## As Amended by House Committee

Session of 2025

## HOUSE BILL No. 2371

By Committee on Judiciary

Requested by Joe Molina on behalf of the Kansas Bar Association

2-7

AN ACT concerning business entities; relating to the Kansas revised 1 2 limited liability company act; providing for document form, signature 3 and delivery options; specifying that a subscription for a limited 4 liability company interest is irrevocable under certain circumstances; 5 modifying requirements related to domestic limited liability company division, certificates of division and certificates of amendment of 6 7 certificate of division and certificates of merger or consolidation of 8 series; relating to series limited liability companies; authorizing a 9 limited liability company and any of its series to elect to consolidate its operations as a single taxpayer and elect to be treated as a single 10 11 business for certain purposes; permitting operating agreements to 12 impose restrictions, duties and obligations on members; specifying 13 that wrongful transfer of property with intent to hinder, delay or 14 defraud creditors or to defraud shall be deemed void; relating to the 15 business entity transactions act; modifying requirements related to certificates of merger, certificates of interest exchange, certificates of 16 17 conversion and certificates of domestication; relating to the business 18 entity standard treatment act; including certificates of amendment to 19 certificate of designation and certificates of merger or consolidation of 20 series as documents related to limited liability companies to be filed 21 with the secretary of state; specifying circumstances under which 22 changes related to a resident agent shall be deemed a change of name of 23 the person or entity acting as a resident agent; amending K.S.A. 17-24 7662, 17-7663, 17-7668, 17-7670, 17-7681, 17-7682, 17-7685a, 17-25 7686, 17-7687, 17-7690, 17-7695, 17-7698, 17-76, 143, 17-76, 143a, 17-26 76,145, 17-76,146, 17-76,148, 17-76,149, 17-76,151, 17-76,152, 17-27 78-205, 17-78-206, 17-78-305, 17-78-306, 17-78-405, 17-78-505, 17-28 7904, 17-7925, 17-7927 and 17-7929 and K.S.A. 2024 Supp. 17-76,136 29 and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 17-76,150.

30

## 31 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. (a) (1) Except as provided in subsection (b), without limiting the manner in which any act or transaction may be documented or 1 the manner in which a document may be signed or delivered:

2 (A) Any act or transaction contemplated or governed by the Kansas 3 revised limited liability company act or the operating agreement may be 4 provided for in a document, and an electronic transmission is the 5 equivalent of a written document.

6 (B) Whenever the Kansas revised limited liability company act or the 7 operating agreement requires or permits a signature, the signature may be 8 a manual, facsimile, conformed or electronic signature. "Electronic 9 signature" means an electronic symbol or process that is attached to, or 10 logically associated with, a document and executed or adopted by a person 11 with an intent to execute, authenticate or adopt the document. A person 12 may execute a document with such person's signature.

13 (C) Unless otherwise provided in the operating agreement or agreed 14 between the sender and recipient, an electronic transmission is delivered to a person for purposes of the Kansas revised limited liability company act 15 16 and the operating agreement when it enters an information processing 17 system that the person has designated for the purpose of receiving 18 electronic transmissions of the type delivered if the electronic transmission 19 is in a form capable of being processed by that system and such person is 20 able to retrieve the electronic transmission. Whether a person has so 21 designated an information processing system is determined by the 22 operating agreement or from the context and surrounding circumstances, 23 including the parties' conduct. An electronic transmission is delivered 24 under this section even if no person is aware of its receipt. Receipt of an 25 electronic acknowledgement from an information processing system 26 establishes that an electronic transmission was received but, by itself, does 27 not establish that the content sent corresponds to the content received.

28 (2) The Kansas revised limited liability company act shall not 29 prohibit one or more persons from conducting a transaction in accordance 30 with the uniform electronic transactions act, K.S.A. 16-601 et seq., and 31 amendments thereto, if the part or parts of the transaction that are 32 governed by the Kansas revised limited liability company act are 33 documented, signed and delivered in accordance with this subsection or 34 otherwise in accordance with the Kansas revised limited liability company 35 act. This subsection shall apply solely for purposes of determining whether 36 an act or transaction has been documented, and the document has been 37 signed and delivered, in accordance with the Kansas revised limited 38 liability company act and the operating agreement.

39

(b) (1) Subsection (a) shall not apply to:

40 (A) A document filed with or submitted to the secretary of state or a 41 court or other judicial or governmental body of this state;

42 (B) a certificate of limited liability company interest, except that a 43 signature on a certificate of limited liability company interest may be 1 manual, facsimile or electronic signature; and

2 (C) an act or transaction effected pursuant to article 79 of chapter 17 3 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, or K.S.A. 17-4 7667, 17-76,130, 17-76,131, 17-76,132 and 17-76,133, and amendments 5 thereto.

6 (2) The provisions of paragraph (1) shall not create any presumption 7 about the lawful means to document a matter addressed by this subsection 8 or the lawful means to sign or deliver a document addressed by this 9 subsection. A provision of the operating agreement shall not limit the 10 application of subsection (a) unless the provision expressly restricts one or 11 more of the means of documenting an act or transaction, or of signing or 12 delivering a document, permitted by subsection (a).

(c) In the event that any provision of the Kansas revised limited
liability company act is deemed to modify, limit or supersede the federal
electronic signatures in global and national commerce act, 15 U.S.C. §
7001 et. seq., the provisions of the Kansas revised limited liability
company act shall control to the fullest extent permitted by 15 U.S.C. §
7002(a)(2).

(d) This section shall be a part of and supplemental to article 76 ofchapter 17 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto.

New Sec. 2. (a) For all purposes of the laws of the state of Kansas, a subscription for a limited liability company interest, whether submitted in writing, by means of electronic transmission or as otherwise permitted by applicable law, is irrevocable if the subscription states that such subscription is irrevocable to the extent provided by the terms of the subscription.

(b) This section shall be a part of and supplemental to article 76 of
chapter 17 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 3. K.S.A. 17-7662 is hereby amended to read as follows: 177662. K.S.A. 17-7662 through 17-76,142, and amendments thereto, and
K.S.A. 17-76,143 through 17-76,146, 17-7676a, 17-7685a, 17-76,143a and
17-76,147 through 17-76,155, and amendments thereto, and sections 1
and 2, and amendments thereto, shall be known and may be cited as the
Kansas revised limited liability company act.

Sec. 4. K.S.A. 17-7663 is hereby amended to read as follows: 17-7663. As used in the Kansas revised limited liability company act unless the context otherwise requires:

(a) "Articles of organization" means the articles of organization
 referred to in K.S.A. 17-7673, and amendments thereto, and the articles of
 organization as amended.

41 (b) "Bankruptcy" means an event that causes a person to cease to be a 42 member as provided in K.S.A. 17-7689, and amendments thereto.

43 (c) "Contribution" means any cash, property, services rendered or a

promissory note or other obligation to contribute cash or property or to
 perform services, which that a person contributes to a limited liability
 company in such person's capacity as a member.

4

(d) "Document" means:

5 (1) Any tangible medium on which information is inscribed. 6 "Document" includes handwritten, typed, printed or similar instruments 7 and copies of such instruments; and

8

(2) an electronic transmission.

9 (e) "Electronic transmission" means any form of communication not 10 directly involving the physical transmission of paper, including the use of, 11 or participation in, one or more electronic networks or databases, 12 including one or more distributed electronic networks or databases, that 13 creates a record that may be retained, retrieved and reviewed by a 14 recipient thereof and directly reproduced in paper form by such a recipient 15 through an automated process.

"Foreign limited liability company" means a limited liability 16 *(f)* 17 company formed under the laws of any state or under the laws of any foreign country or other foreign jurisdiction. When used in the Kansas 18 19 revised limited liability company act in reference to a foreign limited liability company, the terms "operating agreement," "limited liability 20 company interest," "manager" or "member" shall mean an operating 21 22 agreement, limited liability company interest, manager or member, 23 respectively, under the laws of the state or foreign country or other foreign jurisdiction under which the foreign limited liability company is formed. 24

25 (e)(g) "Knowledge" means a person's actual knowledge of a fact, 26 rather than the person's constructive knowledge of the fact.

27 (f)(h) "Limited liability company" and "domestic limited liability 28 company"-means mean a limited liability company formed under the laws 29 of the state of Kansas and having one or more members.

30 (g)(i) "Limited liability company interest" means a member's share of 31 the profits and losses of a limited liability company and a member's right 32 to receive distributions of the limited liability company's assets.

33 (h)(j) "Liquidating trustee" means a person carrying out the winding 34 up of a limited liability company.

35  $\frac{(i)}{k}$  "Manager" means a person who is named as a manager of a 36 limited liability company in, or designated as a manager of a limited 37 liability company pursuant to, an operating agreement or similar 38 instrument under which the limited liability company is formed. 39 "Manager" includes a manager of the limited liability company generally and a manager associated with a series of the limited liability company. 40 41 Unless the context otherwise requires, references in the Kansas revised 42 limited liability company act to a manager, including references in the 43 Kansas revised limited liability company act to a manager of a limited

5

1 liability company, shall be deemed to be references to a manager of the

2 limited liability company generally and to a manager associated with a
3 series with respect to such series.

(i)(l) "Member" means a person who is admitted to a limited liability 4 company as a member as provided in K.S.A. 17-7686, and amendments 5 6 thereto. "Member" includes a member of the limited liability company 7 generally and a member associated with a series of the limited liability 8 company. Unless the context otherwise requires, references in the Kansas revised limited liability company act to a member, including references in 9 the Kansas revised limited liability company act to a member of a limited 10 liability company, shall be deemed to be references to a member of the 11 12 limited liability company generally and to a member associated with a series with respect to such series. 13

14 (k)(m) "Operating agreement" means any agreement, whether 15 referred to as an operating agreement, limited liability company agreement 16 or otherwise, written, oral, or implied, of the member or members as to the 17 affairs of a limited liability company and the conduct of its business. A 18 member or manager of a limited liability company or an assignee of a 19 limited liability company interest is bound by the operating agreement 20 whether or not the member or manager or assignee executes the operating 21 agreement. A limited liability company, including any series thereof, is not 22 required to execute its operating agreement. A limited liability company, 23 including any series thereof, is bound by its operating agreement whether 24 or not the limited liability company, or any series thereof, executes the 25 operating agreement. An operating agreement of a limited liability 26 company having only one member shall not be unenforceable by reason of 27 there being only one person who is a party to the operating agreement. An 28 operating agreement is not subject to any statute of frauds, including 29 K.S.A. 33-106, and amendments thereto. An operating agreement may 30 provide rights to any person, including a person who is not a party to the 31 operating agreement, to the extent set forth therein. A written operating 32 agreement or another written agreement or writing:

(1) May provide that a person shall be admitted as a member of a
 limited liability company, or shall become an assignee of a limited liability
 company interest or other rights or powers of a member to the extent
 assigned:

(A) If such person, or a representative authorized by such person
orally, in writing or by other action such as payment for a limited liability
company interest, executes the operating agreement or any other writing
evidencing the intent of such person to become a member or assignee; or

41 (B) without such execution, if such person, or a representative 42 authorized by such person orally, in writing or by other action such as 43 payment for a limited liability company interest, complies with the conditions for becoming a member or assignee as set forth in the operating
 agreement or any other writing; and

3 (2) shall not be unenforceable by reason of its not having been signed 4 by a person being admitted as a member or becoming an assignee as 5 provided in subsection (k)(1), or by reason of its having been signed by a 6 representative as provided in the Kansas revised limited liability company 7 act; *and* 

8 (3) may consist of one or more agreements, instruments or other 9 writings and include or incorporate one or more schedules, supplements 10 or other writings containing provisions as to the conduct of the business 11 and affairs of the limited liability company or any series thereof.

12 (H)(n) "Person" means a natural person, partnership, whether general or limited, limited liability company, trust, including a common law trust, 13 business trust, statutory trust, voting trust or any other form of trust, estate, 14 association, including any group, organization, co-tenancy cotenancy, plan, 15 16 board, council or committee, corporation, government, including a country, state, county or any other governmental subdivision, agency or 17 instrumentality, custodian, nominee or any other individual or entity, or 18 19 series thereof, in its own or any representative capacity, in each case, 20 whether domestic or foreign.

(m)(o) "Personal representative" means, as to a natural person, the
 executor, administrator, guardian, conservator or other legal representative
 thereof and, as to a person other than a natural person, the legal
 representative or successor thereof.

(n)(p) "Series" means a designated series of members, managers, limited liability company interests or assets that is established in accordance with K.S.A. 17-76,143, and amendments thereto.

28 (o)(q) "State" means the District of Columbia or the commonwealth 29 of Puerto Rico or any state, territory, possession or other jurisdiction of the 30 United States other than the state of Kansas.

Sec. 5. K.S.A. 17-7668 is hereby amended to read as follows: 17-7668. (a) Unless otherwise specifically prohibited by law, a limited liability company may carry on any lawful business, purpose or activity, whether or not for profit with the exception of the business of granting policies of insurance, or assuming insurance risks or banking as defined in K.S.A. 9-702, and amendments thereto.

(b) A limited liability company shall possess and may exercise all the powers and privileges granted by this act or by any other law or by its operating agreement, together with any powers incidental thereto, including such powers and privileges as are necessary or convenient to the conduct, promotion or attainment of the business, purposes or activities of the limited liability company.

43

(c) A limited liability company organized and existing under the

7

Kansas revised limited liability company act or otherwise qualified to do business in Kansas may have and exercise all powers that may be exercised by a Kansas professional association or professional corporation under the professional corporation law of Kansas, including employment of professionals to practice a profession, which shall be limited to the practice of one profession, except as provided in K.S.A. 17-2710, and amendments thereto.

8 (d) Only a qualified person may be a member of a limited liability 9 company organized to exercise powers of a professional association or 10 professional corporation. No membership may be transferred to another person until there is presented to such limited liability company a 11 12 certificate by the licensing body, as defined in K.S.A. 74-146, and amendments thereto, stating that the person to whom the transfer is made 13 14 or the membership issued is duly licensed to render the same type of 15 professional services as that for which the limited liability company was 16 organized.

17

(e) As used in the section, "qualified person" means:

(1) Any natural person licensed to practice the same type of
 profession that any professional association or professional corporation is
 authorized to practice;

(2) the trustee of a trust that is a qualified trust under section 401(a)
of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, as in effect, on July 1, 1999,
or of a contribution plan that is a qualified employee stock ownership plan
under section 409A(a) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, as in
effect, on July 1, 1999;

26 (3) the trustee of a revocable living trust established by a natural 27 person who is licensed to practice the type of profession that any 28 professional association or professional corporation is authorized to 29 practice, if the terms of such trust provide that such natural person is the 30 principal beneficiary and sole trustee of such trust and such trust does not 31 continue to hold title to membership in the limited liability company 32 following such natural person's death for more than a reasonable period of 33 time necessary to dispose of such membership;

(4) a Kansas professional corporation or foreign professional
corporation in which at least one member or shareholder is authorized by a
licensing body, as defined in K.S.A. 74-146, and amendments thereto, to
render in this state a professional service permitted by the articles of
organization;

(5) a general partnership or limited liability company, if all partners
or members thereof are authorized to render the professional services
permitted by the articles of organization of the limited liability company
formed pursuant to this section and in which at least one partner or
member is authorized by a licensing authority of this state to render in this

state the professional services permitted by the articles of organization of
 the limited liability company; or

3

4

(6) a healing arts school clinic authorized to perform professional services in accordance with K.S.A. 65-2877a, and amendments thereto.

5 (f) Nothing in this act shall restrict or limit in any manner the 6 authority and duty of any licensing body, as defined in K.S.A. 74-146, and 7 amendments thereto, for the licensing of individual persons rendering a 8 professional service or the practice of the profession that is within the 9 jurisdiction of the licensing body, notwithstanding that the person is an officer, manager, member or employee of a limited liability company 10 organized to exercise powers of a professional association or professional 11 12 corporation. Each licensing body may adopt rules and regulations governing the practice of each profession as are necessary to enforce and 13 14 comply with this act and the law applicable to each profession.

15 (g) A licensing body, as defined in K.S.A. 74-146, and amendments 16 thereto, the attorney general or district or county attorney may bring an 17 action in the name of the state of Kansas in quo warranto or injunction 18 against a limited liability company engaging in the practice of a profession 19 without complying with the provisions of this act.

20 (h) Notwithstanding any provision of this act to the contrary, without 21 limiting the general powers enumerated in subsection (b), a limited 22 liability company shall, subject to such standards and restrictions, if any, 23 as are set forth in its operating agreement, have the power and authority to make contracts of guaranty and suretyship and enter into interest rate, 24 25 basis, currency, hedge or other swap agreements or cap, floor, put, call, 26 option, exchange or collar agreements, derivative agreements, or other 27 agreements similar to any of the foregoing.

