Approved Date: February 20, 2001

MINUTES OF THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON NEW ECONOMY.

The meeting was called to order by Chairperson William Mason at 3:30 p.m. on February 13, 2001 in Room 522-S of the Capitol.

All members were present except: Representative Winn - E

Committee staff present: Bob Nugent, Revisor of Statutes

Renae Jefferies, Revisor of Statutes

April Holman, Legislative Research Department Lynne Holt, Legislative Research Department

Rose Marie Glatt, Secretary

Conferees appearing before the committee: Annie Kuether, State Representative

Marlee Carpenter, Director of Taxation and Small Business

for KCCI Bill Jarrell, Boeing

Don Moler, Executive Director, League of KS Municipalities

Neil Shortlidge, Attorney, City of Roland Park Richard Caplan, Executive Director, Development & Retention Council of NE Johnson County

Doug Patterson, State Representative

Others attending: See Attached List

Representative Long moved, seconded by Representative Kuether that the minutes from the February 6 & 8 meetings be approved. The motion carried.

Chairman Mason opened the hearing on **HB 2055**. Ms. Holt briefed the committee on the history of the bill that expired December 31, 2000 and stated that the bill would extend the Kansas income tax credit claimed by businesses for research and development to include the tax years 2001-2005. She explained the federal tax credit program and stated that 33 states, including Kansas, have some kind of incentive program linked to the federal program in one way or another. Regarding the fiscal note, she stated the figure of \$1,330,000 was derived from a five year average of tax credits claimed from 1994-1998 and would reduce the general fund by that amount each year.

Representative Kuether spoke to the committee in support of **HB 2055**, (<u>Attachment 1</u>). She reminded the committee of Speaker Glasscock's challenge for the committee and believes that this bill is an important tool for businesses and industries in the state. She requested that a formal challenge to the fiscal note be sent to the fiscal note oversight committee, due to the large discrepancy from last year's fiscal note which was \$500,000. She asked that the committee support the bill and pass it onto the floor.

Marlee Carpenter, KCCI, spoke in support of the **HB 2055**, (<u>Attachment 2</u>). KCCI believes that the R&D tax credit is very important to Kansas businesses and should be make retroactive for tax year 2001. She provided data showing the number of filers and totals claimed from 1988 through 9/20/99 and the R&D tax credit programs in the surrounding states.

Bill Jarrell, Boeing spoke in support of the bill, (no written testimony). He stated that Boeing had used this tax credit program in the past for development of new airplanes. They believe it was an unfortunate oversight that it wasn't renewed last year and stressed the importance of the bill to business.

The Chairman closed the hearing on **HB 2055**. Representative Beggs moved that **HB 2055** be passed out favorably and placed on the consent calendar. It was seconded by Representative Osborne. The motion was carried It was agreed that a challenge to the fiscal note would be sent to the fiscal oversight committee before the bill was placed on the consent calendar.

The Chairman opened the hearing on HB 2005.

Mr. Nugent reviewed balloons on **HB 2005**, (<u>Attachment 3</u>). Included in the balloon were changes/deletions/additions regarding: title change, auto race track facilities, base year assessed valuation, developer, major tourism, feasibility study, redevelopment project, site preparation, blighted area, Oz reference, substantial change, tax increment, district plan, unified government, the requirements for adding territory to redevelopment districts, requirements for mailing resolutions, approval dates of projects, and a new section (grandfather clause).

Mr. Nugent stated that most of the changes are procedural although it included two policy issues: (1) the definition of base year (2) five new sub-sections (pg 11), that describe the procedures to subtract land from the redevelopment district and allows land to be shifted between redevelopment districts.

Discussion followed regarding the intent of the interim committee on the TIF bill. There was consensus that the bill be worked in two phases, (1) re-organize and clean-up the bill; making it a usable tool and (2) address any additional policy issues at a future date.

Don Moler, Executive Director, League of Kansas Municipalities, spoke in support of the **HB 2005**, as amended (<u>Attachment 4</u>). They believe its language simplifies and streamlines the existing TIF statutes for the State of Kansas and urged the committee to pass the bill.

Neil Shortlidge, Attorney, City of Roland Park, spoke in support of **HB2005** (No written testimony). He suggested several changes that had been overlooked and Mr. Nugent responded that the internal and external cross-references had not been made, but would be before the final draft. Mr. Shortlidge suggested a change on Section 13, Page 27 which would delete the language beginning on line 23, after the word of, continuing through to line 27, to the word thereto. He recommended the changes take effect as soon as possible. Mr. Nugent agreed to the changes he suggested.

Richard Caplan, Executive Director, Development & Retention Council of NE Johnson County spoke in support of **HB 2005** (no written testimony). He gave an example of a project in his community that would be helped by the TIF bill.

Representative Doug Patterson spoke in support of **HB 2005** (No written testimony). He said that the clean-up has provided a usable tool and working the bill in two phases is important due to the complexities of the bill.

The Chairman closed the hearing on HB 2005.

Representative Kuether moved, seconded by Representative Long that a substitute bill be created for HB 2005. The motion carried.

Representative Aday moved, seconded by Representative Kuether that **Substitute Bill 2005** be passed favorably. The motion carried.

Next meeting February 15.

The Chairman adjourned the meeting at 4:45 p.m.

HOUSE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE COMMITTEE GUEST LIST

DATE: Jel. 13, 2001

NAME	REPRESENTING
1 In 110101	LKM
Fair Janese	BOEING
Mike Taylor	City of Wichits
Church Caldwell	Typeda Charson of Com
Bernie Koch	Wichita Acea Chamber
Es O'Mally	O.P. Chamber of Cormerco
Rich Caplan	O.B. Chamber of Correcto Northeast Development + Refertion Corrillof Johnson County
Neil Shortlidge	City of Roeland Park
Mayee Carpenter	KCCI
David Bylice	KDOCH
Hojei Franko	KGE
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ANNIE KUETHER

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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

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RANKING MINORITY MEMBER: NEW ECONOMY

MEMBER: HIGHER EDUCATION

UTILITIES

GENERAL GOVERNMENT & HUMAN

RESOURCES BUDGET
KANSAS, INC. BOARD OF DIRECTORS
NCSL: COMMERCE AND COMMNICATION
ON FEDERAL AFFAIRS
JOINT COMMITTEE ON NEW ECONOMY
JOINT SHAWNEF COLINTY LEGISL ATIVE

CHAIR: SHAWNEE COUNTY LEGISLATIVE
DELEGATION, 1999, 2000, 2001

February 13, 2001

You have heard the explanation of HB 2055.

I am testifying as a proponent of the legislation.

Speaker Glasscock came before this committee to discuss the importance surrounding the furture and the role that this committee is expected to play.

HB 2055 is an important first step. I respectfully request your favorable consideration of this important legislation.

Annie Kuether

State Representative

LEGISLATIVE TESTIMONY



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HB 2055

February 13, 2001

KANSAS CHAMBER OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

Testimony Before the

House New Economy Committee

by

Marlee Carpenter
Director of Taxation and Small Business

Mr. Chairman and members of the Committee:

My name is Marlee Carpenter and I am the Director of Taxation and Small Business for the Kansas Chamber of Commerce and Industry. Thank you for the opportunity to express our support for HB 2055.

The Kansas Chamber of Commerce and Industry (KCCI) is a statewide organization dedicated to the promotion of economic growth and job creation within Kansas, and to the protection and support of the private competitive enterprise system.

KCCI is comprised of more than 2,000 businesses which includes 200 local and regional chambers of commerce and trade organizations which represent over 161,000 business men and women. The organization represents both large and small employers in Kansas, with 48% of KCCI's members having less than 25 employees, and 78% having less than 100 employees. KCCI receives no government funding.

The KCCI Board of Directors establishes policies through the work of hundreds of the organization's members who make up its various committees. These policies are the guiding principles of the organization and translate into views such as those expressed here.

The research and development income tax credit was created in 1986 and sunset on January

1, 2001. KCCI believes that the R&D tax credit is very important to Kansas businesses and making it
retroactive for tax year 2001. Under this tax credit, businesses are allowed an income tax credit
equal to 6.5% of a company's investment in research and development above

NEW ECONOMY COMMITTEE
2-13-01
Attachment 2

enditure of the previous three-year period. Only 25% of the allowable annual credit may be claimed in any one year.

In 1998, approximately \$2.3 million in credits were claimed. This totals approximately \$141 million in new money spent in the state on research and development activity. Table 11 is attached to my testimony which details the amount of tax credits claimed since its enactment.

Wages for those involved in the research and development field, are typically high paying. These are the types of jobs Kansas wants to keep and attract. Forty-two states currently have some type of R&D tax incentive, including the states surrounding Kansas, Missouri, Oklahoma, Nebraska and Colorado. I have attached a table, from a 1999 Kansas, Inc. study that details our surrounding state's research and development incentives.

The research and development tax credit has been important to Kansas businesses and has been used in various ways over the years. In the telecommunications field, this tax credit has been applied to software development, technology testing, and the development of new and better ways to use telecommunications networks. In the manufacturing field, this tax credit has been used to develop new products or derivatives of new products (major changes in products), the development of new and better ways to build the product on the manufacturing floor, and in the development of new software.

This is not a new tax credit for business in Kansas, but one that had been around for 15 years. It was successful in attracting businesses and high paying jobs to the state. KCCI's members feel that this is a tax credit too important to lose. We urge you to pass HB 2055 and reinstate the research and development tax credit. Thank you for your time and I will be happy to answer any questions.

