

*{As Amended by Senate Committee of the Whole}*

*Session of 2016*

**Substitute for SENATE BILL No. 65**

By Committee on Federal and State Affairs

2-5

Ballroom Amendments for  
Substitute for Senate Bill No. 65 #3  
House Committee on Federal and State Affairs  
Prepared by Jason Long  
Office of Revisor of Statutes  
March 16, 2016

1 AN ACT concerning firearms, relating to the personal and family  
2 protection act; amending K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 75-7c10 and 75-7c20 and  
3 repealing the existing sections.  
4

relating to licensure of active duty military personnel;  
75-7c04, 75-7c05,

5 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:*

6 Section 1. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 75-7c10 is hereby amended to read as  
7 follows: 75-7c10. Subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 75-7c20,  
8 and amendments thereto:

9 (a) The carrying of a concealed handgun shall not be prohibited in  
10 any building unless such building is conspicuously posted in accordance  
11 with rules and regulations adopted by the attorney general.

12 (b) Nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent:

13 (1) any private employer from restricting or prohibiting by  
14 personnel policies persons from carrying a concealed handgun while on  
15 the premises of the employer's business or while engaged in the duties of  
16 the person's employment by the employer, except that no employer may  
17 prohibit possession of a handgun in a private means of conveyance, even if  
18 parked on the employer's premises; or

19 (2) any private business or entity, county or political subdivision from  
20 restricting or prohibiting persons from carrying a concealed handgun  
21 within a building or buildings of such entity, provided that the building is  
22 posted in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the attorney  
23 general pursuant to subsection (f), as a building where carrying a  
24 concealed handgun is prohibited.

25 (c) (1) Any private entity which provides adequate security measures  
26 in a private building and which conspicuously posts signage in accordance  
27 with this section prohibiting the carrying of a concealed handgun in such  
28 building shall not be liable for any wrongful act or omission relating to  
29 actions of persons carrying a concealed handgun concerning acts or  
30 omissions regarding such handguns.

31 (2) Any private entity which does not provide adequate security  
32 measures in a private building and which allows the carrying of a  
33 concealed handgun shall not be liable for any wrongful act or omission  
34 relating to actions of persons carrying a concealed handgun concerning  
35 acts or omissions regarding such handguns.

36 (3) Nothing in this act shall be deemed to increase the liability of any

1 private entity where liability would have existed under the personal and  
2 family protection act prior to the effective date of this act.

3 (d) The governing body or the chief administrative officer, if no  
4 governing body exists, of any of the following institutions may permit any  
5 employee, *who is legally qualified*, to carry a concealed handgun in any  
6 building of such institution, if the employee meets such institution's own  
7 policy requirements regardless of whether such building is conspicuously  
8 posted in accordance with the provisions of this section:

9 (1) A unified school district;

10 (2) a postsecondary educational institution, as defined in K.S.A. 74-  
11 3201b, and amendments thereto;

12 (3) a state or municipal-owned medical care facility, as defined in  
13 K.S.A. 65-425, and amendments thereto;

14 (4) a state or municipal-owned adult care home, as defined in K.S.A.  
15 39-923, and amendments thereto;

16 (5) a community mental health center organized pursuant to K.S.A.  
17 19-4001 et seq., and amendments thereto; or

18 (6) an indigent health care clinic, as defined by K.S.A. 2015 Supp.  
19 65-7402, and amendments thereto.

20 (e) *No public employer shall restrict or otherwise prohibit by*  
21 *personnel policies any employee, who is legally qualified, from carrying*  
22 *any concealed handgun while engaged in the duties of such employee's*  
23 *employment outside of such employer's place of business, including while*  
24 *in a means of conveyance.*

25 ~~(f)~~ (f) (1) It shall be a violation of this section to carry a concealed  
26 handgun in violation of any restriction or prohibition allowed by  
27 subsection (a) or (b) if the building is posted in accordance with rules and  
28 regulations adopted by the attorney general pursuant to subsection ~~(f)~~ (f).

29 Any person who violates this section shall not be subject to a criminal  
30 penalty but may be subject to denial to such premises or removal from  
31 such premises.

