Approved: <u>Jeh. 17, 1999</u>

MINUTES OF THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INSURANCE.

The meeting was called to order by Chairperson Senator Don Steffes at 9:00 a.m. on February 11, 1999 in Room 529 S of the Capitol.

All members were present except:

Committee staff present:

Dr. Bill Wolff, Research

Ken Wilke, Office of Revisor

Nikki Feuerborn, Committee Secretary

Conferees appearing before the committee: Judi Stork, Acting Bank Commissioner

Chuck Stones, Kansas Bankers Association Sue Anderson, Community Bankers Association

David Brant, Acting Commissioner of Consumer Credit

Others attending:

See Attached

Chairman Steffes opened the meeting by thanking all those involved in the development of the very important banking legislation: the Subcommittee, the banking industry and associations, Judi Stork of the Office of State Bank Commissioner, and David Brant, Commissioner of Securities and Acting Commissioner of Consumer Credit.

Senator Praeger gave an overview of the Subcommittee's report on SB 240, SB 260, and SB 271. She explained the purpose of each bill and Chairman Steffes declared the hearings to be open.

Hearing on SB 240 - Bank Commissioner; duties and qualifications

Judi Stork, Acting Bank Commissioner, presented a balloon amendment addressing the conflict of interest issue for a bank commissioner (Attachment 1). The Bank Commissioner would not be an officer, director, employee or consultant of:

- any state or national bank or bank holding company
- any affiliate or a state or national bank or bank holding company; or
- any other entity regulated by the commissioner

Chuck Stones, Kansas Bankers Association, presented testimony supporting the bill with the following exceptions (Attachment 2):

- need to require the banking experience be in a national or state bank "in this state."
- delete section allowing regulatory experience to solely qualify a person for the job as Bank Commissioner
- delete "director" and "or consultant" from those activities in which the Bank Commissioner cannot serve while acting as Commissioner.

Written testimony was received from Charles E. Thacker, opposing including out-of-state bankers in the pool of candidates for State Bank Commissioner (Attachment 3).

Sue Anderson, Executive Director of Community Bankers Association of Kansas, supported the proposed legislation with the following exceptions (Attachment 4):

- change Commissioner's experience requirements to a minimum of five years experience in the banking industry (either state or national) "in the state of Kansas."
- regulatory experience must also include actual bank experience
- allow Bank Commissioner to remain in on his or her bank board in an advisory capacity.

Ms. Anderson reminded the Committee of the excellent reputation the Office of the State Bank Commissioner has enjoyed and the national recognition it has received.

The Committee questioned the ability of a Bank Commissioner to serve full time in this capacity and attend Bank Board meetings as they are normally held during the work week. They also assured the representative from the Kansas Bankers Association that "personalities" did not play a role in their decision-making process

CONTINUATION SHEET SENATE COMMITTEE ON FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INSURANCE

regarding setting qualifications and proposed duties of the Bank Commissioner.

Chairman Steffes closed the hearing on SB 240.

Hearing on SB 260 - State banking board; transfer of certain powers and duties to the state bank commissioner

Chuck Stones, Kansas Bankers Association, questioned the necessity of adding "savings and loan experience" to the list of qualifications of Bank Board members.

Judi Stork, Acting State Bank Commissioner, requested the addition of technical amendments to the bill and to move bank meetings to once a month rather than "at least quarterly" or at the request of the Commissioner (Attachment 5).

Sue Anderson, Community Bankers Association of Kansas, testified that her membership is concerned that too much power is being transferred from the Board to the Commissioner. The system currently in place of "checks and balance" has worked well. She also questioned the removal of the appeal process even though there has only been one appeal in years. The CBA wants the Office of the State Bank Commissioner to be seen as open to the public and easily accessible to the consumer.

Chairman Steffes closed the hearing on SB 260.

Hearing on SB 271 - State consumer credit commissioners; transfer of powers and duties to state bank commissioner

Judi Stork, Acting State Bank Commissioner, provided testimony supporting the bill which would combine the Office of the Consumer Credit Commissioner into the Office of the State Bank Commissioner (Attachment 6). She also offered amendments regarding the appointment of two deputy commissioners, experience requirements for the deputies, and their proposed responsibilities.

Acting Commissioner of Consumer Credit Brant advised the Committee of the alternatives of either requesting increased funding for the Consumer Credit Department, expansion of staff, and the strengthening of regulatory powers; or merging it with a compatible partner agency, i.e., banking (Attachment 7). Reasons cited for merger were:

- equalize consumer protection between state regulators
- coordination in regulating the mortgage industry
- achieve uniformity in the interpretation and enforcement of the Uniform Consumer Credit Code
- share and maximize staff utilization

There would be no expected cost savings with this merger, rather they would work towards efficiency and coordination. Commissioner Brant recommended that the Deputy Commissioner of Consumer Credit act as the administrator of the Uniform Commercial Credit Code. He also recommended that the Advisory Board to the Consumer Credit Division not be statutorily prescribed but rather be left to the discretion of the Bank Commissioner and the Deputy Commissioner of Consumer Credit.

Chuck Stones, KBA, reminded the Committee that the Bank Department was a fee supported agency and felt that the expenses should be shared between the agencies. The statement in his testimony regarding not letting "personalities play a role in your decision making process" was directed toward the positive personalities of those currently acting in management roles at the Department and he was urging to the Committee to think of the future when such personality types might not be in such roles.

George Barbee, Kansas Association of Financial Services, spoke in support of the amendments presented by Commissioner Brant. He suggested appointing persons to serve on the Advisory Consumer Credit Board as they were needed.

The existing Subcommittee on banking legislation agreed to meet with interested parties to discuss the presented amendments and problem areas.

Chairman Steffes closed the Hearing on SB 271. The next meeting is February 15, 1999.