Table 3-5 Research and Development Tax Credits

Colorado

Credit for research and experimental activities conducted in enterprise zones. The credit is equal to 3% of the increase in the taxpayer's expenditures on R&D. No more than one-fourth of the credit may be taken in any one tax year.

Unused credits may be carried over.

Iowa

6.5% of the apportioned share of increases in qualifying research expenditures in Iowa. Increases to 13% for qualified firms in enterprise zones or for firms that qualify for Iowa job and investment credits (see Table 3.6 and 3.7 for qualifying criteria).

Kansas

6.5% credit for research and development expenditures in Kansas, based on amount by which such expenditures exceed the taxpayer's average actual expenditures for R&D in the taxable year and the two preceding taxable years. In any taxable year, the maximum deduction from tax liability is 25% of the earned credit plus carryovers. Any amount by which the allowed portion of the credit exceeds the taxpayer's total Kansas tax liability may be carried forward.

Missouri

6.5% credit on a firm's qualified research expenses in the state in excess of the average R&D expenditures for the previous three years.

SOURCES: Information provided by individual state departments of revenue; state statutes and code, Commerce Clearing House, State Tax Review, 1999; and Research Institute of America, All States Tax Guide, 1999.

Research and Development Tax Credit - K.S.A. 79-32,182 et seq. Created in 1986, this tax credit is designed to increase research and development activity by Kansas businesses. The income tax credit is equal to 6.5% of a company's investment in research and development above the average expenditure of the previous three-year period. Only 25% of the allowable annual credit may be claimed in any one year. Any remaining credit may be carried forward in 25% increments until exhausted. Table 11 reports Research and Development Tax Credits awarded since the programs inception and 9/30/99.

Table 11 Research and Development Tax Credit			
Current and Carry-over Total Filers Total Claimed			
1988	10tal Filers	\$ 133,890	
	24	COMES PARTICIPATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO	
1989	107770, IS	407,807	
1990	39	249,737	
1991	50	449,221	
1992	63	764,043	
1993	76	1,757,598	
1994	85	3,171,884	
1995	90	720,139	
1996	83	875,454	
1997	55*	*1,340,675	
1998	57	2,382,291	
As of 9/20/99	15	61,539	
	649	\$12,314,278	

Source: KDOR Credit Summary Report of September 30, 1999 *Individual filers for 1999 were suppressed by KDOR and are not included in this figure or in the total figure.

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HOUSE BILL No. 2005

By Joint Committee on Economic Development

12-15

AN ACT concerning tax increment financing; reorganization thereof; amending K.S.A. 12-1772 and K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1770, 12-1770a, 12-1771, 12-1771a, 12-1771b, 12-1771c, 12-1771d, 12-1773, 12-1774, 12-1774a, 12-1775, 19-101a, 74-5093, 79-3620, 79-3620b and 79-3710 and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1774b.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1770 is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-1770. It is hereby declared to be the purpose of this act to promote, stimulate and develop the general and economic welfare of the state of Kansas and its communities and to assist in the development and redevelopment of blighted areas and deteriorating areas which are not yet blighted, but may be so in the future located within cities, environmentally contaminated areas located within and without cities; enterprise zones located within cities and, major tourism areas as defined in subsection (a)(1)(D) of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, thus eligible areas within and without a city thereby promoting the general welfare of the citizens of this state, by authorizing cities to acquire certain property and to issue special obligation bonds and full faith and credit tax increment bonds for the financing of redevelopment projects. It is further found and declared that the powers conferred by this act are for public uses and purposes for which public money may be expended and the power of eminent domain exercised. The necessity in the public interest for the provisions of this act is hereby declared as a matter of legislative determination.

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1770a is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-1770a. For purposes of K.S.A. 12-1770 et seq. and amendments thereto:

(a) "Historic theater" means a building constructed prior to 1040 which was constructed for the purpose of staging entertainment; including motion pictures, vaudeville shows or operas, that is operated by a nonprofit corporation and is designated by the state historic preservation officer as eligible to be on the Kansas register of historic places or is a member of the Kansas historic theatre association;

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12-1771c

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- (b)—"sales tax increment" means the amount of state and local sales tax revenue imposed pursuant to K.S.A. 12-187 et seq., 70-3601 et seq. and 70-3701 et seq., and amendments thereto, collected from taxpayers doing-business within the historic theater that is in excess of the amount of such taxes collected prior to the designation of the building as a historic theater for purposes of this act. As used in this act, unless the context clearly shows otherwise:
- (a) "Auto race track facility" means: (1) An auto race track facility and facilities directly related and necessary to the operation of an auto race track facility, including, but not limited to, grandstands, suites and viewing areas, concessions, souventr facilities, catering facilities, visitor and retail centers, signage and temporary hospitality facilities, but excluding (2) hotels, motels, restaurants and retail facilities, not directly related to or necessary to the operation of such facility.
 - (b) "Blighted area" means an area which:
- (1) Because of the presence of a majority of the following factors, substantially impairs or arrests the development and growth of the municipality or constitutes an economic or social liability or is a menace to the public health, safety, morals or welfare in its present condition and use:
 - (A) A substantial number of deteriorated or deteriorating structures;
 - (B) predominance of defective or inadequate street layout;
 - (C) unsanitary or unsafe conditions;
 - (D) deterioration of site improvements;
- (E) tax or special assessment delinquency exceeding the fair value of the land
- (F) defective or unusual conditions of title including but not limited to cloudy or defective titles, multiple or unknown ownership interests to the property;
- (G) improper subdivision or obsolete platting or land uses;
- (H) the existence of conditions which endanger life or property by fire or other causes; or
- (I) conditions which create economic obsolescence; or
- (2) has been identified by any state or federal environmental agency as being environmentally contaminated to an extent that requires a remedial investigation; feasibility study and remediation or other similar state or federal action; or
- (3) previously was found by resolution of the governing body to be a slum or a blighted area under K.S.A. 17-4742 et seq., and amendments thereto.
- (c) "Conservation area" means any improved area comprising 15% or less of the land area within the corporate limits of a city in which 50% or more of the structures in the area have an age of 35 years or more,

not included in paragraph (1)

(b) ["base year assessed valuation" means the assessed valuation of als real property within the boundaries of a redevelopment district on the date the redevelopment district was established.

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which area is not yet blighted, but may become a blighted area due to the existence of a combination of two or more of the following factors:

(1) Dilapidation, obsolescence or deterioration of the structures;

(2) illegal use of individual structures;

(3) the presence of structures below minimum code standards;

(4) building abandonment;

(5) excessive vacancies;

(6) overcrowding of structures and community facilities; or

(7) inadequate utilities and infrastructure.

(d) "Eligible area" means a blighted area, conservation area, enterprise zone, historic theater or major tourism area.

(e) "Enterprise zone" means an area within a city that was designated as an enterprise zone prior to July 1, 1992, pursuant to K.S.A. 12-17,107 through 12-17,113, and amendments thereto, prior to its repeal and the conservation, development or redevelopment of the area is necessary to promote the general and economic welfare of such city.

(f) "Environmental increment" means the increment determined pursuant to subsection (b) of K.S.A. 12-1771a, and amendments thereto.

(g) "Environmentally contaminated area" means an area of land having contaminated groundwater or soil which is deemed environmentally contaminated by the department of health and environment or the United States environmental protection agency.

(h) "Feasibility study" means a comprehensive study which shows whether a redevelopment project's benefits and tax increment revenue will exceed or be sufficient to pay for the redevelopment project costs.

(i) "Historic theater" means a building constructed prior to 1940 which was constructed for the purpose of staging entertainment, including motion pictures, vaudeville shows or operas, that is operated by a non-profit corporation and is designated by the state historic preservation officer as eligible to be on the Kansas register of historic places or is a member of the Kansas historic theatre association.

(j) "Historic theater sales tax increment" means the amount of state and local sales tax revenue imposed pursuant to K.S.A. 12-187 et seq., 79-3601 et seq. and 79-3701 et seq., and amendments thereto, collected from taxpayers doing business within the historic theater that is in excess of the amount of such taxes collected prior to the designation of the building as a historic theater for purposes of this act.

(k) "Major tourism area" means a redevelopment area projective ve-

(1) Hus capital improvements costing not less than \$100,000,000; and

(2) to an auto race track facility

(l) "Real property taxes" means all taxes levied on an ad valorem basis upon land and improvements thereon.

[(e) "de minimus" means an amount less than 15% of the land area within a redevelopment district.

(f) "developer" means any person, firm, corporation, partnership or limited liability company, other than a city.

and other available revenues under K.S.A. 12-1774 (a)(1)

are expected to

an area for which the secretary has made a finding that capital improvements costing not less than \$100,000,000 will be built in the state to construct an auto race track facility

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(m) "Redevelopment project costs" means those costs incurred to develop the redevelopment project to include but not limited to such costs.

(1) Acquisition of property within the redevelopment project area,

(2) payment of relocation assistance;

(3) site preparation;

(4) sanitary and storm sewers and lift stations;

(5) drainage conduits, channels and levees;

(6) street grading, paving, graveling, macadamizing, curbing, guttering and surfacing;

(7) street light fixtures, connection and facilities;

(8) underground gas, water, heating and electrical services and connections located within the public right-of-way;

(9) sidewalks and pedestrian underpasses or overpasses;

(10) drives and driveway approaches located within the public right-of-way;

(11) water mains and extensions;

(12) plazas and arcades;

(13) parking facilities;

(14) landscaping and plantings, fountains, shelters, benches, sculptures, lighting, decorations and similar amenities; and

(15) all related expenses to redevelop and finance the redevelopment

project.