32 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) or (b), it is not a  
33 violation of this section for the United States attorney for the district of  
34 Kansas, the attorney general, any district attorney or county attorney, any  
35 assistant United States attorney if authorized by the United States attorney  
36 for the district of Kansas, any assistant attorney general if authorized by  
37 the attorney general, or any assistant district attorney or assistant county  
38 attorney if authorized by the district attorney or county attorney by whom  
39 such assistant is employed, to possess a handgun within any of the  
40 buildings described in subsection (a) or (b), subject to any restrictions or  
41 prohibitions imposed in any courtroom by the chief judge of the judicial  
42 district.

43 (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) or (b), it is not a

1 violation of this section for a law enforcement officer, as that term is  
2 defined in K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 75-7c22, and amendments thereto, who  
3 satisfies the requirements of either K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 75-7c22(a) or (b),  
4 and amendments thereto, to possess a handgun within any of the buildings  
5 described in subsection (a) or (b), subject to any restrictions or  
6 prohibitions imposed in any courtroom by the chief judge of the judicial  
7 district.

8 ~~(g)~~ (g) On and after July 1, 2014, the provisions of this section shall  
9 not apply to the carrying of a concealed handgun in the state capitol.

10 ~~(h)~~ (h) For the purposes of this section:

11 (1) "Adequate security measures" shall have the same meaning as the  
12 term is defined in K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 75-7c20, and amendments thereto;

13 (2) "building" shall not include any structure, or any area of any  
14 structure, designated for the parking of motor vehicles; and

15 (3) "public employer" means the state and any municipality as those  
16 terms are defined in K.S.A. 75-6102, and amendments thereto.

17 ~~(i)~~ (i) Nothing in this act shall be construed to authorize the carrying  
18 or possession of a handgun where prohibited by federal law.

19 ~~(j)~~ (j) The attorney general shall adopt rules and regulations  
20 prescribing the location, content, size and other characteristics of signs to  
21 be posted on a building where carrying a concealed handgun is prohibited  
22 pursuant to subsections (a) and (b). Such regulations shall prescribe, at a  
23 minimum, that:

24 (1) The signs be posted at all exterior entrances to the prohibited  
25 buildings;

26 (2) the signs be posted at eye level of adults using the entrance and  
27 not more than 12 inches to the right or left of such entrance;

28 (3) the signs not be obstructed or altered in any way; and  
29 (4) signs which become illegible for any reason be immediately  
30 replaced.

31 Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 75-7c20 is hereby amended to read as  
32 follows: 75-7c20. (a) The carrying of a concealed handgun shall not be  
33 prohibited in any public area of any state or municipal building unless  
34 such ~~building~~ public area has adequate security measures to ensure that no  
35 weapons are permitted to be carried into such ~~building~~ public area and the  
36 ~~building~~ public area is conspicuously posted in accordance with K.S.A.  
37 2015 Supp. 75-7c10, and amendments thereto.

38 (b) ~~The carrying of a concealed handgun is authorized by the~~  
39 ~~personal and family protection act shall not be prohibited throughout any~~  
40 ~~state or municipal building which contains both public access entrances~~  
41 ~~and restricted access entrances shall provide adequate security measures at~~  
42 ~~the public access entrances in order to prohibit the carrying of any~~  
43 ~~weapons into such building in its entirety unless such building has~~

1 *adequate security measures at all public access entrances to ensure that*  
2 *no weapons are permitted to be carried into such building and the*  
3 *building is conspicuously posted in accordance with K.S.A. 2015 Supp.*  
4 *75-7c10, and amendments thereto.*

5 (c) No state agency or municipality shall prohibit an employee from  
6 carrying a concealed handgun at the employee's work place unless the  
7 building has adequate security measures *at all public access entrances to*  
8 *ensure that no weapons are permitted to be carried into such building and*  
9 *the building is conspicuously posted in accordance with K.S.A. 2015*  
10 *Supp. 75-7c10, and amendments thereto.*

11 (d) It shall not be a violation of the personal and family protection act  
12 for a person to carry a concealed handgun into a state or municipal  
13 building, *or any public area thereof*, so long as that person has authority to  
14 enter through a restricted access entrance into such building, *or public*  
15 *area thereof*, which provides adequate security measures *at all public*  
16 *access entrances and the building, or public area thereof*, is  
17 conspicuously posted in accordance with K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 75-7c10, and  
18 amendments thereto.