SENATE FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INSURANCE COMMITTEE GUEST LIST

DATE: 2.11.99

NAME	REPRESENTING	
Judi Stork	05BC	
Sonya Allen	OSBC	
Levin Clendening	OSBC	
Ouring Stan	Federies Consulting	
Aue Schmelger	Federies Consulting 165 Credit Union Cleso	
How GACHES	McGill, GACHES : ASSOCIATES	
George Barber	Barber 'Assoc's	
B:11 Robbins	Farmers BANK - Great Bord	
PHIL BARBER	FARMENS & MEARNANTS ST BE WAKEFT	m/s
Letty Olan	KBA	
Sue anderson	CBA	
JAMES A. NEEDHAM	CBA	
Chuck Stones	KBA	
Danielle Noe	Governor's Office	
Marc Hamann	Div. of the Budget	
John Hanna	Associated Press	
Assatt Goddard	HCBA	
togle Travale	KGC	
Tinky Winky	Teletubbies	

SENATE FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INSURANCE COMMITTEE GUEST LIST

DATE:	2-11-99
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NAME	REPRESENTING
Lay Cox	House FI
Kaun Dillon	House FI Legal Intern-Sen Praign
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SENATE BILL No. 240

By Committee on Financial Institutions and Insurance

2-5

AN ACT concerning the bank commissioner; relating to duties and qualifications; amending K.S.A. 75-1304 and repealing the existing section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 75-1304 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-1304. (a) The governor shall appoint, subject to confirmation by the senate as provided in K.S.A. 75-4315b, a state bank commissioner whose term of office shall be four years and who shall serve until a successor is appointed and qualified. No person shall be eligible for appointment as eommissioner unless the person has had five years actual banking experience as an executive officer in a state bank in this state. If a vacancy occurs in the office of the commissioner prior to the expiration of a term, the vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired term by appointment by the governor.

(b) No person shall be eligible for appointment as commissioner unless such person has:

(1) At least five years actual experience as an executive officer in a state or national bank; or

(2) at least five years actual experience in a management position in a federal or state agency which regulates banks.

(c) The commissioner shall devote the commissioner's time and attention to the business and duties of the office on a full-time basis.

(d) While serving as bank commissioner, the commissioner shall not be an officer, director, employee or consultant of any bank, bank holding company, affiliate or any other entity regulated by the commissioner.

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 75-1304 is hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the Kansas register.

Senate Financial Institutions & Insurance

(1) any state or national bank or bank holding compani (2) any affiliate of a state or national bank or bank holding company; or

(3) any other entity regulated by the commissioner.

Kansas Bankers Association

800 SW Jackson, Suite 1500

Topeka, KS 66612

785-232-3444 Fax - 785-232-3484 kbacs@ink.org

2-14-99

TO: Senate Financial Institutions and Insurance Committee

FROM: Chuck Stones, Director of Research

RE: SB 240

Mr. Chair and Members of the Committee,

Thank you for the opportunity to appear before you regarding SB 240. As you are aware, SB 240 will dramatically change the qualifications for the office of Bank Commissioner. This issue has been a significant journey over the past few years for the bankers in Kansas. They have read about it in the newspapers for quite some time. Many have had and some still have strong feelings about the issue. However, they have come a long way from earlier positions to the position we now have of this proposed legislation.

The KBA is not opposed to the majority of the bill. We are not opposed to most of the major changes proposed by this bill. In fact, we object to only three points of the bill. These objections fall into two categories: 1) Qualifications - We feel that qualifications or parameters should be set in place by the legislature to insure the type of person required for the job is selected. These parameters are to insure that current and future Governors are guided by these parameters to select a qualified person for the job. The new Governor of another state is currently making headlines for some of his appointments. I suspect the legislators in that state wish they had defined the qualifications for those appointments a little more narrowly. We feel it is paramount for the legislature to set the parameters they want for the job, rather than open the process for potential results like we have seen in the newspapers lately from this other state.

Our first specific objection occurs in sub (b). We feel strongly that "in this state" should be added to (1), line 26. Kansas is a unique state with unique types of industries. Lending to these industries, such as cattle, petroleum, production agriculture, etc. requires specialized knowledge. We had severe difficulty in the 1980's when federal examiners were brought in from other states to help with the examination workload. These examiners were not familiar with the types of lending in Kansas and the special knowledge needed to determine the quality of those loans. Many had never seen a pen of cattle, a field of wheat or an oil well. They were not qualified to examine those types of banks. There is a difference between production agricultural lending in wheat country and lending in tobacco, cotton, or orange country. There is a difference between a state with five banks and a state with almost 400, mostly small independent community, banks. The Office of the Comptroller of the Currency has issued a glossary book for new examiners in which they define several terms. Among them is the term "piglet". Hopefully, Kansas would not be forced to issue a similar handbook to a new Bank Commissioner.

The office of Bank Commissioner is also different from other State administrative or cabinet positions. The evaluation of loans to a particular industry by a specific bank in a specific trade territory seems far different than the skills needed to administer a foster care program, for example, which would use specialized types of skills, yet generic from state to state.

Senate Financial Institutions & Insurance

Date 2/11/99

This issue also goes to the very unique nature of the dual banking system. The dual system is unique to banking and was, in part, established to allow states to adjust to the uniqueness of their own situations and circumstances. Other industries and agencies, not subject to a dual federal and state system, are not as dependent on the need for a Commissioner who evaluates the needs of the State and local communities. Other agency heads are not asked to preserve the state portion of a dual regulatory system.

