Session of 2025

SENATE BILL No. 55

By Committee on Financial Institutions and Insurance

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AN ACT concerning property and casualty insurance; prohibiting the 1 2 assignment of benefits therefor; defining such assignment of benefits as an unfair method of competition and unfair or deceptive act or practice; 3 4 amending K.S.A. 2024 Supp. 40-2404 and repealing the existing 5 section. 6 7 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:* 8 New Section 1. (a) As used in this section: 9 (1) "Assignment agreement" means any instrument by which post-10 loss benefits under a residential or commercial property insurance policy 11 are assigned, transferred or acquired in any other manner, in whole or in 12 part, to or from a person providing services, including, but not limited to, 13 inspecting, protecting, repairing, restoring or replacing the property or 14 mitigating against further damage to the property. 15 (2) "Person" means the same as defined in K.S.A. 40-2402, and 16 amendments thereto. (b) (1) A person shall not solicit or accept an assignment, in whole or 17 18 in part, of any post-loss insurance benefit under a residential or 19 commercial property insurance policy. An assignment agreement shall be 20 considered against public policy and shall be null and void. 21 (2) The provisions of paragraph (1) shall not apply to: 22 (A) An assignment, transfer, pledge or conveyance granted to a 23 federally insured financial institution, mortgagee or subsequent purchaser 24 of the property; or 25 (B) liability coverage under a residential or commercial property 26 insurance policy. 27 (c) Violation of subsection (b) shall be considered an unfair method 28 of competition and unfair or deceptive act or practice. 29 Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2024 Supp. 40-2404 is hereby amended to read as 30 follows: 40-2404. The following are hereby defined as unfair methods of 31 competition and unfair or deceptive acts or practices in the business of 32 insurance: (1) Misrepresentations and false advertising of insurance policies. 33 34 Making, issuing, circulating or causing to be made, issued or circulated, 35 any estimate, illustration, circular, statement, sales presentation, omission 36 or comparison that:

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1 (a) Misrepresents the benefits, advantages, conditions or terms of any 2 insurance policy;

3 (b) misrepresents the dividends or share of the surplus to be received 4 on any insurance policy;

5 (c) makes any false or misleading statements as to the dividends or 6 share of surplus previously paid on any insurance policy;

7 (d) is misleading or is a misrepresentation as to the financial 8 condition of any person, or as to the legal reserve system upon which any 9 life insurer operates;

10 (e) uses any name or title of any insurance policy or class of 11 insurance policies misrepresenting the true nature thereof;

12 (f) is a misrepresentation for the purpose of inducing or tending to 13 induce the lapse, forfeiture, exchange, conversion or surrender of any 14 insurance policy;

15 (g) is a misrepresentation for the purpose of effecting a pledge or 16 assignment of or effecting a loan against any insurance policy; or

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(h) misrepresents any insurance policy as being shares of stock.

(2) False information and advertising generally. Making, publishing, 18 19 disseminating, circulating or placing before the public, or causing, directly or indirectly, to be made, published, disseminated, circulated or placed 20 21 before the public, in a newspaper, magazine or other publication, or in the 22 form of a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter or poster, or over any radio or 23 television station, or in any other way, an advertisement, announcement or statement containing any assertion, misrepresentation or statement with 24 25 respect to the business of insurance or with respect to any person in the conduct of such person's insurance business, that is untrue, deceptive or 26 27 misleading.

(3) *Defamation.* Making, publishing, disseminating or circulating,
directly or indirectly, or aiding, abetting or encouraging the making,
publishing, disseminating or circulating of any oral or written statement or
any pamphlet, circular, article or literature that is false, or maliciously
critical of or derogatory to the financial condition of any person, and that
is calculated to injure such person.

(4) *Boycott, coercion and intimidation.* Entering into any agreement
to commit, or by any concerted action committing, any act of boycott,
coercion or intimidation resulting in or tending to result in unreasonable
restraint of the business of insurance, or by any act of boycott, coercion or
intimidation monopolizing or attempting to monopolize any part of the
business of insurance.