(i) Unless otherwise provided in an operating agreement, a limited
 liability company has the power and authority to grant, hold or exercise a
 power of attorney, including an irrevocable power of attorney.

31 (i) (1) (A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), any act or 32 transaction that may be taken by or in respect of a limited liability 33 company under the Kansas revised limited liability company act or an 34 operating agreement, but that is void or voidable when taken, may be 35 ratified, or the failure to comply with any requirements of the operating 36 agreement making such act or transaction void or voidable may be 37 waived, by the members, managers or other persons whose approval 38 would be required under the operating agreement (i) for such act or 39 transaction to be validly taken, or (ii) to amend the operating agreement 40 in a manner that would permit such act or transaction to be validly taken, 41 in each case at the time of such ratification or waiver.

42 *(B)* If the void or voidable act or transaction was the issuance or 43 assignment of any limited liability company interests, the limited liability 1 company interests purportedly issued or assigned shall be deemed not to

have been issued or assigned for purposes of determining whether the void
or voidable act or transaction was ratified or waived pursuant to this
subsection.

5 (2) Any act or transaction that is ratified, or with respect to which the 6 failure to comply with any requirements of the operating agreement is 7 waived, pursuant to this subsection shall be deemed validly taken at the 8 time of such act or transaction.

9 (3) If an amendment to the operating agreement to permit any such act or transaction to be validly taken would require notice to any 10 members, managers or other persons under the operating agreement and 11 12 the ratification or waiver of such act or transaction is effectuated pursuant to this subsection by the members, managers or other persons whose 13 14 approval would be required to amend the operating agreement, notice of 15 such ratification or waiver shall be given following such ratification or 16 waiver to the members, managers or other persons who would have been 17 entitled to notice of such an amendment and who have not otherwise 18 received notice of, or participated in, such ratification or waiver.

(4) The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit
the accomplishment of a ratification or waiver of a void or voidable act by
other means permitted by law.

22 Upon application of the limited liability company, any member, (5) 23 manager or person claiming to be substantially and adversely affected by a ratification or waiver pursuant to this subsection, excluding any harm 24 25 that would have resulted if such act or transaction had been valid when 26 taken, the district court may hear and determine the validity and 27 effectiveness of the ratification of, or waiver with respect to, any void or 28 voidable act or transaction effectuated pursuant to this subsection. In any 29 such application, the limited liability company shall be named as a party 30 and service of the application upon the resident agent of the limited 31 liability company shall be deemed to be service upon the limited liability 32 company, and no other party need be joined in order for the court to 33 adjudicate the validity and effectiveness of the ratification or waiver. The court may make such order respecting further or other notice of such 34 35 application as it deems proper under these circumstances. Nothing in this 36 paragraph limits or affects the right to serve process in any other manner 37 now or hereafter provided by law, and this provision is an extension of and 38 not a limitation upon the right otherwise existing of service of legal 39 process upon nonresidents.

40 Sec. 6. K.S.A. 17-7670 is hereby amended to read as follows: 17-41 7670. (a) Subject to such standards and restrictions, if any, as are set forth 42 in its operating agreement, a limited liability company may, and shall have 43 the power to, indemnify and hold harmless any member or manager or 1 other person from and against any and all claims and demands whatsoever.

2 (b) (1) Except as provided in the operating agreement, to the extent that a present or former member, manager, or officer, employee or agent of 3 a limited liability company has been successful on the merits or otherwise 4 5 as a plaintiff in an action to determine that the plaintiff is a member of a 6 limited liability company or in defense of any threatened, pending or 7 completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, 8 administrative or investigative, by reason of the fact that such person is or 9 was a member, manager, officer, employee or agent of the limited liability company, or is or was serving at the request of the limited liability 10 company as a member, manager, director, officer, employee or agent of 11 12 another limited liability company, corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, or in defense of any claim, issue or matter therein, 13 14 such member, manager, officer, employee or agent shall be indemnified by 15 the limited liability company against expenses actually and reasonably 16 incurred by such person in connection therewith, including attorney fees.

17 (2) For indemnification with respect to any act or omission occurring
after June 30, 2025, references to "officer" for purposes of this subsection
only means an officer of the limited liability company who:

(A) Is or was the president, chief executive officer, chief operating
officer, chief financial officer, chief legal officer, controller, treasurer or
chief accounting officer of the limited liability company; or

(B) is or was identified in the limited liability company's public
filings with the United States securities and exchange commission,
because such person is or was one of the most highly compensated
executive officers of the limited liability company.

27 Sec. 7. K.S.A. 17-7681 is hereby amended to read as follows: 17-28 7681. (a) Pursuant to an agreement of merger or consolidation, one or 29 more domestic limited liability companies may merge or consolidate with or into one or more limited liability companies formed under the laws of 30 31 the state of Kansas or any other state or any foreign country or other 32 foreign jurisdiction, or any combination thereof, with such limited liability 33 company as the agreement shall provide being the surviving or resulting 34 limited liability company.

(1) (A) Unless otherwise provided in the operating agreement, an agreement of merger or consolidation shall be consented to or approved by each domestic limited liability company—which *that* is to merge or consolidate by members who own more than 50% of the then-current percentage or other interest in the profits of the domestic limited liability company owned by all of the members;

(B) unless otherwise provided in the operating agreement, a limited
liability company whose original articles of organization were filed with
the secretary of state and effective on or prior to June 30, 2019, shall not

11

be governed by subsection (a)(1)(A), but shall be governed by this 1 2 subparagraph. Unless otherwise provided in the operating agreement, an 3 agreement of merger or consolidation shall be consented to or approved by 4 each domestic limited liability company-which that is to merge or 5 consolidate by the members, or if there is more than one class or group of 6 members, then by each class or group of members, in either case, by 7 members who own more than 50% of the then current percentage or other 8 interest in the profits of the domestic limited liability company owned by 9 all of the members or by the members in each class or group, as 10 appropriate.

11 (2) In connection with a merger or consolidation hereunder, rights or 12 securities of, or interests in, a domestic limited liability company-which *that* is a constituent party to the merger or consolidation may be exchanged 13 for or converted into cash, property, rights or securities of, or interests in, 14 the surviving or resulting limited liability company or, in addition to or in 15 16 lieu thereof, may be exchanged for or converted into cash, property, rights 17 or securities of, or interests in, an entity as defined in K.S.A. 17-78-102, 18 and amendments thereto, that is not the surviving or resulting limited 19 liability company in the merger or consolidation, may remain outstanding, 20 or may be canceled.

(3) Notwithstanding prior consent or approval, an agreement of
 merger or consolidation may be terminated or amended pursuant to a
 provision for such termination or amendment contained in the agreement
 of merger or consolidation.

(b) The limited liability company surviving or resulting in or from the merger or consolidation shall file a certificate of merger or consolidation executed by one or more authorized persons on behalf of the domestic limited liability company when it is the surviving or resulting entity with the secretary of state. The certificate of merger or consolidation shall state:

(1) The name and jurisdiction of formation or organization of each of
 the limited liability companies which that is to merge or consolidate;

(2) that an agreement of merger or consolidation has been consented
 to or approved and executed by each of the limited liability companies
 which that is to merge or consolidate;

35

(3) the name of the surviving or resulting limited liability company;

(4) in the case of a merger in which a domestic limited liability
company is the surviving entity, such amendments, if any, to the articles of
organization of the surviving domestic limited liability company to change
its name, registered office or resident agent as are desired to be effected by
the merger, and such amendments may amend and restate the articles of
organization of the surviving domestic limited liability company in its
entirety;

43

(5) the future effective date or time, which shall be a date certain, of

the merger or consolidation if it is not to be effective upon the filing of the
 certificate of merger or consolidation;

3 (6) that the agreement of merger or consolidation is on file at a place 4 of business of the surviving or resulting limited liability company, and 5 shall state the address thereof;

6 (7) that a copy of the agreement of merger or consolidation will be 7 furnished by the surviving or resulting limited liability company, on 8 request and without cost, to any member of any limited liability company 9 which *that* is to merge or consolidate; and

(8) if the surviving or resulting limited liability company is not a 10 domestic limited liability company, a statement that such surviving or 11 resulting limited liability company agrees that it may be served with 12 process in the state of Kansas in any action, suit or proceeding for the 13 enforcement of any obligation of any domestic limited liability company 14 15 which *that* is to merge or consolidate, irrevocably appointing the secretary 16 of state as its agent to accept service of process in any such action, suit or 17 proceeding and specifying the address to which a copy of such process shall be mailed to it by the secretary of state. 18

19 (c) A certificate of merger or consolidation shall act as a certificate of 20 cancellation for a domestic limited liability company-which that is not the surviving or resulting limited liability company in the merger or 21 22 consolidation. A certificate of merger that sets forth any amendment in 23 accordance with subsection (b)(4) shall be deemed to be an amendment to 24 the articles of organization of the limited liability company, and the limited 25 liability company shall not be required to take any further action to amend its articles of organization under K.S.A. 17-7674 or 17-7680, and 26 27 amendments thereto, with respect to such amendments set forth in the 28 certificate of merger. Whenever this section requires the filing of a 29 certificate of merger or consolidation, such requirement shall be deemed 30 satisfied by the filing of an agreement of merger or consolidation 31 containing the information required by this section to be set forth in the 32 certificate of merger or consolidation.

(d) (1) For a limited liability company if it is the surviving or
resulting limited liability company in the merger or consolidation, an
agreement of merger or consolidation consented to or approved in
accordance with subsection (a) may:

37

(+)(A) Effect any amendment to the operating agreement; or

41 (2) Any amendment to an operating agreement or adoption of a new
42 operating agreement made pursuant to the foregoing sentence paragraph
43 (1) shall be effective at the effective time or date of the merger or

consolidation and shall be effective notwithstanding any provision of the 1 operating agreement relating to amendment or adoption of a new operating 2 3 agreement, other than a provision that by its terms applies to an 4 amendment to the operating agreement or the adoption of a new operating 5 agreement, in either case, in connection with a merger or consolidation. 6 The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit the 7 accomplishment of a merger or of any of the matters referred to herein by 8 any other means provided for in an operating agreement or other 9 agreement or as otherwise permitted by law, including that the operating 10 agreement of any constituent limited liability company to the merger or consolidation, including a limited liability company formed for the 11 12 purpose of consummating a merger or consolidation, shall be the operating agreement of the surviving or resulting limited liability company. 13

14 (e) When any merger or consolidation shall have become effective under this section, for all purposes of the laws of the state of Kansas, all of 15 16 the rights, privileges and powers of each of the limited liability companies that have merged or consolidated, and all property, real, personal and 17 18 mixed, and all debts due to any of the limited liability companies, as well 19 as all other things and causes of action belonging to each of such limited 20 liability companies, shall be vested in the surviving or resulting limited 21 liability company, and shall thereafter be the property of the surviving or 22 resulting limited liability company as they were of each of the limited 23 liability companies that have merged or consolidated, and the title to any 24 real property vested by deed or otherwise, under the laws of the state of 25 Kansas, in any of such limited liability companies, shall not revert or be in 26 any way impaired by reason of this act, but all rights of creditors and all 27 liens upon any property of any of the limited liability companies shall be 28 preserved unimpaired, and all debts, liabilities and duties of each of the 29 limited liability companies that have merged or consolidated shall 30 thenceforth attach to the surviving or resulting limited liability company, 31 and may be enforced against it to the same extent as if the debts, liabilities 32 and duties had been incurred or contracted by it. Unless otherwise agreed, 33 a merger or consolidation of a domestic limited liability company, 34 including a domestic limited liability company-which that is not the 35 surviving or resulting entity in the merger or consolidation, shall not 36 require such domestic limited liability company to wind up its affairs 37 under K.S.A. 17-76,118, and amendments thereto, or pay its liabilities and 38 distribute its assets under K.S.A. 17-76,119, and amendments thereto, and 39 the merger or consolidation shall not constitute a dissolution of such 40 limited liability company.

41 (f) A limited liability company may merge or consolidate with or into
42 any other entity in accordance with the business entity transactions act,
43 K.S.A. 17-78-101 et seq., and amendments thereto.

1 (g) An operating agreement may provide that a domestic limited 2 liability company shall not have the power to merge or consolidate as set 3 forth in this section.

4 Sec. 8. K.S.A. 17-7682 is hereby amended to read as follows: 17-5 7682. Unless otherwise provided in an operating agreement or an 6 agreement of merger or consolidation may provide that contractual or a 7 plan of division, no appraisal rights shall be available with respect to a 8 limited liability company interest or another interest in a limited liability company shall be available for any class, group or series of members or 9 limited liability company interests, including in connection with any 10 amendment of an operating agreement, any merger or consolidation in 11 12 which the limited liability company or a series of the limited liability company is a constituent party to the merger or consolidation, any division 13 of the limited liability company, or the sale of all or substantially all of the 14 15 limited liability company's assets. The district court shall have jurisdiction 16 to hear and determine any matter relating to any-such appraisal rights 17 provided in an operating agreement or an agreement of merger or 18 consolidation or a plan of division.

Sec. 9. K.S.A. 17-7685a is hereby amended to read as follows: 177685a. (a) As used in this section, and K.S.A. 17-76,150, and amendments
thereto, and K.S.A. 17-7675 and 17-7686, and amendments thereto:

(1) "Dividing company" means the domestic limited liabilitycompany that is effecting a division in the manner provided in this section.

(2) "Division" means the division of a dividing company into two ormore domestic limited liability companies in accordance with this section.

26 (3) "Division company" means a surviving company, if any, and each27 resulting company.

(4) "Division contact" means, in connection with any division, a natural person who is a Kansas resident, any division company in such division or any other domestic limited liability company or other domestic entity as defined in K.S.A. 17-78-102, and amendments thereto, which division contact shall maintain a copy of the plan of division for a period of six years from the effective date of the division and shall comply with subsection (g)(3).

(5) "Organizational documents" means the articles of organizationand operating agreement of a domestic limited liability company.

37 (6) "Resulting company" means a domestic limited liability company38 formed as a consequence of a division.

39 (7) "Surviving company" means a dividing company that survives the40 division.

(b) Pursuant to a plan of division, any domestic limited liability
company may, in the manner provided in this section, be divided into two
or more domestic limited liability companies. The division of a domestic

limited liability company in accordance with this section and, if 1 2 applicable, the resulting cessation of the existence of the dividing company 3 pursuant to a certificate of division shall not be deemed to affect the 4 personal liability of any person incurred prior to such division with respect 5 to matters arising prior to such division, nor shall it be deemed to affect the 6 validity or enforceability of any obligations or liabilities of the dividing 7 company incurred prior to such division; except that-such the obligations 8 and liabilities of the dividing company shall be allocated to and vested in, 9 and valid and enforceable obligations of, such division company or 10 companies to which such obligations and liabilities have been allocated pursuant to the plan of division, as provided in subsection (1). Each 11 12 resulting company in a division shall be formed in compliance with the 13 requirements of the Kansas revised limited liability company act and 14 subsection (i).

15 (c) If the operating agreement of the dividing company specifies the 16 manner of adopting a plan of division, the plan of division shall be adopted 17 as specified in the operating agreement. If the operating agreement of the 18 dividing company does not specify the manner of adopting a plan of 19 division and does not prohibit a division of the limited liability company. 20 the plan of division shall be adopted in the same manner as is specified in 21 the operating agreement for authorizing a merger or consolidation that 22 involves the limited liability company as a constituent party to the merger 23 or consolidation. If the operating agreement of the dividing company does 24 not specify the manner of adopting a plan of division or authorizing a 25 merger or consolidation that involves the limited liability company as a 26 constituent party and does not prohibit a division of the limited liability 27 company, the adoption of a plan of division shall be authorized by the 28 consent or approval of members who own more than 50% of the then-29 current percentage or other interest in the profits of the dividing company 30 owned by all of the members. Notwithstanding prior consent or approval, a 31 plan of division may be terminated or amended pursuant to a provision for 32 such termination or amendment contained in the plan of division.

(d) Unless otherwise provided in a plan of division, the division of a
domestic limited liability company pursuant to this section shall not
require such limited liability company to wind up its affairs under K.S.A.
17-76,118, and amendments thereto, or pay its liabilities and distribute its
assets under K.S.A. 17-76,119, and amendments thereto, and the division
shall not constitute a dissolution of such limited liability company.

(e) In connection with a division under this section, rights or securities of, or interests in, the dividing company may be exchanged for or converted into cash, property, rights or securities of, or interests in, the surviving company or any resulting company or, in addition to or in lieu thereof, may be exchanged for or converted into cash, property, rights or securities of, or interests in, an entity as defined in K.S.A. 17-78-102, and
 amendments thereto, that is not a division company, or may be canceled or
 remain outstanding, if the dividing company is a surviving company.

