, the actuarial assumptions used in that valuation (unless otherwise noted elsewhere in this letter), and the projection model prepared by the System's actuary, Cavanaugh Macdonald Consulting, LLC. Significant items are noted below:

- The investment return in all future years is assumed to be 8% on a market value basis, unless otherwise indicated.
- All demographic assumptions regarding mortality, disability, retirement, salary increases, and termination of employment are assumed to hold true in the future. Please note that the actuarial assumption assumes that mortality will improve in the future (i.e. people will live longer).
- The number of active members covered by KPERS in the future is assumed to remain level (neither growth nor decline in the active membership count). As active members leave covered employment, they are assumed to be replaced by new employees who have a similar demographic profile as recent new hires.



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- The funding methods, including the entry age normal cost method, the asset smoothing method. and the amortization method and period, remain unchanged other than as noted elsewhere in this
- All projections reflect the current statutory caps of 0.9% in FY 2014, 1.0% in FY 2015, 1.1% in FY 2016 and an ultimate cap of 1.2% in FY 2017 and beyond, except where otherwise noted.
- We relied upon the membership data provided by KPERS for the actuarial valuation. The numerical results depend on the integrity of this information. If there are material inaccuracies in the data, the results presented herein may be different and the projections may need to be revised.

Models are designed to identify anticipated trends and to compare various scenarios rather than predicting some future state of events. The projections are based on the System's estimated financial status on December 31, 2013, and project future events using one set of assumptions out of a range of many possibilities. A different set of assumptions would lead to different results. The projections do not predict the System's financial condition or its ability to pay benefits in the future and do not provide any guarantee of future financial soundness of the System. Over time, a defined benefit plan's total cost will depend on a number of factors, including the amount of benefits paid, the number of people paid benefits, the duration of the benefit payments, plan expenses, and the amount of earnings on assets invested to pay benefits. These amounts and other variables are uncertain and unknowable at the time the projections were prepared. Because not all of the assumptions will unfold exactly as expected, actual results will differ from the projections. To the extent that actual experience deviates significantly from the assumptions, results could be significantly better or significantly worse than indicated in this study.

We are available to answer any questions on the material contained in this study or to provide explanations or further details upon request. We, Patrice A. Beckham F.S.A. and Brent A. Banister, F.S.A., are consulting actuaries with Cavanaugh Macdonald Consulting, LLC. We are also members of the American Academy of Actuaries and Fellows of the Society of Actuaries, and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

If you have questions or need additional analysis, please let us know.

Sincerely,

Patrice A. Beckham, FSA, FCA, EA, MAAA Principal and Consulting Actuary

Patrice Beckham

Brent A. Banister, PhD, FSA, FCA, EA, MAAA

Chief Pension Actuary

But a But

Current Provisions vs. 8.65% for Last Half of FY15, 9.69% for FY16, 9.59% for FY17, Extending Amortization of UAL for 10 Years, No Additional Funding from Expanded Lottery Act Revenue Fund (ELARF) KPERS State/School Group