40 (5) *False statements and entries.* (a) Knowingly filing with any
41 supervisory or other public official, or knowingly making, publishing,
42 disseminating, circulating or delivering to any person, or placing before
43 the public, or knowingly causing directly or indirectly, to be made,

published, disseminated, circulated, delivered to any person, or placed
 before the public, any false material statement of fact as to the financial
 condition of a person.

(b) Knowingly making any false entry of a material fact in any book,
report or statement of any person or knowingly omitting to make a true
entry of any material fact pertaining to the business of such person in any
book, report or statement of such person.

8 (6) *Stock operations and advisory board contracts.* Issuing or 9 delivering or permitting agents, officers or employees to issue or deliver, 10 agency company stock or other capital stock, or benefit certificates or 11 shares in any common-law corporation, or securities or any special or 12 advisory board contracts or other contracts of any kind promising returns 13 and profits as an inducement to insurance. Nothing herein shall prohibit 14 the acts permitted by K.S.A. 40-232, and amendments thereto.

15 (7) *Unfair discrimination.* (a) Making or permitting any unfair 16 discrimination between individuals of the same class and equal expectation 17 of life in the rates charged for any contract of life insurance or life annuity 18 or in the dividends or other benefits payable thereon, or in any other of the 19 terms and conditions of such contract.

20 (b) Making or permitting any unfair discrimination between 21 individuals of the same class and of essentially the same hazard in the 22 amount of premium, policy fees or rates charged for any policy or contract 23 of accident or health insurance or in the benefits payable thereunder, or in 24 any of the terms or conditions of such contract, or in any other manner 25 whatever.

26 (c) Refusing to insure, or refusing to continue to insure, or limiting 27 the amount, extent or kind of coverage available to an individual, or 28 charging an individual a different rate for the same coverage solely because of blindness or partial blindness. With respect to all other 29 30 conditions, including the underlying cause of the blindness or partial 31 blindness, persons who are blind or partially blind shall be subject to the 32 same standards of sound actuarial principles or actual or reasonably 33 anticipated experience as are sighted persons. Refusal to insure includes 34 denial by an insurer of disability insurance coverage on the grounds that the policy defines "disability" as being presumed in the event that the 35 36 insured loses such person's eyesight. However, an insurer may exclude 37 from coverage disabilities consisting solely of blindness or partial 38 blindness when such condition existed at the time the policy was issued.

(d) Refusing to insure, or refusing to continue to insure, or limiting
the amount, extent or kind of coverage available for accident and health
and life insurance to an applicant who is the proposed insured or charge a
different rate for the same coverage or excluding or limiting coverage for
losses or denying a claim incurred by an insured as a result of abuse based

1 on the fact that the applicant who is the proposed insured is, has been, or 2 may be the subject of domestic abuse, except as provided in subsection-(7)3 (d)(v) (7)(d)(vi).

4 *(i) As used in this paragraph,* "abuse"—as used in this paragraph-5 means one or more acts defined in K.S.A. 60-3102, and amendments 6 thereto, between family members, current or former household members, 7 or current or former intimate partners.

8 (i)(*ii*) An insurer may not ask an applicant for life or accident and 9 health insurance who is the proposed insured if the individual is, has been 10 or may be the subject of domestic abuse or seeks, has sought or had reason 11 to seek medical or psychological treatment or counseling specifically for 12 abuse, protection from abuse or shelter from abuse.

(ii)(iii) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit a person
 from declining to issue an insurance policy insuring the life of an
 individual who is, has been or has the potential to be the subject of abuse if
 the perpetrator of the abuse is the applicant or would be the owner of the
 insurance policy.

(iii)(iv) No insurer that issues a life or accident and health policy to
 an individual who is, has been or may be the subject of domestic abuse
 shall be subject to civil or criminal liability for the death or any injuries
 suffered by that individual as a result of domestic abuse.

(A) The person routinely underwrites or rates such condition in the
 same manner with respect to an insured or an applicant who is not a victim
 of abuse;

34 (B) the fact that an individual is, has been or may be the subject of 35 abuse may not be considered a physical or mental condition; and

36 (C) such underwriting or rating is not used to evade the intent of this
 37 section or any other provision of the Kansas insurance code.

