Session of 2025

## **SENATE BILL No. 189**

By Senators Sykes, Corson, Francisco, Holscher and Pettey

2-4

AN ACT concerning workers compensation; relating to injured employees;
 providing the employee the freedom of choice in designating a
 healthcare provider; requiring the employer to pay for the services of
 the designated healthcare provider; amending K.S.A. 2024 Supp. 44 510h, 44-510k and 44-525 and repealing the existing sections.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

8 Section 1. K.S.A. 2024 Supp. 44-510h is hereby amended to read as 9 follows: 44-510h. (a) It shall be the duty of the employer to provide pay 10 for the services of a healthcare provider designated by the injured 11 employee and such any medical, surgical and hospital treatment, including 12 nursing, medicines, medical and surgical supplies, ambulance, crutches, 13 apparatus and transportation to and from the home of the injured employee to a place outside the community in which such employee resides and 14 within such community if the director, in the director's discretion, so 15 16 orders, including transportation expenses computed in accordance with K.S.A. 44-515(a), and amendments thereto, as may be reasonably 17 18 necessary to cure and relieve the employee from the effects of the injury.

19 (b) (1) If the director finds, upon application of an injured employee, 20 that the services of the healthcare provider furnished as provided in-21 subsection (a) and rendered on behalf of the injured employee are not-22 satisfactory, the director may authorize the appointment of some other-23 healthcare provider. In any such case, the employer shall submit the names 24 of two healthcare providers who, if possible given the availability of local 25 healthcare providers, are not associated in practice together. The injured 26 employee may select one from the list who shall be the authorized treating 27 healthcare provider. If the injured employee is unable to obtain satisfactory 28 services from any of the healthcare providers submitted by the employer 29 under this paragraph, either party or both parties may request the director 30 to select a treating healthcare provider.

(2) Without application or approval, an employee may consult a
healthcare provider of the employee's choice for the purpose of
examination, diagnosis or treatment, but the employer shall only be liable
for the fees and charges of such healthcare provider up to a total amount of
\$800. The amount allowed for such examination, diagnosis or treatment
shall not be used to obtain a functional impairment rating. Any medical

opinion obtained in violation of this prohibition shall not be admissible in
 any claim proceedings under the workers compensation act.

3 (e) An injured employee whose injury or disability has been 4 established under the workers compensation act may rely, if done in good 5 faith, solely or partially on treatment by prayer or spiritual means in 6 accordance with the tenets of practice of a church or religious 7 denomination without suffering a loss of benefits subject to the following 8 conditions:

9 (1) The employer or the employer's insurance carrier agrees thereto in 10 writing either before or after the injury;

(2) the employee submits to all physical examinations required by theworkers compensation act;

(3) the cost of such treatment shall be paid by the employee unlessthe employer or insurance carrier agrees to make such payment;

(4) the injured employee shall be entitled only to benefits that would
 reasonably have been expected had such employee undergone medical or
 surgical treatment; and

(5) the employer or insurance carrier that made an agreement under
 paragraph (1) or (3) may withdraw from the agreement on 10 days' written
 notice.

21 (d)(c) In any employment to which the workers compensation act 22 applies, the employer shall be liable to each employee who is employed as a duly authorized law enforcement officer, firefighter, an emergency 23 medical service provider as defined in K.S.A. 65-6112, and amendments 24 25 thereto, or a member of a regional emergency medical response team as provided in K.S.A. 48-928, and amendments thereto, including any person 26 27 who is serving on a volunteer basis in such capacity, for all reasonable and 28 necessary preventive medical care and treatment for hepatitis to which 29 such employee is exposed under circumstances arising out of and in the 30 course of employment.

31 (e)(d) (1) It is presumed that the employer's obligation to provide pav 32 for the services of a healthcare provider and such medical, surgical and hospital treatment, including nursing, medicines, medical and surgical 33 34 supplies, ambulance, crutches, apparatus and transportation to and from 35 the home of the injured employee to a place outside the community in which such employee resides and within such community if the director, in 36 37 the director's discretion, so orders, including transportation expenses computed in accordance with K.S.A. 44-515(a), and amendments thereto, 38 39 shall terminate upon the employee reaching maximum medical 40 improvement.

41 (2) If the employee has undergone an invasive or surgical procedure 42 or an authorized treating healthcare provider recommends that the 43 employee will need an invasive or surgical procedure in the future, the

presumption in subsection  $\frac{(e)(1)}{(d)(1)}$  as to termination of the right to 1 2 medical treatment may be overcome with evidence that it is more probably 3 true than not that future medical treatment will be needed after the 4 employee reaches maximum medical improvement.

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(3) In all other cases, such presumption to terminate the right to 6 medical treatment provided by the employer may be overcome only with 7 clear and convincing evidence of the need for future medical treatment.

8 (4) As used in this subsection, "medical treatment" means only that 9 treatment provided or prescribed by a licensed healthcare provider and 10 shall not include home exercise programs or over-the-counter medications.