Our second objection is sub (b)(2). We would favor the deletion of lines 27 & 28, allowing regulatory experience to solely qualify a person for the job as Bank Commissioner. We believe it is entirely different sitting on the business side of a desk and being responsible for complying with all the laws and regulations of the banking industry than it is on the other side of the desk determining whether or not a bank has complied with those laws and regulations. We feel strongly that it is important for the Bank Commissioner to have been on the business side of that desk for at least some part of his or her career. We feel it is important for the Bank Commissioner to have made a loan, turned down a loan, watched a loan go bad or possibly watched as a customer/neighbor struggles to make the payments on a loan. This gives a person an entirely different perspective on the banking business as well as life. A perspective we feel is important in a Bank Commissioner, especially during hard economic times when it is the Commissioners duty alone to determine when a bank becomes insolvent.

It would seem prudent in this area to be careful not to let personality play a role in your decision making process. We would probably agree that a specific person in the banking department might be a good Commissioner, but could also name several more who have served in that position, that would not. It is dangerous to make statutory changes based on the personality or soundness of a particular person.

Our third objection falls under the general heading of perceived conflicts. Specifically deleting the words, "director" and "or consultant" from Section 1,(d), line 32. People work hard their entire lives to establish a successful business. We have no objection to prohibiting active participation in the day to day activities or active employment at a bank. We do not object to prohibiting that person from being the chair of the board of directors. We do, however, feel that if a person is willing to submit himself or herself to public service it is unreasonable to expect him or her to turn total control of the business to other people who might not have as large a stake in the success of the business. They should be able to maintain a seat on the board of directors so they can, at least, maintain a voice in the policy decisions of the business. Also, if the size of the pool of qualified candidates were a concern, this portion of the bill would drastically shrink the size of that pool. We, too, believe the pool should be as large as possible. However, that pool needs to be made up of people qualified to be the State Bank Commissioner for the State of Kansas.

In conclusion, while this issue has been very emotional, the bankers of Kansas have seen the need to come together and support the parts of this bill that they consider reasonable. We would urge the Committee to consider whether or not, in the name of openness, they may be allowing someone totally unfit to be appointed to the position of Bank Commissioner. We would urge to re-consider the issues we have discussed.

CHARLES E. THACKER

8214 PARK STREET • LENEXA, KS 66215 (913) 541-9659

COMMENTS FOR KANSAS LEGISLATURE ON BANK COMMISSIONER QUALIFICATIONS

I HAVE FOLLOWED WITH INTEREST THE EFFORTS TO REDEFINE THE QUALIFICATIONS FOR THE POSITION OF KANSAS BANK COMMISSIONER. MY PURPOSE TODAY IS TO CONTRIBUTE SOME ADDITIONAL THOUGHTS INTO YOUR DELIBERATIONS, THOUGHTS BASED ON MY EXPERIENCES. BUT FIRST, LET ME OUTLINE MY BACKGROUND AND EXPERIENCES. I RETIRED FROM THE FDIC SEVEN YEARS AGO AFTER A 32 YEAR CAREER. MY 32 YEARS OF BANK REGULATORY EXPERIENCE CONSISTS OF NINE YEARS AS A FIELD BANK EXAMINER; 72 YEARS AS A STAFF PERSON IN WASHINGTON; 61 YEARS AS ASSISTANT REGIONAL DIRECTOR AND REGIONAL DIRECTOR IN OMAHA; TWO YEARS AS AN ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR IN WASHINGTON WHERE I SERVED AS THE FDIC'S POINT MAN ON THE AGRI-CULTURAL CRISIS, DEALING WITH INDUSTRY GROUPS AND PROVIDING TESTIMONY BEFORE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES; AND ABOUT SEVEN YEARS AS REGIONAL DIRECTOR IN KANSAS CITY OVERSEEING FDIC REGULATORY RESPONSIBILITIES IN SEVEN STATES. I ALSO SERVED FOR AWHILE AS DEPUTY TO FDIC VICE CHAIRMAN SKIP HOVE. MY TENURE AS REGIONAL DIRECTOR INCLUDED DEALING WITH THE FAILURE OF ABOUT 225 BANKS, A SIGNIFICANT PORTION OF WHICH WERE KANSAS BANKS. THESE BANK FAILURES LEFT AN INDELIBLE IMPRESSION ON MF. CURRENTLY, I AM A DIRECTOR OF A STATE BANK WITH OFFICES IN WYANDOTTE AND JOHNSON COUNTIES, DO SOME CONSULTING AND EXPERT WITNESS WORK, AND SERVE ON THE CADRE OF THE CONFERENCE OF STATE BANK SUPERVISORS WHICH EVALUATES STATE BANKING DEPARTMENTS FOR ACCREDITATION PURPOSES.