38 (vi)(vii) Any person who underwrites or rates a risk on the basis of 39 preexisting physical or mental condition as set forth in subsection (7)(d)(v)40 (7)(d)(vi), shall treat such underwriting or rating as an adverse 41 underwriting decision pursuant to K.S.A. 40-2,112, and amendments 42 thereto.

43 (viii)(viii) The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to all policies

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of life and accident and health insurance issued in this state after the effective date of this act and all existing contracts that are renewed on or after the effective date of this act.

4 (e) Refusing to insure, or refusing to continue to insure, or limiting 5 the amount, extent or kind of coverage available for life insurance to an 6 individual, or charging an individual a different rate for the same coverage, 7 solely because of such individual's status as a living organ donor. With 8 respect to all other conditions, persons who are living organ donors shall 9 be subject to the same standards of sound actuarial principles or actual or 10 reasonably anticipated experience as are persons who are not organ 11 donors

12 (8) Rebates. (a) Except as otherwise expressly provided by law, knowingly permitting, offering to make or making any contract of life 13 insurance, life annuity or accident and health insurance, or agreement as to 14 such contract other than as plainly expressed in the insurance contract 15 16 issued thereon; paying, allowing, giving or offering to pay, allow or give, directly or indirectly, as inducement to such insurance, or annuity, any 17 rebate of premiums payable on the contract, any special favor or advantage 18 19 in the dividends or other benefits thereon, or any valuable consideration or inducement-whatever not specified in the contract; or giving, selling, 20 21 purchasing or offering to give, sell or purchase as inducement to such 22 insurance contract or annuity or in connection therewith, any stocks, bonds 23 or other securities of any insurance company or other corporation, 24 association or partnership, or any dividends or profits accrued thereon, or 25 anything of value whatsoever not specified in the contract.

(b) Nothing in subsection (7) or (8)(a) shall be construed as including
within the definition of discrimination or rebates any of the following
practices:

(i) In the case of any contract of life insurance or life annuity, paying
bonuses to policyholders or otherwise abating their premiums in whole or
in part out of surplus accumulated from nonparticipating insurance. Any
such bonuses or abatement of premiums shall be fair and equitable to
policyholders and for the best interests of the company and its
policyholders;

(ii) in the case of life insurance policies issued on the industrial debit
plan, making allowance to policyholders who have continuously for a
specified period made premium payments directly to an office of the
insurer in an amount that fairly represents the saving in collection
expenses;

40 (iii) readjustment of the rate of premium for a group insurance policy
41 based on the loss or expense experience thereunder, at the end of the first
42 or any subsequent policy year of insurance thereunder, which may be
43 made retroactive only for such policy year;

(iv) engaging in an arrangement that would not violate section 106 of 1 2 the bank holding company act amendments of 1972, as interpreted by the board of governors of the federal reserve system or section 5(q) of the 3 4 home owners' loan act;

5 (v) the offer or provision by insurers or producers, by or through 6 employees, affiliates or third-party representatives, of value-added 7 products or services at no or reduced cost when such products or services 8 are not specified in the policy of insurance if the product or service:

(A) Relates to the insurance coverage; and

(B) is primarily designed to satisfy one or more of the following: 10

(1) Provide loss mitigation or loss control; 12

(2) reduce claim costs or claim settlement costs;

(3) provide education about liability risks or risk of loss to persons or 13 14 property;

(4) monitor or assess risk, identify sources of risk or develop 15 16 strategies for eliminating or reducing risk;

(5) enhance health:

18 (6) enhance financial wellness through items such as education or 19 financial planning services;

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(7) provide post-loss services; 21 (8) (a) incentivize behavioral changes to improve the health or reduce 22 the risk of death or disability of a customer;

23 (b) as used in this section, "customer" means a policyholder, potential policyholder, certificate holder, potential certificate holder, insured, 24 25 potential insured or applicant; or

(9) assist in the administration of the employee or retiree benefit 26 27 insurance coverage.