Redevelopment project costs shall not include costs incurred in connection with the construction of buildings or other structures to be owned by or leased to such developer, however, the "redevelopment project costs" shall include costs incurred in connection with the construction of buildings or other structures to be owned or leased to such developer which includes an auto race track facility or is in a redevelopment district including some or all of the land and buildings comprising a state mental institution closed pursuant to section 2 of chapter 219 of the 1995 Session Laws of Kansas.

(n) "Redevelopment district" means the specific area declared to be a blighted area, conservation area, enterprise zone, historic theater or major tourism area in which the city or county may develop one or more redevelopment projects.

(o) "Redevelopment district plan" means the preliminary plan that identifies all of the proposed redevelopment project areas and identifies in a general manner all of the buildings, facilities and improvements in each that are proposed to be constructed or improved in each redevelopment project area.

(p) "Redevelopment project" means the approved project to implement a comprehensive plan or plans for the development of the established

necessary to implement a redevelopment plan, including,

) "redevelopment project area" or "project area" means an area designated by a city within a

incurred for:

on eligible

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redevelopment district.

(q) "Redevelopment project plan" means the plan adopted by a municipality for the development of a redevelopment project or projects which conforms with K.S.A. 12-1772, and amendments thereto, in a redevelopment district.

(r) "Secretary" means the secretary of commerce and housing.

(v) "Statewide as well as local importance" means a redevelopment project that the secretary concludes will create at least:

(1) Capital improvements costing not less than \$300,000,000; and

(2) not loss than 1,500 permanent and seasonal employment positions at defined by K.S.A. 74-50,114, and amondments thereto.

(t) "Substantial change" means a change wherein the redevelopment project's proposed plan or plans differ from the intended purpose for which the redevelopment district plan was granted.

(u) "Tax increment" means that amount of ad valorem taxes collected from real property located within the redevelopment district that is in excess of the amount which is produced from such property and attributable to the assessed valuation of such property prior to the redevelopment district plan or revision of the plan, as authorized by K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1771c, and amendments thereto, and is transmitted to the county pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1776, and amendments thereto.

(v) "Taxing subdivision" means the county, city, unified school district and any other taxing subdivision levying real property taxes, the territory or jurisdiction of which includes any currently existing or subsequently created redevelopment district.

Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1771 is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-1771. (a) No city shall exercise any of the powers conferred by K.S.A. 12-1770 et seq.; and amendments thereto; unless the governing body of such city has adopted a resolution finding that the specific project area sought to be redeveloped is a blighted area, a conservation area, a major tourism area as defined in K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, a historic theater as defined in K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1770a, and amendments thereto, or was designated prior to July 1, 1992, as an enterprise zone pursuant to K.S.A. 12-17,110 prior to its repeal, and the conservation, development or redevelopment of such area is necessary to promote the general and economic welfare of such city. Enterprise zones designated prior to July 1, 1002, may be enlarged by the city to an area not exceeding 25% of the city's land area upon a finding by the secretary of the department of commerce and housing that a redevelopment project proposed by the city which requires the enlargement is of statewide importance and that it will meet the criteria specified in subsection (a)(1)(D) of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto. A unified government, established pursuant to K.S.A. 12-340 et seq., and amendments thereto; ,as applicable,

- substantially

or project plan

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of real property taxes collected

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may enlarge an enterprise zene, established within its jurisdiction prior to July 1, 1002, to an area not exceeding 200% of the area of the original enterprise zone regardless of whether such enlargement crosses the boundary of a city within the jurisdiction of the unified government if the secretary of commerce and housing makes the same findings required for enlargement of an enterprise zone by a city. For the purpose of this subsection, the term "blighted area" means an area which: (1) Because of the presence of a majority of the following factors, substantially impairs or arrests the sound development and growth of the municipality or constitutes an economic or social liability or is a menace to the public health; safety, morals or welfare in its present condition and use: (A) A substantial number of deteriorated or deteriorating structures; (B) predominance of defective or inadequate street layout; (G) unsanitary or unsafe conditions; (D) deterioration of site improvements; (E) diversity of ownership; (F) tax or special assessment delinquency exceeding the fair value of the land; (G) defective or unusual conditions of title; (H) improper subdivision or obsolete platting or land uses; (I) the existence of conditions which endanger life or property by fire and other causes; or (1) conditions which create economic obsolescence; or (2) has been identified by any state or federal-environmental agency as being environmentally contaminated to an extent that requires a remedial investigation, feasibility study and remediation or other similar state or federal action; or (3) previously was found by resolution of the governing body to be a slum or a blighted area under K.S.A. 17-4742 et seq., and amendments thereto. - For the purpose of this subsection, conservation area means any improved area within the corporate limits of a city in which 50% or more of the structures in the area have an age of 35 years or more, which area is not yet blighted, but may become a blighted area due to the existence of a combination of two or more of the following factors: (i) Dilapidation; obsolescence or deterioration of the structures; (ii) illegal use of individual structures; (iii) the presence of structures below-minimum code standards; (iv) building abandonment; (v) excessive vacancies; (vi) overcrowding of structures and community facilities; or (vii) inadequate utilities and infrastructure. Not more than 15% of the land area of a city may be found to be a conservation area.

(b) The powers conferred upon cities under the provisions of K.S.A. 12-1770 et seq., and amendments thereto, shall be exercised by cities, as determined by resolution adopted pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1772, and amendments thereto, (1) in enterprise zones designated prior to July 1, 1002, including any area added to such enterprise zone after July 1, 1002, pursuant to subsection (a), (2) in blighted areas of cities and counties described by subsection (a)(2), (3) in conservation areas of cities, (4) in major tourism areas as defined in K.S.A. 12-1774 and amendments

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thereto (5) in blighted areas of cities; as determined by resolution adopted pursuant to K.S.A. 17-4742 et seq.; and amendments thereto or (6) for buildings designated as historic theaters pursuant to K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1771d.

- (e) Within that portion of the city described in subsection (b), the governing body of a city may establish a district to be known as a "redevelopment district". Within that portion of a city and county described in subsection (b) excluding paragraph (3) of subsection (b), the governing body of the city, upon written consent of the board of county commissioners, may establish a district inclusive of land-outside the boundaries of the city to be known as a redevelopment district. In all such cases, the board of county commissioners, prior to providing written consent, shall be subject to the same procedure for public notice and hearing as is required of a city pursuant to subsection (d) for the establishment of a redevelopment district. One or more redevelopment projects may be undertaken by a city within a redevelopment district after such redevelopment district has been established in the manner provided by subsection (d).
- —(d) (a) Resolution procedure for a redevelopment district. Any city or unified government proposing to establish a redevelopment district within an eligible area shall adopt a resolution stating that the city is considering the establishment of a redevelopment district. Such resolution shall:
- (1) Give notice that a public hearing will be held to consider the establishment of a redevelopment district and fix the date, hour and place of such public hearing;
 - (2) describe the proposed boundaries of the redevelopment district;
- (3) describe a proposed comprehensive plan that identifies all of the proposed redevelopment project areas and that identifies in a general-manner all of the buildings and facilities that are proposed to be constructed or improved in each redevelopment project area.

(4) state that a description and map of the proposed redevelopment district are available for inspection at a time and place designated;

(5) state that the governing body will consider findings necessary for the establishment of a redevelopment district.

Notice shall be given as provided in subsection (e) (b) of K.S.A. 12-1772, and amendments thereto.

(e)—Upon the conclusion of the public hearing, the governing body may adopt a resolution to make any findings required by subsection (a) and may establish the redevelopment district by ordinance. Such resolution shall contain a comprehensive plan that identifies all of the proposed redevelopment project areas and identifies in a general manner all of the buildings and facilities that are proposed to be constructed or improved in each redevelopment project area. The houndaries of such dis-

the district plan

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trict shall not include any area not designated in the notice required by subsection (d). Subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1771e, and amendments thereto, any addition of area to the redevelopment district or any substantial change to the comprehensive plan shall be subject to the same procedure for public notice and hearing as is required for the establishment of the district. The boundaries of any such district in a major tourism area including an auto race-track facility located in Wy-andotte county, shall, without regard to that portion of the district pertaining to the auto race track facility, be as follows: Beginning at the intersection of Interstate 70 and Interstate 435; West along Interstate 70 to 118th Street; North along 118th Street to State Avenue; Northeasterly along proposed relocated State Avenue to 110th Street, North along 110th Street to Parallel Parkway; East along Parallel Parkway to Interstate 435; South along Interstate 435 to Interstate 70.

(b) Posthearing procedure. Upon the conclusion of the public hearing, the governing body may adopt a resolution making the finding that the specific area sought to be redeveloped is, as defined in K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1770a, and amendments thereto, a blighted area, conservation area, major tourism area or historic theater or was designated as an enterprise zone prior to July 1, 1992, and may establish the redevelopment district by ordinance. Such resolution shall contain a comprehensive plan that identifies all of the proposed redevelopment project areas and identifies in a general manner all of the buildings and facilities that are proposed to be constructed or improved in each redevelopment project area. The boundaries of such district shall not include any area not designated in the notice required by subsection (a)

(c) The governing body of a city or a unified government may establish a redevelopment district within that city or county, excluding convervation areas of that city or county, upon written consent of the board of county commissioners, and may establish a district inclusive of land outside the boundaries of the city to be known as a redevelopment district. Prior to providing written consent, the board of county commissioners shall be subject to the same procedure for public notice and hearing as is required of a city pursuant to subsection (a) for the establishment of a redevelopment district. One or more redevelopment projects may be undertaken by a city or unified government within a redevelopment district after such redevelopment district has been established in the manner provided by this section.