Senate Financial Institutions & Insurance

Date 2/11

NOW LET ME COMMEND YOU FOR STRENGTHENING THE COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE BY REQUIRING THAT THE INCUMBENT SERVE FULL-TIME AND NOT CONCOMITANTLY SERVE AS AN OFFICER OR EMPLOYEE OF ANY INSTITUTION WHICH IS REGULATED BY THE DEPARTMENT. HOWEVER, I HAVE SOME RESERVATIONS OVER EXCLUDING THE COMMISSIONER FROM SERVICE AS A DIRECTOR OF AN INSTITUTION REGULATED BY THE DEPARTMENT. WHILE I UNDERSTAND CLEARLY THE LOGIC OF YOUR PROPOSAL, I BELIEVE THE SAME OBJECTIVE COULD BE ACHIEVED BY ERECTING APPROPRIATE FIRE-WALLS. SPECIFICALLY, TO AVOID CONFLICTS OR THE APPEARANCE OF CONFLICTS, THE COMMISSIONER COULD BE REQUIRED TO RECUSE HIMSELF OR HERSELF FROM ANY REGULATORY MATTERS INVOLVING THE INSTITUTION FOR WHICH HE OR SHE MAY BE SERVING AS A DIRECTOR AND FROM ANY SUPERVISORY ACTIONS RELATING TO DIRECT COMPETITORS OF THAT INSTI-TUTION. THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER COULD HANDLE ALL REGULATORY MATTERS INVOLVING THOSE FEW INSTITUTIONS. SUCH AN APPROACH WOULD SEEM TO BROADEN SIGNIFICANTLY THE POOL OF PROSPECTS FOR THE POSITION OF COMMISSIONER, DEAL WITH THE CONFLICTS PROBLEM, AND NOT PRESENT ANY REAL ADMINISTRATIVE HEADACHES. APPROACH IS FREQUENTLY USED IN THE VARIOUS FEDERAL AGENCIES. SO, I WOULD ASK THAT YOU CONSIDER SUCH AN APPROACH. LET ME ALSO COMMEND YOU FOR EXPANDING THE POOL OF ELIGIBLES FOR COMMISSIONER BY INCLUDING NATIONAL BANKERS. ALTHOUGH THEY MAY NOT HAVE EXPERIENCE WORKING IN A STATE REGULATORY ENVIRON-MENT, THEY ARE NONETHELESS EXPERIENCED BANKERS. HOWEVER, I DO HAVE CONSIDERABLE CONCERNS OVER EXPANDING THE QUALIFICATIONS

TO INCLUDE OUT-OF-STATE BANKERS AND REGULATORS. LET ME DEAL WITH THE ISSUE OF OUT-OF-STATE BANKERS FIRST, BECAUSE IT'S THE SIMPLER ISSUE. FIRST, THERE ARE PLENTY OF QUALIFIED PEOPLE IN KANSAS BANKS, AND THERE WOULD APPEAR NO NEED TO GO OUT OF STATE. FURTHER, GOING OUT OF STATE MAY IMPLY THAT YOU DON'T HAVE QUALIFIED PEOPLE IN KANSAS. BUT, SECOND AND MORE IMPOR-TANT, IS THE ISSUE OF COMMUNITY. REGULATING BANKS IS NOT MERELY A PROCESS OF ADOPTING LAWS AND REGULATIONS AND ASSESSING BANK COMPLIANCE WITH THOSE LAWS AND REGULATIONS. BANK REGULATION MUST ALSO INCLUDE A COMPREHENSIVE KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING OF THE COMMUNITIES WHICH ARE SERVED BY BANKS AND HOW BANK REGU-LATORY ACTIONS AND EFFORTS MAY IMPACT THOSE COMMUNITIES. AFTER ALL, WHILE BANKS SHOULD BE PROFIT PRODUCING PRIVATELY OWNED VENTURES, THEIR SOLE PURPOSE IS TO SERVE THEIR COMMUNITIES. I THINK IT WOULD BE DIFFICULT FOR AN OUT-OF-STATER, AND FOR THAT MATTER, A REGULATOR TO SUCCEED IN THAT ASPECT OF BANK REGULATION, ESPECIALLY CONSIDERING THAT HE OR SHE MAY HAVE ONLY FOUR YEARS IN OFFICE.

NOW LET ME ATTEMPT TO DEAL WITH THE ISSUE OF ALLOWING A PERSON WITH "... 5 YEARS EXPERIENCE IN A MANAGEMENT POSITION OF A STATE OR FEDERAL BANK REGULATORY AGENCY." TO SERVE AS BANK COMMISSIONER. FIRST, THERE'S A PROBLEM WITH THE DEFINITION OF "MANAGE-MENT POSITON". THE PRIMARY BUSINESS OF BANKING IS LENDING.

PRESUMABLY, YOU WOULD WANT A COMMISSIONER WHO UNDERSTANDS LENDING AND HAS A THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF BANK STRUCTURE AND OPERATIONS.

HOWEVER, IT MUST BE POINTED OUT THAT THE VARIOUS REGULATORY AGENCIES ARE VERY COMPARTMENTALIZED AND THE OCCUPANT OF A MANAGEMENT POSITION COULD BE AN ADMINISTRATIVE OR PERSONNEL PERSON, A BUDGET ANALYST, A CONSUMER AFFAIRS SPECIALIST, A POLICY ANALYST, AN ACCOUNTANT, A LAWYER, A LOBBYIST, OR EVEN A LIQUIDATOR. SUCH PERSONS MAY INDEED HAVE VIRTUALLY NO KNOWLEDGE OR EXPERIENCE IN THE REAL WORLD OF BANK OPERATIONS OR REGULATION, AND MAY NOT BE WHO YOU WANT AS A COMMISSIONER. NOW LET ME TALK A LITTLE ABOUT THE VALUE OF HAVING AN EXPERIENCED BANKER WHO ALSO KNOWS THE ECONOMY AND THE COMMUNITIES OF KANSAS AS COMMISSIONER. DURING THE MID-1980'S WHEN I SERVED AS FDIC REGIONAL DIRECTOR IN KANSAS CITY, I'M SURE YOU'LL RECALL THAT KANSAS SUFFERED THROUGH A VERY BAD ECONOMY AND A NUMBER OF PANKS FAILED. PROFESSIONAL REGULATORS ARE TRAINED TO BE DIS-PASSIONATE, EVEN DISTANT, AND TO DEAL WITH PROBLEMS IN A MANNER THAT PROTECTS THE DEPOSIT INSURANCE FUND AND THE REGULATORY REPUTATION OF THEIR AGENCIES. IMPACT ON PEOPLE AND COMMUNITIES MAY RECEIVE SOME CONSIDERATION, BUT USUALLY ONLY AS A LAST WHILE I WAS THE REGIONAL DIRECTOR I WAS FORTUNATE RESORT. TO WORK WITH EXPERIENCED BANKER/COMMISSIONERS SUCH AS GENE HEGARTY, GENE BARRETT, NEWTON MALE AND FRANK DUNNICK. MOST OF THE FAILURES OCCURRED WHILE GENE BARRETT WAS COMMISSIONER. THERE WERE A NUMBER OF SITUATIONS INVOLVING THE IMMINENT FAILURE OF A SMALL COMMUNITY BANK WHEN TENSIONS RAN VERY HIGH, AND IN SOME, VIOLENCE MAY HAVE OCCURRED. WE DID HAVE SOME VIOLENT