28 (C) The cost to the insurer or producer offering the product or service to any given customer shall be reasonable in comparison to such 29 customer's premiums or insurance coverage for the policy class. 30

(D) If the insurer or producer is providing the product or service 31 offered, the insurer or producer shall ensure that the customer is provided 32 33 with contact information, upon request, to assist the customer with 34 questions regarding the product or service.

(E) The commissioner may adopt rules and regulations when 35 36 implementing the permitted practices set forth in this section to ensure 37 consumer protection. Such rules and regulations, consistent with applicable law, may address, among other issues, consumer data 38 protections and privacy, consumer disclosure and unfair discrimination. 39

(F) The availability of the value-added product or service shall be 40 based on documented objective criteria and offered in a manner that is not 41 unfairly discriminatory. The documented criteria shall be maintained by 42 43 the insurer or producer and produced upon request by the commissioner.

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(G) If an insurer or producer does not have sufficient evidence but 1 2 has a good-faith belief that the product or service meets the criteria in 3 subsection (8)(b)(v)(B), the insurer or producer may provide the product or 4 service in a manner that is not unfairly discriminatory as part of a pilot or 5 testing program for not more than one year. An insurer or producer shall 6 notify the commissioner of such a pilot or testing program offered to 7 consumers in this state prior to launching and may proceed with the 8 program unless the commissioner objects within 21 days of notice.

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(vi) An insurer or a producer may:

10 (A) Offer or give non-cash gifts, items or services, including meals to or charitable donations on behalf of a customer, in connection with the 11 marketing, sale, purchase or retention of contracts of insurance, as long as 12 the cost does not exceed an amount determined to be reasonable by the 13 commissioner per policy year per term. The offer shall be made in a 14 15 manner that is not unfairly discriminatory. The customer shall not be 16 required to purchase, continue to purchase or renew a policy in exchange 17 for the gift, item or service.

18 (B) Conduct raffles or drawings to the extent permitted by state law, 19 as long as there is no financial cost to entrants to participate, the drawing 20 or raffle does not obligate participants to purchase insurance, the prizes are 21 not valued in excess of a reasonable amount determined by the 22 commissioner and the drawing or raffle is open to the public. The raffle or 23 drawing shall be offered in a manner that is not unfairly discriminatory. 24 The customer shall not be required to purchase, continue to purchase or 25 renew a policy in exchange for the gift, item or service.

(c) An insurer, producer or representative of an insurer or producer
 shall not offer or provide insurance as an inducement to the purchase of
 another policy.

(9) Unfair claim settlement practices. It is an unfair claim settlement
practice if any of the following or any rules and regulations pertaining
thereto are either committed flagrantly and in conscious disregard of such
provisions, or committed with such frequency as to indicate a general
business practice:

(a) Misrepresenting pertinent facts or insurance policy provisions
 relating to coverages at issue;

(b) failing to acknowledge and act reasonably promptly uponcommunications with respect to claims arising under insurance policies;

(c) failing to adopt and implement reasonable standards for theprompt investigation of claims arising under insurance policies;

40 (d) refusing to pay claims without conducting a reasonable 41 investigation based upon all available information;

42 (e) failing to affirm or deny coverage of claims within a reasonable43 time after proof of loss statements have been completed;

1 (f) not attempting in good faith to effectuate prompt, fair and 2 equitable settlements of claims in which liability has become reasonably 3 clear;

(g) compelling insureds to institute litigation to recover amounts due
under an insurance policy by offering substantially less than the amounts
ultimately recovered in actions brought by such insureds;

7 (h) attempting to settle a claim for less than the amount to which a 8 reasonable person would have believed that such person was entitled by 9 reference to written or printed advertising material accompanying or made 10 part of an application;

(i) attempting to settle claims on the basis of an application that was
 altered without notice to, or knowledge or consent of the insured;

(j) making claims payments to insureds or beneficiaries not
 accompanied by a statement setting forth the coverage under which
 payments are being made;

(k) making known to insureds or claimants a policy of appealing from
arbitration awards in favor of insureds or claimants for the purpose of
compelling them to accept settlements or compromises less than the
amount awarded in arbitration;