19 (e) A state agency or municipality which provides adequate security  
20 measures in a state or municipal building and which conspicuously posts  
21 signage in accordance with K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 75-7c10, and amendments  
22 thereto, prohibiting the carrying of a concealed handgun in such building  
23 shall not be liable for any wrongful act or omission relating to actions of  
24 persons carrying a concealed handgun concerning acts or omissions  
25 regarding such handguns.

26 (f) A state agency or municipality which does not provide adequate  
27 security measures in a state or municipal building and which allows the  
28 carrying of a concealed handgun shall not be liable for any wrongful act or  
29 omission relating to actions of persons carrying a concealed handgun  
30 concerning acts or omissions regarding such handguns.

31 (g) Nothing in this act shall limit the ability of a corrections facility, a  
32 jail facility or a law enforcement agency to prohibit the carrying of a  
33 handgun or other firearm concealed or unconcealed by any person into any  
34 secure area of a building located on such premises, except those areas of  
35 such building outside of a secure area and readily accessible to the public  
36 shall be subject to the provisions of subsection-(h) (a).

37 (h) Nothing in this section shall limit the ability of the chief judge of  
38 each judicial district to prohibit the carrying of a concealed handgun by  
39 any person into courtrooms or ancillary courtrooms within the district  
40 provided that other means of security are employed such as armed law  
41 enforcement or armed security officers.

42 (i) The governing body or the chief administrative officer, if no  
43 governing body exists, of a state or municipal building, may exempt the

1 building, *or any public area thereof*, from this section until January 1,  
2 2014, by notifying the Kansas attorney general and the law enforcement  
3 agency of the local jurisdiction by letter of such exemption. Thereafter,  
4 such governing body or chief administrative officer may exempt a state or  
5 municipal building ~~for a period of ~~only four~~ years, *or any public area*~~  
6 ~~thereof, until July 1, 2017~~, by adopting a resolution, or drafting a letter,  
7 listing the legal description of such building, listing the reasons for such  
8 exemption, and including the following statement: "A security plan has  
9 been developed for the building being exempted which supplies adequate  
10 security to the occupants of the building and merits the prohibition of the  
11 carrying of a concealed handgun." A copy of the security plan for the  
12 building shall be maintained on file and shall be made available, upon  
13 request, to the Kansas attorney general and the law enforcement agency of  
14 local jurisdiction. Notice of this exemption, together with the resolution  
15 adopted or the letter drafted, shall be sent to the Kansas attorney general  
16 and to the law enforcement agency of local jurisdiction. The security plan  
17 shall not be subject to disclosure under the Kansas open records act.

18 (j) The governing body or the chief administrative officer, if no  
19 governing body exists, of any of the following institutions may exempt  
20 any building of such institution, *or any public area thereof*, from this  
21 ~~section for a period of ~~only four~~ years until July 1, 2017~~, by stating the  
22 reasons for such exemption and sending notice of such exemption to the  
23 Kansas attorney general:

24 (1) A state or municipal-owned medical care facility, as defined in  
25 K.S.A. 65-425, and amendments thereto;

26 (2) a state or municipal-owned adult care home, as defined in K.S.A.  
27 39-923, and amendments thereto;

28 (3) a community mental health center organized pursuant to K.S.A.  
29 19-4001 et seq., and amendments thereto;

30 (4) an indigent health care clinic, as defined by K.S.A. 2015 Supp.  
31 65-7402, and amendments thereto; or

32 (5) a postsecondary educational institution, as defined in K.S.A. 74-  
33 3201b, and amendments thereto, including any buildings located on the  
34 grounds of such institution and any buildings leased by such institution.

35 (k) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any building  
36 located on the grounds of the Kansas state school for the deaf or the  
37 Kansas state school for the blind.