SITUATIONS IN OTHER STATES. BUT GENE BARRETT, AS A FORMER
BANKER AND HAVING AN ASTUTE KNOWLEDGE OF MOST OF THOSE COMMUNITIES AND SOME OF THE PEOPLE IN THEM, WAS ABLE AS COMMISSIONER
TO INJECT HIS INSIGHT, SOOTHE OVER SOME VERY ROUGH SITUATIONS,
AND STILL GET THE JOB DONE. HAD IT NOT BEEN FOR THAT INSIGHT
AND INTERVENTION, I BELIEVE THAT THE CRISIS OF THE '80'S WOULD
HAVE BEEN FAR WORSE. AND I DOUBT SERIOUSLY THAT THIS WOULD
HAVE OCCURRED IF BOTH THE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATORS WERE
PURE PROFESSIONAL REGULATORS. IN SUM, I THINK HAVING A
COMMISSIONER WITH BANKING EXPERIENCE ADDS SOME BALANCE TO THE
REGULATORY SCHEME.

I APPRECIATE YOUR TIME AND ATTENTION AND ASK THAT YOU GIVE MY OBSERVATIONS APPROPRIATE CONSIDERATION IN YOUR DELIBERATIONS ON THIS IMPORTANT ISSUE.

Ehorbet Shouler

THANK YOU.



Senate Financial Institutions & Insurance Committee To:

Re: Senate Bill 240

Date: February 11, 1999

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on Senate Bill 240, relating to the duties and qualifications of the State Bank Commissioner. We have appreciated the opportunity to express opinion and hold discussions with those of you who served on the Chairman's subcommittee on this issue.

In its current form, CBA cannot support SB 240. While the Association does support requiring that the State Bank Commissioner serve on a full time basis to perform the duties and responsibilities of the office, we feel the bill goes too far in separating the Commissioner from the industry. Just as those committee members with actual experience in the area of financial institutions and insurance are invaluable in the policies and decisions made here, so too, it is important that the State Bank Commissioner have actual experience in a bank.

With that thought in mind, we offer the following amendments. Suggested language for these amendments is attached. The concept of the amendments is as follows:

- CBA supports changing the Commissioner's experience requirement to include a minimum of five years experience in the banking industry in the state of Kansas, whether it is from state or national bank experience. Having some banking experience in the state is a necessary ingredient to assure that the candidate has a knowledge and understanding of the Kansas economy and its ebb and flow. Just as Kansas legislators are required to meet Kansas residency standards before serving in the legislature, so candidates for the office of state bank commissioner should meet Kansas experience standards. This would not preclude drawing on a pool of candidates which may have executive experience in another state as long as they held at least five years of experience in a Kansas bank.
- 2. Under the eligibility requirements of SB 240, the bill would permit regulatory experience in a state or federal bank regulatory agency in lieu of actual banking experience. Our members strongly believe that revising the bank commissioner's qualifications in such a way as to completely eliminate banking experience is not in the best interest of the public or the financial institutions regulated. Regulatory experience without banking experience is unacceptable to us. State chartered banks are regulated by the state bank commissioner and by either the FDIC or the Federal Reserve. One of those regulators should be a regulator with actual bank experience. This just brings reasonable balance to the regulatory standard.
- While serving as bank commissioner, the commissioner will not be an officer, employee or consultant of any bank, bank holding company or affiliate but may serve as an advisory director of a bank in which the commissioner owns stock. Currently, SB 240 would require that anyone serving as bank commissioner must not be an officer, director, employee or consultant of any bank, bank holding company, affiliate or any other entity regulated by the commission. Distancing oneself from the day to day operations of a bank is a good requirement, for anyone accepting the job as bank commissioner. However, the requirement to ban this person from serving on his or her own bank board may go a step too far. If the commissioner is a major stockholder in the bank, the ability to serve on that bank's board - even in an advisory capacity - is a necessary and precautionary step.

We appreciate your willingness to consider our comments and observations during the subcommittee meetings and genuinely hope you will give careful consideration to the concerns expressed here. There is one thing upon which we can all agree. It is good to have effective oversight over financial institutions. This is in the best interest of the state as well as its citizens. In the state of Kansas, the present system has obtained national accreditation and continued re-certification from the Conference of State Bank Supervisors to assure that the highest standards of regulatory oversight are being applied. We applaud the OSBC in Kansas for taking this step in assuring excellence in performing the oversight of safe and sound operation of Kansas banks.

Senate Financial Institutions & Insurance

Session of 1999

SENATE BILL No. 240

By Committee on Financial Institutions and Insurance

2-5

9 AN ACT concerning the bank commissioner, relating to duties and qual-10 ifications; amending K.S.A. 75-1304 and repealing the existing section. 11 12 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas: 13 Section 1. K.S.A. 75-1304 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-14 1304. (a) The governor shall appoint, subject to confirmation by the sen-15 ate as provided in K.S.A. 75-4315b, a state bank commissioner whose 16 term of office shall be four years and who shall serve until a successor is 17 appointed and qualified. No person shall be eligible for appointment as 18 commissioner unless the person has had five years actual banking expe-19 rience as an executive officer in a state bank in this state. If a vacancy 20 occurs in the office of the commissioner prior to the expiration of a term. 21 the vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired term by appointment by the 22 governor. 23 (b) No person shall be eligible for appointment as commissioner un-24 less such person has: (1) At least five years actual experience as an executive officer in a_{\wedge} Kansas 25 26 state or national bank; or-27 - (2) at least five years actual experience in a management position in 28 - a federal or state agency which regulates banks. -29 (c) The commissioner shall devote the commissioner's time and atten-30 tion to the business and duties of the office on a full-time basis. 31 (d) While serving as bank commissioner, the commissioner shall not 32 be an officer, director; employee or consultant of any bank, bank holding 33 company, affiliate or any other entity regulated by the commissioner. 34 Sec. 2. K.S.A. 75-1304 is hereby repealed. 35 Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its

publication in the Kansas register.