4

(f) (1) A plan of division adopted in accordance with subsection (c):

5 (A) May effect: (i) Any amendment to the operating agreement of the 6 dividing company if it is a surviving company in the division; or (ii) the 7 adoption of a new operating agreement for the dividing company if it is a 8 surviving company in the division; and

9 (B) shall effect the adoption of <u>a new</u> an operating agreement for 10 each resulting company.

(2) Any amendment to an operating agreement or adoption of a new 11 12 operating agreement for the dividing company, if it is a surviving company in the division, or adoption of a new an operating agreement for each 13 14 resulting company made pursuant to this subsection shall be effective at 15 the effective time or date of the division. Any amendment to an operating 16 agreement or adoption of an operating agreement for the dividing 17 company, if it is a surviving company in the division, shall be effective 18 notwithstanding any provision in the operating agreement of the dividing 19 company relating to amendment or adoption of a new operating agreement, other than a provision that by its terms applies to an 20 21 amendment to the operating agreement or the adoption of a new operating 22 agreement, in either case, in connection with a division, merger or 23 consolidation.

(g) If a domestic limited liability company is dividing under this
section, the dividing company shall adopt a plan of division that shall set
forth:

27

(1) The terms and conditions of the division, including:

28 (A) Any conversion or exchange of the limited liability company 29 interests of the dividing company into or for limited liability company interests or other securities or obligations of any division company or cash, 30 31 property, or rights or securities or obligations of or interests in an entity as defined in K.S.A. 17-78-102, and amendments thereto, that is not a 32 33 division company, or that the limited liability company interests of the 34 dividing company shall remain outstanding or be canceled, or any 35 combination of the foregoing; and

(B) the allocation of assets, property, rights, series, debts, liabilities,
and duties of the dividing company among the division companies;

(2) the name of each resulting company and, if the dividing companywill survive the division, the name of the surviving company;

40 (3) the name and business address of a division contact, which shall
41 have custody of a copy of the plan of division. The division contact, or any
42 successor division contact, shall serve for a period of six years following
43 the effective date of the division. During such six-year period, the division

contact shall provide, without cost, to any creditor of the dividing
 company, within 30 days following the division contact's receipt of a
 written request from any creditor of the dividing company, the name and
 business address of the division company to which the claim of such
 creditor was allocated pursuant to the plan of division; and

6 (4) any other matters that the dividing company determines to include 7 therein.

8 (h) (1) If a domestic limited liability company divides under this section, the surviving dividing company, if any, or any other division-9 company shall file a certificate of division executed by one or more 10 authorized persons on behalf of such-division dividing company in the 11 office of the secretary of state in accordance with K.S.A. 17-7910, and 12 amendments thereto, and articles of organization that comply with K.S.A. 13 14 17-7673, and amendments thereto, for each resulting company executed by 15 one or more authorized persons in accordance with K.S.A. 17-7908(b), 16 and amendments thereto.

17

(2) The certificate of division shall state:

18 (1)(A) The name of the dividing company and, if it has been changed, 19 the name under which its articles of organization were originally filed and 20 whether the dividing company is a surviving company;

21

 $\frac{(2)}{B}$  the name of each division company;

22 (3)(C) the name and business address of the division contact required 23 by subsection (g)(3);

24 (4)(D) the future effective date or time, which shall be a date or time 25 certain, of the division if it is not to be effective upon the filing of the 26 certificate of division;

27 (5)(E) that the division has been consented to or approved in 28 accordance with this section;

 $\begin{array}{ll} 29 & (6)(F) & \text{that the plan of division is on file at a place of business of such} \\ 30 & \text{division company as is specified therein, and shall state the address} \\ 31 & \text{thereof; and} \end{array}$ 

32 (7)(G) that a copy of the plan of division will be furnished by such 33 division company as is specified therein, on request and without cost, to 34 any member of the dividing company; *and* 

35 *(H)* any other information that the dividing company determines to 36 include therein.

37 (3) A certificate of division may be amended to change the name or
38 business address of the division contact in a certificate of division or to
39 change information in the certificate of division required by subsection (h)
40 (2)(F). A certificate of division is amended by filing a certificate of
41 amendment of certificate of division for each division company that exists
42 as a limited liability company in the office of the secretary of state. Each
43 certificate of amendment of certificate of division shall include all of the

HB 2371—Am. by SC

1 *following*:

2 (A) The name of the dividing company and, if the name has been 3 changed, the name under which the dividing company's articles of 4 organization were originally filed;

5 (B) the name of the division company to which the amendment to the 6 certificate of division relates; and

7

(C) the amendment to the certificate of division.

8 (4) If the dividing company is a surviving company, a manager of the dividing company or, if there is no manager of the dividing company, any 9 member of the dividing company who becomes aware that the name or 10 business address of the division contact, or information in the certificate 11 of division required by subsection (h)(2)(F), in a certificate of division was 12 false when made or that the name or business address of the division 13 contact, or information in the certificate of division required by subsection 14 (h)(2)(F), in a certificate of division has changed, shall promptly amend 15 16 the certificate of division. If the dividing company is not a surviving company or no longer exists as a limited liability company, a manager of 17 any resulting company or, if there is no manager of any resulting company, 18 then any member of any resulting company who becomes aware that the 19 name or business address of the division contact, or information in the 20 certificate of division required by subsection (h)(2)(F), in a certificate of 21 division was false when made or that the name or business address of the 22 23 division contact, or information in the certificate of division required by subsection (h)(2)(F), in a certificate of division has changed, shall 24 promptly amend the certificate of division. This subsection does not apply 25 26 after the expiration of a period of six years following the effective date of 27 the division.

(5) (A) Unless otherwise provided in the plan of division or the
 certificate of division, each certificate of amendment of certificate of
 division shall be executed as follows:

(i) If the dividing company is a surviving company, by one or more
 authorized persons on behalf of the dividing company acting on behalf of
 the division company to which the certificate of amendment of certificate
 of division relates; and

(ii) if the dividing company is not a surviving company or no longer
exists as a limited liability company, by one or more authorized persons on
behalf of a resulting company acting on behalf of the division company to
which the certificate of amendment of certificate of division relates.

39 (B) Each division company is deemed to have consented to the 40 execution of a certificate of amendment of certificate of division under this 41 paragraph.

42 (6) Unless otherwise provided in the Kansas revised limited liability 43 company act or unless a later effective date or time, which shall be a date or time certain, is provided for in the certificate of amendment of
 certificate of division, a certificate of amendment of certificate of division
 is effective at the time of its filing with the secretary of state.

4 (7) Subject to the Kansas revised limited liability company act, the 5 secretary of state shall accept the filing of certificates of amendment of 6 certificate of division for all division companies resulting from the same 7 certificates of division if at least one division company is in good standing 8 at the time of such filings.

9 (i) The certificate of division and each articles of organization for 10 each resulting company required by subsection (h) shall be filed simultaneously in the office of the secretary of state and, if such certificate 11 and articles of organization are not to become effective upon their filing, 12 13 then each such certificate shall provide for the same effective date or time accordance with K.S.A. 17-7911, and amendments thereto. 14 in Concurrently with the effective date or time of a division, the operating 15 16 agreement of each resulting company shall become effective.

(j) A certificate of division shall act as a certificate of cancellation fora dividing company that is not a surviving company.

(k) An operating agreement may provide that a domestic limitedliability company shall not have the power to divide as set forth in thissection.

(1) Upon the division of a domestic limited liability companybecoming effective:

(1) The dividing company shall be-<u>subdivided</u> divided into the distinct and independent-resulting division companies named in the plan of division, and, if the dividing company is not a surviving company, the existence of the dividing company shall cease.

28 (2) For all purposes of the laws of the state of Kansas, all of the 29 rights, privileges and powers, and all the property, real, personal, and 30 mixed, of the dividing company and all debts due on whatever account to 31 it, as well as all other things and other causes of action belonging to it, 32 shall without further action be allocated to and vested in the applicable 33 division company in such a manner and basis and with such effect as is 34 specified in the plan of division, and the title to any real property or 35 interest therein allocated to and vested in any division company shall not 36 revert or be in any way impaired by reason of the division.

(3) Each division company shall, from and after effectiveness of the
certificate of division, be liable as a separate and distinct domestic limited
liability company for such debts, liabilities and duties of the dividing
company as are allocated to such division company pursuant to the plan of
division in the manner and on the basis provided in subsection (g)(1)(B).

42 (4) Each of the debts, liabilities and duties of the dividing company 43 shall without further action be allocated to and be the debts, liabilities and

1 duties of such division company as is specified in the plan of division as 2 having such debts, liabilities and duties allocated to it, in such a manner 3 and basis and with such effect as is specified in the plan of division, and no 4 other division company shall be liable therefor, so long as the plan of division does not constitute a fraudulent transfer under applicable law, and 5 6 all liens upon any property of the dividing company shall be preserved 7 unimpaired, and all debts, liabilities and duties of the dividing company 8 shall remain attached to the division company to which such debts, 9 liabilities and duties have been allocated in the plan of division, and may 10 be enforced against such division company to the same extent as if such debts, liabilities and duties had originally been incurred or contracted by it 11 12 in its capacity as a domestic limited liability company.

13 (5) In the event that any allocation of assets, debts, liabilities and 14 duties to division companies in accordance with a plan of division is 15 determined by a court of competent jurisdiction to constitute a fraudulent 16 transfer, each division company shall be jointly and severally liable on 17 account of such fraudulent transfer notwithstanding the allocations made 18 in the plan of division, except that the validity and effectiveness of the 19 division are not otherwise affected thereby.

20 (6) Debts and liabilities of the dividing company that are not 21 allocated by the plan of division shall be the joint and several debts and 22 liabilities of all of the division companies.

(7) It shall not be necessary for a plan of division to list each individual asset, property, right, series, debt, liability or duty of the dividing company to be allocated to a division company so long as the assets, property, rights, series, debts, liabilities or duties so allocated are reasonably identified by any method where the identity of such assets, property, rights, series, debts, liabilities or duties is objectively determinable.

(8) The rights, privileges, powers, and interests in property of the dividing company that have been allocated to a division company, as well as the debts, liabilities and duties of the dividing company that have been allocated to such division company pursuant to a plan of division, shall remain vested in each such division company and shall not be deemed, as a result of the division, to have been assigned or transferred to such division company for any purpose of the laws of the state of Kansas.

(9) Any action or proceeding pending against a dividing company may be continued against the surviving company, *if any*, as if the division did not occur, *but subject to paragraph (4)*, and against any resulting company to which the asset, property, right, series, debt, liability or duty associated with such action or proceeding was allocated pursuant to the plan of division by adding or substituting such resulting company as a party in the action or proceeding. 1 (m) In applying the provisions of the Kansas revised limited liability 2 company act on distributions, a direct or indirect allocation of property or 3 liabilities in a division is not deemed a distribution.

4 (n) The provisions of this section shall not be construed to limit the 5 means of accomplishing a division by any other means provided for in an 6 operating agreement or other agreement or as otherwise permitted by the 7 Kansas revised limited liability company act or as otherwise permitted by 8 law.

9 (o) All limited liability companies formed on and after July 1, 2019, shall be governed by this section. All limited liability companies formed 10 prior to July 1, 2019, shall be governed by this section, except that if the 11 12 dividing company is a party to any written contract, indenture or other agreement entered into prior to July 1, 2019, that, by its terms, restricts, 13 conditions or prohibits the consummation of a merger or consolidation by 14 the dividing company with or into another party, or the transfer of assets 15 16 by the dividing company to another party, then such restriction, condition 17 or prohibition shall be deemed to apply to a division as if it were a merger, 18 consolidation or transfer of assets, as applicable.

Sec. 10. K.S.A. 17-7686 is hereby amended to read as follows: 17-7686. (a) In connection with the formation of a limited liability company, a person is admitted as a member of the limited liability company upon the later to occur of:

23

(1) The formation of the limited liability company; or

(2) the time provided in and upon compliance with the operating agreement or, if the operating agreement does not so provide, when the person's admission is reflected in the records of the limited liability company *or as otherwise provided in the operating agreement*.

(b) After the formation of a limited liability company, a person isadmitted as a member of the limited liability company:

(1) In the case of a person who is not an assignee of a limited liability 30 31 company interest, including a person acquiring a limited liability company 32 interest directly from the limited liability company and a person to be 33 admitted as a member of the limited liability company without acquiring a 34 limited liability company interest in the limited liability company at the 35 time provided in and upon compliance with the operating agreement or, if 36 the operating agreement does not so provide, upon the consent of all 37 members-and when the person's admission is reflected in the records of the 38 limited liability company or as otherwise provided in the operating 39 agreement;

40 (2) in the case of an assignee of a limited liability company interest, 41 as provided in subsection (a) of K.S.A. 17-76,114, and amendments 42 thereto, and at the time provided in and upon compliance with the-43 operating agreement or, if the operating agreement does not so provide, when any such person's permitted admission is reflected in the records of
 the limited liability company; or

(3) unless otherwise provided in an agreement of merger or 3 consolidation, in the case of a person acquiring a limited liability company 4 5 interest in a surviving or resulting limited liability company pursuant to a 6 merger or consolidation approved in accordance with subsection (a) of 7 K.S.A. 17-7681(a), and amendments thereto, at the time provided in and 8 upon compliance with the operating agreement of the surviving or 9 resulting limited liability company; and in the case of a person being admitted as a member of a limited liability company pursuant to a merger 10 or consolidation in which such limited liability company is not the 11 12 surviving or resulting limited liability company in the merger or consolidation, as provided in the operating agreement of such limited 13 14 liability company; or

15 (4) in the case of a person being admitted as a member of a division 16 company pursuant to a division approved in accordance with K.S.A. 17-7685a(c), and amendments thereto, as provided in the operating 17 18 agreement of such division company or in the plan of division, and in the 19 event of any inconsistency, the terms of the plan of division shall control; 20 and in the case of a person being admitted as a member of a limited 21 liability company pursuant to a division in which such limited liability 22 company is not a division company in the division, as provided in the 23 operating agreement of such limited liability company.

(c) A person may be admitted to a limited liability company as a 24 25 member of the limited liability company and may receive a limited 26 liability company interest in the limited liability company without making 27 a contribution or being obligated to make a contribution to the limited 28 liability company. Unless otherwise provided in an operating agreement, a 29 person may be admitted to a limited liability company as a member of the 30 limited liability company without acquiring a limited liability company 31 interest in the limited liability company. Unless otherwise provided in an 32 operating agreement, a person may be admitted as the sole member of a 33 limited liability company without making a contribution or being obligated 34 to make a contribution to the limited liability company or without 35 acquiring a limited liability company interest in the limited liability 36 company.

(d) Unless otherwise provided in an operating agreement or another
agreement, a member shall have no preemptive right to subscribe to any
additional issue of limited liability company interests or another interest in
a limited liability company.

41 Sec. 11. K.S.A. 17-7687 is hereby amended to read as follows: 17-42 7687. (a) An operating agreement may provide for classes or groups of 43 members having such relative rights, powers and duties as the operating

agreement may provide, and may make provision for the future creation in 1 2 the manner provided in the operating agreement of additional classes or 3 groups of members having such relative rights, powers and duties as may 4 from time to time be established, including rights, powers and duties 5 senior to existing classes and groups of members. An operating agreement 6 may provide for the taking of an action, including the amendment of the 7 operating agreement, without the vote, consent or approval of any member 8 or class or group of members, including an action to create under the 9 provisions of the operating agreement a class or group of limited liability company interests that was not previously outstanding. An operating 10 agreement may provide that any member or class or group of members 11 12 shall have no voting rights.

(b) An operating agreement may grant to all or certain identified
members or a specified class or group of the members the right to vote
separately or with all or any class or group of the members or managers,
on any matter. Voting by members may be on a per capita, number,
financial interest, class, group or any other basis.

(c) An operating agreement may set forth provisions relating to notice
of the time, place or purpose of any meeting at which any matter is to be
voted on by any members, waiver of any such notice, action by consent or
approval without a meeting, the establishment of a record date, quorum
requirements, voting in person or by proxy, or any other matter with
respect to the exercise of any such right to vote.