38 (l) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit any law  
39 enforcement officer, as defined in K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 75-7e22, and  
40 amendments thereto, who satisfies the requirements of either K.S.A. 2015  
41 Supp. 75-7e22(a) or (b), and amendments thereto, from carrying a  
42 concealed handgun into any state or municipal building, *or any public*  
43 *area thereof*, in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 75-

1 7c22, and amendments thereto, subject to any restrictions or prohibitions  
2 imposed in any courtroom by the chief judge of the judicial district.

3 (m) For purposes of this section:

4 (1) "Adequate security measures" means the use of electronic  
5 equipment and personnel at public entrances to detect and restrict the  
6 carrying of any weapons into the state or municipal building, or any public  
7 area thereof, including, but not limited to, metal detectors, metal detector  
8 wands or any other equipment used for similar purposes to ensure that  
9 weapons are not permitted to be carried into such building or public area  
10 by members of the public. Adequate security measures for storing and  
11 securing lawfully carried weapons, including, but not limited to, the use of  
12 gun lockers or other similar storage options may be provided at public  
13 entrances.

14 (2) The terms "municipality" and "municipal" are interchangeable  
15 and have the same meaning as the term "municipality" is defined in K.S.A.  
16 75-6102, and amendments thereto, but does not include school districts.

17 (3) "Public area" means any portion of a state or municipal building  
18 that is open to and accessible by the public or which is otherwise  
19 designated as a public area by the governing body or the chief  
20 administrative officer, if no governing body exists, of such building.

21 (4) "Restricted access entrance" means an entrance that is restricted to  
22 the public and requires a key, keycard, code, or similar device to allow  
23 entry to authorized personnel.

24 ~~(4)~~ (5) "State" means the same as the term is defined in K.S.A. 75-  
25 6102, and amendments thereto.

26 ~~(5)~~ (6) (A) "State or municipal building" means a building owned or  
27 leased by such public entity. It does not include a building owned by the  
28 state or a municipality which is leased by a private entity whether for  
29 profit or not-for-profit or a building held in title by the state or a  
30 municipality solely for reasons of revenue bond financing.

31 (B) ~~On and after July 1, 2014,~~ The term "state and municipal  
32 building" shall not include the state capitol.

33 ~~(6)~~ (7) "Weapon" means a weapon described in K.S.A. 2015 Supp.  
34 21-6301, and amendments thereto, except the term "weapon" shall not  
35 include any cutting instrument that has a sharpened or pointed blade.

36 (n) This section shall be a part of and supplemental to the personal  
37 and family protection act.

38 Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. ~~75-7c10 and 75-7c20~~ are hereby repealed.

39 Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its  
40 publication in the statute book.

See attached insert

75-7c04, 75-7c05

And by renumbering remaining sections accordingly

Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 75-7c04 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-7c04. (a) The attorney general shall not issue a license pursuant to this act if the applicant:

(1) Is not a resident of the county where application for licensure is made or is not a resident of the state;

(2) is prohibited from shipping, transporting, possessing or receiving a firearm or ammunition under 18 U.S.C. § 922(g) or (n), and amendments thereto, or K.S.A. 21-4204, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 21-6301(a)(10) through (a)(13) or K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 21-6304(a)(1) through (a)(3), and amendments thereto; or

(3) is less than 21 years of age.

(b) (1) The attorney general shall adopt rules and regulations establishing procedures and standards as authorized by this act for an eight-hour handgun safety and training course required by this section. Such standards shall include: (A) A requirement that trainees receive training in the safe storage of handguns, actual firing of handguns and instruction in the laws of this state governing the carrying of concealed handguns and the use of deadly force; (B) general guidelines for courses which are compatible with the industry standard for basic handgun training for civilians; (C) qualifications of instructors; and (D) a requirement that the course be: (i) A handgun course certified or sponsored by the attorney general; or (ii) a handgun course certified or sponsored by the national rifle association or by a law enforcement agency, college, private or public institution or organization or handgun training school, if the attorney general determines that such course meets or exceeds the standards required by rules and regulations adopted by the attorney general and is taught by instructors certified by the attorney general or by the national rifle association, if the attorney general determines that the requirements for certification of instructors by such association meet or exceed the standards required by rules and regulations adopted by the attorney general. Any person wanting to be certified by the attorney general as an instructor shall submit to the attorney general an application in the form required by the attorney general and a fee not to exceed \$150.