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Judi Stork

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 1998 Supp. 9-539 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-539. The commissioner shall adopt such rules and regulations as shall be necessary to carry out the intent and purposes of K.S.A. 9-519 through 9-524, and amendments thereto, and K.S.A. 9-532 through 9-539, and amendments thereto, which shall be known as the bank holding company act. All rules and regulations of general application shall first be submitted by the commissioner to the state banking board for its approval and upon approval shall be filed as provided by article 4 of chapter 77 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated.

Sec. 3. K.S.A. 9-802 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-802. The existence of any bank or trust company as a corporation shall date from the filing of its articles of incorporation from which time it shall have and may exercise the incidental powers conferred by law upon corporations, except that no bank or trust company shall transact any business except the election of officers, the taking and approving of their official bonds, the receipts of payment upon stock subscriptions and other business incidental to its organization, until it has secured the approval of the board and the authorization of the eommissioners commissioner to commence business.

Sec. 4. K.S.A. 9-804 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-804. When the capital of any bank or trust company shall have been paid in, the president or cashier shall transmit to the commissioner a verified statement showing the names and addresses of all stockholders, the amount of stock each subscribed, and the amount paid in by each. The commissioner shall examine such bank or trust company and shall charge the statutory examination fee and shall examine especially as to the amount of money paid in for capital, surplus and undivided profits, by whom paid, and the amount of capital stock owned in good faith by each stockholder, and generally whether such bank or trust company has complied with the provisions of law. If the commissioner finds from such examination that the bank or trust company has been organized as provided by law, has complied with the provisions of law and has secured the preliminary approval of the commissioner as authorized by subsection (b) of K.S.A. 9-1801, and amendments thereto, or the approval of the board, the commissioner shall issue a certificate showing that such bank or trust company has been organized and its capital paid in as required by law, and that it is authorized to transact a general banking or trust business as provided by law.

business as provided by law.

Sec. 5. K.S.A. 9-812 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-812. A bank corporation shall not change its name until such name change has been submitted to and approved by the state banking board bank commissioner.

Sec. 6. K.S.A. 1998 Supp. 9-904 is hereby amended to read as fol-

of the board or the approval

Senate Financial Institutions & Insurance

Date 2/11/99

Attachment # 5

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shall be retired unless the common stock shall be increased in an amount equal to the amount of the preferred stock retired. All preferred stock shall be retired consistent with safety to the depositors.

Sec. 8. K.S.A. 9-912 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-912. Any losses sustained by a bank or trust company in excess of its undivided profits may be charged to its surplus fund. Any bank or trust company, after receiving approval from the commissioner, may declare a stock dividend from its surplus fund, but no such dividend shall reduce the surplus fund to an amount less than 30% of the resulting total capital and any bank or trust company may reduce its surplus with permission of the state banking board bank commissioner.

Sec. 9. K.S.A. 9-1001 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-1001. Each bank shall maintain reserves against its deposits in such ratios as shall be determined from time to time by the commissioner with approval of the board. Such determinations by the commissioner and the board shall not be subject to the provisions of article 4 of chapter 77 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto.

The reserves shall be kept in cash in its vaults or in net balances with correspondent federal reserve banks or a correspondent bank maintaining a balance in a pass through account with a federal reserve bank. A bank shall be given credit against the reserve requirements determined by the commissioner with approval of the board for any reserves held as required by the laws or regulations of the federal government or agencies thereof.

Sec. 10. K.S.A. 1998 Supp. 9-1101 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-1101. Any bank hereby is authorized to exercise by its board of directors or duly authorized officers or agents, subject to law, all such powers, including incidental powers, as shall be necessary to carry on the business of banking, and:

(1) To receive deposits and to pay interest thereon at rates which need not be uniform. The state bank commissioner, with approval of the state banking board, may by regulations of general application fix maximum rates of interest to be paid on deposit accounts other than accounts for public moneys;

(2) to buy and sell exchange, gold, silver, foreign coin, bullion, commercial paper, bills of exchange, notes and bonds;

(3) to buy and sell bonds, securities, or other evidences of indebtedness of the United States of America or those fully guaranteed, directly or indirectly, by it, and general obligation bonds of the state of Kansas or any municipality or quasi-municipality thereof, and of other states, and of municipalities or quasi-municipalities in other states of the United States of America. No bank shall invest an amount in excess of 15% of its capital stock paid in and unimpaired and the unimpaired surplus fund of such bank in bonds, securities or other evidences of indebtedness of any

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(vi) except as part of a reasonable compensation or benefit plan, a bank is not authorized to purchase life insurance as an estate management device for the benefit of officers, directors or employees who are also controlling shareholders of the bank.