(1) delaying the investigation or payment of claims by requiring an
insured, claimant or the physician of either to submit a preliminary claim
report and then requiring the subsequent submission of formal proof of
loss forms, both of which submissions contain substantially the same
information;

(m) failing to promptly settle claims, where liability has become
 reasonably clear, under one portion of the insurance policy coverage in
 order to influence settlements under other portions of the insurance policy
 coverage; or

(n) failing to promptly provide a reasonable explanation of the basis
in the insurance policy in relation to the facts or applicable law for denial
of a claim or for the offer of a compromise settlement; or

(0) solicitation or acceptance of an assignment, in whole or in part,
of any post-loss insurance benefit under a residential or commercial
property insurance policy pursuant to section (1), and amendments
thereto.

36 (10) Failure to maintain complaint handling procedures. Failure of 37 any person, who is an insurer on an insurance policy, to maintain a 38 complete record of all the complaints that it has received since the date of 39 its last examination under K.S.A. 40-222, and amendments thereto;, but no such records shall be required for complaints received prior to the effective 40 date of this act. The record shall indicate the total number of complaints, 41 42 their classification by line of insurance, the nature of each complaint, the 43 disposition of the complaints, the date each complaint was originally

received by the insurer and the date of final disposition of each complaint.
 For purposes of this subsection, "complaint" means any written
 communication primarily expressing a grievance related to the acts and
 practices set out in this section.

5 (11) *Misrepresentation in insurance applications*. Making false or 6 fraudulent statements or representations on or relative to an application for 7 an insurance policy, for the purpose of obtaining a fee, commission, 8 money or other benefit from any insurer, agent, broker or individual.

9 (12) *Statutory violations*. Any violation of any of the provisions of K.S.A. 40-216, 40-276a, 40-2,155 or 40-1515, and amendments thereto.

11 (13) Disclosure of information relating to adverse underwriting 12 decisions and refund of premiums. Failing to comply with the provisions of 13 K.S.A. 40-2,112, and amendments thereto, within the time prescribed in 14 such section.

15 (14) Rebates and other inducements in title insurance. (a) No title 16 insurance company or title insurance agent, or any officer, employee, 17 attorney, agent or solicitor thereof, may pay, allow or give, or offer to pay, 18 allow or give, directly or indirectly, as an inducement to obtaining any title 19 insurance business, any rebate, reduction or abatement of any rate or 20 charge made incident to the issuance of such insurance, any special favor 21 or advantage not generally available to others of the same classification, or 22 any money, thing of value or other consideration or material inducement. 23 The words "charge made incident to the issuance of such insurance" 24 includes, without limitations, escrow, settlement and closing charges.

25 (b) No insured named in a title insurance policy or contract nor any other person directly or indirectly connected with the transaction involving 26 the issuance of the policy or contract, including, but not limited to, 27 28 mortgage lender, real estate broker, builder, attorney or any officer, 29 employee, agent representative or solicitor thereof, or any other person 30 may knowingly receive or accept, directly or indirectly, any rebate, 31 reduction or abatement of any charge, or any special favor or advantage or 32 any monetary consideration or inducement referred to in subsection (14) 33 (a).

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(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting:

(i) The payment of reasonable fees for services actually rendered to a
 title insurance agent in connection with a title insurance transaction;

(ii) the payment of an earned commission to a duly appointed title
 insurance agent for services actually performed in the issuance of the
 policy of title insurance; or

40 (iii) the payment of reasonable entertainment and advertising 41 expenses.

42 (d) Nothing in this section prohibits the division of rates and charges43 between or among a title insurance company and its agent, or one or more

title insurance companies and one or more title insurance agents, if such 1

2 division of rates and charges does not constitute an unlawful rebate under the provisions of this section and is not in payment of a forwarding fee or a 3 4 finder's fee.

