

Kansas Offender Registration Act; SB 20

SB 20 amends the Kansas Offender Registration Act to:

- Change the effective dates for registration requirements to reflect when various types of offenses originally were codified;
- Correct an inaccurate statutory reference to the crime of aggravated incest;
- Specify that persons convicted of involuntary manslaughter while driving under the influence are not required to register as this crime inadvertently was included when recodification of the criminal code placed the crime within the involuntary manslaughter section;
- Clarify registration requirements for offenders in the custody of a correctional facility and prior to the offender being discharged, paroled, furloughed, or released on work or school release;
- Strike language concerning “the duration of registration” that is unnecessary and has caused confusion as to how long an offender must register;
- Provide that registration is complete even when the offender does not remit the registration fee, and failure to remit full payment within 15 days of registration is a class A misdemeanor or, if within 15 days of the most recent registration 2 or more full payments have not been remitted, a severity level 9, person felony; and
- Amend requirements for providing DNA samples to the Kansas Bureau of Investigation to align the requirements with current KBI practices.