(f) (d) No privately owned property subject to ad valorem taxes shall be acquired and redeveloped under the provisions of K.S.A. 12-1770 et seq., and amendments thereto, if the board of county commissioners or the board of education levying taxes on such property determines by resolution adopted within 30 days following the conclusion of the hearing

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an ordinance. Such ordinance shall: (1) Make a

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: (A) The redevelopment district proposed to be developed is an eligible area; and (B) the conservation, development or redevelopment of such area is necessary to promote the general and economic welfare of the city; (2) contain the district plan as approved; and (3) contain the legal description of the redevelopment district

-ordinance

Such city

- upon written consent of the board of county commissioners

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for the establishment of the redevelopment district required by subsection (d) (b) that the proposed redevelopment district will have an adverse effect on such county or school district. The board of county commissioners or board of education shall deliver a copy of such resolution to the city. The city shall within 30 days of receipt of such resolution pass an ordinance terminating the redevelopment district.

(g) Any redevelopment plan undertaken within the redevelopment district may be in separate development stages. Each plan shall be adopted according to the provisions of K.S.A. 12-1772, and amendments thereto, and shall fix a date-for-completion. Except as provided herein, any project shall be completed within 20 years from the date of transmittal of the redevelopment plan or a revision of the plan, as authorized by K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1771c, and amendments thereto, to the county pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1776, and amendments thereto. Projects relating to environmental investigation and remediation under subsection (i) shall be completed within 20 years from the date a city enters into a consent decree agreement with the Kansas department of health and environment or the United States environmental protection agency. A redevelopment project in a major tourism area for an auto-race track facility described in subsection (a)(1)(D) of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, shall be completed within 30 years from the date the secretary of commerce and housing makes the finding that the redevelopment project will create a major tourism area pursuant to subsection (a)(1)(D) of K.S.A. 12-1774; and amendments thereto:

(h) Any-increment-in ad valorem property taxes resulting from a redevelopment district undertaken in accordance with the provisions of this act, shall-be apportioned to a special fund for the payment of the cost of the redevelopment project, including the payment of principal and interest on any special obligation bonds or full faith and credit tax increment bonds issued to finance such project pursuant to this act and may be pledged to the payment of principal and interest on such bonds. The maximum maturity on bonds issued to finance projects pursuant to this act shall not exceed 20 years except that: (1) Such maximum period of special obligation bonds not payable from revenues described by subsection (a)(1)(D) of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, issued to finance an auto race track facility shall not exceed 30 years; and (Ω) such maximum-period, if the governor determines and makes and submits a finding to the speaker of the house of representatives and the president of the senate that a maturity greater than 20 years, but in no event exeeeding 30 years, is necessary for the economic feasibility of the financing of an auto-race track facility with special obligation bonds payable primarily from revenues described by subsection (a)(1)(D) of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, may be extended in accordance with such

determination and finding.

For the purposes of this act, "increment" means that amount of ad valorem taxes collected from real property located within the redevelopment-district that is in excess of the amount which is produced from such property and attributable to the assessed valuation of such property prior to the date the redevelopment plan or revision of the plan, as authorized by K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1771e, and amendments thereto, is transmitted to the county pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1776, and amendments thereto.

(i) The governing body of a city, in contracts entered into with the Kansas department of health and environment or the United States environmental protection agency, may pledge increments receivable in future years to pay costs directly relating to the investigation and remediation of environmentally contaminated areas. The provisions in such contracts pertaining to pledging increments in future years shall not be subject to K.S.A. 10-1101 et seq. or 70-2025 et seq., and amendments thereto:

-(j) Before any redevelopment project is undertaken; a comprehensive feasibility study, which shows the benefits derived from such project will exceed the costs and that the income therefrom will be sufficient to pay for the project shall be prepared. Such feasibility study shall be an open public record.

(k) If a city determines that revenues from sources other than property taxes will be sufficient to pay any special obligation bonds issued to finance a redevelopment project for an auto race track facility described in subsection (a)(1)(D) of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, which the secretary of commerce and housing makes a finding that such project will create a major tourism area pursuant to subsection (a)(1)(D) of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, all real and personal property, constituting an auto race track facility described in subsection (a)(1)(D) of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, in such redevelopment district shall be exempt from property taxation for a period ending on the earlier of (1) the date which is 30 years after the date of the finding by the secretary of commerce and housing with respect to such major tourism area, or (2) the date on which no such special obligation bonds issued to finance such auto race track facility in a major tourism area remain outstanding.

(1) Any major tourism area may include an additional area not exceeding 400 acres of additional property, excluding roads and highways, in addition to the property necessary for the auto race track facility upon a finding by the governor that the development plan and each project within such additional area will enhance the major tourism area. For the development of each project within such additional area the city shall

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select qualified developers pursuant to a request for proposals in accordance with written official procedures approved by the governing body of the city. Any project within such additional area that is financed in whole or in part by special obligation bonds payable from revenues derived from subsection (a)(1)(D) of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, shall not be entitled to any real-property tax abatements or the revenues described in K.S.A. 12-1775, and amendments thereto. Any project within such additional area must be approved by the governor and construction must be commenced by July 1, 2002. The city shall prepare and submit annually to the governor, the secretary of commerce and housing and the legislature by each October 1; commencing October 1; 1909 and continuing until October 1, 2002, a report describing the status of any projects within such additional area. Any business located in Kansas within 50 miles of a major tourism area that relocates into a major tourism area shall not receive any of the benefits of K.S.A. 12-1770 et seq., and amendments-thereto.

- (e) Addition to area; substantial change. Subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12 1771c, and amendments thereto, any addition of area to the redevelopment district or any substantial change as defined in K.S.A. 12-1770a, and amendments thereto, to the comprehensive plan shall be subject to the same procedure for public notice and hearing as is required for the establishment of the district.
- Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1771a is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-1771a. (a) The governing body of a city may establish an increment in ad valorem taxes using the procedure set forth in subsection (b) for projects that are initiated upon a finding that the area is a blighted area under subsection (a)(2) of K.S.A. 12-1771 as defined under K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1770a, and amendments thereto, when the following conditions exist:
- (1) The proposed district has been identified by the Kansas department of health and environment or the United States environmental protection agency to be an environmentally contaminated area;
- (2) the city has entered into a consent decree or settlement agreement or has taken action expressing an intent to enter into a consent decree or settlement agreement with the Kansas department of health and environment or the United States environmental protection agency that addresses the investigation and remediation of the environmental contamination;
- (3) the consent decree or settlement agreement contains a provision that has the effect of releasing property owners who are not responsible for the contamination from the responsibility of paying the response costs of the investigation and remediation of the contamination; and
- (4) the city intends to establish a redevelopment district pursuant to

- In Any addition of any area to the redevelopment district shall be subject to the same procedure for public notice and hearing as is required for the establishment of the redevelopment district. The base year assessed valuation of the redevelopment district following the addition of area shall be revised to reflect the base year assessed valuation of the original area and the added area as of the date of the original establishment of the redevelopment district.
- (a) A city may remove real property from a redevelopment district by an ordinance of the governing body. If more than a de minimus amount of real property is removed from a redevelopment district, the base year assessed valuation of the redevelopment district shall be revised to reflect the base year assessed valuation of the remaining real property as of the date of the original establishment of the redevelopment district.
- A city may divide the real property in a redevelopment district, including real property in different redevelopment project areas within a redevelopment district into separate redevelopment districts. The base year assessed valuation of each resulting redevelopment district following such division of real property shall be revised to reflect the base year assessed valuation of the area of each resulting redevelopment district as of the date of the original establishment of the redevelopment district. Any division of real property with in a redevelopment district into more than one redevelopment district shall be subject to the same procedure or public notice and hearing as is required for the establishment of the redevelopment district.
- (f) If a city has undertaken a redevelopment project within a redevelopment district, and either the city wishes to subsequently remove more than a de minimus amount of real property from the redevelopment district or the city wishes to subsequently divide the real property in the redevelopment district into more than one redevelopment district, then prior to any such removal or division the city must provide a feasibility study which shows that the tax increment revenue from the resulting redevelopment district within which the redevelopment project is located is expected to be sufficient to pay the redevelopment project costs.
- Removal of real property from one redevelopment district and addition of all or a portion of that real property to another redevelopment district may be accomplished by the adoption of an ordinance and in such event the determination of the existence or non-existence of an adverse effect on the county or school district under subsection (f) shall apply to both such removal and such addition of real property to a redevelopment district.]

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K.S.A. 12-1771, and amendments thereto, to wholly finance or partially finance the investigation and remediation of contamination within such district.