(d) Unless otherwise provided in an operating agreement, meetings of 24 25 members may be held by means of conference telephone or other 26 communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in 27 the meeting can hear each other, and participation in a meeting pursuant to 28 this subsection shall constitute presence in person at the meeting. Unless 29 otherwise provided in an operating agreement, on any matter that is to be 30 voted on, consented to or approved by members, the members may take 31 such action without a meeting, without prior notice and without a vote, if 32 consented to or approved, in writing, by electronic transmission, or by any 33 other means permitted by law, by members having not less than the 34 minimum number of votes that would be necessary to authorize or take 35 such action at a meeting at which all members entitled to vote thereon 36 were present and voted. Unless otherwise provided in an operating 37 agreement, if a person, whether or not then a member, consents to or 38 approves as a member any matter and provides that such consent or 39 approval will be effective at a future time, including a time determined 40 upon the happening of an event, then such person shall be deemed to have 41 consented or approved as a member at such future time so long as such 42 person is then a member. Unless otherwise provided in an operating 43 agreement, on any matter that is to be voted on by members, the members

may vote in person or by proxy, and such proxy may be granted in writing, 1 2 by means of electronic transmission or as otherwise permitted by 3 applicable law. Unless otherwise provided in an operating agreement, a 4 consent or approval transmitted by electronic transmission by a member or 5 by a person or persons authorized to act for a member shall be deemed to 6 be written and signed for purposes of this subsection. For purposes of this 7 subsection, the term "electronic transmission" means any form of 8 communication not directly involving the physical transmission of paper, 9 including the use of, or participation in, one or more electronic networks or databases, including one or more distributed electronic networks or-10 databases, that creates a record that may be retained, retrieved and 11 12 reviewed by a recipient thereof and that may be directly reproduced inpaper form by such a recipient through an automated process. 13

(e) Unless otherwise provided in the operating agreement or in the
Kansas revised limited liability company act, every member holding an
interest in profits shall be entitled to vote.

17 (f) If an operating agreement provides for the manner in which it may 18 be amended, including by requiring the approval or consent of a person 19 who is not a party to the operating agreement or the satisfaction of conditions, it may be amended only in that manner or as otherwise 20 21 permitted by law, including as permitted by K.S.A. 17-7681(e)(d), and 22 amendments thereto, provided that the approval or consent of any person 23 may be waived by such person and that any such conditions may be 24 waived by all persons for whose benefit such conditions were intended. 25 Unless otherwise provided in an operating agreement, a supermajority amendment provision shall only apply to provisions of the operating 26 27 agreement that are expressly included in the operating agreement. As used 28 in this section, "supermajority amendment provision" means any 29 amendment provision set forth in an operating agreement requiring that an amendment to a provision of the operating agreement be adopted by no 30 31 less than the vote or consent or approval required to take action under such 32 latter provision.

(g) If an operating agreement does not provide for the manner in which it may be amended, the operating agreement may be amended with the approval or consent of all of the members or as otherwise permitted by law, including as permitted by K.S.A. 17-7681(e)(d), and amendments thereto. This subsection shall only apply to a limited liability company whose original articles of organization were filed with the secretary of state on or after July 1, 2014.

Sec. 12. K.S.A. 17-7690 is hereby amended to read as follows: 177690. (a) Each member of a limited liability company, in person or by
attorney or other agent, has the right, subject to such reasonable standards,
including standards governing what information, *including books, records*

1

2

3

4

5

and *other* documents-are, *is* to be furnished at what time and location and at whose expense, as may be set forth in an operating agreement or otherwise established by the manager or, if there is no manager, then by the members, to obtain from the limited liability company from time to time upon reasonable demand for any purpose reasonably related to the

6 member's interest as a member of the limited liability company:

7 (1) True and full information regarding the status of the business and8 financial condition of the limited liability company;

9 (2) promptly after becoming available, a copy of the limited liability 10 company's federal, state and local income tax returns for each year;

(3) a current list of the name and last known business, residence ormailing address of each member and manager;

(4) a copy of any written operating agreement and articles of
 organization and all amendments thereto, together with executed copies of
 any written powers of attorney pursuant to which the operating agreement
 and any certificate and all amendments thereto have been executed;

17 (5) true and full information regarding the amount of cash and a 18 description and statement of the agreed value of any other property or 19 services contributed by each member and which each member has agreed 20 to contribute in the future, and the date on which each became a member; 21 and

(6) other information regarding the affairs of the limited liabilitycompany as is just and reasonable.

(b) Each manager shall have the right to examine all of theinformation described in subsection (a) for a purpose reasonably related tothe position of manager.

27 (c) The manager of a limited liability company shall have the right to 28 keep confidential from the members, for such period of time as the 29 manager deems reasonable, any information-which that the manager 30 reasonably believes to be in the nature of trade secrets or other information 31 the disclosure of which the manager in good faith believes is not in the 32 best interest of the limited liability company or could damage the limited 33 liability company or its business or which the limited liability company is 34 required by law or by agreement with a third party to keep confidential.

(d) A limited liability company may maintain its *books*, records *and other documents* in other than a written *paper* form, including on, by
means of, or in the form of any information storage device, method, or one
or more electronic networks or databases, including one or more
distributed electronic networks or databases, if such form is capable of
conversion into-written *paper* form within a reasonable time.

41 (e) Any demand under this section shall be in writing and shall state
42 the purpose of such demand. In every instance where an attorney or other
43 agent is the person who seeks the right to obtain the information described

in subsection (a), the demand shall be accompanied by a power of attorney
 or such other writing that authorizes the attorney or other agent to so act
 on behalf of the member.

4 (f) Any action to enforce any right arising under this section shall be 5 brought in the district court. If the limited liability company refuses to 6 permit a member, or attorney or other agent acting for the member, to 7 obtain or a manager to examine the information described in subsection (a) 8 or does not reply to the demand that has been made within five business 9 days, or such shorter or longer period of time as is provided for in an 10 operating agreement, but not longer than 30 business days, after the demand has been made, the demanding member or manager may apply to 11 12 the district court for an order to compel such disclosure. The district court 13 may summarily order the limited liability company to permit the 14 demanding member to obtain or manager to examine the information described in subsection (a) and to make copies or abstracts therefrom, or 15 the district court may summarily order the limited liability company to 16 17 furnish to the demanding member or manager the information described in 18 subsection (a) on the condition that the demanding member or manager first pay to the limited liability company the reasonable cost of obtaining 19 20 and furnishing such information and on such other conditions as the 21 district court deems appropriate. When a demanding member seeks to 22 obtain or a manager seeks to examine the information described in 23 subsection (a), the demanding member or manager shall first establish: (1) 24 That the demanding member or manager has complied with the provisions 25 of this section respecting the form and manner of making demand for obtaining or examining of such information; and (2) that the information 26 27 the demanding member or manager seeks is reasonably related to the 28 member's interest as a member or the manager's position as a manager, as 29 the case may be. The district court may, in its discretion, prescribe any limitations or conditions with reference to the obtaining or examining of 30 31 information, or award such other or further relief as the district court may deem just and proper. The district court may order books, documents and 32 33 records and other documents, pertinent extracts therefrom, or duly 34 authenticated copies thereof, to be brought within the state of Kansas and 35 kept in the state of Kansas upon such terms and conditions as the order 36 may prescribe.

(g) If a member is entitled to obtain information under the Kansas revised limited liability company act or an operating agreement for a purpose reasonably related to the member's interest as a member or other stated purpose, the member's right shall be to obtain such information as is necessary and essential to achieving that purpose. The rights of a member or manager to obtain or examine information as provided in this section may be expanded or restricted in an original operating agreement or in any subsequent amendment consented to, approved or adopted by all of the members or in compliance with any applicable requirements of the operating agreement. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit the ability to impose restrictions on *expand or restrict* the rights of a member or manager to obtain *or examine* information by any other means permitted under the Kansas revised limited liabilitycompany act by law.

8 (h) A limited liability company shall maintain a current record that
9 identifies the name and last known business, residence, or mailing address
10 of each member and manager.

Sec. 13. K.S.A. 17-7695 is hereby amended to read as follows: 17-11 12 7695. (a) An operating agreement may provide for classes or groups of managers having such relative rights, powers and duties as the operating 13 14 agreement may provide, and may make provision for the future creation in 15 the manner provided in the operating agreement of additional classes or 16 groups of managers having such relative rights, powers and duties as may 17 from time to time be established, including rights, powers and duties 18 senior to existing classes and groups of managers. An operating agreement 19 may provide for the taking of an action, including the amendment of the 20 operating agreement, without the vote, consent or approval of any manager 21 or class or group of managers, including an action to create under the 22 provisions of the operating agreement a class or group of limited liability 23 company interests that was not previously outstanding.

(b) An operating agreement may grant to all or certain identified managers or a specified class or group of the managers the right to vote, separately or with all or any class or group of managers or members, on any matter. Voting by managers may be on a per capita, number, financial interest, class, group or any other basis. Unless otherwise provided in an operating agreement, if more than one manager is appointed, all managers shall have an equal vote per capita.

(c) An operating agreement may set forth provisions relating to notice of the time, place or purpose of any meeting at which any matter is to be voted on by any manager or class or group of managers, waiver of any such notice, action by consent or approval without a meeting, the establishment of a record date, quorum requirements, voting in person or by proxy, or any other matter with respect to the exercise of any such right to vote.

(d) Unless otherwise provided in an operating agreement, meetings of
managers may be held by means of conference telephone or other
communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in
the meeting can hear each other, and participation in a meeting pursuant to
this subsection shall constitute presence in person at the meeting. Unless
otherwise provided in an operating agreement, on any matter that is to be

1 voted on, consented to or approved by the managers, the managers may 2 take such action without a meeting, without prior notice and without a 3 vote, if consented to or approved, in writing, by electronic transmission, or 4 by any other means permitted by law, by managers having not less than the 5 minimum number of votes that would be necessary to authorize or take 6 such action at a meeting at which all managers entitled to vote thereon 7 were present and voted. Unless otherwise provided in an operating 8 agreement, if a person, whether or not then a manager, consents to or 9 approves as a manager any matter and provides that such consent or approval will be effective at a future time, including a time determined 10 upon the happening of an event, then such person shall be deemed to have 11 12 consented or approved as a manager at such future time, so long as such person is then a manager. Unless otherwise provided in an operating 13 14 agreement, on any matter that is to be voted on by managers, the managers 15 may vote in person or by proxy, and such proxy may be granted in writing, 16 by means of electronic transmission or as otherwise permitted by applicable law. Unless otherwise provided in an operating agreement, a 17 18 consent or approval transmitted by electronic transmission by a manager or by a person or persons authorized to act for a manager shall be deemed 19 20 to be written and signed for purposes of this subsection. For purposes of 21 this subsection, the term "electronic transmission" means any form of-22 communication not directly involving the physical transmission of paper, 23 including the use of, or participation in, one or more electronic networks 24 or databases, including one or more distributed electronic networks or-25 databases, that creates a record that may be retained, retrieved and-26 reviewed by a recipient thereof and that may be directly reproduced in-27 paper form by such a recipient through an automated process.

28 Sec. 14. K.S.A. 17-7698 is hereby amended to read as follows: 17-29 7698. Unless otherwise provided in the operating agreement, a member or 30 manager of a limited liability company has the power and authority to 31 delegate to one or more other persons any or all of the member's or 32 manager's, as the case may be, rights, powers and duties to manage and 33 control the business and affairs of the limited liability company. Any such 34 delegation may be made irrespective of whether the member or manager 35 has a conflict of interest with respect to the matter as to which its rights, 36 powers or duties are being delegated, and the person or persons to whom 37 any such rights, powers or duties are being delegated shall not be deemed 38 conflicted solely by reason of the conflict of interest of the member or 39 manager. Any such delegation may be to agents, officers and employees 40 of a member or manager or the limited liability company, and by a 41 management agreement or another agreement with, or otherwise to, other 42 persons, including a committee of one or more persons. Unless otherwise 43 provided in the operating agreement, such delegation by a member or

1 manager shall be irrevocable if it states that it is irrevocable. Unless 2 otherwise provided in the operating agreement, such delegation by a 3 member or manager of a limited liability company shall not cause the 4 member or manager to cease to be a member or manager, as the case may 5 be, of the limited liability company or cause the person to whom any such 6 rights, powers and duties have been delegated to be a member or manager, 7 as the case may be, of the limited liability company. No other provision of 8 the Kansas revised limited liability company act or other law shall be 9 construed to restrict a member's or manager's power and authority to 10 delegate any or all of its rights, powers, and duties to manage and control the business and affairs of the limited liability company. 11

Sec. 15. K.S.A. 2024 Supp. 17-76,136 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 17-76,136. (a) The secretary of state shall charge each domestic
and foreign limited liability company the following fees:

15 (1) A fee of \$20 for issuing or filing and indexing any of the 16 following documents:

17 18 (A) A certificate of amendment of articles of organization;(B) restated articles of organization;

a certificate of merger or consolidation:

19 (C) a certificate of cancellation, which shall be multiplied by the 20 number of series of the limited liability company named in the certificate 21 of cancellation;

(D) a certificate of change of location of registered office or residentagent;

24 25 (E)

(F) a certificate of division; and

26 (G) any certificate, affidavit, agreement or any other paper provided
27 for in the Kansas revised limited liability company act, for which no
28 different fee is specifically prescribed;

29 (2) a fee of \$7.50 for each certified copy, regardless of whether the
 30 secretary of state supplies the copy;

(3) a fee of \$7.50 for each certificate of good standing, including a
certificate of good standing for a series of a limited liability company,
issued by the secretary of state; and

34 (4) a fee of \$20 for a copy of an instrument on file or prepared by the35 secretary of state's office, whether or not the copy is certified.

(b) Every limited liability company hereafter formed in this state shall
pay to the secretary of state, at the time of filing its articles of organization,
an application and recording fee-of established by rules and regulations of
the secretary of state, except that such fee shall not exceed \$150.

40 (c) At the time of filing its application to do business, every foreign
41 limited liability company shall pay to the secretary of state an application
42 and recording fee-of established by rules and regulations of the secretary
43 of state, except that such fee shall not exceed \$150.

1 (d) The fee for filing a certificate of reinstatement shall be the same 2 as that prescribed by K.S.A. 17-7506, and amendments thereto, for filing a 3 certificate of reinstatement of a corporation's articles of incorporation.

4 Sec. 16. K.S.A. 17-76,143 is hereby amended to read as follows: 17-5 76,143. (a) An operating agreement may establish or provide for the 6 establishment of one or more designated series of members, managers, 7 limited liability company interests or assets. If an operating agreement so 8 provides for the establishment or formation of one or more series, then a 9 series may be formed by complying with this section. Any such series may have separate rights, powers or duties with respect to specified property or 10 obligations of the limited liability company or profits and losses associated 11 12 with specified property or obligations, and to the extent provided in the operating agreement, any such series may have a separate business 13 14 purpose or investment objective. A series is formed by the filing of a 15 certificate of designation in the office of the secretary of state. Other than 16 pursuant to K.S.A. 17-76,143a, and amendments thereto, a series may not 17 merge, convert, or consolidate pursuant to any section of the Kansas revised limited liability company act, the business entity transactions act, 18 19 K.S.A. 17-78-101 et seq., and amendments thereto, or any other statute of 20 this state.

21 (b) Notice of the limitation on liabilities of a series as referenced in 22 subsection (c) shall be set forth in the articles of organization of the limited 23 liability company. Notice in articles of organization of the limitation on 24 liabilities of a series as referenced in subsection (c) shall be sufficient for 25 all purposes of this subsection whether or not the limited liability company 26 has formed any series when such notice is included in the articles of 27 organization, and there shall be no requirement that any specific series of 28 the limited liability company be referenced in such notice. The fact that 29 articles of organization that contain the foregoing notice of the limitation 30 on liabilities of a series is on file in the office of the secretary of state shall 31 constitute notice of such limitation on liabilities of a series.