(b) Life insurance purchased for the sole purpose of providing deferred compensation and benefit plans are subject to the following limitations:

The bank may purchase individual or group policies for the sole purpose of providing deferred compensation agreements entered into with its officers and employees;

(ii) the bank may purchase policies on directors to fund a deferred directors fees program;

the board of directors must approve and document such deferred plans including the reasonableness of the plans;

the bank is not authorized to hold the policies unless specifically approved by the state banking board if no liability exists under the deferred compensation plans;

(v) the cash surrender value of any life insurance policy purchased for the sole purpose of providing deferred compensation and benefit plans, underwritten by any one life insurance company, cannot exceed at any time, 15% of the bank's capital stock, surplus, undivided profits, loan loss reserve, capital notes and debentures and reserve for contingency, unless the bank has obtained the prior approval of the state bank commissioner; and

(vi) the cash surrender value of life insurance policies purchased for the sole purpose of providing deferred compensation and benefit plans, in the aggregate from all companies, cannot at any time exceed 25% of the bank's capital stock, surplus, undivided profits, loan loss reserve, capital notes and debentures and reserve for contingency, unless the bank has obtained the prior approval of the state bank commissioner;

(25) subject to such rules and regulations as the state bank commissioner may adopt pursuant to K.S.A. 9-1713 and amendments thereto to promote safe and sound banking practices, to act as an agent and receive deposits, renew time deposits, close loans, service loans, and receive payments on loans and other obligations for any company which is a subsidiary, as defined in subsection (d) of K.S.A. 9-519 and amendments thereto of the bank holding company which owns the bank. Nothing in this subsection shall authorize a bank to conduct activities as an agent which the bank or the subsidiary would be prohibited from conducting as a principal under any applicable federal or state law. Any bank which enters or terminates any agreement pursuant to this subsection shall within 30 days of the effective date of the agreement or termination provide written

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41 42 of such audit shall be filed with the state bank commissioner. Upon receipt of the report, the bank commissioner shall examine the report and shall transmit the report, with any recommendations as to action thereon, to the state banking board and the state banking board the commissioner shall, without delay, take such necessary action as may be indicated by the audit report and the recommendations of the commissioner.

Whenever a bank shall fail to comply with the provisions of this section, the commissioner shall notify the bank that a continuation of such failure will result in the revocation of its authority to do business. If after receipt of such notice the bank fails or refuses to comply, the commissioner shall after a hearing or an opportunity for a hearing has been given to such bank, revoke its authority to transact business in this state. Hearings shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act. The bank commissioner may grant a reasonable extension of time for compliance with this section under such rules and regulations as the state banking board may adopt. During the period of any such extension of time, the bank receiving the same shall give notice to persons making deposits, and include in all advertisements made for the purpose of securing deposits, a statement that the deposits of such bank are uninsured. The commissioner shall give written notice of such revocation to the president, cashier, or other managing officer of such bank, and by publishing a copy of the order of revocation in the Kansas register. The attorney general shall, at the request of the commissioner, then begin action for the appointment of a receiver for such bank and to dissolve same; and the receiver appointed shall take charge of such bank and liquidate the affairs and business in the same manner as provided in article 19 of chapter 9 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and any amendments thereto.

Sec. 19. K.S.A. 1998 Supp. 9-1402 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-1402. (a) Before any deposit of public moneys or funds shall be made by any municipal corporation or quasi-municipal corporation of the state of Kansas with any bank, savings and loan association or savings bank, such municipal or quasi-municipal corporation shall obtain security for such deposit in one of the following manners prescribed by this section.

- (b) Such bank, savings and loan association or savings bank may give to the municipal corporation or quasi-municipal corporation a personal bond in double the amount which may be on deposit at any given time.
- (c) Such bank, savings and loan association or savings bank may give a corporate surety bond of some surety corporation authorized to do business in this state, which bond shall be in an amount equal to the public moneys or funds on deposit at any given time less the amount of such public moneys or funds which is insured by the federal deposit insurance

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corporation or its successor and such bond shall be conditioned that such deposit shall be paid promptly on the order of the municipal corporation or quasi-municipal corporation making such deposits.

(d) Such bank, savings and loan association or savings bank may deposit, maintain, pledge, assign, and grant a security interest in, or cause its agent, trustee, wholly-owned subsidiary or affiliate having identical ownership to deposit, maintain, pledge, assign, and grant a security interest in, for the benefit of the governing body of the municipal corporation or quasi-municipal corporation in the manner provided in this act, securities, security entitlements, financial assets and securities accounts owned by the depository institution directly or indirectly through its agent or trustee holding securities on its behalf, or owned by the depository institutions wholly-owned subsidiary or by such affiliate, the market value of which is equal to 100% of the total deposits at any given time, and such securities, security entitlements, financial assets and securities accounts, may be accepted or rejected by the governing body of the municipal corporation or quasi-municipal corporation and shall consist of the following and security entitlements thereto:

(1) Direct obligations of, or obligations that are insured as to principal and interest by, the United States of America or any agency thereof and obligations, including but not limited to letters of credit, and securities of United States sponsored corporations which under federal law may be

accepted as security for public funds;

(2) bonds of any municipal corporation or quasi-municipal corporation of the state of Kansas which have been refunded in advance of their maturity and are fully secured as to payment of principal and interest thereon by deposit in trust, under escrow agreement with a bank, of direct obligations of, or obligations the principal of and the interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed by, the United States of America;

bonds of the state of Kansas;

general obligation bonds of any municipal corporation or quasimunicipal corporation of the state of Kansas;

(5) revenue bonds of any municipal corporation or quasi-municipal corporation of the state of Kansas if approved by the state bank commissioner in the case of hanks and by the savings and loan commissioner in the case of savings and loan associations or federally chartered savings banks;

(6) temporary notes of any municipal corporation or quasi-municipal corporation of the state of Kansas which are general obligations of the municipal or quasi-municipal corporation issuing the same;

(7) warrants of any municipal corporation or quasi-municipal corporation of the state of Kansas the issuance of which is authorized by the state board of tax appeals and which are payable from the proceeds of a

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41 42 (D) A status report on all such loans shall be provided to the investing governmental entity by the financial institution on a quarterly basis.