- (b) An environmental increment established after a city has found that the condition in subsection (a)(2) of K.S.A. 12-1771 as defined in K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1770a, and amendments thereto, exists shall be set on a yearly basis. For purposes of this section, a yearly basis shall be a calendar year. Each year's increment shall be an amount sufficient to pay the direct costs of investigation and remediation of the contaminated condition anticipated to be incurred that year including principal and interest due on any special obligation bonds or full faith and credit tax increment bonds issued to finance in whole or in part the remediation and investigation, costs relating to remediation investigation and feasibility studies, operation and maintenance expenses and other expenses relating directly to the investigation and remediation of contamination. Each year's environmental increment shall not exceed 20% of the amount of taxes that are produced by all taxing subdivisions within any currently existing or subsequently created redevelopment district area in the year the redevelopment district is first established, notwithstanding that such subdivision was not required to receive notice of the establishment of the district.
- (c) The budget that establishes the yearly environmental increment shall be certified by the city to the county clerk and county treasurer no later than August 25th, preceding the calendar year for which the budget is being set. Funds derived from an environmental increment established by this section and interest on all funds derived from an environmental increment established by this section may be used only for projects involving the investigation and remediation of contamination in the district.
- (d) The real property taxes produced by the environmental increment established under subsection (b) from a redevelopment district established under the provisions of K.S.A. 12-1771, and amendments thereto, and this section shall be allocated and paid by the county treasurer to the treasurer of the city and deposited in a special separate fund of the city to pay the direct cost of investigation and remediation of contamination in the redevelopment district. Any funds collected by the city from parties determined to be responsible in any manner for the contaminated condition shall be either: (1) Deposited in the same separate special fund created hereunder, and with all interest earned thereon, may be used only for projects involving the investigation and remediation of contamination in the established redevelopment district; or (2) distributed to parties who have entered into a contract with the city to pay a portion of investigation and remediation of the contamination in the redevelopment district and the terms of such contract provide that such parties are en-

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titled to reimbursement for a portion of funds they have expended for such investigation and remediation of contamination from the recovery of costs that are collected from other third party responsible parties.

(e) A redevelopment district created under the provisions of this section shall constitute a separate taxing district. If all costs for such investigation and remediation of contamination in the redevelopment district have been paid and moneys remain in the special fund, such moneys shall be remitted to each taxing subdivision which paid moneys into the special fund on the basis of the proportion which the total amount of moneys paid by such taxing subdivision into the special fund bears to the total amount of all moneys paid by all taxing subdivisions into the fund.

(e) (f) Nothing in this section shall prevent any city from establishing a redevelopment district for other purposes pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1770 et seq., and amendments thereto, which may include part or all of the real property included in the district established under this section.

(g) Redevelopment projects relating to environmental investigation and remediation under this section, and amendments thereto, shall be completed within 20 years from the date a city enters into a consent decree agreement with the Kansas department of health and environment or the United States environmental protection agency.

(f) (h) Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect the obligations of the county to annually review the fair market value of property in accordance with procedures set by law or to affect the right of any taxpayer to protest and appeal the appraised or reappraised value of their property in accordance with procedures set forth by law.

(g) (i) Commencing with the regular session of the legislature in 1993, each city that establishes a redevelopment district under this section shall make a status report on a biennial basis to the standing committee on commerce of the senate and the standing committee on economic development of the house of representatives during the month of January. The status report shall contain information on the status of the investigation and remediation of contamination in the redevelopment district.

(j) For the purposes of this act, the governing body of a city, in contracts entered into with the Kansas department of health and environment or the United States environmental protection agency, may pledge increments receivable in future years to pay costs directly relating to the investigation and remediation of environmentally contaminated areas. The provisions in such contracts pertaining to pledging increments in future years shall not be subject to K.S.A. 10-1101 et seq. or 79-2925 et seq., and amendments thereto.

Sec. 5. K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1771d is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-1771d. The governing body of any municipality may designate a building within such municipality to be a historic theater if the governing

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body of the municipality and the secretary of commerce and housing agree that the building satisfies the requirements of subsection (a) (i) of K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1770a, and amendments thereto, and will contribute significantly to the economic development of the city and surrounding area.

Sec. 6. K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1771b is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-1771b. No individual, firm, partnership, association, corporation or any other entity shall establish or operate any lottery within that portion of any redevelopment district occupied by a redevelopment project that has been found to be of statewide as well as local importance and to meet the other criteria specified in K.S.A. 12-1774 (a)(1)(D).

(a) The boundaries of any redevelopment district in a major tourism area including an auto race track facility located in Wyandotte county, shall, without regard to that portion of the district pertaining to the auto race track facility, be as follows: Beginning at the intersection of Interstate 70 and Interstate 435; West along Interstate 70 to 118th Street; North along 118th Street to State Avenue; Northeasterly along proposed relocated State Avenue to 110th Street; North along 110th Street to Parallel Parkway; East along Parallel Parkway to Interstate 435; South along Interstate 435 to Interstate 70.

(b) Any major tourism area may include an additional area not exceeding 400 acres of additional property, excluding roads and highways, in addition to the property necessary for the auto race track facility upon a finding by the governor that the development plan and each project within such additional area will enhance the major tourism area. For the development of each project within such additional area the city shall select qualified developers pursuant to a request for proposals in accordance with written official procedures approved by the governing body of the city. Any project within such additional area that is financed in whole or in part by special obligation bonds payable from revenues derived from subsection (a)(1)(D) of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, shall not be entitled to any real property tax abatements or the revenues described in K.S.A. 12-1775, and amendments thereto. Any project within such additional area must be approved by the governor and construction must be commenced by July 1, 2002. The city shall prepare and submit annually to the governor, the secretary of commerce and housing and the legislature by each October 1, commencing October 1, 1999, and continuing until October 1, 2002, a report describing the status of any projects within such additional area. Any business located in Kansas within 50 miles of a major tourism area that relocates into a major tourism area shall not receive any of the benefits of K.S.A. 12-1770 et seq., and amendments thereto.

(c) If a city determines that revenues from sources other than property taxes will be sufficient to pay any special obligation bonds issued to

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finance a redevelopment project for an auto race track facility as described in subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1770a, and amendments thereto, and the secretary of commerce and housing makes a finding that such project will create a major tourism area pursuant to subsection (k) of K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1770a, and amendments thereto, all real and personal property, constituting an auto race track facility described in subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1770a, and amendments thereto, in such redevelopment district shall be exempt from property taxation for a period ending on the earlier of (1) the date which is 30 years after the date of the finding by the secretary of commerce and housing with respect to such major tourism area; or (2) the date on which no such special obligation bonds issued to finance such auto race track facility in a major tourism area remain outstanding.

(d) The city which is authorized to issue bonds pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 12-1770 et seq. in order to finance a redevelopment project in a major tourism area as defined by K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1770a, and amendments thereto, shall obtain underwriting services required by the city for the issuance of such bonds pursuant to written proposals received in accordance with this section.

(e) Each city which is authorized to issue such bonds shall establish written official procedures for obtaining underwriting services required for the issuance of such bonds, including specifications for requests for proposals and criteria for evaluation of proposals on a competitive basis. The proposal evaluation criteria shall include factors based on cost, capacity to provide the required services, qualifications and experience.

(f) Prior to the issuance of any such bonds to finance a redevelopment project in a major tourism area after the effective date of this act, the city shall publish notice of a request for proposals to provide the underwriting services that are required by the city with regard to the proposed bond issuance and shall mail requests for proposals to qualified interested parties upon request for such notice. The city shall award contracts for such underwriting services from the proposals received in accordance with the procedures and evaluation criteria adopted by the city for such purpose. A city shall publish such notice in the official newspaper of the city.

(g) A redevelopment project in a major tourism area for an auto race track facility described in subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1770a, and amendments thereto, shall be completed within 30 years from the date the secretary makes the finding that the redevelopment project will create a major tourism area pursuant to subsection (k) of K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1770a, and amendments thereto.

(h) The maximum maturity on bonds issued to finance projects pursuant to this act shall not exceed 20 years except that: (1) Such maximum neriod of special obligation bonds not payable from revenues described

by subsection (a)(1)(D) of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, issued to finance an auto race track facility shall not exceed 30 years; and (2) such maximum period, if the governor determines and makes and submits a finding to the speaker of the house of representatives and the president of the senate that a maturity greater than 20 years, but in no event exceeding 30 years, is necessary for the economic feasibility of the financing of an auto race track facility with special obligation bonds payable primarily from revenues described by subsection (a)(1)(D) of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, may be extended in accordance with such determination and finding.

New Sec. 7. (a) Enterprise zones designated prior to July 1, 1992, may be enlarged by:

- (1) The city to an area not exceeding 25% of the city's land area upon a finding by the secretary of the department of commerce and housing that a redevelopment project proposed by the city which requires the enlargement is of statewide importance and that it will meet the criteria specified in subsection (s) of K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1770a, and amendments thereto; or
- (2) a unified government, established pursuant to K.S.A. 12-340 et seq., and amendments thereto, may enlarge an enterprise zone, established within its jurisdiction prior to July 1, 1992, to an area not exceeding 200% of the area of the original enterprise zone regardless of whether such enlargement crosses the boundary of a city within the jurisdiction of the unified government upon a finding by the secretary of commerce and housing that the redevelopment project proposed by the unified government which requires the enlargement is of statewide importance and that it will meet the criteria specified in subsection (s) of K.S.A. 12-1770a and subsection (a)(1)(D) of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 8. K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1771c is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-1771c. (a) The provisions of this section shall apply to all cities in which a redevelopment *project* plan has been dormant and a tax increment has not been received within three years or more following adoption of the ordinance establishing a redevelopment *project* plan pursuant to subsection (e) of K.S.A. 12-1772, and amendments thereto, and the boundaries of such plan include a portion of the land subject to the jurisdiction of the capitol area plaza authority established under the provisions of K.S.A. 75-2237, and amendments thereto.
- (b) Such city may, by ordinance of the governing body passed by a two-thirds 2/3 vote, revise the project areas of a previously approved but dormant redevelopment *project* plan into separate stages. Such an ordinance establishing one or more separate stages shall fix a date of completion and shall adopt, by reference, a revised *project* plan which shall include: (1) a summary of a new comprehensive feasibility study required

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by K.S.A. 12-1771 12-1772, and amendments thereto; (2) a description and map of the project area; (3) a detailed description of the buildings and facilities proposed to be constructed or improved in such project area; and (4) any other information the governing body deems necessary to advise the public. A certified copy of such revised plan shall be transmitted to the county pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1776 and amendments thereto and to the capitol area plaza authority. The revised plan shall be an open public record.