5 (e) As used in subsections (14)(e) through (14)(i), unless the context 6 otherwise requires: 7

"Associate" means: (i)

8 (A) Any firm, association, organization, partnership, business trust, 9 corporation or other legal entity organized for profit in which a producer of title business is a director, officer or partner thereof, or owner of a 10 financial interest: 11

12 (B) the spouse or any relative within the second degree by blood or marriage of a producer of title business who is a natural person; 13

14 (C) any director, officer or employee of a producer of title business or 15 associate:

16 (D) any legal entity that controls, is controlled by, or is under 17 common control with a producer of title business or associate; and or

18 (E) any natural person or legal entity with whom a producer of title 19 business or associate has any agreement, arrangement or understanding or 20 pursues any course of conduct, the purpose or effect of which is to evade 21 the provisions of this section.

22 (ii) "Financial interest" means any direct or indirect interest, legal or 23 beneficial, where the holder thereof is or will be entitled to 1% or more of the net profits or net worth of the entity in which such interest is held. 24 25 Notwithstanding the foregoing, an interest of less than 1% or any other type of interest shall constitute a "financial interest" if the primary purpose 26 27 of the acquisition or retention of that interest is the financial benefit to be 28 obtained as a consequence of that interest from the referral of title 29 business.

30 (iii) "Person" means any natural person, partnership, association, 31 cooperative, corporation, trust or other legal entity.

(iv) "Producer of title business" or "producer" means any person, 32 including any officer, director or owner of 5% or more of the equity or 33 34 capital or both of any person, engaged in this state in the trade, business, 35 occupation or profession of:

36 37 (A) Buying or selling interests in real property;

making loans secured by interests in real property; or (B)

38 (C) acting as broker, agent, representative or attorney for a person 39 who buys or sells any interest in real property or who lends or borrows 40 money with such interest as security.

41 (v) "Refer" means to direct or cause to be directed or to exercise any 42 power or influence over the direction of title insurance business, whether 43 or not the consent or approval of any other person is sought or obtained 1 with respect to the referral.

2 (f) No title insurer or title agent may accept any order for, issue a title 3 insurance policy to, or provide services to, an applicant if it knows or has 4 reason to believe that the applicant was referred to it by any producer of 5 title business or by any associate of such producer, where the producer, the 6 associate, or both, have a financial interest in the title insurer or title agent 7 to which business is referred unless the producer has disclosed to the 8 buyer, seller and lender the financial interest of the producer of title 9 business or associate referring the title insurance business.

10 (g) No title insurer or title agent may accept an order for title 11 insurance business, issue a title insurance policy, or receive or retain any 12 premium, or charge in connection with any transaction if: (i) The title 13 insurer or title agent knows or has reason to believe that the transaction 14 will constitute controlled business for that title insurer or title agent; and 15 (ii) 70% or more of the closed title orders of that title insurer or title agent 16 during the 12 full calendar months immediately preceding the month in 17 which the transaction takes place is derived from controlled business. The 18 prohibitions contained in this paragraph shall not apply to transactions 19 involving real estate located in a county that has a population, as shown by 20 the last preceding decennial census, of 10,000 or less.

21 (h) Within 90 days following the end of each business year, as 22 established by the title insurer or title agent, each title insurer or title agent 23 shall file with the department of insurance and any title insurer with which 24 the title agent maintains an underwriting agreement, a report executed by 25 the title insurer's or title agent's chief executive officer or designee, under 26 penalty of perjury, stating the percent of closed title orders originating 27 from controlled business. The failure of a title insurer or title agent to 28 comply with the requirements of this section, at the discretion of the 29 commissioner, shall be grounds for the suspension or revocation of a 30 license or other disciplinary action, with the commissioner able to mitigate 31 any such disciplinary action if the title insurer or title agent is found to be 32 in substantial compliance with competitive behavior as defined by federal 33 housing and urban development statement of policy 1996-2.

