{As Amended by House Committee of the Whole}

As Amended by House Committee

Session of 2013

HOUSE BILL No. 2170

By Committee on Corrections and Juvenile Justice

1-30

AN ACT concerning crimes, criminal procedure and punishment; relating to probation and postrelease supervision; relating to sentencing; amending K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6604, 21-6606, 21-6608, 21-6821, 22-3716, 22-3717, 74-9101 and 75-5217 and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6604a and 21-6604b.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6604 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-6604. (a) Whenever any person has been found guilty of a crime, the court may adjudge any of the following:

(1) Commit the defendant to the custody of the secretary of corrections if the current crime of conviction is a felony and the sentence presumes imprisonment, or the sentence imposed is a dispositional departure to imprisonment; or, if confinement is for a misdemeanor, to jail for the term provided by law;

(2) impose the fine applicable to the offense and may impose the provisions of subsection (q);

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(3) release the defendant on probation if the current crime of conviction and criminal history fall within a presumptive nonprison category or through a departure for substantial and compelling reasons subject to such conditions as the court may deem appropriate. In felony cases except for violations of K.S.A. 8-1567, 8-2,144 and K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 8-1025, and amendments thereto, the court may include confinement in a county jail not to exceed 60 days, which need not be served consecutively, as a condition of an original probation sentence and up to 60 days in a county jail upon each revocation of the probation sentence, or community corrections placement;

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(4) assign the defendant to a community correctional services program as provided in K.S.A. 75-5291, and amendments thereto, or through a departure for substantial and compelling reasons subject to such conditions as the court may deem appropriate, including orders requiring full or partial restitution;

(5) assign the defendant to a conservation camp for a period not to exceed six months as a condition of probation followed by a six-month

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who are convicted on or after July 1, 2003, but prior to July 1, 2013, upon

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which the trier of fact makes a finding that the unlawful possession

shall require the person to surrender the license to the court, which shall

(2) Upon suspension of a license pursuant to this subsection, the cour

the licensee may apply to the division for return of the license. If the revenue, to be retained until the period of suspension expires. At that time, transmit the license to the division of motor vehicles of the department of

license has expired, the person may apply for a new license, which shall be

the judge shall require such person to surrender such person's driver's license to the judge who shall cause it to be transmitted to the division of

(B) Upon entering an order restricting a person's license hereunder,

completion of the underlying prison sentence, the offender shall not be

subject to a period of postrelease supervision. The amount of time spent

underlying prison sentence.

Offenders whose crime of conviction was committed on or after

participating in such program shall not be credited as service on the

K.S.A. 22-3716, and amendments thereto, or whose underlying prison July 1, 2013, and whose probation is revoked pursuant to subsection (c) of

of postrelease supervision upon the completion of the underlying prison term expires while serving a sanction pursuant to subsection (c)(1)(C) or (c)(1)(D) of K.S.A. 22-3716, and amendments thereto, shall serve a period

term.

(o) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (3), in addition to any other

penalty or disposition imposed by law, upon a conviction for unlawful

15 violation of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5706, and amendments thereto, in possession of a controlled substance or controlled substance analog in

occurred while transporting the controlled substance or controlled

substance analog in any vehicle upon a highway or street, the offender's highways of this state shall be suspended for one year. driver's license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle on the streets and

vehicle is in effect. suspension or revocation of the person's privilege to operate a motor

conditions established by law for obtaining a license unless another issued promptly upon payment of the proper fee and satisfaction of other

(3) (A) In lieu of suspending the driver's license or privilege to

privilege of operating a motor vehicle on the highways of this state, a convicted may enter an order which places conditions on such person's provided in paragraph (1), the judge of the court in which such person was operate a motor vehicle on the highways of this state of any person as

no event shall be for a period of more than one year. such order shall prescribe the duration of the conditions imposed, which in such person is operating a motor vehicle on the highways of this state. Any certified copy of which such person shall be required to carry any time

impose the violation sanctions as provided in subsection (c)(1). conviction was a felony and a violation is established, the court may Except as otherwise provided, if the original crime of

might originally have been imposed. program, suspension of sentence or nonprison sanction and may require or revoke the probation, assignment to a community correctional services imposition of sentence was suspended, may impose any sentence which the defendant to serve the sentence imposed, or any lesser sentence, and, if was a misdemeanor and a violation is established, the court may continue (B) Except as otherwise provided, if the original crime of conviction

a hearing and the sentencing court has not specifically withheld the order of the court: authority from court services or community correctional services to impose sanctions, the following sanctions may be imposed without further (4) Except as otherwise provided, if the defendant waives the right to