(c) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in the Kansas 32 33 revised limited liability company act or under other applicable law, in the 34 event that an operating agreement establishes or provides for the 35 establishment of one or more series, and if to the extent the records 36 maintained for any series account for the assets associated with such series 37 separately from the other assets of the limited liability company, or any 38 other series thereof, and if the operating agreement so provides, and if 39 notice of the limitation on liabilities of a series as referenced in this 40 subsection is set forth in the articles of organization of the limited liability 41 company and if the limited liability company has filed a certificate of 42 designation for each series-which that is to have limited liability under this 43 section, then the debts, liabilities, obligations and expenses incurred,

1 contracted for or otherwise existing with respect to such series shall be 2 enforceable against the assets of such series only, and not against the assets 3 of the limited liability company generally or any other series thereof, and, 4 unless otherwise provided in the operating agreement, none of the debts, 5 liabilities, obligations and expenses incurred, contracted for or otherwise 6 existing with respect to the limited liability company generally or any 7 other series thereof shall be enforceable against the assets of such series. 8 Neither the preceding sentences nor any provision pursuant thereto in an 9 operating agreement, articles of organization or certificate of designation 10 shall: Restrict a series or limited liability company on behalf of a series from agreeing in the operating agreement or otherwise that any or all of 11 12 the debts, liabilities, obligations, and expenses incurred, contracted for, or otherwise existing with respect to the limited liability company generally 13 14 or any other series thereof shall be enforceable against the assets of such 15 series; or restrict a limited liability company from agreeing in the 16 operating agreement or otherwise that any or all of the debts, liabilities, 17 obligations, and expenses incurred, contracted for, or otherwise existing 18 with respect to a series shall be enforceable against the assets of the 19 limited liability company generally. Assets associated with a series may be 20 held directly or indirectly, including in the name of such series, in the 21 name of the limited liability company, through a nominee or otherwise. 22 Records maintained for a series that reasonably identify its assets, 23 including by specific listing, category, type, quantity, computational, or 24 allocational formula or procedure, including a percentage or share of any 25 asset or assets, or by any other method where the identity of such assets is 26 objectively determinable, will be deemed to account for the assets 27 associated with such series separately from the other assets of the limited 28 liability company, or any other series thereof. As used in the Kansas 29 revised limited liability company act, a reference to assets of a series 30 includes assets associated with such series, a reference to assets associated 31 with a series includes assets of such series, a reference to members or 32 managers of a series includes members or managers associated with such 33 series, and a reference to members or managers associated with a series 34 includes members or managers of such series. The following shall apply to 35 a series:

36 (1) A series may carry on any lawful business, purpose or activity, 37 whether or not for profit, with the exception of the business of granting 38 policies of insurance, assuming insurance risks, or banking as defined in 39 K.S.A. 9-702, and amendments thereto. Unless otherwise provided in an 40 operating agreement, a series shall have the power and capacity to, in its 41 own name, contract, hold title to assets, including real, personal, and 42 intangible property, grant liens and security interests, and sue and be sued 43 and otherwise conduct business and exercise the power of a limited

32

liability company under this article. The limited liability company and 1 2 any of its series may elect to consolidate its operations as a single 3 taxpayer to the extent required to file consolidated tax returns as permitted under applicable law and elect to be treated as a single 4 5 business for the purposes of qualification or authorization to do 6 business in this or any other state. Such elections shall not affect the 7 limitation of liability set forth in this section except to the extent that 8 the series have specifically accepted joint liability by contract.

9 (2) Except as otherwise provided by the Kansas revised limited liability company act, no member or manager of a series shall be obligated 10 personally for any debt, obligation or liability of such series, whether 11 arising in contract, tort or otherwise, solely by reason of being a member 12 or acting as manager of such series. Notwithstanding the preceding 13 14 sentence, under an operating agreement or under another agreement, a 15 member or manager may agree to be obligated personally for any or all of 16 the debts, obligations and liabilities of one or more series.

(3) An operating agreement may provide for classes or groups of 17 members or managers associated with a series having such relative rights, 18 19 powers and duties as the operating agreement may provide, and may make 20 provision for the future creation in the manner provided in the operating 21 agreement of additional classes or groups of members or managers 22 associated with such series having such relative rights, powers and duties 23 as may from time to time be established, including rights, powers and 24 duties senior to existing classes and groups of members or managers 25 associated with such series. An operating agreement may provide for the taking of an action, including the amendment of the operating agreement, 26 27 without the vote, consent or approval of any member or manager or class 28 or group of members or managers, including an action to create under the 29 provisions of the operating agreement a class or group of a series of limited liability company interests that was not previously outstanding. An 30 31 operating agreement may provide that any member or class or group of 32 members associated with a series shall have no voting rights or ability to 33 otherwise participate in the management or governance of such series, 34 but any such member or class or group of members are owners of the 35 series.

36 (4) An operating agreement may grant to all or certain identified 37 members or managers or a specified class or group of the members or 38 managers associated with a series the right to vote separately or with all or 39 any class or group of the members or managers associated with such 40 series, on any matter. Voting by members or managers associated with a 41 series may be on a per capita, number, financial interest, class, group or 42 any other basis.

43 (5) Unless otherwise provided in an operating agreement, the

management of a series shall be vested in the members associated with 1 2 such series in proportion to the then-current percentage or other interest of 3 members in the profits of such series owned by all of the members 4 associated with such series, the decision of members owning more than 5 50% of such percentage or other interest in the profits controlling, except 6 that if an operating agreement provides for the management of a series, in 7 whole or in part, by a manager or managers, the management of such 8 series, to the extent so provided, shall be vested in the manager or 9 managers who shall be chosen in the manner provided in the operating 10 agreement. The manager of a series shall also hold the offices and have the responsibilities accorded to the manager as set forth in an operating 11 12 agreement. A series may have more than one manager. Subject to K.S.A. 17-76,105, and amendments thereto, a manager shall cease to be a 13 14 manager with respect to a series as provided in an operating agreement. 15 Except as otherwise provided in an operating agreement, any event under 16 the Kansas revised limited liability company act or in an operating 17 agreement that causes a manager to cease to be a manager with respect to a 18 series shall not, in itself, cause such manager to cease to be a manager of 19 the limited liability company or with respect to any other series thereof.

20 (6) Notwithstanding K.S.A. 17-76,109, and amendments thereto, but 21 subject to subsections (c)(7) and (c)(10), and unless otherwise provided in 22 an operating agreement, at the time a member of a series becomes entitled 23 to receive a distribution with respect to such series, the member has the 24 status of, and is entitled to all remedies available to, a creditor of such 25 series, with respect to the distribution. An operating agreement may 26 provide for the establishment of a record date with respect to allocations 27 and distributions with respect to a series.

28 (7) Notwithstanding K.S.A. 17-76,110(a), and amendments thereto, a 29 limited liability company may make a distribution with respect to a series. 30 A limited liability company shall not make a distribution with respect to a 31 series to a member to the extent that at the time of the distribution, after 32 giving effect to the distribution, all liabilities of such series, other than liabilities to members on account of their limited liability company 33 34 interests with respect to such series and liabilities for which the recourse of 35 creditors is limited to specified property of such series, exceed the fair 36 value of the assets associated with such series, except that the fair value of 37 property of such series that is subject to a liability for which the recourse 38 of creditors is limited shall be included in the assets associated with such 39 series only to the extent that the fair value of that property exceeds that 40 liability. For purposes of the immediately preceding sentence, the term 41 "distribution" shall not include amounts constituting reasonable 42 compensation for present or past services or reasonable payments made in 43 the ordinary course of business pursuant to a bona fide retirement plan or

34

1 other benefits program. A member who receives a distribution in violation 2 of this subsection, and who knew at the time of the distribution that the 3 distribution violated this subsection, shall be liable to the series for the 4 amount of the distribution. A member who receives a distribution in 5 violation of this subsection, and who did not know at the time of the 6 distribution that the distribution violated this subsection, shall not be liable 7 for the amount of the distribution. Subject to K.S.A. 17-76,110(c), and 8 amendments thereto, which shall apply to any distribution made with 9 respect to a series under this subsection, this subsection shall not affect any 10 obligation or liability of a member under an agreement or other applicable 11 law for the amount of a distribution

12 (8) Unless otherwise provided in the operating agreement, a member 13 shall cease to be associated with a series and to have the power to exercise any rights or powers of a member with respect to such series upon the 14 15 assignment of all of the member's limited liability company interest with 16 respect to such series. Except as otherwise provided in an operating 17 agreement, any event under the Kansas revised limited liability company 18 act or an operating agreement that causes a member to cease to be 19 associated with a series shall not, in itself, cause such member to cease to 20 be associated with any other series or terminate the continued membership 21 of a member in the limited liability company or cause the dissolution of 22 the series, regardless of whether such member was the last remaining 23 member associated with such series.

24 (9) Subject to K.S.A. 17-76,116, and amendments thereto, except to 25 the extent otherwise provided in the operating agreement, a series may be 26 dissolved and its affairs wound up without causing the dissolution of the 27 limited liability company. The dissolution of a series shall not affect the 28 limitation on liabilities of such series provided by this subsection-(e). A 29 series is dissolved and its affairs shall be wound up upon the dissolution of 30 the limited liability company under K.S.A. 17-76,116, and amendments 31 thereto, or otherwise upon the first to occur of the following: 32

(A) At the time specified in the operating agreement;

33 (B) upon the happening of events specified in the operating 34 agreement;

35 (C) unless otherwise provided in the operating agreement, upon the 36 vote, consent or approval of members associated with such series who own 37  $^{2}/_{3}$  or more of the then-current percentage or other interest in the profits of 38 such series of the limited liability company owned by all of the members 39 associated with such series: or

40

(D) the dissolution of such series under subsection (c)(11).

41 (10) Notwithstanding K.S.A. 17-76,118(a), and amendments thereto, 42 unless otherwise provided in the operating agreement, a manager 43 associated with a series who has not wrongfully dissolved such series or, if

1 none, the members associated with such series or a person consented to or 2 approved by the members associated with such series, in either case, by 3 members who own more than 50% of the then-current percentage or other 4 interest in the profits of such series owned by all of the members 5 associated with such series, may wind up the affairs of such series, but the 6 district court, upon cause shown, may wind up the affairs of a series upon 7 application of any member or manager associated with such series, or the 8 member's personal representative or assignee, and in connection therewith, 9 may appoint a liquidating trustee. The persons winding up the affairs of a series may, in the name of the limited liability company and for and on 10 behalf of the limited liability company and such series, take all actions 11 with respect to such series as are permitted under K.S.A. 17-76,118(b), and 12 13 amendments thereto. The persons winding up the affairs of a series shall 14 provide for the claims and obligations of such series and distribute the 15 assets of such series as provided in K.S.A. 17-76,119, and amendments 16 thereto, which section shall apply to the winding up and distribution of assets of a series. Actions taken in accordance with this subsection shall 17 18 not affect the liability of members and shall not impose liability on a 19 liquidating trustee.

20 (11) On application by or for a member or manager associated with a 21 series, the district court may decree dissolution of such series whenever it 22 is not reasonably practicable to carry on the business of such series in 23 conformity with an operating agreement.

24 (12) For all purposes of the laws of the state of Kansas, a series is an 25 association, regardless of the number of members or managers, if any, of 26 such series.

27 (d) In order to form a series of a limited liability company, a 28 certificate of designation must be filed in accordance with this subsection. (1) (A) A certificate of designation shall set forth:

29 30

(i) The name of the limited liability company; and

31

(ii) the name of the series.

32

(B) A certificate of designation may include any other matter that the 33 members of such series determine to include therein.

34 (C) A certificate of designation properly filed with the secretary of 35 state prior to July 1, 2020, shall be deemed to comply with the 36 requirements of this paragraph.

37 (2) A certificate of designation shall be executed in accordance with 38 K.S.A. 17-7908(b), and amendments thereto, and shall be filed in the 39 office of the secretary of state in accordance with K.S.A. 17-7910, and 40 amendments thereto. A certificate of designation is not an amendment to 41 the articles of organization of the limited liability company.

42 (3) A certificate of designation may be amended by filing a certificate 43 of amendment thereto in the office of the secretary of state.

36

1 (A) The certificate of amendment *of certificate of designation* shall 2 set forth:

3

(i) The name of the limited liability company;

(ii) the name of the series; and

4 5

(iii) the amendment to the certificate of designation.

6 (B) A certificate of designation properly filed with the secretary of 7 state prior to July 1, 2020, that changed a previously filed certificate of 8 designation shall be deemed to be a certificate of amendment thereto for 9 purposes of this paragraph.

10 (4) A manager of a series or, if there is no manager, then any member 11 of a series who becomes aware that any statement in a certificate of 12 designation filed with respect to such series was false when made, or that 13 any matter described therein has changed making the certificate of 14 designation false in any material respect *or noncompliant with subsection* 15 (e)(1), shall promptly amend the certificate of designation.

16 (5) A certificate of designation may be amended at any time for any17 other proper purpose.

18 (6) Unless otherwise provided in the Kansas revised limited liability 19 company act or unless a later effective date or time, which shall be a date 20 or time certain, is provided for in the certificate of amendment *of* 21 *certificate of designation*, a certificate of amendment *of certificate of* 22 *designation* shall be effective at the time of its filing with the secretary of 23 state.

24 (7) A certificate of designation shall be canceled upon the 25 cancellation of the articles of organization of the limited liability company named in the certificate of designation, or upon the filing of a certificate of 26 27 cancellation of the certificate of designation, or upon the future effective 28 date or time of a certificate of cancellation of the certificate of designation, 29 or as provided in K.S.A. 17-76,139(d)(g), and amendments thereto, or upon the filing of a certificate of merger or consolidation-if the of a series 30 31 if the series is not the surviving or resulting series in a merger or 32 consolidation or upon the future effective date or time of a certificate of 33 merger or consolidation of a series if the series is not the surviving or 34 resulting series in a merger or consolidation. A certificate of cancellation 35 of the certificate of designation may be filed at any time, and shall be filed, 36 in the office of the secretary of state to accomplish the cancellation of a 37 certificate of designation upon the dissolution of a series for which a 38 certificate of designation was filed and completion of the winding up of 39 such series

40 (A) A certificate of cancellation of the certificate of designation shall 41 set forth:

(i) The name of the limited liability company;

43 (ii) the name of the series;

42

1 (iii) the future effective date or time, which shall be a date or time 2 certain, of cancellation if it is not to be effective upon the filing of the 3 certificate of cancellation; and

4

(iv) any other information the person filing the certificate of cancellation of the certificate of designation determines.

5 6

7

8

24

(B) A certificate of designation properly filed with the secretary of state prior to July 1, 2020, that dissolved a series shall be deemed to be a certificate of cancellation thereto for purposes of this paragraph.

9 (8) A certificate of cancellation of the certificate of designation that is 10 filed in the office of the secretary of state prior to the dissolution or the 11 completion of winding up of a series may be corrected as an erroneously 12 executed certificate of cancellation of the certificate of designation by 13 filing with the office of the secretary of state a certificate of correction of 14 such certificate of cancellation of the certificate of designation in 15 accordance with K.S.A. 17-7912, and amendments thereto.

(9) The secretary of state shall not issue a certificate of good standing
with respect to a series if the certificate of designation is canceled or the
limited liability company has ceased to be in good standing.

19 (e) The name of each series as set forth in its certificate of 20 designation:

(1) Shall include the name of the limited liability company, including
any word, abbreviation or designation required by K.S.A. 17-7920, and
amendments thereto;

(2) may contain the name of a member or manager;

(3) must comply with the requirements of K.S.A. 17-7918, andamendments thereto, to the same extent as a covered entity; and

(4) may contain any word permitted by K.S.A. 17-7920, and
amendments thereto, and may not contain any word prohibited to be
included in the name of a limited liability company under Kansas law.

30 (f) If a foreign limited liability company that is registered to do 31 business in this state in accordance with K.S.A. 17-7931, and amendments 32 thereto, is governed by an operating agreement that establishes or provides 33 for the establishment of a series of members, managers, limited liability 34 company interests or assets having separate rights, powers or duties with 35 respect to specified property or obligations of the foreign limited liability 36 company or profits and losses associated with specified property or 37 obligations, that fact shall be so stated on the application for registration as 38 a foreign limited liability company. In addition, the foreign limited liability 39 company shall state on such application whether the debts, liabilities and 40 obligations incurred, contracted for or otherwise existing with respect to a 41 particular series, if any, are enforceable against the assets of such series 42 only, and not against the assets of the foreign limited liability company 43 generally or any other series thereof, and whether any of the debts, liabilities, obligations and expenses incurred, contracted for or otherwise
 existing with respect to the foreign limited liability company generally or
 any other series thereof shall be enforceable against the assets of such
 series.

5 (g) (1) If an operating agreement provides the manner in which a 6 dissolution of a series may be revoked, it may be revoked in such manner 7 and, unless the limited liability company has dissolved and such 8 dissolution has not been revoked or the operating agreement prohibits revocation of dissolution of a series, then notwithstanding the occurrence 9 of an event set forth in subsection (c)(9)(A) through (C), the series shall 10 not be dissolved and the series' affairs shall not be wound up if, prior to 11 12 the filing of a certificate of cancellation of the certificate of designation in the office of the secretary of state, the series is continued, effective as of 13 14 the occurrence of such event:

15 (A) In the case of dissolution effected by the vote or consent of the 16 members associated with the series, or other persons whose approval is 17 required for such dissolution pursuant to the operating agreement 18 pursuant to such vote or consent, and the approval of any members 19 associated with the series or other persons whose approval is required 20 under the operating agreement to revoke a dissolution contemplated by 21 this paragraph; and

22 (B) in the case of dissolution under subsection (c)(9)(A) or (B), other 23 than a dissolution effected by the vote or consent of the members associated with the series, or other persons whose approval is required for 24 25 such dissolution pursuant to the operating agreement, pursuant to such vote or consent that, pursuant to the terms of the operating agreement, is 26 27 required to amend the provision of the operating agreement effecting such 28 dissolution, and the approval of any members associated with the series or 29 other persons whose approval is required under the operating agreement 30 to revoke a dissolution contemplated by this paragraph.

