SESSION OF 2025

SUPPLEMENTAL NOTE ON SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL NO. 45

As Recommended by Senate Committee on Education

Brief*

Sub. for SB 45 would establish a statutory calculation, for purposes of accreditation, of the four-year adjusted cohort graduation rate for each school district and any schools within the district, including virtual.

Graduation Calculation Rate

The bill would require, for purposes of accreditation, a school district to calculate the four-year adjusted cohort graduation rate for the school district and the district's schools, including virtual schools, in the following manner:

- Only include students enrolled in the school or school district who had earned sufficient credits to be expected to graduate in the same school year as such student's cohort at the time such student first enrolled in such virtual school; and
- Exclude students who were enrolled in a virtual school but transferred a nonaccredited private school in Kansas or another state.

^{*}Supplemental notes are prepared by the Legislative Research Department and do not express legislative intent. The supplemental note and fiscal note for this bill may be accessed on the Internet at https://klrd.gov/

Repealed Graduation Calculation

The bill would repeal the current statutory four-year adjusted cohort calculation for only virtual schools that is found in KSA 72-3713.

[Note: The current calculation is similar to the one described above but does not allow for the exclusion of students in a virtual school who transferred to a nonaccredited private school.]

Background

The bill was introduced by the Senate Committee on Education at the request of Senator Thomas.

Senate Committee on Education

In the Senate Committee hearing, **proponent** testimony was provided by a representative of the Insight School of Kansas. The proponent stated that the bill would help virtual schools by treating a student who transfers from the virtual school to a nonaccredited private school the same as if the student had transferred between brick and mortar schools by removing the students from the four-year adjusted cohort graduation rate. The proponent said currently those students remain as part of the cohort and so virtual schools are penalized by graduation rates appearing to be lower than they may actually be.

Opponent testimony was provided by a representative of the Kansas Association of School Boards. The opponent stated that the organization supports the authority of the Kansas State Board of Education regarding matters of accreditation. Additionally, the opponent stated that the bill would create a double standard where virtual schools would be able to calculate their four-year adjusted cohort graduation rates differently than allowed for brick and mortar schools

when calculating their four-year adjusted cohort graduation rates.

Written-only opponent testimony was provided by the Kansas State Board of Education.

No other testimony was provided.

The Senate Committee amended the bill to make the four-year adjusted cohort graduation rate applicable to all schools, not just virtual schools, and to remove references to "homeschooling" and placed the amended contents into a substitute bill.

Fiscal Information

According to the fiscal note prepared by the Division of the Budget on the bill, as introduced, the Kansas State Department of Education indicates that enactment of the bill would have no fiscal effect.

Education; K-12; graduation calculations; virtual schools