## {As Amended by House Committee of the Whole}

## As Amended by House Committee

Session of 2013

## **HOUSE BILL No. 2170**

By Committee on Corrections and Juvenile Justice

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	sections; also repealing K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6604a and 21-6604b.	3716, 22-3717, 74-9101 and 75-5217 and repealing the existing	amending K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6604, 21-6606, 21-6608, 21-6821, 22-	to probation and postrelease supervision; relating to sentencing;	AN ACT concerning crimes, criminal procedure and punishment; relating

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

crime, the court may adjudge any of the following: follows: 21-6604. (a) Whenever any person has been found guilty of a Section 1. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6604 is hereby amended to read as

111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 20 21 22 22 23 23 24 25 26 27 27 27 28 departure to imprisonment; or, if confinement is for a misdemeanor, to jail presumes imprisonment, or the sentence imposed is a dispositional corrections if the current crime of conviction is a felony and the sentence for the term provided by law; (1) Commit the defendant to the custody of the secretary of

provisions of subsection (q); (2) impose the fine applicable to the offense and may impose the

subject to such conditions as the court may deem appropriate. In felony category or through a departure for substantial and compelling reasons conviction and criminal history fall within a presumptive nonprison cases except for violations of K.S.A. 8-1567, 8-2,144 and K.S.A. 2012 community corrections placement; 60 days in a county jail upon each revocation of the probation sentence, or consecutively, as a condition of an original probation sentence and up to in a county jail not to exceed 60 days, which need not be served Supp. 8-1025, and amendments thereto, the court may include confinement (3) release the defendant on probation if the current crime of

full or partial restitution; conditions as the court may deem appropriate, including orders requiring through a departure for substantial and compelling reasons subject to such program as provided in K.S.A. 75-5291, and amendments thereto, or (4) assign the defendant to a community correctional services

31 32 33 34 exceed six months as a condition of probation followed by a six-month assign the defendant to a conservation camp for a period not to

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March 20, 2013 Office of Revisor of Statutes Prepared By: Jason Thompson,

- (B) When a new person felony is committed while the offender is on probation, assignment to a community correctional services program,} {parole, conditional release or postrelease supervision for a felony, a new sentence shall be imposed consecutively pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6606, and amendments thereto, and the court may sentence the offender to imprisonment for the new conviction, even when the new crime of conviction otherwise presumes a nonprison sentence. In this event, imposition of a prison sentence for the new crime does not constitute a departure.}
- (6) Except as provided in subsection (f), upon completion of a violation sanction imposed pursuant to subsection (c)(1)(C) or (c)(1)(D) such offender shall be returned to community correctional services supervision.

(7) A violation sanction imposed pursuant to subsection (c)(1)(B), (c)(1)(C) or (c)(1)(D) shall not be longer than the amount of time remaining on the defendant's underlying prison sentence.

- (8) If the offender commits a new felony or misdemeanor or absconds from supervision while the offender is on probation, assignment to a community correctional services program, suspension of sentence or nonprison sanction, the court may impose any of the sanctions provided in subsection (c)(1).
- (9) The court may revoke the probation, assignment to a community correctional services program, suspension of sentence or nonprison sanction of an offender pursuant to (c)(1)(E) without having previously imposed a sanction pursuant to (c)(1)(B), (c)(1)(C) or (c)(1)(D) if the court finds and sets forth with particularity the reasons for finding that the safety of members of the public will be jeopardized or that the welfare of the offender will not be served by such sanction.

(e)(d) A defendant who is on probation, assigned to a community correctional services program, under suspension of sentence or serving a nonprison sanction and for whose return a warrant has been issued by the court shall be considered a fugitive from justice if it is found that the warrant cannot be served. If it appears that the defendant has violated the provisions of the defendant's release or assignment or a nonprison sanction, the court shall determine whether the time from the issuing of the warrant to the date of the defendant's arrest, or any part of it, shall be counted as time served on probation, assignment to a community correctional services program, suspended sentence or pursuant to a nonprison sanction.

(<del>d)</del>(e) The court shall have 30 days following the date probation, assignment to a community correctional service program, suspension of sentence or a nonprison sanction was to end to issue a warrant for the arrest or notice to appear for the defendant to answer a charge of a

revoke the probation, assignment to a community correctional services program, suspension of sentence or nonprison sanction of an offender pursuant to subsection (c)(1)(E) without having previously imposed a sanction pursuant to subsections (c)(1)(B), (c)(1)(C) or (c)(1)(D)