31 (2) If a series is dissolved by the dissolution of the limited liability company, unless a certificate of cancellation of the certificate of 32 33 designation with respect to such series has been filed in the office of the 34 secretary of state or the operating agreement prohibits revocation of dissolution of the series, the dissolution of the series shall be 35 36 automatically revoked upon any revocation of dissolution of the limited 37 liability company in accordance with K.S.A. 17-76,145, and amendments 38 thereto.

39 (3) The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit
40 the accomplishment of a revocation of dissolution of a series by other
41 means permitted by law.

42 (h) An operating agreement may impose restrictions, duties and 43 obligations on members of the limited liability company or any series

thereof as a manner of internal governance, including, without 1 2 limitation, those with regard to:

(1) Choice of law, forum selection or consent to personal 3 4 jurisdiction;

5

10

(2) capital contributions;

6 (3) restrictions on, or terms and conditions of, the transfer of 7 membership interests;

8 (4) restrictive covenants. including noncompetition, 9 nonsolicitation and confidentiality provisions;

(5) fiduciary duties; and

(6) restrictions, duties or obligations to or for the benefit of the 11 12 limited liability company, other series thereof or their affiliates.

The wrongful transfer of property from a series to another 13 (i) series or the limited liability company as a whole with intent to hinder, 14 delay or defraud creditors of their just and lawful debts or damages, 15 16 or to defraud, shall be subject to K.S.A. 33-102, and amendments 17 thereto.

18 Sec. 17. K.S.A. 17-76,143a is hereby amended to read as follows: 17-19 76,143a. (a) Pursuant to an agreement of merger or consolidation, one or 20 more series may merge or consolidate with or into one or more other series 21 of the same limited liability company with such series as the agreement 22 shall provide being the surviving or resulting series. Unless otherwise 23 provided in the operating agreement, an agreement of merger or 24 consolidation shall be consented to or approved by each series that is to 25 merge or consolidate by members of such series who own more than 50% of the then-current percentage or other interest in the profits of such series 26 27 owned by all of the members of such series. In connection with a merger 28 or consolidation hereunder, rights or securities of, or interests in, a series 29 which that is a constituent party to the merger or consolidation may be exchanged for or converted into cash, property, rights, or securities of, or 30 31 interests in, the surviving or resulting series or, in addition to or in lieu 32 thereof, may be exchanged for or converted into cash, property, rights, or 33 securities of, or interests in, an entity as defined in K.S.A. 17-78-102, and 34 amendments thereto, that is not the surviving or resulting series in the merger or consolidation, may remain outstanding or may be canceled. 35 36 Notwithstanding prior consent or approval, an agreement of merger or 37 consolidation may be terminated or amended pursuant to a provision for 38 such termination or amendment contained in the agreement of merger or 39 consolidation

40 (b) If a series is merging or consolidating under this section, the series surviving or resulting in or from the merger or consolidation shall 41 file a certificate of merger or consolidation of series executed by one or 42 43 more authorized persons on behalf of the series when it is the surviving or

resulting series in the office of the secretary of state. The certificate of
 merger or consolidation *of series* shall state:

3 (1) The name of each series that is to merge or consolidate and the 4 name of the limited liability company that formed such series;

5 (2) that an agreement of merger or consolidation has been consented 6 to or approved and executed by or on behalf of each series that is to merge 7 or consolidate;

8

(3) the name of the surviving or resulting series;

9 (4) such amendment amendments, if any, to the certificate of 10 designation of the series that is the surviving or resulting series to change 11 the name of the surviving series, as is are desired to be effected by the 12 merger, and such amendments may amend and restate the certificate of 13 designation of the surviving series in its enirety;

(5) the future effective date or time, which shall be a date or time
certain, of the merger or consolidation if it is not to be effective upon the
filing of the certificate of merger or consolidation;

(6) that the agreement of merger or consolidation is on file at a place
of business of the surviving or resulting series or the limited liability
company that formed such series and shall state the address thereof; and

(7) that a copy of the agreement of merger or consolidation will be
furnished by the surviving or resulting series, upon request and without
cost, to any member of any series that is to merge or consolidate.

(c) Unless a future effective date or time is provided in a certificate of
 merger or consolidation, a merger or consolidation *of series* pursuant to
 this section shall be effective upon the filing of a certificate of merger or
 consolidation *of series* in the office of the secretary of state.

27 (d) A certificate of merger or consolidation of series shall act as a 28 certificate of cancellation of the certificate of designation of the series that 29 is not the surviving or resulting series in the merger or consolidation. A 30 certificate of merger or consolidation of series that sets forth any 31 amendment in accordance with subsection (b)(4) shall be deemed to be an 32 amendment to the certificate of designation of the surviving-or resulting 33 series, and no further action shall be required to amend the certificate of 34 designation of the surviving-or resulting series under K.S.A. 17-76,143, 35 and amendments thereto, with respect to such amendments set forth in-the 36 such certificate of merger or consolidation of series. Whenever this section 37 requires the filing of a certificate of merger or consolidation of series, such 38 requirement shall be deemed satisfied by the filing of an agreement of 39 merger or consolidation containing the information required by this section 40 to be set forth in the such certificate of merger or consolidation.

41 (e) An agreement of merger or consolidation consented to or
 42 approved in accordance with subsection (a) may effect any amendment to
 43 the operating agreement relating solely to the series that are constituent

1 parties to the merger or consolidation. Any amendment to an operating 2 agreement relating solely to the series that are constituent parties to the 3 merger or consolidation made pursuant to the foregoing sentence shall be 4 effective at the effective time or date of the merger or consolidation and 5 shall be effective notwithstanding any provision of the operating 6 agreement relating to amendment of the operating agreement, other than a 7 provision that by its terms applies to an amendment to the operating 8 agreement in connection with a merger or consolidation. The provisions of 9 this subsection shall not be construed to limit the accomplishment of a 10 merger or of any of the matters referred to herein by any other means provided for in an operating agreement or other agreement or as otherwise 11 12 permitted by law, including that the operating agreement relating to any 13 constituent series to the merger or consolidation, including a series formed 14 for the purpose of consummating a merger or consolidation, shall be the operating agreement of the surviving or resulting series. 15

16 (f) (1) (A) When any merger or consolidation shall have become effective under this section, for all purposes of the laws of the state of 17 18 Kansas, all of the rights, privileges and powers of each of the series that have merged or consolidated, and all property, real, personal and mixed, 19 20 and all debts due to any of such series, as well as all other things and 21 causes of action belonging to each of such series, shall be vested in the 22 surviving or resulting series, and shall thereafter be the property of the 23 surviving or resulting series as they were of each of the series that have 24 merged or consolidated, and the title to any real property vested by deed or 25 otherwise, under the laws of the state of Kansas, in any of such series, 26 shall not revert or be in any way impaired by reason of the Kansas revised 27 limited liability company act.

(B) All rights of creditors and all liens upon any property of any of
the series that have merged or consolidated shall be preserved unimpaired,
and all debts, liabilities and duties of each of such series that have merged
or consolidated shall thereafter attach to the surviving or resulting series,
and may be enforced against it to the same extent as if such debts,
liabilities and duties had been incurred or contracted by it.

(2) Unless otherwise agreed, a merger or consolidation of a series that
is not the surviving or resulting series in the merger or consolidation, shall
not require such series to wind up its affairs under K.S.A. 17-76,143, and
amendments thereto, or pay its liabilities and distribute its assets under
K.S.A. 17-76,143, and amendments thereto, and the merger or
consolidation shall not constitute a dissolution of such series.

40 (g) An operating agreement may provide that a series of such limited
41 liability company shall not have the power to merge or consolidate as set
42 forth in this section.

43 (h) This section shall take effect on and after July 1, 2020.

Sec. 18. K.S.A. 17-76,145 is hereby amended to read as follows: 17-1 2 76,145. (a) If an operating agreement provides the manner in which a 3 dissolution may be revoked, it may be revoked in that manner and, unless an operating agreement prohibits revocation of dissolution, then 4 5 notwithstanding the occurrence of an event set forth in K.S.A. 17-6 76,116(a)(1) through (a)(4), and amendments thereto, the limited liability 7 company shall not be dissolved and its affairs shall not be wound up if, 8 prior to the filing of a certificate of cancellation with the secretary of state, 9 the limited liability company is continued, effective as of the occurrence of 10 such event:

(1) In the case of dissolution effected by the vote, consent or approval of the members, or other persons whose vote, consent or approval is required for such dissolution pursuant to the operating agreement, pursuant to such vote, consent or approval, and the vote, consent or approval of any members or other persons whose vote, consent or approval is required under the operating agreement to revoke a dissolution contemplated by this paragraph;

18 (2) in the case of dissolution under K.S.A. 17-76,116(a)(1) or (2), and 19 amendments thereto, other than a dissolution effected by the vote, consent 20 or approval of the members, or other persons whose vote, consent or 21 approval is required for such dissolution pursuant to the operating 22 agreement, or the occurrence of an event that causes the last remaining 23 member to cease to be a member, pursuant to such vote, consent or 24 approval that, pursuant to the terms of the operating agreement, is required 25 to amend the provision of the operating agreement effecting such 26 dissolution, and the vote, consent or approval of any members or other 27 persons whose vote, consent or approval is required under the operating 28 agreement to revoke a dissolution contemplated by this paragraph; and

29 (3) in the case of dissolution effected by the occurrence of an event 30 that causes the last remaining member to cease to be a member, pursuant 31 to the vote, consent or approval of the personal representative of the last 32 remaining member of the limited liability company or the assignee of all 33 of the limited liability company interests in the limited liability company, 34 and the vote, consent, or approval of any other person whose vote, consent 35 or approval is required under the operating agreement to revoke a dissolution contemplated by this paragraph. 36

(b) If there is no remaining member of the limited liability company and the personal representative of the last remaining member or the assignee of all of the limited liability company interests in the limited liability company votes in favor of, consents to or approves the continuation of the limited liability company, such personal representative or such assignee, as applicable, shall be required to agree to the admission of a nominee or designee as a member, effective as of the occurrence of the event that terminated the continued membership of the last remaining
 member.

3 (c) The provisions of this section shall not be construed to limit the 4 accomplishment of a revocation of dissolution by other means permitted 5 by law.

6 Sec. 19. K.S.A. 17-76,146 is hereby amended to read as follows: 17-7 76,146. (a) A domestic limited liability company whose articles of 8 organization or a foreign limited liability company whose authority to do 9 business has been canceled or forfeited pursuant to K.S.A. 17-7926(b), 17-10 7929(b) or 17-7934(f), and amendments thereto, or whose articles of organization or authority to do business has been forfeited pursuant to 11 12 K.S.A. 17-76,139(d)(g), and amendments thereto, may be reinstated by 13 filing with the secretary of state a certificate of reinstatement of limited 14 liability company accompanied by the payment of the fee required by 15 K.S.A. 17-76,136(d), and amendments thereto, and payment of the 16 business entity information report fees due under K.S.A. 17-76,139(c), and 17 amendments thereto, for all past due reports for the immediately preceding 10 years, and payment to the secretary of state an amount equal to all fees 18 19 and any penalties due. The certificate of reinstatement of limited liability 20 *company* shall set forth:

(1) The name of the limited liability company at the time its articles
of organization or authority to do business was canceled or forfeited and, if
such name is not available at the time of reinstatement, the name under
which the limited liability company is to be reinstated;

(2) the address of the limited liability company's registered office in
the state of Kansas and the name and address of the limited liability
company's resident agent in the state of Kansas;

(3) a statement that the certificate of reinstatement *of limited liability company* is filed by one or more persons authorized to execute and file-the
 *such* certificate of reinstatement to reinstate the limited liability company;
 and

(4) any other matters the persons executing the certificate of
 reinstatement *of limited liability company* determine to include therein.

(b) The certificate of reinstatement *of limited liability company* shall be deemed to be an amendment to the articles of organization or application for registration of the limited liability company, and the limited liability company shall not be required to take any further action to amend its articles of organization or application for registration under K.S.A. 17-7674 or K.S.A. 17-7935, and amendments thereto, with respect to the matters set forth in-the *such* certificate of reinstatement.

41 (c) Upon the filing of a certificate of reinstatement *of limited liability* 42 *company*, a limited liability company-and all, *each* series thereof-that have
 43 been formed and whose certificate of designation has-not been canceled

HB 2371—Am. by SC

prior to as a result of the cancellation of the articles of organization of the 1 2 limited liability company pursuant to K.S.A. 17-7926(b), 17-7929(b) or 3 17-7934(c), and amendments thereto, and each series thereof that has not 4 been terminated and wound up, shall be reinstated with the same force and 5 effect as if its the articles of organization or authority to do business of the 6 limited liability company had not been canceled or forfeited pursuant to 7 K.S.A. 17-76,139(d)(g)-or K.S.A., 17-7926(b), 17-7929(b) or 17-7934(f), 8 and amendments thereto. Such reinstatement shall validate all contracts, 9 acts, matters and things made, done and performed by the limited liability 10 company, its any series thereof or by the members, managers, employees 11 and agents of the limited liability company during the time when-its the articles of organization or authority to do business was canceled or 12 forfeited pursuant to K.S.A. 17-76,139(d)(g)-or-K.S.A., 17-7926(b), 17-13 14 7929(b) or 17-7934(f), and amendments thereto, with the same force and effect and to all intents and purposes as if the articles of organization or 15 authority to do business of the limited liability company had remained in 16 17 full force and effect. All real and personal property, and all rights and 18 interests, which that belonged to the limited liability company or any series thereof at the time-its the articles of organization or authority to do 19 20 business of the limited liability company was canceled or forfeited 21 pursuant to K.S.A. 17-76,139(d)(g)-or-K.S.A., 17-7926(b), 17-7929(b) or 22 17-7934(f), and amendments thereto, or which that were acquired by the 23 limited liability company following the cancellation or forfeiture of its 24 articles of organization or authority to do business pursuant to K.S.A. 17-25 76,139<del>(d)</del>(g) or K.S.A., 17-7926(b), 17-7929(b) or 17-7934(f), and 26 amendments thereto, and which that were not disposed of prior to the time 27 of-its the limited liability company reinstatement, shall be vested in the 28 limited liability company or the applicable series after-its the 29 reinstatement as fully as they were held by the limited liability company 30 or the applicable series at, and after, as the case may be, the time-its that 31 the articles of organization or authority to do business of the limited liability company was canceled or forfeited pursuant to K.S.A. 17-32 33 76,139<del>(d)</del>(g) or K.S.A., 17-7926(b), 17-7929(b) or 17-7934(f), and 34 amendments thereto. After-its the reinstatement of the limited liability 35 company, the limited liability company and any series thereof shall be as 36 exclusively liable for all contracts, acts, matters and things made, done or 37 performed in-its the name of and on-its behalf of the limited liability 38 company or such series by-its the members, managers, employees and 39 agents prior to its the reinstatement as if its the articles of organization or 40 authority to do business of the limited liability company had at all times 41 remained in full force and effect.

42 Sec. 20. K.S.A. 17-76,148 is hereby amended to read as follows: 17-43 76,148. K.S.A. 17-76,148 through 17-76,155, and amendments thereto,

apply to all statutory public benefit limited liability companies, as defined 1 in K.S.A. 17-76,149, and amendments thereto. If a limited liability 2 3 company is formed as or elects to become a statutory public benefit limited liability company-under K.S.A. 17-76,148 through 17-76,155, and 4 5 amendments thereto, in the manner prescribed in K.S.A. 17-76,148 6 through 17-76,155, and amendments thereto this section, it such limited 7 *liability company* shall be subject in all respects to the provisions of the 8 Kansas revised limited liability company act, except to the extent that 9 K.S.A. 17-76,148 through 17-76,155, and amendments thereto, impose additional or different requirements, such additional or different 10 11 requirements shall apply, and notwithstanding K.S.A. 17-76,134, and 12 amendments thereto, or any other provision of the Kansas revised limited liability company act, such additional or different requirements imposed 13 by K.S.A. 17-76,148 through 17-76,155, and amendments thereto, may not 14 15 be altered in the operating agreement. If a limited liability company is not 16 formed as a statutory public benefit limited liability company, such limited liability company may become a statutory public benefit limited liability 17 18 company in the manner specified in its operating agreement or by 19 amending its operating agreement and articles of organization to comply 20 with the requirements of K.S.A. 17-76,148 through 17-76,155, and 21 amendments thereto.