34 (i) (1) No title insurer or title agent may accept any title insurance order or issue a title insurance policy to any person if it knows or has 35 36 reason to believe that such person was referred to it by any producer of 37 title business or by any associate of such producer, where the producer, the 38 associate, or both, have a financial interest in the title insurer or title agent 39 to which business is referred unless the producer has disclosed in writing 40 to the person so referred the fact that such producer or associate has a financial interest in the title insurer or title agent, the nature of the 41 42 financial interest and a written estimate of the charge or range of charges 43 generally made by the title insurer or agent for the title services. Such

1 disclosure shall include language stating that the consumer is not obligated 2 to use the title insurer or agent in which the referring producer or associate 3 has a financial interest and shall include the names and telephone numbers 4 of not less than three other title insurers or agents that operate in the 5 county in which the property is located. If fewer than three insurers or 6 agents operate in that county, the disclosure shall include all title insurers 7 or agents operating in that county. Such written disclosure shall be signed 8 by the person so referred and must have occurred prior to any commitment 9 having been made to such title insurer or agent.

10 (2) No producer of title business or associate of such producer shall 11 require, directly or indirectly, as a condition to selling or furnishing any 12 other person any loan or extension thereof, credit, sale, property, contract, 13 lease or service, that such other person shall purchase title insurance of any 14 kind through any title agent or title insurer if such producer has a financial 15 interest in such title agent or title insurer.

(3) No title insurer or title agent may accept any title insurance order
or issue a title insurance policy to any person it knows or has reason to
believe that the name of the title company was pre-printed in the sales
contract, prior to the buyer or seller selecting that title company.

(4) Nothing in this paragraph shall prohibit any producer of title business or associate of such producer from referring title business to any title insurer or title agent of such producer's or associate's choice, and, if such producer or associate of such producer has any financial interest in the title insurer, from receiving income, profits or dividends produced or realized from such financial interest, so long as:

(a) Such financial interest is disclosed to the purchaser of the title
insurance in accordance with paragraphs (i)(1) through (i)(4);

(b) the payment of income, profits or dividends is not in exchange forthe referral of business; and

30 (c) the receipt of income, profits or dividends constitutes only a return31 on the investment of the producer or associate.

32 (5) Any producer of title business or associate of such producer who 33 violates the provisions of paragraphs (i)(2) through (i)(4), or any title 34 insurer or title agent who accepts an order for title insurance knowing that 35 it is in violation of paragraphs (i)(2) through (i)(4), in addition to any other 36 action that may be taken by the commissioner of insurance, shall be 37 subject to a fine by the commissioner in an amount equal to five times the 38 premium for the title insurance and, if licensed pursuant to K.S.A. 58-3034 39 et seq., and amendments thereto, shall be deemed to have committed a prohibited act pursuant to K.S.A. 58-3602, and amendments thereto, and 40 shall be liable to the purchaser of such title insurance in an amount equal 41 42 to the premium for the title insurance.

43 (6) Any title insurer or title agent that is a competitor of any title

1 insurer or title agent that, subsequent to the effective date of this act, has violated or is violating the provisions of this paragraph, shall have a cause 2 3 of action against such title insurer or title agent and, upon establishing the 4 existence of a violation of any such provision, shall be entitled, in addition 5 to any other damages or remedies provided by law, to such equitable or 6 injunctive relief as the court deems proper. In any such action under this 7 subsection, the court may award to the successful party the court costs of 8 the action together with reasonable attorney fees.

9 (7) The commissioner shall also require each title agent to provide 10 core title services as required by the real estate settlement procedures act.

(j) The commissioner shall adopt any rules and regulations necessaryto carry out the provisions of this act.

13 (15) Disclosure of nonpublic personal information. (a) No person 14 shall disclose any nonpublic personal information contrary to the provisions of title V of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley act of 1999 (public law 15 16 106-102). The commissioner may adopt rules and regulations necessary to 17 carry out this subsection. Such rules and regulations shall be consistent 18 with and not more restrictive than the model regulation adopted on 19 September 26, 2000, by the national association of insurance commissioners entitled "Privacy of consumer financial and health 20 21 information regulation".

(b) Nothing in this subsection shall be deemed or construed to authorize the promulgation or adoption of any regulation that preempts, supersedes or is inconsistent with any provision of Kansas law concerning requirements for notification of, or obtaining consent from, a parent, guardian or other legal custodian of a minor relating to any matter pertaining to the health and medical treatment for such minor.

28 Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2024 Supp. 40-2404 is hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after itspublication in the statute book.