Exhibit A



2046	2045	2044	2043	2042	2041	2040	2039	2038	2037	2036	2035	2034	2033	2032	2031	2030	2029	2028	2027	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	Year	Fiscal		Œ
12,640.67	12,163.69	11,704.70	11,264.17	10,842.35	10,440.12	10,057.93	9,693.54	9,344.71	9,010.83	8,690.60	8,382.76	8,087.28	7,804.13	7,532.39	7,271.88	7,022.28	6,782.71	6,553.23	6,334.01	6,124.89	5,925.05	5,734.26	5,552.28	5,378.89	5,215,15	5,061.65	4,918.20	4,784.85	4,663.16	4,554.81	\$ 4,440.00	Payroll	Total	•	(2)
1.08%	1.01%	0.93%	0.86%	0.80%	0.75%	0.72%	0.75%	0.85%	1.08%	1.46%	2.36%	3.67%	4.97%	12.61%	12.74%	12.85%	12.98%	13.21%	13.41%	13.58%	13.72% *	13.85% *	13.96% *	14.09% *	14.19% *	14.51% *	14.83% *	14.77% *	13.57% *	12.37% *	11.27%	Current		Employer Contribution Rate	(3)
1.89%	5.55%	8.99%	12.26%	11.97%	11.78%	11.64%	11.54%	11.46%	· 11.39%	11.34%	11.30%	11.26%	11.24%	11.25%	11.26%	11.26%	11.28%	11.29%	11.29%	11.30%	11.32%	11.34%	11.34%	11.36%	11.34%	11.47%	11.67%	10.79%	9.59%	9.69%	11.27%/8.65%	Alternate		ribution Rate	(4)
136.75	123.14	109.28	96.46	86.79	77.81	72.66	72.77	79.37	97.34	127.24	197.81	297.12	387.51	949.67	926.12	902.70	880.10	865.54	849.37	831.84	813.02	793.98	775.25	757.66	739.97	734.50	729.60	706.72	632.79		\$ 500.39 \$	Payroll Based			, (5)
ı	Ī	1	•			Ì	•	Ī	r	,	ı		•	•		1		1	ı	•	53.68	52.63	51.59	45.33	44.34	43.37	42.41	41.48	40.56	39.67	·	ELARF	Current	Employer	6
136.75	123.14	109.28	96.46	86.79	77.81	72.66	72.77	79.37	97.34	127.24	197.81	297,12	387.51	949.67	926.12	902,70	880,10	865.54	849.37	831.84	866.70	846.61	826.85	802.99	784.31	777.87	772.01	748.20	673.35	603.09		Total		Employer Contribution Amount (\$M)	(7)
239.14	675.37	1,052.68	1,380.57	1,297.88	1,229.36	1,170.98	1,118.71	1,070.84	1,026.36	985.87	947.23	910,94	876.83	847.23	818,50	791.05	764.79	739.72	715.09	692,19	670.82	650,05	629.78	610,82	591.34	580.63	574.18	516.28	447.20	441.36	2.22	Alternate		Amount (SM)	(8)
102.39	552.23	943.40	1,284.12	1,211.09	1,151.55	1,098.33	1,045.93	991.47	929.02	858.63	749.42	613,82	489.32	(102,44)	(107,62)	(111.65)	(115.31)	(125.82)	(134.28)	(139.65)	(195.88)	(196.55)	(197.06)	(192.18)	(192.97)	(197.24)	(197.83)	(231.92)	(226.16)	_	\$ (58.16)	Difference			(9)

^{*} Indicates additional contributions from ELARF are added to this contribution rate to get the total contribution amount shown.

\$ 15,914.73 \$ 455.06 \$ 16,369.78 \$ 25,506.04 \$ 9,136.25

exhibit should only be considered with the accompanying letter from Cavanaugh Macdonald dated January 19, 2015. This exhibit is an attachment to a letter that contains important information and explanations regarding the numbers shown. Therefore, the All assumptions, including the 8% investment return, are assumed to be met each year in the future.





Current Provisions vs. 8.65% for Last Half of FY15, 9.69% for FY16, 9.59% for FY17, Extending Amortization of UAL for 10 Years, No Additional Funding from Expanded Lottery Act Revenue Fund (ELARF) (Dollar amounts in millions) Comparison of State/School Group Funded Status Measures Kansas Public Employee Retirement System