Sec. 9. K.S.A. 12-1772 is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-1772. (a) Any city proposing to undertake a redevelopment project within a redevelopment district established pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1771, and amendments thereto, shall prepare a redevelopment plan in consultation with the planning commission of the city. The redevelopment plan shall include: (1) A summary of the feasibility study required by K.S.A. 12-1771, and amendments thereto; (2) a reference to the redevelopment district plan established under K.S.A. 12-1771, and amendments thereto; that identifies the redevelopment project area that is set forth in the comprehensive plan that is being considered; (3) a description and map of the area to be redeveloped; (4) the relocation assistance plan required by K.S.A. 12-1777, and amendments thereto; (5) a detailed description of the buildings and facilities proposed to be constructed or improved in such area; and (6) any other information the governing body deems necessary to advise the public of the intent of the plan. A copy of the redevelopment plan shall be delivered to the board of county commissioners of the county and the board of education of any school district levying taxes on property within the proposed redevelopment project area. Upon a finding by the planning commission that the redevelopment plan is consistent with the comprehensive general plan for the development of the city; the governing body of the city shall adopt a resolution stating that the city is considering the adoption of the plan. Such resolution shall: (1) Give notice that a public hearing will be held to consider the adoption of the redevelopment plan and fix the date, hour and place of such public hearing;

— (2)—describe the boundaries of the redevelopment district within which the redevelopment project will be located and the date of establishment of such district;

- (3) describe the boundaries of the area proposed to be included within the redevelopment project area; and

(4) state that the redevelopment plan, including a summary of the feasibility study, relocation assistance plan and financial guarantees of the prospective developer and a description and map of the area to be redeveloped are available for inspection during regular office hours in the office of the city clerk.

- Except as provided in paragraph (3) of subsection (b) of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, if the governing body determines that it may issue full faith and credit tax increment bonds to finance the redevelopment project; in whole or in part, the resolution also shall melude notice thereof.
- (b) The date fixed for the public hearing shall be not less than 30 or more than 70 days following the date of the adoption of the resolution fixing the date of the hearing.
- (c) A copy of the resolution providing for the public hearing shall be delivered to the board of county commissioners of the county and the board of education of any school district levying taxes on property within the proposed redevelopment project area. Gopies also shall be mailed by certified mail to each owner and occupant of land within the proposed redevelopment project area not more than 10 days following the date of the adoption of the resolution. The resolution shall be published once in the official city newspaper not less than one week or more than two weeks preceding the date fixed for the public hearing. A sketch clearly delineating the area in sufficient detail to advise the reader of the particular land proposed to be included within the project area shall be published with the resolution.
- (d) At the public hearing, a representative of the city shall present the city's proposed redevelopment plan. Following the presentation of the plan, all interested persons shall be given an opportunity to be heard. The governing body for good cause shown may recess such hearing to a time and date certain, which shall be fixed in the presence of persons in attendance at the hearing.
- (c) Following the public hearing, the governing body may adopt the redevelopment plan by ordinance passed upon a % vote. Any substantial changes to the plan as adopted shall be subject to public hearing following publication of notice thereof at least twice in the official city newspaper.
- (a) Redevelopment projects. One or more redevelopment projects may be undertaken by a city within an established redevelopment district. Any such redevelopment project plan may be implemented in separate development stages. Any city proposing to undertake a redevelopment project within a redevelopment district established pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1771, and amendments thereto, shall prepare a redevelopment project plan in consultation with the planning commission of the city. The redevelopment project plan shall include:
- (1) A summary of the feasibility study done as defined in K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1770a, and amendments thereto, which will be an open record;
- (2) a reference to the redevelopment district plan established under (K.S.A. 12-1771, and amendments thereto, that identifies the redevelopment project area that is set forth in the comprehensive plan that is being

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considered;

(3) a description and map of the area to be redeveloped;

(4) the relocation assistance plan required by K.S.A. 12-1777, and amendments thereto;

(5) a detailed description of the buildings and facilities proposed to be constructed or improved in such area; and

(6) any other information the governing body deems necessary to advise the public of the intent of the toler

vise the public of the intent of the plan.

- (b) Resolution requirements. A copy of the redevelopment project plan shall be delivered to the board of county commissioners of the county and the board of education of any school district levying taxes on property within the proposed redevelopment project area. Upon a finding by the planning commission that the redevelopment project plan is consistent with the intent of the redevelopment district plan for the development of the city, the governing body of the city shall adopt a resolution stating that the city is considering the adoption of the project plan. Such resolution shall:
- (1) Give notice that a public hearing will be held to consider the adoption of the redevelopment project plan and fix the date, hour and place of such public hearing;
- (2) describe the boundaries of the redevelopment district within which the redevelopment project will be located and the date of establishment of such district;
- (3) describe the boundaries of the area proposed to be included within the redevelopment project area; and
- (4) state that the redevelopment project plan, including a summary of the feasibility study, relocation assistance plan and financial guarantees of the prospective developer and a description and map of the area to be redeveloped are available for inspection during regular office hours in the office of the city clerk.

Except as provided in paragraph (3) of subsection (b) of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, if the governing body determines that it may issue full faith and credit tax increment bonds to finance the redevelopment project, in whole or in part, the resolution also shall include notice thereof.

- (c) (1) Hearing. The date fixed for the public hearing shall be not less than 30 nor more than 70 days following the date of the adoption of the resolution fixing the date of the hearing.
- (2) A copy of the resolution providing for the public hearing shall be delivered to the board of county commissioners of the county and the board of education of any school district levying taxes on property within the proposed redevelopment project area. Copies also shall be mailed by

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redevelopment project area not more than 10 days following the date of the adoption of the resolution. The resolution shall be published once in the official city newspaper not less than one week nor more than two weeks preceding the date fixed for the public hearing. A sketch clearly delineating the area in sufficient detail to advise the reader of the particular land proposed to be included within the project area shall be published with the resolution.

- (3) At the public hearing, a representative of the city shall present the city's proposed redevelopment project plan. Following the presentation of the project plan, all interested persons shall be given an opportunity to be heard. The governing body for good cause shown may recess such hearing to a time and date certain, which shall be fixed in the presence of persons in attendance at the hearing.
- (d) The public hearing records and feasibility study shall be subject to the open records act, K.S.A. 45-215, and amendments thereto.
- (e) Posthearing procedure. Following the public hearing, the governing body may adopt the redevelopment project plan by ordinance passed upon a 2/3 vote.
- (f) Any substantial changes as defined in K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1770a, and amendments thereto, to the plan as adopted shall be subject to a public hearing following publication of notice thereof at least twice in the official city newspaper.
- (g) Any project shall be completed within 20 years from the date of transmittal of the redevelopment project plan or a revision of the project plan as authorized by K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12 1771c, and amendments thereto, to the county pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1776, and amendments thereto, except as otherwise provided in this act.
- Sec. 10. K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1773 is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-1773. (a) Any city which has adopted a rodovolopment project plan in accordance with the provisions of this act may purchase or otherwise acquire real property in connection with such redevelopment project plan. Upon a 3/3 vote of the members of the governing body thereof a city may acquire by condemnation any interest in real property, including a fee simple title thereto, which it deems necessary for or in connection with any redevelopment project plan of an area located within the redevelopment district. Prior to the exercise of such eminent domain power, the city shall offer to the owner of any property which will be subject to condemnation with respect to any redevelopment project, other than one which includes an auto race track facility, compensation in an amount equal to the highest appraised valuation amount determined for property tax purposes by the county appraiser for any of the three most recent years next preceding the year of condemnation, except that, if in the year next preceding the year of condemnation any such property

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had been damaged or destroyed by fire, flood, tornado, lightning, explosion or other catastrophic event, the amount offered should be equal to the appraised valuation of the property which would have been determined taking into account such damage or destruction unless such property has been restored, renovated or otherwise improved. However no city shall exercise such eminent domain power to acquire real property in a conservation area. Any such city may exercise the power of eminent domain in the manner provided by K.S.A. 26-501 et seq., and amendments thereto. In addition to the compensation or damage amount finally awarded thereunder with respect to any property subject to proceedings thereunder as a result of the construction of an auto race track facility, such city shall provide for the payment of an amount equal to 25% of such compensation or damage amount. In addition to any compensation or damages allowed under the eminent domain procedure act, such city shall also provide for the payment of relocation assistance as provided in K.S.A. 12-1777, and amendments thereto.