(2) The cost of the handgun safety and training course required by this section shall be paid by the applicant. The following shall constitute satisfactory evidence of satisfactory completion of an approved handgun safety and training course:

(A) Evidence of completion of ~~the~~ a course that satisfies the requirements of subsection (b)(1), in the form provided by rules and regulations adopted by the attorney general;

(B) an affidavit from the instructor, school, club, organization or group that conducted or taught such course attesting to the completion of the course by the applicant;~~or~~

(C) evidence of completion of a course offered in another jurisdiction which is determined by the attorney general to have training requirements that are equal to or greater than those required by this act; or

(D) a determination by the attorney general pursuant to subsection (c).

(c) The attorney general may:

(1) Create a list of concealed carry handgun licenses or permits issued by other jurisdictions which the attorney general finds have training requirements that are equal to or greater than those of this state; and

(2) review each application received pursuant to K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 75-7c05, and amendments thereto, to determine if the applicant's previous training qualifications were equal to or greater than those of this state.

(d) For the purposes of this section:

(1) "Equal to or greater than" means the applicant's prior training meets or exceeds the training established in this section by having required, at a minimum, the applicant to: (A) Receive instruction on the laws of self-defense; and (B) demonstrate training and competency in the safe handling, storage and actual firing of handguns.

(2) "Jurisdiction" means another state or the District of Columbia.



(3) "License or permit" means a concealed carry handgun license or permit from another jurisdiction which has not expired and, except for any residency requirement of the issuing jurisdiction, is currently in good standing.

Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 75-7c05 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-7c05. (a) The application for a license pursuant to this act shall be completed, under oath, on a form prescribed by the attorney general and shall only include:

(1) (A) Subject to the provisions of subsection (a)(1)(B), the name, address, social security number, Kansas driver's license number or Kansas nondriver's license identification number, place and date of birth, a photocopy of the applicant's driver's license or nondriver's identification card and a photocopy of the applicant's certificate of training course completion; (B) in the case of an applicant who presents proof that such person is on active duty with any branch of the armed forces of the United States, or is the dependent of such a person, and who does not possess a Kansas driver's license or Kansas nondriver's license identification, the number of such license or identification shall not be required;

(2) a statement that the applicant is in compliance with criteria contained within K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 75-7c04, and amendments thereto;

(3) a statement that the applicant has been furnished a copy of this act and is knowledgeable of its provisions;

(4) a conspicuous warning that the application is executed under oath and that a false answer to any question, or the submission of any false document by the applicant, subjects the applicant to criminal prosecution under K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 21-5903, and amendments thereto; and

(5) a statement that the applicant desires a concealed handgun license as a means of lawful self-defense.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (i), the applicant shall submit to the sheriff of the county where the applicant resides, during any normal business hours:

- (1) A completed application described in subsection (a);
  - (2) a nonrefundable license fee of \$132.50, if the applicant has not previously been issued a statewide license or if the applicant's license has permanently expired, which fee shall be in the form of two cashier's checks, personal checks or money orders of \$32.50 payable to the sheriff of the county where the applicant resides and \$100 payable to the attorney general;
  - (3) if applicable, a photocopy of the proof of training required by K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 75-7c04(b)(1), and amendments thereto; and
  - (4) a full frontal view photograph of the applicant taken within the preceding 30 days.
- (c) (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (i), the sheriff, upon receipt of the items listed in subsection (b), shall provide for the full set of fingerprints of the applicant to be taken and forwarded to the attorney general for purposes of a criminal history records check as provided by subsection (d). In addition, the sheriff shall forward to the attorney general the application and the portion of the original license fee which is payable to the attorney general. The cost of taking such fingerprints shall be included in the portion of the fee retained by the sheriff. Notwithstanding anything in this section to the contrary, an applicant shall not be required to submit fingerprints for a renewal application under K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 75-7c08, and amendments thereto.
- (2) The sheriff of the applicant's county of residence or the chief law enforcement officer of any law enforcement agency, at the sheriff's or chief law enforcement officer's discretion, may participate in the process by submitting a voluntary report to the attorney general containing readily discoverable information, corroborated through public records, which, when combined with another enumerated factor, establishes that the applicant poses a significantly greater threat to law enforcement or the public at large than the average citizen. Any such voluntary reporting shall be made within 45 days after the date the sheriff receives the application. Any sheriff or chief law enforcement officer submitting a voluntary report shall not incur any civil or criminal liability as the result of the good faith submission of such report.
  - (3) All funds retained by the sheriff pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be credited to a special fund of the sheriff's