22 Sec. 21. K.S.A. 17-76,149 is hereby amended to read as follows: 17-23 76,149. (a) A "statutory public benefit limited liability company" is a forprofit limited liability company formed under and subject to the 24 25 requirements of the Kansas revised limited liability company act that is 26 intended to produce a public benefit or public benefits and to operate in a 27 responsible and sustainable manner. To that end, a statutory public benefit 28 limited liability company shall be managed in a manner that balances the 29 members' pecuniary interests, the best interests of those materially affected 30 by the limited liability company's conduct, and the public benefit or public 31 benefits set forth in its operating agreement and in its articles of 32 organization. A statutory public benefit limited liability company shall 33 state in its operating agreement and in the heading of its articles of 34 organization that it is a statutory public benefit limited liability company-35 and shall set forth *in its operating agreement and articles of organization* 36 one or more specific public benefits to be promoted by the limited liability 37 company. In the event of any inconsistency between the public benefit or 38 benefits to be promoted by the limited liability company as set forth in its 39 operating agreement and in its articles of organization-, the operating 40 agreement shall control as among the members, the managers and other 41 persons who are party to or otherwise bound by the operating agreement. A manager of a statutory public benefit limited liability company may not 42 43 contain any provision or, if there is no manager, then any member of a

## HB 2371—Am. by SC

statutory public benefit limited liability company who becomes aware that
 the specific public benefit or benefits to be promoted by the limited

liability company as set forth in its operating agreement are inaccurately
set forth in its articles of organization, shall promptly amend the articles
of organization. Any provision in the operating agreement or articles of
organization of a statutory public benefit limited liability company that is
inconsistent with K.S.A. 17-76,148 through 17-76,155, and amendments
thereto, shall not be effective to the extent of such inconsistency.

9 (b) "Public benefit" means a positive effect, or reduction of negative 10 effects, on one or more categories of persons, entities, communities or interests, other than members in their capacities as members, including, 11 12 but not limited to, effects of an artistic, charitable, cultural, economic, 13 educational, environmental, literary, medical, religious, scientific or 14 technological nature. "Public benefit provisions" means the provisions of 15 the articles of organization, an operating agreement, or both, in either case 16 as contemplated by K.S.A. 17-76,148 through 17-76,155, and amendments 17 thereto

18 (c) If the name of a statutory public benefit limited liability company 19 does not contain the term "statutory public benefit limited liability company," or the abbreviation "S.P.B.L.L.C.," or the designation 20 21 "SPBLLC," or words or abbreviations of like import in other languages if 22 they are written in Roman characters or letters, the statutory public benefit 23 limited liability company shall, prior to issuing any limited liability 24 company interest, provide notice to any person to whom such limited 25 liability company interest is issued that it is a statutory public benefit 26 limited liability company. Such notice need not be provided if the issuance 27 is pursuant to an offering registered under the securities act of 1933, 15 28 U.S.C. § 77r et seq., or if, at the time of issuance, the statutory public 29 benefit limited liability company has a class of securities that is registered 30 under the securities exchange act of 1934, 15 U.S.C. § 78a et seq.

31 Sec. 22. K.S.A. 17-76,151 is hereby amended to read as follows: 17-32 76,151. (a) The members, managers or other persons with authority to 33 manage or direct the business and affairs of a statutory public benefit 34 limited liability company shall manage or direct the business and affairs of 35 the statutory public benefit limited liability company in a manner that 36 balances the pecuniary interests of the members, the best interests of those 37 materially affected by the limited liability company's conduct, and the 38 specific public benefit or public benefits set forth in its operating 39 agreement and articles of organization. Unless otherwise provided in an 40 operating agreement, a member, manager or other person with authority to 41 manage or direct the business and affairs of the statutory public benefit 42 limited liability company shall not have any liability for monetary 43 damages for the failure to manage or direct the business and affairs of the

statutory public benefit limited liability company as provided in this
 subsection.

3 (b) A member, manager or other person with authority to manage or 4 direct the business and affairs of the statutory public benefit limited 5 liability company shall not, by virtue of the public benefit provisions or 6 K.S.A. 2024 Supp. 17-76,149(a), and amendments thereto, have any duty 7 to any person on account of any interest of such person in the public 8 benefit or public benefits set forth in its operating agreement and articles 9 of organization or on account of any interest materially affected by the limited liability company's conduct and, with respect to a decision 10 implicating the balance requirement in subsection (a), will be deemed to 11 12 satisfy such person's fiduciary duties to members and the limited liability company if such person's decision is both informed and disinterested and 13 14 not such that no person of ordinary, sound judgment would approve.

Sec. 23. K.S.A. 17-76,152 is hereby amended to read as follows: 17-76,152. (a) A statutory public benefit limited liability company, at least annually, shall provide its members with a statement as to the limited liability company's promotion of the public benefit or public benefits set forth in its *operating agreement and* articles of organization and as to the best interests of those materially affected by the limited liability company's conduct. The statement shall include:

(1) The objectives that have been established to promote such publicbenefit or public benefits and interests;

(2) the standards that have been adopted to measure the limited
liability company's progress in promoting such public benefit or public
benefits and interests;

(3) objective factual information based on those standards regarding
the limited liability company's success in meeting the objectives for
promoting such public benefit or public benefits and interests; and

(4) an assessment of the limited liability company's success in
 meeting the objectives and promoting such public benefit or public
 benefits and interests.

(b) A statutory public benefit limited liability company shall provide
the statement in subsection (a) to its members at the time prescribed by
K.S.A. 17-76,139, and amendments thereto, for the filing of the statutory
public benefit limited liability company's annual report.

(c) The statement described in subsection (a) shall be based on a third-party standard. A "third-party standard" means a standard for defining, reporting and assessing promotion of the public benefit or public benefits identified in the statutory public benefit limited liability company's *operating agreement or* articles of organization that: (1) Is developed by a person or entity that is independent of the statutory public benefit limited liability company; and (2) is transparent because the

48

1 following information about the standard is publicly available: (A) The 2 factors considered when measuring the performance of a business; (B) the 3 relative weightings of those factors; and (C) the identity of the persons 4 who developed the standard and who control changes to the standard and 5 the process by which those changes are made. For purposes of this section, 6 the term "independent" means having no material relationship with the 7 statutory public benefit limited liability company or any of its members, 8 managers, affiliates or other persons with authority to manage or direct the business and affairs of the statutory public benefit limited liability 9 10 company.

11 (d) A statutory public benefit limited liability company shall post its 12 most recent statement described in subsection (a) on the public portion of its website, if any, concurrently with the delivery of such statement to its 13 14 members under subsection (b). If a statutory public benefit limited liability 15 company does not have a website, it shall provide a copy of such 16 statement, without charge, to any person that requests a copy. Any compensation paid to any person and any other financial or proprietary 17 18 information contained in the statement described in subsection (a) may be 19 omitted from any statement that is publicly posted or provided to any 20 person pursuant to this subsection, other than a statement provided to a 21 member, manager or other person with authority to manage or direct the 22 business and affairs of the statutory public benefit limited liability 23 company.

24 (e) The articles of organization or the operating agreement of a 25 statutory public benefit limited liability company may require that the statutory public benefit limited liability company obtain a periodic third-26 27 party certification addressing the statutory public benefit limited liability 28 company's promotion of the public benefit or public benefits identified in 29 the operating agreement or articles of organization or the best interests of 30 those materially affected by the statutory public benefit limited liability 31 company's conduct, or both.

Sec. 24. K.S.A. 17-78-205 is hereby amended to read as follows: 1778-205. (a) A certificate of merger shall be signed on behalf of the
surviving entity and filed with the secretary of state.

35

(b) A certificate of merger shall contain:

36 (1) The name, jurisdiction of organization and type of each merging37 entity that is not the surviving entity;

38 (2) the name, jurisdiction of organization and type of the surviving39 entity;

40 (3) if the certificate of merger is not to be effective upon filing, the
41 later date and time when it will become effective, which shall not be more
42 than 90 days after the date of filing;

43 (4) a statement that the merger-was will be approved by each

domestic merging entity, if any, in accordance with K.S.A. 17-78-201
 through 17-78-206, and amendments thereto, *prior to the time that the certificate of merger becomes effective* or if not required to be approved
 under the circumstances stated in K.S.A. 17-78-203(c), and amendments
 thereto, a statement that the circumstances stated in K.S.A. 17-78-203(c),
 and amendments thereto, apply, and by each foreign merging entity, if any,
 in accordance with the law of its jurisdiction of organization;

8 (5) if the surviving entity exists before the merger and is a domestic 9 filing entity, any amendment to its public organic document approved as 10 part of the agreement of merger, which may amend and restate its public 11 organic document;

(6) if the surviving entity is created by the merger and is a domesticfiling entity, its public organic document, as an attachment;

14 (7) if the surviving entity is created by the merger and is a domestic 15 limited liability partnership, its statement of qualification, as an 16 attachment; and

17 (8) if the surviving entity is a foreign entity that is not a qualified 18 foreign entity, a postal address to which the secretary of state may send 19 any process served on the secretary of state pursuant to K.S.A. 17-78-206(e), and amendments thereto.

(c) In addition to the requirements of subsection (b), a certificate of
 merger may contain any other provision not prohibited by law.

(d) If the surviving entity is a domestic entity, its name and any
attached public organic document shall satisfy the requirements of the law
of this state, except that it does not need to be signed and may omit any
provision that is not required to be included in a restatement of the public
organic document. If the surviving entity is a qualified foreign entity, its
name shall satisfy the requirements of the law of this state.

29 (e) An agreement of merger that is signed on behalf of all of the 30 merging entities, or under the circumstances stated in K.S.A. 17-78-203(c), 31 and amendments thereto, only signed on behalf of the merging entity that 32 owns at least 90% of the interest of a domestic corporation or corporations, 33 and meets all of the requirements of subsection (b) may be filed with the 34 secretary of state instead of a certificate of merger and upon filing has the 35 same effect. If an agreement of merger is filed as provided in this 36 subsection, references in this act to a certificate of merger refer to the 37 agreement of merger filed under this subsection.

(f) A certificate of merger becomes effective upon the date and timeof filing or the later date and time specified in the certificate of merger.

40 Sec. 25. K.S.A. 17-78-206 is hereby amended to read as follows: 17-41 78-206. (a) When a merger becomes effective:

(1) The surviving entity continues or comes into existence;

42

43 (2) each merging entity that is not the surviving entity ceases to exist;

1 (3) all property of each merging entity vests in the surviving entity 2 without assignment, reversion or impairment;

3 (4) all liabilities of each merging entity are liabilities of the surviving 4 entity;

5 (5) except as otherwise provided by law other than this act or the 6 agreement of merger, all of the rights, privileges, immunities, powers and 7 purposes of each merging entity vest in the surviving entity;

8

11

(6) if the surviving entity exists before the merger:

9 (A) All of its property continues to be vested in it without reversion 10 or impairment;

(B) it remains subject to all of its liabilities; and

12 (C) all of its rights, privileges, immunities, powers and purposes 13 continue to be vested in it;

14 (7) the name of the surviving entity may be substituted for the name 15 of any merging entity that is a party to any pending action or proceeding;

16

(8) if the surviving entity exists before the merger:

(A) Its public organic document, if any, is amended, and such *amendment may amend and restate the public organic document entirely*,
as provided in the certificate of merger and is binding on its interest
holders; and

(B) its private organic rules that are to be in a record, if any, are
amended to the extent provided in the agreement of merger and are
binding on and enforceable by:

24

(i) Its interest holders; and

(ii) in the case of a surviving entity that is not a corporation, any other
 person that is a party to an agreement that is part of the surviving entity's
 private organic rules;

28

(9) if the surviving entity is created by the merger:

(A) Its public organic document, if any, is effective and is binding onits interest holders; and

31 (B) its private organic rules are effective and are binding on and 32 enforceable by:

33

(i) Its interest holders; and

(ii) in the case of a surviving entity that is not a corporation, any other
person that was a party to an agreement that was part of the organic rules
of a merging entity if that person has agreed to be a party to an agreement
that is part of the surviving entity's private organic rules; and

(10) the interests in each merging entity that are to be converted in the merger are converted and the interest holders of those interests are entitled only to the rights provided to them under the agreement of merger and to any appraisal rights they have under K.S.A. 17-78-109, and amendments thereto, and the merging entity's organic law.

43 (b) Except as otherwise provided in the organic law or organic rules

of a merging entity, the merger does not give rise to any rights that an 1 2 interest holder, governor or third party would otherwise have upon a dissolution, liquidation or winding-up of the merging entity. 3

(c) When a merger becomes effective, a person that did not have 4 5 interest holder liability with respect to any of the merging entities and that 6 becomes subject to interest holder liability with respect to a domestic 7 entity as a result of a merger has interest holder liability only to the extent 8 provided by the organic law of the entity and only for those liabilities that 9 arise after the merger becomes effective.

10 (d) When a merger becomes effective, the interest holder liability of a person that ceases to hold an interest in a domestic merging entity with 11 respect to which the person had interest holder liability is as follows: 12

13 (1) The merger does not discharge any interest holder liability under 14 the organic law of the domestic merging entity to the extent the interest holder liability arose before the merger became effective; 15

16 (2) the person does not have interest holder liability under the organic 17 law of the domestic merging entity for any liability that arises after the 18 merger becomes effective;

19 (3) the organic law of the domestic merging entity continues to apply to the release, collection or discharge of any interest holder liability 20 21 preserved under paragraph (1) as if the merger had not occurred and the 22 surviving entity were the domestic merging entity; and

23 (4) the person has whatever rights of contribution from any other 24 person as are provided by the organic law or organic rules of the domestic 25 merging entity with respect to any interest holder liability preserved under paragraph (1) as if the merger had not occurred. 26

27 (e) When a merger becomes effective, a foreign entity that is the 28 surviving entity:

29 (1) May be served with process in this state for the collection and 30 enforcement of any liabilities of a domestic merging entity; and

31 (2) irrevocably appoints the secretary of state as its agent to accept 32 service of process in any such suit or other proceeding. Service of process 33 shall be made on the foreign entity pursuant to K.S.A. 60-304, and amendments thereto. 34

35 (f) When a merger becomes effective, the certificate of authority or 36 other foreign qualification of any foreign merging entity that is not the 37 surviving entity is canceled.

38 Sec. 26. K.S.A. 17-78-305 is hereby amended to read as follows: 17-39 78-305. (a) A certificate of interest exchange shall be signed on behalf of a 40 domestic acquired entity and filed with the secretary of state.

- 41 (b) A certificate of interest exchange must contain: 42
  - (1) The name and type of the acquired entity;

43 (2) the name, jurisdiction of organization and type of the acquiring 1 entity;

2 (3) if the certificate of interest exchange is not to be effective upon
3 filing, the later date and time on which it will become effective, which
4 may not be more than 90 days after the date of filing;

5 (4) a statement that the agreement of interest exchange-was will be 6 approved by the acquired entity in accordance with K.S.A. 17-78-301 7 through 17-78-306, and amendments thereto, *prior to the time that the* 8 *certificate of interest exchange becomes effective*; and

9 (5) any amendments to the acquired entity's public organic document 10 approved as part of the agreement of interest exchange.

11 (c) In addition to the requirements of subsection (b), a certificate of 12 interest exchange may contain any other provision not prohibited by law.

(d) An agreement of interest exchange that is signed on behalf of a
domestic acquired entity and meets all of the requirements of subsection
(b) may be filed with the secretary of state instead of a certificate of
interest exchange and upon filing has the same effect. If an agreement of
interest exchange is filed as provided in this subsection, references in this
act to a certificate of interest exchange refer to the agreement of interest
exchange filed under this subsection.

(e) A certificate of interest exchange becomes effective upon the date
 and time of filing or the later date and time specified in the certificate of
 interest exchange.

Sec. 27. K.S.A. 17-78-306 is hereby amended to read as follows: 1778-306. (a) When an interest exchange becomes effective:

(1) The interests in the acquired entity that are the subject of the interest exchange cease to exist or are converted or exchanged and the interest holders of those interests are entitled only to the rights provided to them under the agreement of interest exchange and to any appraisal rights they have under K.S.A. 17-78-109, and amendments thereto, and the acquired entity's organic law;

(2) the acquiring entity becomes the interest holder of the interests in
the acquired entity stated in the agreement of interest exchange to be
acquired by the acquiring entity;

(3) the public organic document, if any, of the acquired entity is
amended, and such amendment may amend and restate the public organic
document in its entirety, as provided in the certificate of interest exchange
and is binding on its interest holders; and

(4) the private organic rules of the acquired entity that are to be in a
 record, if any, are amended to the extent provided in the agreement of
 interest exchange and are binding on and enforceable by:

41

(A) Its interest holders; and

42 (B) in the case of an acquired entity that is not a corporation, any 43 other person that is a party to an agreement that is part of the acquired 1 entity's private organic rules.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in the organic law or organic rules
of the acquired entity, the interest exchange does not give rise to any rights
that an interest holder, governor or third party would otherwise have upon
a dissolution, liquidation or winding-up of the acquired entity.