(b) Any property acquired by a city under the provisions of this act may be sold, transferred or leased to any person, firm or corporation, hereinafter referred to as a developer, in accordance with the redevelopment project plan and under such other conditions as may be agreed upon. Such city may use the proceeds of special obligation bonds issued under K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, or full faith and credit tax increment bonds issued under K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, or any uncommitted funds derived from those sources set forth in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, to pay the redevelopment costs as defined in K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1770a, and amendments thereto, to implement the redevelopment

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project plan including, without limitation:
 (1) Acquisition of property within the project area;

30 -(2) payment of relocation assistance;

31 -(3) site-preparation;

32 -(4) sanitary and storm sewers and lift stations;

-(5) drainage conduits, channels and levees;

34 — (6)—street grading, paving, graveling, macadamizing, eurbing, gutter-35—ing and surfacing;

36 - (7) - street lighting fixtures, connection and facilities;

37 — (8) — underground gas, water, heating, and electrical services and con-38 — nections located within the public right-of-way;

39 - (9) - sidewalks and pedestrian underpasses or overpasses;

40 — (10)—drives and driveway approaches located within public right-of-

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- (11) - water mains and extensions;

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—(13)—parking facilities;

— (14)—landscaping and plantings; fountains, shelters, benches, sculptures, lighting, decorations and similar amenities; and

— (15)—all related expenses to redevelop and finance the redevelopment project.

None of the proceeds from the sale of such bonds shall be used for the construction of buildings or other structures to be owned by or to be leased to such developer, except for proceeds of such bonds as may be issued for a redevelopment project which includes an auto race track facility and except for proceeds of such bonds as may be issued for a redevelopment district including some or all of the land and buildings comprising a state mental institution closed pursuant to section 2 of chapter 210 of the 1995 Session Laws of Kansas.

- Sec. 11. K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1774 is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-1774. (a) (1) Any city shall have the power to issue special obligation bonds in one or more series to finance the undertaking of any redevelopment project in accordance with the provisions of this act. Such special obligation bonds shall be made payable, both as to principal and interest:
- (A) From property tax increments allocated to, and paid into a special fund of the city under the provisions of K.S.A. 12-1775, and amendments thereto;
- (B) from revenues of the city derived from or held in connection with the undertaking and carrying out of any redevelopment project or projects under this act including historic theater sales tax increments and environmental increments;
- (C) from any private sources, contributions or other financial assistance from the state or federal government;
- (D) from a pledge of a portion or all of the revenue received by the city from transient guest, sales and use taxes collected pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1696 et seq., 79-3601 et seq., 79-3701 et seq. and 12-187 et seq., and amendments thereto, and which are collected from taxpayers doing business within that portion of the city's redevelopment district established pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1771, and amendments thereto, occupied by a redevelopment project if there first is a finding by the secretary of commerce and housing that the redevelopment project is of statewide as well-as local importance or will create a major tourism area for the state or if the project is the restoration of a historic theater as defined in subsection (n) of K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1770a, and amendments thereto. In making a finding that a redevelopment project is of statewide as well as local importance, the secretary must conclude at least: (i) That capital improvements costing not less than \$300,000,000 will be built in the state for such redevelopment project; and (ii) not less than 1,500 permanent and sea-

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sonal employment-positions as defined by K.S.A. 74-50,114, and amendments thereto, will be created in the state by such redevelopment project. In making a finding that a redevelopment project will create a major tourism area within the state, the secretary must conclude at least: (i) That capital improvements costing not less than \$100,000,000 will be built in the state to construct a project for such major tourism area; and (ii) that the project constructed will be an auto race track facility. An auto race track facility means (i) an auto race facility and facilities directly related and necessary to the operation of an auto race track facility including, but not limited to, grandstands, suites and viewing areas, concessions and souvenir facilities, catering facilities, visitor and retail centers, signage and temporary hospitality facilities; but excluding (ii) hotels, motels, restaurants and retail facilities not included in (i);

- (E) (i) from a pledge of a portion or all increased revenue received by the city from franchise fees collected from utilities and other businesses using public right-of-way within the redevelopment district; (ii) from a pledge of a portion or all of the revenue received by the city from sales taxes collected pursuant to K.S.A. 12-187, and amendments thereto; or
- (F) by any combination of these methods.

The city may pledge such revenue to the repayment of such special obligation bonds prior to, simultaneously with, or subsequent to the issuance of such special obligation bonds.

- (2) Bonds issued under paragraph (1) of subsection (a) shall not be general obligations of the city, nor in any event shall they give rise to a charge against its general credit or taxing powers, or be payable out of any funds or properties other than any of those set forth in paragraph (1) of this subsection and such bonds shall so state on their face.
- (3) Bonds issued under the provisions of paragraph (1) of this subsection shall be special obligations of the city and are declared to be negotiable instruments. They shall be executed by the mayor and clerk of the city and sealed with the corporate seal of the city. All details pertaining to the issuance of such special obligation bonds and terms and conditions thereof shall be determined by ordinance of the city. All special obligation bonds issued pursuant to this act and all income or interest therefrom shall be exempt from all state taxes except inheritance taxes. Such special obligation bonds shall contain none of the recitals set forth in K.S.A. 10-112, and amendments thereto. Such special obligation bonds shall, however, contain the following recitals, viz., the authority under which such special obligation bonds are issued, they are in conformity with the provisions, restrictions and limitations thereof, and that such special obligation bonds and the interest thereon are to be paid from the money and revenue received as provided in paragraph (1) of this

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subsection.

(b) (1) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of this subsection, any city shall have the power to issue full faith and credit tax increment bonds to finance the undertaking of any redevelopment project in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 12-1770 et seq., and amendments thereto other than a project determined by the secretary of commerce and housing to be of statewide as well as local importance or will create a major tourism area as specified in subsection (a)(1)(D) of K.S.A. 12-1774 subsections (k) and (s) of K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1770a, and amondments thereto Such full faith and credit tax increment bonds shall be made payable, both as to principal and interest: (A) From the revenue sources identified in paragraph (1)(A), (B), (C), (D) and (E) of subsection (a) or by any combination of these sources; and (B) subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of this subsection, from a pledge of the city's full faith and credit to use its ad valorem taxing authority for repayment thereof in the event all other authorized sources of revenue are not sufficient.

(2) Except as provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection, before the governing body of any city proposes to issue full faith and credit tax increment bonds as authorized by this subsection, the feasibility study required by K.S.A. 12-1771 12-1772, and amendments thereto, shall demonstrate that the benefits derived from the project will exceed the cost and that the income therefrom will be sufficient to pay the costs of the project. No full faith and credit tax increment bonds shall be issued unless the governing body states in the resolution required by K.S.A. 12-1772, and amendments thereto, that it may issue such bonds to finance the proposed redevelopment project. The governing body may issue the bonds unless within 60 days following the date of the public hearing on the proposed redevelopment project plan a protest petition signed by 3% of the qualified voters of the city is filed with the city clerk in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 25-3601 et seq., and amendments thereto. If a sufficient petition is filed, no full faith and credit tax increment bonds shall be issued until the issuance of the bonds is approved by a majority of the voters voting at an election thereon. Such election shall be called and held in the manner provided by the general bond law. The failure of the voters to approve the issuance of full faith and credit tax increment bonds shall not prevent the city from issuing special obligation bonds in accordance with K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto. No such election shall be held in the event the board of county commissioners or the board of education determines, as provided in K.S.A. 12-1771, and amendments thereto, that the proposed redevelopment district will have an adverse effect on the county or school district.

(3) As an alternative to paragraph (2) of this subsection, any city which

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or result in the renovation of an historic theater

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adopts a redevelopment project plan but does not state its intent to issue full faith and credit tax increment bonds in the resolution required by K.S.A. 12-1772, and amendments thereto, and has not acquired property in the redevelopment project area may issue full faith and credit tax increment bonds if the governing body of the city adopts a resolution stating its intent to issue the bonds and the issuance of the bonds is approved by a majority of the voters voting at an election thereon. Such election shall be called and held in the manner provided by the general bond law. The failure of the voters to approve the issuance of full faith and credit tax increment bonds shall not prevent the city from issuing special obligation bonds pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection (a). Any redevelopment project plan adopted by a city prior to the effective date of this act in accordance with K.S.A. 12-1772, and amendments thereto, shall not be invalidated by any requirements of this act.

- (4) During the progress of any redevelopment project in which the city's costs will be financed, in whole or in part, with the proceeds of full faith and credit tax increment bonds, the city may issue temporary notes in the manner provided in K.S.A. 10-123, and amendments thereto, to pay the city's cost for the project. Such temporary notes shall not be issued and the city shall not acquire property in the redevelopment project area until the requirements of paragraph (2) or (3) of this subsection, whichever is applicable, have been met.
- (5) Full faith and credit tax increment bonds issued under this subsection shall be general obligations of the city and are declared to be negotiable instruments. They shall be issued in accordance with the general bond law. All such bonds and all income or interest therefrom shall be exempt from all state taxes except inheritance taxes. The amount of the full faith and credit tax increment bonds issued and outstanding which exceeds 3% of the assessed valuation of the city shall be within the bonded debt limit applicable to such city.
- (6) Any city issuing special obligation bonds under the provisions of this act may refund all or part of such issue pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 10-116a, and amendments thereto.
- (c) Any increment in ad valorem property taxes resulting from a redevelopment project in the established redevelopment district undertaken in accordance with the provisions of this act, shall be apportioned to a special fund for the payment of the cost of the redevelopment project including the payment of principal and interest on any special obligation bonds or full faith and credit tax increment bonds issued to finance such project pursuant to this act and may be pledged to the payment of principal and interest on such bonds.
- Sec. 12. K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1774a is hereby amended to read as follows: 12, 1774a, (a) In the quest that the city shall default in the pay

redevelopment project costs

ment of any special obligation bonds as authorized pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1774 (a)(1)(D) subsection (a)(1)(D) of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, no public funds shall be used to pay the holders thereof except as otherwise specifically authorized in this act.