office which shall be used solely for the purpose of administering this act.

(d) Each applicant shall be subject to a state and national criminal history records check which conforms to applicable federal standards, including an inquiry of the national instant criminal background check system for the purpose of verifying the identity of the applicant and whether the applicant has been convicted of any crime or has been the subject of any restraining order or any mental health related finding that would disqualify the applicant from holding a license under this act. The attorney general is authorized to use the information obtained from the state or national criminal history record check to determine the applicant's eligibility for such license.

(e) Within 90 days after the date of receipt of the items listed in subsection (b), the attorney general shall:

(1) Issue the license and certify the issuance to the department of revenue; or

(2) deny the application based solely on: (A) The report submitted by the sheriff or other chief law enforcement officer under subsection (c)(2) for good cause shown therein; or (B) the ground that the applicant is disqualified under the criteria listed in K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 75-7c04, and amendments thereto. If the attorney general denies the application, the attorney general shall notify the applicant in writing, stating the ground for denial and informing the applicant the opportunity for a hearing pursuant to the Kansas administrative procedure act.

(f) Each person issued a license shall pay to the department of revenue a fee for the cost of the license which shall be in amounts equal to the fee required pursuant to K.S.A. 8-243 and 8-246, and amendments thereto, for replacement of a driver's license.

(g) (1) A person who is a retired law enforcement officer, as defined in K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 21-5111, and amendments thereto, shall be: (A) Required to pay an original license fee as provided in subsection (b)(2), to be forwarded by the sheriff to the attorney general; (B) exempt from the required completion of a handgun safety and training course if such person was certified by the Kansas commission on peace officer's standards and training, or similar body from another jurisdiction, not more than eight years prior to submission of the

application; (C) required to pay the license renewal fee; (D) required to pay to the department of revenue the fees required by subsection (F); and (E) required to comply with the criminal history records check requirement of this section.

(2) Proof of retirement as a law enforcement officer shall be required and provided to the attorney general in the form of a letter from the agency head, or their designee, of the officer's retiring agency that attests to the officer having retired in good standing from that agency as a law enforcement officer for reasons other than mental instability and that the officer has a nonforfeitable right to benefits under a retirement plan of the agency.

(h) A person who is a corrections officer, a parole officer or a corrections officer employed by the federal bureau of prisons, as defined by K.S.A. 75-5202, and amendments thereto, shall be: (1) Required to pay an original license fee as provided in subsection (b)(2); (2) exempt from the required completion of a handgun safety and training course if such person was issued a certificate of firearms training by the department of corrections or the federal bureau of prisons or similar body not more than one year prior to submission of the application; (3) required to pay the license renewal fee; (4) required to pay to the department of revenue the fees required by subsection (f); and (5) required to comply with the criminal history records check requirement of this section.

(i) A person who presents proof that such person is on active duty with any branch of the armed forces of the United States and is stationed at a United States military installation located outside this state, may submit by mail an application described in subsection (a) and the other materials required by subsection (b) to the sheriff of the county where the applicant resides. Provided the applicant is fingerprinted at a United States military installation, the applicant may submit a full set of fingerprints of such applicant along with the application. Upon receipt of such items, the sheriff shall forward to the attorney general the application and the portion of the original license fee which is payable to the attorney general.