12/31/2042 12/31/2043	12/31/2041	12/31/2040	12/31/2039	12/31/203/	12/31/2036	12/31/2035	12/31/2034	12/31/2033	12/31/2032	12/31/2031	12/31/2030	12/31/2029	12/31/2028	12/31/2027	12/31/2026	12/31/2025	12/31/2024	12/31/2023	12/31/2022	12/31/2021	12/31/2020	12/31/2019	12/31/2018	12/31/2017	12/31/2016	12/31/2015	12/31/2014	12/31/2013	Date	Valuation		
39,365.81 40,808.05	38,022.25	36,769.86	35,513,69	33,488.04	32,522.27	31,610.21	30,744.24	29,921.64	29,139.65	28,393.88	27,678.56	26,991.85	26,339.22	25,704.59	25,085.06	24,478.87	23,881.04	23,288.73	22,701.02	22,114.60	21,528.52	20,937.13	20,337.87	19,735.84	19,111.31	18,462.18	17,783.41	\$ 17,078.13	Liability	Actuarial		
39,264.21 40,624,84	37,996.56	36.813.53	35 708 59	33,680.22	32,728.76	31,800.19	30,864.34	29,889.54	28,870.28	27,582.23	26,106.63	24,734.81	23,456.75	22,260.27	21,134.99	20,076.84	19,026.87	18,036.30	17,100.20	16,216.53	15,374.70	14,561.09	13,764.98	12,998.50	12,105.39	11,200.48	10,473.40	\$ 9,726.42	Assets	Actuarial		Current
101.61 183.21	25.70	(43.67)	(10 5 33)	(192.17)	(206.48)	(189.99)	(120.10)	32.10	269,37	811.65	1,571.93	2,257.04	2,882.48	3,444.32	3,950.07	4,402.03	4,854.17	5,252.43	5,600.82	5,898.07	6,153.82	6,376.03	6,572.90	6,737.34	7,005.92	7,261.70	7,310.01	\$ 7,351.70	Liability	Actuarial	Unfunded	Current Provisions
99.7% 99.6%	99.9%	100.5%	100.5%	100.6%	100.6%	100.6%	100.4%	99.9%	99.1%	97.1%	94.3%	91.6%	89.1%	86.6%	84.3%	82.0%	79.7%	77.4%	75.3%	73.3%	71.4%	69.5%	67.7%	65.9%	63.3%	60.7%	58.9%	57.0%	Ratio	Funded		
39,365.81 40,808.05	38,022,25	36 760 86 36 760 86	34,513,89	33,488,04	32,522.27	31,610.21	30,744.24	29,921.64	29,139.65	28,393.88	27,678.56	26,991.85	26,339.22	25,704.59	25,085.06	24,478.87	23,881.04	23,288.73	22,701.02	22,114.60	21,528.52	20,937.13	20,337.87	19,735.84	19,111.31	18,462.18	17,783.41	\$ 17,078.13	Liability	Actuarial		
39,071.97 41,578.03	36.618.81	34,393.63 34,401.78	30,569,46	28,903.74	27,382.70	25,990.70	24,712.47	23,538.69	22,460.21	21,465.89	20,544.46	19,690.18	18,895.02	18,152.53	17,456.73	16,802.86	16,182.68	15,591.09	15,024.99	14,479.29	13,950.94	13,430.08	12,907.33	12,410.86	11,781.11	11,076.44	10,473.40	\$ 9,726.42	Assets	Actuarial		Alternate
293.85 (769.98)	2,306.06 1,403.45	3,209.61	3,944,43	4,584.31	5,139.58	5,619.51	6,031.77	6,382.95	6,679.44	6,927.99	7,134.10	7,301.67	7,444.21	7,552.06	7,628.33	7,676.01	7,698.37	7,697.65	7,676.03	7,635.32	7,577.57	7,507.05	7,430,55	7,324.98	7,330.20	7,385,74	7,310.01	\$ 7,351.70	Liability	Actuarial	Unfunded	Alternate Provisions
99.3% 101.9%	95.0% 96.3%	91.0%	88.6%	86.3%	84.2%	82.2%	80.4%	78.7%	77.1%	75.6%	74.2%	72.9%	71.7%	70.6%	69.6%	68.6%	67.8%	66.9%	66,2%	65,5%	64.8%	64.1%	63.5%	62.9%	61.6%	60.0%	58.9%	57.0%	Ratio	Funded		

This exhibit is an attachment to a letter that contains important information and explanations regarding the numbers shown. Therefore, the exhibit should only be considered with the accompanying letter from Cavanaugh Macdonald dated January 19, 2015.

All assumptions, including the 8% investment return, are assumed to be met each year in the future.

1/19/2015