(b) No property abutting the site of a redevelopment project determined by the secretary of commerce and housing to be of statewide as well as local importance and to meet the other criteria specified by K.S.A. 12-1774 (a)(1)(D), and amendments thereto, or property abutting any public infrastructure constructed to support such redevelopment project, shall be assessed for any infrastructure construction in connection with such project unless it is determined that such abutting property is specifically benefited thereby.

Sec. 13. K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1775 is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-1775. (a) For the purposes of this act:

- (1) "Taxing subdivision" means the county, the city, the unified school district and any other taxing subdivision levying real property taxes, the territory or jurisdiction of which includes any currently existing or subsequently created redevelopment district; and

(2) - "real property taxes" means all taxes levied on an ad valorem basis upon-land and improvements thereon.

(b) (a) Except for redevelopment projects satisfying the conditions of subsection (le) (c) of K.S.A. 12-1771 2000 Supp. 12-1771b, and amendments thereto, all tangible taxable property located within a redevelopment district shall be assessed and taxed for ad valorem tax purposes pursuant to law in the same manner that such property would be assessed and taxed if located outside such district, and all ad valorem taxes levied on such property shall be paid to and collected by the county treasurer in the same manner as other taxes are paid and collected. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the county treasurer shall distribute such taxes as may be collected in the same manner as if such property were located outside a redevelopment district. Each redevelopment district established under the provisions of this act shall constitute a separate taxing unit for the purpose of the computation and levy of taxes.

(b) No property abutting the site of a redevelopment project determined by the secretary of commerce and housing to be of statewide as well as local importance and to meet the other criteria specified by subsection (a)(1)(D) of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, or property abutting any public infrastructure constructed to support such redevelopment project, shall be assessed for any infrastructure construction in connection with such project unless it is determined that such abutting property is specifically benefited thereby.

(c) Except for redevelopment projects satisfying the conditions of subsection (k) of K.S.A. 12-1771 (c) of K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1771b, and

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amendments thereto, beginning with the first payment of taxes which are levied following the date of the redevelopment project plan or revision of the project plan, as authorized by K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1771c, and amendments thereto, to the county pursuant to K.S.A. 12 1776, and amendments thereto, real property taxes received by the county treasurer resulting from taxes which are levied subject to the provisions of this act by and for the benefit of a taxing subdivision, as herein defined in K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1770a, on property located within such redevelopment district constituting a separate taxing unit under the provisions of this section, shall be divided as follows:

(1) From the taxes levied each year subject to the provisions of this act by or for each of the taxing subdivisions upon property located within a redevelopment district constituting a separate taxing unit under the provisions of this act, the county treasurer first shall allocate and pay to each such taxing subdivision all of the real property taxes collected which are produced from that portion of the current assessed valuation of such real property located within such separate taxing unit which is equal to the total assessed value of such real property on the date of the establishment of the redevelopment district

(2) Any real property taxes produced from that portion of the current assessed valuation of real property within the redevelopment district constituting a separate taxing unit under the provisions of this section in excess of an amount equal to the total assessed value of such real property on January 1 in the year preceding transmittal of the redevelopment project plan or a revision of the plan, as authorized by K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1771c, and amendments thereto, to the county pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1776, and amendments thereto, shall be allocated and paid by the county treasurer to the treasurer of the city and deposited in a special fund of the city to pay the cost of redevelopment projects including the payment of principal of and interest on any special obligation bonds or full faith and credit tax increment bonds issued by such city to finance, in whole or in part, such redevelopment project. When such obligation bonds and interest thereon have been paid, all moneys thereafter received from real property taxes within such redevelopment district shall be allocated and paid to the respective taxing subdivisions in the same manner as are other ad valorem taxes. If such obligation bonds and interest thereon have been paid before the completion of a project, the city may continue to use such moneys for any purpose authorized by this act until such time as the project is completed, but for not to exceed 20 years from the date of the transmittal to the county of the redevelopment project plan or a revisionof the project plan as authorized by K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1771e, and amendments thereto.

(d) In any redevelopment project plan or in the proceedings for the .

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the redevelopment project costs have been paid and

the base year assessed valuation

approval of the project plan, except as otherwise provided by this act

redevelopment project costs

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issuing of any special obligation bonds or full faith and credit tax increment bonds by the city to finance a redevelopment project, the property tax increment portion of taxes provided for in paragraph (2) of subsection (c) may be irrevocably pledged for the payment of the principal of and interest on such obligation bonds, subject to the provisions of subsection (h) (c) of K.S.A. 12-1771 12-1774, and amendments thereto.

(e) A city may adopt a redevelopment district plan in which only a specified percentage of the tax increment realized from taxpayers in the redevelopment district are pledged to the redevelopment project. The county treasurer shall allocate the specified percentage of the tax increment to the treasurer of the city for deposit in the special fund of the city to finance the eost of redevelopment projects if the city has other available revenues and pledges the revenues to the redevelopment project in lieu of the tax increment. Any portion of such tax increment not allocated to the city for the redevelopment project shall be allocated and paid in the same manner as other ad valorem taxes.

Sec. 14. K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 19-101a is hereby amended to read as follows: 19-101a. (a) The board of county commissioners may transact all county business and perform all powers of local legislation and administration it deems appropriate, subject only to the following limitations, restrictions or prohibitions:

- (1) Counties shall be subject to all acts of the legislature which apply uniformly to all counties.
 - (2) Counties may not consolidate or alter county boundaries.
 - (3) Counties may not affect the courts located therein.
- (4) Counties shall be subject to acts of the legislature prescribing limits of indebtedness.
- (5) In the exercise of powers of local legislation and administration authorized under provisions of this section, the home rule power conferred on cities to determine their local affairs and government shall not be superseded or impaired without the consent of the governing body of each city within a county which may be affected.
- (6) Counties may not legislate on social welfare administered under state law enacted pursuant to or in conformity with public law No. 271—74th congress, or amendments thereof.
- (7) Counties shall be subject to all acts of the legislature concerning elections, election commissioners and officers and their duties as such officers and the election of county officers.
- (8) Counties shall be subject to the limitations and prohibitions imposed under K.S.A. 12-187 to 12-195, inclusive, and amendments thereto, prescribing limitations upon the levy of retailers' sales taxes by counties.
- (9) Counties may not exempt from or effect changes in statutes made nonuniform in application solely by reason of authorizing exceptions for

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tion of a redevelopment district occupied by a redevelopment project that was determined by the secretary of commerce and housing to be of statewide as well as local importance or will create a major tourism area for the state as specified in subsection (a)(1)(D) of K.S.A. 12-1774 defined in K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1770a, and amendments thereto, to the city bond finance fund created by subsection (d) of K.S.A. 79-3620, and amendments thereto. The provisions of this subsection shall expire when the total of all amounts credited hereunder and under subsection (d) of K.S.A. 79-3620, and amendments thereto, is sufficient to retire the special obligation bonds issued for the purpose of financing all or a portion of the costs of such redevelopment project.

Sec. 19. K.S.A. 12-1772 and K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 12-1770, 12-1770a, 12-1771, 12-1771a, 12-1771b, 12-1771c, 12-1771d, 12-1773, 12-1774, 12-1774a, 12-1774b, 12-1775, 19-101a, 74-5093, 79-3620, 79-3620b and 79-

3710 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 20. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

New Section The provisions of this act shall be applicable to redevelopment districts created after July 1, 2001, however, any city which has created a redevelopment district prior to the effective date of this act may, by an ordinance of the governing body, elect to have the provisions of this act apply to such

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300 SW 8th Avenue Topeka, Kansas 66603-3912 Phone: (785) 354-9565

Phone: (785) 354-9565 Fax: (785) 354-4186

TO:

House New Economy Committee

FROM:

Don Moler, Executive Director

DATE:

February 13, 2001

RE:

Support for HB 2005 as amended

Last spring, at the request of bond counsel for some of our member cities, the League of Kansas Municipalities requested an interim study on the current tax increment financing (TIF) statutes for the purpose of exploring some revisions. The statutes, as they exist, are very complicated and difficult to use, even for very large municipalities. In fact, probably only a handful of individuals in the state, those bond counsel who have done TIF projects for municipalities, fully understand the complexities of the law. For background, I have attached my testimony from the summer interim to better explain the League's support. With that explanation as a backdrop, the League supports streamlining the current TIF statutes to improve upon a very important economic development tool.

HB 2005, with the amendments presented today, essentially accomplishes the goals of the League and we believe is a fair representation of what the interim committee was seeking. HB 2005, as amended, solves many of the problems we have identified with the existing TIF law and makes the law easier to understand and more user friendly. The definitional problems, inconsistencies, and confusion of the current law are essentially rectified with the language of HB 2005, as amended. After working with a committee composed of bond counsels, the attorney generals office, and the revisor's office, we are convinced the bill improves existing language and will help facilitate TIF projects in the future.

In conclusion, the League's strongly supports HB 2005, as amended, as its language simplifies and streamlines the existing TIF statutes for the State of Kansas. We sincerely hope the committee will pass HB 2005.