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in subsection (c)(1)(B); and chief court services officer, may impose the violation sanctions as provided defendant's supervising court services officer, with the concurrence of the (A) If the defendant was on probation at the time of the violation, the

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corrections officer, with the concurrence of the community corrections services program at the time of the violation, the defendant's community director, may impose the violation sanctions as provided in subsection (c) (B) if the defendant was assigned to a community correctional

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the court may the following violation sanctions may be imposed: (c) (1) Except as otherwise provided, if the violation is established,

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sentence-which might originally have been imposed.; sentence, and, if imposition of sentence was suspended, may impose any require the defendant to serve the sentence imposed, or any lesser services program, suspension of sentence or nonprison sanction and may conditions of the probation, assignment to a community correctional (A) Continue or revoke-Continuation or modification of the release

only be imposed as two-day or three-day consecutive periods, not to period of release supervision. The six days per month confinement may more than six days per month in any three separate months during the exceed 18 days of total confinement; (B) an intermediate sanction of confinement in jail for a total of not

which the original supervision was imposed, remanding the defendant to the custody of the secretary of corrections for a period of 120 days, subject imposed pursuant to subsection (c)(1)(B) related to the felony crime for (C) if the violator already has at least one intermediate sanction

to a reduction of up to 60 days in the discretion of the secretary;

if the violator already has at least one sanction imposed pursuant

than 180 days days and not more

not less than 120

to subsection (c)(1)(C) related to the felony crime for which the original supervision was imposed, remanding the defendant to the custody of the secretary of corrections for a period of 180 days, subject to a reduction of up to 90 days in the discretion of the secretary; or

(c)(1)(C)

(E) if the violator already has at least one sanction imposed pursuant to subsection (e)(1)(D) related to the felony crime for which the original supervision was imposed, revocation of the probation, assignment to a community corrections services program, suspension of sentence or nonprison sanction and requiring such violator to serve the sentence imposed, or any lesser sentence and, if imposition of sentence was suspended, imposition of any sentence which might originally have been imposed.

of conditions of release or assignment or a nonprison sanction has been established as provided in this section shall be required to serve any time for the sentence imposed or which might originally have been imposed in a state facility in the custody of the secretary of corrections for such violation, unless such person has already at least one prior assignment to a community correctional services program related to the crime for which the original sentence was imposed, except these provisions shall not apply to offenders who violate a condition of release or assignment or a nonprison sanction by committing a new misdemeanor or felony offense.

(3) The provisions of this subsection (c)(2) shall not apply to adult felony offenders as described in subsection (a)(3) of K.S.A. 75-5291, and amendments thereto.

(4) The court may require an offender for whom a violation of conditions of release or assignment or a nonprison sanction has been established as provided in this section to serve any time for the sentence imposed or which might originally have been imposed in a state facility in the custody of the secretary of corrections without a prior assignment to a community correctional services program if the court finds and sets forth with particularity the reasons for finding that the safety of the members of the public will be jeopardized or that the welfare of the immate will not be served by such assignment to a community correctional services program.

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(5) {(A)} When a new {nonperson} felony is committed while the offender is on probation or assignment to a community correctional services program, the new sentence shall be imposed {either concurrently or consecutively} pursuant to the consecutive sentencing requirements-{provisions} of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6606, and amendments thereto, and the court may sentence the offender to imprisonment for the new conviction, even when the new crime of conviction otherwise presumes a nonprison sentence. In this event, imposition of a prison sentence for the new crime does not constitute a departure.

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(B) When a new person felony is committed while the offender is on probation, assignment to a community correctional services program,} {parole, conditional release or postrelease supervision for a felony, a new sentence shall be imposed consecutively pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6606, and amendments thereto, and the court may sentence the offender to imprisonment for the new conviction, even when the new crime of conviction otherwise presumes a nonprison sentence. In this event, imposition of a prison sentence for the new crime does not constitute a departure.}

(6) Except as provided in subsection (f), upon completion of a violation sanction imposed pursuant to subsection (c)(1)(C) or (c)(1)(D) such offender shall be returned to community correctional services supervision.