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2024 Supp. 44-510k is hereby amended to read as 11 12 follows: 44-510k. (a) (1) At any time after the entry of an award for compensation wherein future medical benefits were awarded, the 13 employee, employer or insurance carrier may make application for a 14 hearing, in such form as the director may require for the furnishing, 15 16 termination or modification of medical treatment. Such post-award hearing 17 shall be held by the assigned administrative law judge, in any county 18 designated by the administrative law judge, and the judge shall conduct the 19 hearing as provided in K.S.A. 44-523, and amendments thereto.

20 (2) Proceedings for post-award medical benefits shall proceed only 21 under the provisions set forth in this section. Post-award medical benefits 22 shall not be pursued or ordered under the procedures set forth in K.S.A. 23 44-534a, and amendments thereto.

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(3) The administrative law judge may:

25 (A) make an award for further medical care if the administrative law 26 judge finds that it is more probably true than not that the injury which was the subject of the underlying award is the prevailing factor in the need for 27 28 further medical care and that the care requested is necessary to cure or 29 relieve the effects of such injury; or

(B) terminate or modify an award of current or future medical care if 30 31 the administrative law judge finds that no further medical care is required. 32 the injury which was the subject of the underlying award is not the 33 prevailing factor in the need for further medical care, or that the care 34 requested is not necessary to cure or relieve the effects of such injury.

35 (4) If the claimant has not received medical treatment, as defined in 36 K.S.A. -44-510h(e) 44-510h(d), and amendments thereto, from an 37 authorized healthcare provider within two years from the date of the award 38 or two years from the date the claimant last received medical treatment 39 from an authorized healthcare provider, the employer shall be permitted to 40 make application under this section for permanent termination of future 41 medical benefits. In such case, there shall be a presumption that no further 42 medical care is needed as a result of the underlying injury. The 43 presumption may be overcome by competent medical evidence.

1 (5) No post-award benefits shall be ordered, modified or terminated 2 without giving all parties to the award the opportunity to present evidence, 3 including taking testimony on any disputed matters. A finding with regard 4 to a disputed issue shall be subject to a full review by the board under 5 K.S.A. 44-551(b), and amendments thereto. Any action of the board 6 pursuant to post-award orders shall be subject to review under K.S.A. 44-556, and amendments thereto.

8 (b) (1) Any application for hearing made pursuant to this section shall 9 receive priority setting by the administrative law judge, only superseded 10 by preliminary hearings pursuant to K.S.A. 44-534a, and amendments 11 thereto.

12 (2) The application for hearing pursuant to this section shall, with specificity, identify the post-award medical benefit being sought. If the 13 employer or insurance carrier provides the requested benefit within 30 14 days of receipt of the application, it shall be presumed that no costs or 15 16 attorney fees shall be awarded. Such presumption may be overcome by clear and convincing evidence that the attorney pursuing post-award 17 medical benefits expended significant time or resources in obtaining such 18 19 benefits.

20 (3) The parties shall meet and confer prior to the hearing pursuant to 21 this section, but a prehearing settlement conference shall not be necessary. 22 The administrative law judge shall have authority to award medical 23 treatment relating back to the entry of the underlying award, but in no event shall such medical treatment relate back more than six months 24 25 following the filing of such application for post-award medical treatment. Reviews taken under this section shall receive priority settings before the 26 27 board, only superseded by reviews for preliminary hearings. A decision 28 shall be rendered by the board within 30 days from the time the review is 29 submitted.

(c) The administrative law judge may award attorney fees and costs on the claimant's behalf consistent with K.S.A. 44-536(g), and amendments thereto. As used in this subsection, "costs" include, but are not limited to, witness fees, mileage allowances, any costs associated with reproduction of documents that become a part of the hearing record, the expense of making a record of the hearing and such other charges as are by statute authorized to be taxed as costs.

Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2024 Supp. 44-525 is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-525. (a) Every finding or award of compensation shall be in writing, signed and acknowledged by the administrative law judge and shall specify the amount due and unpaid by the employer to the employee up to the date of the award, if any, and the amount of the payments thereafter to be paid by the employer to the employee, if any, and the length of time such payment shall continue. No award shall include the 1 right to future medical treatment, unless the claimant establishes the 2 requirements of K.S.A.-44-510h(e) 44-510h(d), and amendments thereto.

The award of the administrative law judge shall be effective the day following the date noted in the award.

5 (b) No award shall be or provide for payment of compensation in a lump sum, except as to such portion of the compensation as shall be found to be due and unpaid at the time of the award, or except at the discretion of the director on settlement agreements, and credit shall be given to the employer in such award for any amount or amounts paid by the employer to the employee as compensation prior to the date of the award.

(c) In the event the employee has been overpaid temporary total disability benefits as described in K.S.A. 44-534a(b), and amendments thereto, and the employee is entitled to additional disability benefits, the administrative law judge shall provide for the application of a credit against such benefits. The credit shall first be applied to the final week of any such additional disability benefit award and then to each preceding week until the credit is exhausted.

18 Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2024 Supp. 44-510h, 44-510k and 44-525 are hereby 19 repealed.

20 Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 21 publication in the statute book.