6 (c) When an interest exchange becomes effective, a person that did 7 not have interest holder liability with respect to the acquired entity and that 8 becomes subject to interest holder liability with respect to a domestic 9 entity as a result of the interest exchange has interest holder liability only 10 to the extent provided by the organic law of the entity and only for those 11 liabilities that arise after the interest exchange becomes effective.

(d) When an interest exchange becomes effective, the interest holder
liability of a person that ceases to hold an interest in a domestic acquired
entity with respect to which the person had interest holder liability is as
follows:

16 (1) The interest exchange does not discharge any interest holder 17 liability under the organic law of the domestic acquired entity to the extent 18 the interest holder liability arose before the interest exchange became 19 effective;

(2) the person does not have interest holder liability under the organic
 law of the domestic acquired entity for any liability that arises after the
 interest exchange becomes effective;

(3) the organic law of the domestic acquired entity continues to apply
 to the release, collection or discharge of any interest holder liability
 preserved under paragraph (1) as if the interest exchange had not occurred;
 and

(4) the person has whatever rights of contribution from any other
person as are provided by the organic law or organic rules of the domestic
acquired entity with respect to any interest holder liability preserved under
paragraph (1) as if the interest exchange had not occurred.

Sec. 28. K.S.A. 17-78-405 is hereby amended to read as follows: 1778-405. (a) A certificate of conversion shall be signed on behalf of the
converting entity and filed with the secretary of state.

34

(b) A certificate of conversion shall contain:

(1) The name, jurisdiction of organization and type of the converting
 entity;

37 (2) the name, jurisdiction of organization and type of the converted38 entity;

(3) if the certificate of conversion is not to be effective upon filing,
the later date and time on which it will become effective, which may not
be more than 90 days after the date of filing;

42 (4) if the converting entity is a domestic entity, a statement that the 43 agreement of conversion-was *will be* approved in accordance with K.S.A. 1 17-78-401 through 17-78-406, and amendments thereto, *prior to the time* 2 *that the certificate of conversion becomes effective* or, if the converting 3 entity is a foreign entity, a statement that the conversion was approved by 4 the foreign converting entity in accordance with the law of its jurisdiction 5 of organization;

6 (5) if the converted entity is a domestic filing entity, the text of its 7 public organic document, as an attachment;

8 (6) if the converted entity is a domestic limited liability partnership,
9 the text of its statement of qualification, as an attachment; and

(7) if the converted entity is a foreign entity, a mailing address to
which the secretary of state may send any process served on the secretary
of state pursuant to subsection (e) of K.S.A. 17-78-406, and amendments
thereto.

14 (c) In addition to the requirements of subsection (b), a certificate of 15 conversion may contain any other provision not prohibited by law.

16 (d) If the converted entity is a domestic entity, its name and public 17 organic document, if any, must *shall* satisfy the requirements of the law of 18 this state, except that it does not need to be signed and may omit any 19 provision that is not required to be included in a restatement of the public 20 organic document.

(e) An agreement of conversion that is signed on behalf of a domestic converting entity and meets all of the requirements of subsection (b) may be filed with the secretary of state instead of a certificate of conversion and upon filing has the same effect. If an agreement of conversion is filed as provided in this subsection, references in this act to a certificate of conversion refer to the agreement of conversion filed under this subsection.

(f) A certificate of conversion becomes effective upon the date and
 time of filing or the later date and time specified in the certificate of
 conversion.

Sec. 29. K.S.A. 17-78-505 is hereby amended to read as follows: 1778-505. (a) A certificate of domestication shall be signed on behalf of the
domesticating entity and filed with the secretary of state.

34

(b) A certificate of domestication shall contain:

(1) The name, jurisdiction of organization and type of thedomesticating entity;

37 (2) the name and jurisdiction of organization of the domesticated38 entity;

(3) if the certificate of domestication is not to be effective upon filing,
the later date and time on which it will become effective, which may not
be more than 90 days after the date of filing;

42 (4) if the domesticating entity is a domestic entity, a statement that 43 the agreement of domestication-was *will be* approved in accordance with K.S.A. 17-78-501 through 17-78-506, and amendments thereto, *prior to the time that the certificate of domestication becomes effective* or, if the
domesticating entity is a foreign entity, a statement that the domestication
was approved in accordance with the law of its jurisdiction of
organization;

6 (5) if the domesticated entity is a domestic filing entity, its public 7 organic document, as an attachment;

8 (6) if the domesticated entity is a domestic limited liability 9 partnership, its statement of qualification, as an attachment; and

(7) if the domesticated entity is a foreign entity, a mailing address to
which the secretary of state may send any process served on the secretary
of state pursuant to subsection (e) of K.S.A. 17-78-506, and amendments
thereto.

14 (c) In addition to the requirements of subsection (b), a certificate of 15 domestication may contain any other provision not prohibited by law.

(d) If the domesticated entity is a domestic entity, its name and public
organic document, if any, must satisfy the requirements of the law of this
state, except that it does not need to be signed and may omit any provision
that is not required to be included in a restatement of the public organic
document.

(e) An agreement of domestication that is signed on behalf of a domesticating domestic entity and meets all of the requirements of subsection (b) may be filed with the secretary of state instead of a certificate of domestication and upon filing has the same effect. If an agreement of domestication is filed as provided in this subsection, references in this act to a certificate of domestication refer to the agreement of domestication filed under this subsection.

(f) A certificate of domestication becomes effective upon the date and
 time of filing or the later date and time specified in the certificate of
 domestication.

Sec. 30. K.S.A. 17-7904 is hereby amended to read as follows: 177904. The following documents related to limited liability companies shall
be filed with the secretary of state:

(a) Articles of organization as set forth in K.S.A. 17-7673 and K.S.A.
17-7673a, and amendments thereto;

(b) professional articles of organization as set forth in K.S.A. 17-7673
and K.S.A. 17-7673a, and amendments thereto;

(c) series limited liability company articles of organization as set
forth in K.S.A. 17-76,143, and amendments thereto;

40 (d) foreign limited liability company application for authority as set 41 forth in K.S.A. 17-7931, and amendments thereto;

42 (e) foreign series limited liability company application for admission 43 to transact business as set forth in K.S.A. 17-76,143 and 17-7931, and

1 amendments thereto: (f) business entity information report as set forth in K.S.A. 17-76,139, 2 3 and amendments thereto; 4 (g) certificate of amendment as set forth in K.S.A. 17-7674 and 5 K.S.A. 17-7674a and 17-76,143, and amendments thereto; 6 (h) restated articles of organization as set forth in K.S.A. 17-7680, 7 and amendments thereto; 8 (i) series certificate of designation as set forth in K.S.A. 17-76,143, 9 and amendments thereto: 10 certificate of amendment or termination to certificate of merger or (i) consolidation as set forth in K.S.A. 17-7681 or K.S.A. 17-76,143a, and 11 12 amendments thereto. (k) certificate of correction as set forth in K.S.A. 17-7912, and 13 14 amendments thereto; 15 (1) foreign certificate of correction as set forth in K.S.A. 17-7912, and 16 amendments thereto: 17 (m) change of registered office or resident agent as set forth in K.S.A. 17-7926, 17-7927, 17-7928 and 17-7929, and amendments thereto; 18 (n) mergers or consolidations as set forth in K.S.A. 17-7681 or 19 20 K.S.A. 17-76,143a, and amendments thereto; 21 (o) reinstatement as set forth in K.S.A. 17-76,139 or K.S.A. 17-76-22 147, and amendments thereto: 23 (p) certificate of cancellation as set forth in K.S.A. 17-7675 or K.S.A. 17-76,143, and amendments thereto; 24 25 (q) foreign cancellation of registration as set forth in K.S.A. 17-7936, and amendments thereto: and 26 (r) certificate of division as set forth in K.S.A. 17-7685a, and 27 28 amendments thereto; (s) certificate of amendment to certificate of designation as set forth 29 30 in K.S.A. 17-7685a, and amendments thereto; and 31 (t) certificate of merger or consolidation of series as set forth in 32 K.S.A. 17-76,143a, and amendments thereto. 33 Sec. 31. K.S.A. 17-7925 is hereby amended to read as follows: 17-7925. (a) Every covered entity shall have and maintain in this state a 34 35 resident agent, which agent may be either: 36 (1) The covered entity itself: 37 (2) an individual resident in this state; (3) a domestic corporation, a domestic limited partnership, a domestic 38 39 limited liability partnership, a domestic limited liability company or a domestic business trust; or 40 (4) a foreign corporation, a foreign limited partnership, a foreign 41 42 limited liability partnership, a foreign limited liability company or a

43 foreign business trust.

(b) Every resident agent for a covered entity shall:

2 (1) If a domestic entity, *be in good standing and* maintain a business 3 office identical with the registered office which *that* is generally open, or if 4 an individual, be generally present at a designated location in this state at 5 sufficiently frequent times to accept service of process and otherwise 6 perform the functions of a resident agent;

7

1

(2) if a foreign entity, be authorized to transact business in this state;

8 (3) accept service of process and other communications directed to 9 the covered entity for which it serves as resident agent and forward the 10 same to the covered entity to which the service or communication is 11 directed; and

12 (4) forward to the covered entity for which it serves as a resident13 agent documents sent by the secretary of state.

(c) Unless the context otherwise requires, whenever the term 14 "resident agent" or "registered agent" or "resident agent in charge of a 15 (applicable covered entity's) principal office or place of business in this 16 17 state," or other term of like import-which that refers to a covered entity's agent required by statute to be located in this state, is or has been used in a 18 19 covered entity's public organic documents, or in any other document, or in 20 any statute, it shall be deemed to mean and refer to the covered entity's 21 resident agent required by this section, and it shall not be necessary for any 22 covered entity to amend its public organic documents, or any other 23 document, to comply with this section.

24 Sec. 32. K.S.A. 17-7927 is hereby amended to read as follows: 17-25 7927. (a) A resident agent may change the address of the registered office of any covered entities for which such agent is resident agent to another 26 27 address in this state by paying a fee if authorized by law, as provided by 28 K.S.A. 17-7910, and amendments thereto, and filing with the secretary of 29 state a certificate, executed by such resident agent, setting forth the names 30 of all the covered entities represented by such resident agent, and the 31 address at which such resident agent has maintained the registered office 32 for each of such covered entities, and further certifying to the new address 33 to which each such registered office will be changed on a given day, and at 34 which new address such resident agent will thereafter maintain the 35 registered office for each of the covered entities recited in the certificate. 36 Thereafter, or until further change of address, as authorized by law, the 37 registered office in this state of each of the covered entities for which it is 38 a resident agent shall be located at the new address of the resident agent 39 thereof as given in the certificate.

(b) Whenever the location of a resident agent's office is moved to
another room or suite within the same structure and such change is
reported in writing to the secretary of state, no fee shall be charged for
recording such change on the appropriate records on file with the secretary

1 of state.

2 (c) In the event of a change of name of any person or entity acting as 3 resident agent in this state, such resident agent shall pay a fee if authorized 4 by law, as provided by K.S.A. 17-7910, and amendments thereto, and file 5 with the secretary of state a certificate, executed by such resident agent, 6 setting forth the new name of such resident agent, the name of such 7 resident agent before it was changed, the names of all the covered entities 8 represented by such resident agent, and the address at which such resident 9 agent has maintained the registered office for each of such covered 10 entities. A change of name of any person or entity acting as a resident agent as a result of the following shall be deemed a change of name for 11 12 purposes of this section:

(1) A merger or consolidation of the resident agent, with or into
 another entity-which that succeeds to its assets by operation of law, shall
 be deemed a change of name for purposes of this section;

16

(2) the conversion of the resident agent into another person; or

(3) a division of the resident agent in which an identified resulting
person succeeds to all of the assets and liabilities of the resident agent
related to its resident agent business pursuant to the plan of division, as
set forth in the certificate of division.

21 (d) In the event of both a change of name of any person or entity 22 acting as resident agent for any covered entity and a change of address, 23 such resident agent shall pay a fee if authorized by law, as provided by 24 K.S.A. 17-7910, and amendments thereto, and file with the secretary of 25 state a certificate, executed by such resident agent, setting forth the new name of such resident agent, the name of such resident agent before it was 26 27 changed, the names of all the covered entities represented by such resident 28 agent and the address at which such resident agent has maintained the 29 registered office for each such covered entity, and further certifying to the 30 new address to which each such registered office will be changed on a 31 given day, and at which new address such resident agent will thereafter 32 maintain the registered office for each of the covered entities recited in the 33 certificate. Upon the filing of such certificate, and thereafter, or until 34 further change of address or change of name, as authorized by law, the 35 registered office in this state of each of the covered entities recited in the 36 certificate shall be located at the new address of the resident agent as given 37 in the certificate and the change of name shall be effective.

Sec. 33. K.S.A. 17-7929 is hereby amended to read as follows: 17-7929. (a) The resident agent of a covered entity, including a resident agent that no longer qualifies to be a resident agent under K.S.A. 17-7925, and amendments thereto, may resign without appointing a successor by paying a fee if authorized by law, as provided by K.S.A. 17-7910, and amendments thereto, and filing a certificate of resignation, with the

1 secretary of state stating that the resident agent resigns as resident agent 2 for the covered entity or entities identified in the certificate, but such 3 resignation shall not become effective until 30 days after the certificate is 4 filed. The certificate shall be executed by the resident agent, shall contain a 5 statement that written notice of resignation was given to each affected the 6 covered entity at least 30 days prior to the filing of the certificate by 7 mailing or delivering such notice to the covered entity at its address last 8 known to the resident agent and shall set forth the date of such notice. The 9 certificate shall also include the postal address and name and contact 10 information of an officer, director, employee or designated agent who is then authorized to receive communications from the resident agent with 11 12 respect to the affected covered entities last known to the resident agent, 13 and such information shall not be deemed public information and will not 14 constitute a public record as defined in K.S.A. 45-217, and amendments 15 thereto.

16 (b) After receipt of the notice of the resignation of its resident agent, 17 provided for in subsection (a), any covered entity for which such resident 18 agent was acting shall obtain and designate a new resident agent to take 19 the place of the resident agent so resigning. Such covered entity shall pay a 20 fee if authorized by law, as provided by K.S.A. 17-7910, and amendments 21 thereto, and file with the secretary of state a certificate setting forth the 22 name and postal address of the successor resident agent. Upon such filing, 23 the successor resident agent shall become the resident agent of such 24 covered entity and the successor resident agent's postal address, as stated 25 in such certificate, shall become the postal address of the covered entity's 26 registered office in this state. If such covered entity fails to obtain and 27 designate a new resident agent as aforesaid, prior to the expiration of the 28 period of 60 days after the filing by the resident agent of the certificate of 29 resignation, the secretary of state shall declare the entity's organizing 30 documents forfeited.

31 (c) After the resignation of the resident agent shall have become 32 effective, as provided in subsection (a), and if no new resident agent shall 33 have been obtained and designated in the time and manner provided for in 34 subsection (b), service of legal process against the covered entity, or in the 35 case of a domestic or foreign limited liability company, any series of such 36 limited liability company, for which the resigned resident agent had been 37 acting shall thereafter be upon the secretary of state in the manner 38 prescribed by K.S.A. 60-304, and amendments thereto.

(d) Any covered entity affected by the filing of a certificate under this
section shall not be required to take any further action to amend its public
organic documents to reflect a change of registered office or resident
agent.

43 Sec. 34. K.S.A. 17-7662, 17-7663, 17-7668, 17-7670, 17-7681, 17-

1 7682, 17-7685a, 17-7686, 17-7687, 17-7690, 17-7695, 17-7698, 17-

2 76,143, 17-76,143a, 17-76,145, 17-76,146, 17-76,148, 17-76,149, 17-

3 76,150, 17-76,151, 17-76,152, 17-78-205, 17-78-206, 17-78-305, 17-78-

4 306, 17-78-405, 17-78-505, 17-7904, 17-7925, 17-7927 and 17-7929 and

- 5 K.S.A. 2024 Supp. 17-76,136 are hereby repealed.
- 6 Sec. 35. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 7 publication in the<u>statute book</u> *Kansas register*.