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(7) A violation sanction imposed pursuant to subsection $(c)(1)(B)_{7}$ (c) (1)(C) or (c)(1)(D) shall not be longer than the amount of time remaining

on the defendant's underlying prison sentence.

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17 (8) If the offender commits a new felony or misdemeanor or absconds
18 from supervision while the offender is on probation, assignment to a
19 community correctional services program, suspension of sentence or
20 nonprison sanction, the court may impose any of the sanctions provided in
21 subsection (c)(1).
22 (9) The court may revoke the probation, assignment to a community
23 correctional services program, suspension of sentence or nonprison

(9) The court may revoke the probation, assignment to a community correctional services program, suspension of sentence or nonprison sanction of an offender pursuant to $\frac{(c)(1)(E)}{(c)(1)(C)}$ without having previously imposed a sanction pursuant to $\frac{(c)(1)(B)}{(c)(1)(C)}$ without having previously court finds and sets forth with particularity the reasons for finding that the safety of members of the public will be jeopardized or that the welfare of the offender will not be served by such sanction.

(e)(d) A defendant who is on probation, assigned to a community correctional services program, under suspension of sentence or serving a nonprison sanction and for whose return a warrant has been issued by the court shall be considered a fugitive from justice if it is found that the warrant cannot be served. If it appears that the defendant has violated the provisions of the defendant's release or assignment or a nonprison sanction, the court shall determine whether the time from the issuing of the warrant to the date of the defendant's arrest, or any part of it, shall be counted as time served on probation, assignment to a community correctional services program, suspended sentence or pursuant to a nonprison sanction.

(4)(e) The court shall have 30 days following the date probation, assignment to a community correctional service program, suspension of sentence or a nonprison sanction was to end to issue a warrant for the arrest or notice to appear for the defendant to answer a charge of a

violation of the conditions of probation, assignment to a community correctional service program, suspension of sentence or a nonprison sanction.

serve a period of postrelease supervision upon the completion of the prison serving a sanction pursuant to subsection (c)(1)(C) or (e)(1)(D) shall not for nondrug or drug crimes or whose underlying prison term expires while of imprisonment imposed pursuant to either the sentencing guidelines grid whose nonprison sanction is revoked pursuant to subsection (c) and a term contrary, For crimes committed on and after July 1, 2013, an offender sentenced for a "sexually violent crime" or a "sexually motivated crime" as dispositional departure, whose offense falls within a border box of either shall not apply to offenders sentenced to a nonprison sanction pursuant to a portion of that the underlying sentence. The provisions of this subsection defined by K.S.A. 22-3717, and amendments thereto, offenders sentenced offenders as required by this subsection. department shall have discharged from postrolease supervision those effective date of this subsection. The provisions of this subsection shall be are serving or are to begin serving a sentence for any other felony offense offense. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to offenders who revoked as a result of a conviction for a new misdemeanor or felony pursuant to K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6804, and amendments thereto, wherein revocation of a nonprison sanction. On or before September 1, 2000, the of all persons who are in the custody of the department as a result of only a applied retroactively. The department of corrections shall conduct a review that is not excluded from postrelease supervision by this subsection on the imposed without a departure or offenders whose nonprison sanction was the sentence is presumptive imprisonment but a nonprison sanction may be the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug or drug crimes, offenders (e) (f) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the

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(f)(g) Offenders who have been sentenced pursuant to K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6824, and amendments thereto, and who subsequently violate a condition of the drug and alcohol abuse treatment program shall be subject to an additional nonprison sanction for any such subsequent violation. Such nonprison sanctions shall include, but not be limited to, up to 60 days in a county jail, fines, community service, intensified treatment, house arrest and electronic monitoring.

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Sec. 6. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 22-3717 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-3717. (a) Except as otherwise provided by this section; K.S.A. 1993 Supp. 21-4628, prior to its repeal; K.S.A. 21-4635 through 21-4638, prior to their repeal; K.S.A. 21-4624, prior to its repeal; K.S.A. 21-4642, prior to its repeal; K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6617, 21-6620, 21-6623, 21-6624, 21-6625 and 21-6626, and amendments thereto; and K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto; an inmate sentenced

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