(e) No such bank, savings and loan association or savings bank may deposit and maintain for the benefit of the governing body of a municipal or quasi-municipal corporation of the state of Kansas, any securities which consist of:

(1) Bonds secured by revenues of a utility which has been in operation for less than three years; or

(2) bonds issued under K.S.A. 12-1740 et seq., and amendments thereto, unless such bonds have been refunded in advance of their maturity as provided in subsection (d) or such bonds are rated at least Aa by Moody's Investors Service or AA by Standard & Poor's Corp.

(f) Any expense incurred in connection with granting approval of revenue bonds shall be paid but the confidence of the state of the sta

enue bonds shall be paid by the applicant for approval.

Sec. 20. K.S.A. 9-1601 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-1601. Any bank, upon the affirmative vote of at least two thirds (%) 2/3 of the voting stock, may apply to the commissioner and upon approval granted by the commissioner and a special permit issued thereon shall be authorized and empowered, subject to such conditions as the commissioner may require, to act as agent, trustee, executor, administrator, registrar of stocks and bonds, conservator, assignee, receiver, custodian, transfer agent, corporate trustee, corporate agent or in any other fiduciary capacity in the same manner in which trust companies incorporated under the laws of this state are permitted to act, including but not limited to the right of succession to individuals, corporations, associations, national bank associations or others, with or without reappointment, in any such office or capacities. The commissioner may approve and issue a special permit to the bank to act in one or more of such fiduciary capacities. However, if the governing instrument limits investment of funds to deposit in time or savings deposits in the bank, any bank may act as trustee or custodian of individual retirement accounts established pursuant to section 408 of the federal internal revenue code of 1954 1986, and amendments thereto, or trusts established pursuant to section 401 of the federal internal revenue code of 1954 1986, and amendments thereto, without being issued a special permit to act in such capacity. Any state bank having been granted trust authority by the bank commissioner of the state of Kansas may add "and trust company" to its corporate name as previously approved by the state banking board bank commissioner.

Sec. 21. K.S.A. 9-1609 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-1609. Any state or national bank or trust company qualified to act as fiduciary in this state may establish common trust funds for the purpose of furnishing investments to itself as fiduciary, or to itself and others, as cofiduciaries or to another state or national bank or trust company, as fidu-

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plication until it first investigates and examines such application and the applicants.

(b) If upon the dissolution, insolvency or appointment of a receiver of any bank, trust company, national bank association, savings and loan association, savings bank or credit union, it is the opinion of the commissioner that by reason of the loss of services in the community, an emergency exists which may result in serious inconvenience or losses to the depositors or the public interest in the community, the commissioner may accept and approve an application for incorporation and application for authority to do business from applicants for the organization and establishment of a successor bank or trust company; subject to confirmation and subsequent approval by the board. Upon approval of an application for the organization and establishment of any such successor bank or trust company, the commissioner shall no later than the next regular meeting of the board submit such application to the board for its confirmation and approval.

Sec. 29. K.S.A. 9-1805 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-1805.
(a) If the board commissioner finds in accordance with this section that any officer or director of any bank or trust company has been dishonest, reckless or incompetent in performing duties as such officer or director or willfully or continuously fails to observe any legallymade order of the commissioner or board, the board commissioner may remove such officer or director.

(b) Prior to removing such officer or director, the board commissioner shall conduct a hearing in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act.

(c) The board commissioner may recess or continue any hearing from time to time. If upon the conclusion of such hearing the board commissioner determines that the officer or director has been dishonest, reckless or incompetent in performing duties as such an officer or director, or has willfully or continuously failed to comply with any legallymade order of the commissioner board, the board commissioner may order the officer's or director's office forfeited and vacated. The board commissioner shall mail a copy of its order to the bank or trust company which such officer or director was serving. During the time from and after any legallymade order by the commissioner and upheld by the board, or order made by the board, and not complied with by any officer or director the board commissioner may place a special deputy in the bank up to and until the final disposition of the order by compliance or final disposition by order of the district court.

(d) Any action of the board commissioner pursuant to this section is subject to review in accordance with the act for judicial review and civil enforcement of agency actions. If on review the court upholds an order

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newspaper of general circulation in the county where the proposed trust service office is to be located, not less than 10 or more than 30 days prior to the date of the hearing, and an affidavit of publication shall be filed with the commissioner. At any such hearing, all interested persons shall be allowed to present written and oral evidence to the commissioner in support of or in opposition to the application. Upon completion of a transcript of the testimony given at any such hearing, the transcript shall be filed in the office of the commissioner. Within 14 days after the public hearing, the commissioner shall approve or disapprove the application after consideration of the application and evidence gathered during the commissioner's investigation.

(h) The commissioner may extend the period for approval or disapproval if the commissioner determines that any information required by this section has not been furnished, any material information submitted is inaccurate or additional investigation is required. The commissioner, prior to Prior to expiration of the application period as provided in this section, the commissioner shall give written notice to the applicant of the commissioner's intent to extend the period and such notice shall include a specific date for expiration of the extension period. If any information remains incomplete or inaccurate upon the expiration of the extension

period the application shall be disapproved. (i) (h) Within 15 days of the date after the commissioner's approval or disapproval of the application, the applicant or any individual or corporation who filed a request for and presented evidence at the public hearing shall have the right to appeal in writing to the state banking board the commissioner's determination, request a hearing by filing a notice of appeal written request with the commissioner. The state banking board shall fix a date for a hearing, which hearing shall be held within 45 days from the date such notice of appeal is filed. The board commissioner shall conduct the hearing in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act and render its decision affirming or reseinding the determination of the commissioner within 45 days after such request is filed. Action of the board commissioner pursuant to this section is subject to review in accordance with the act for judicial review and civil enforcement of agency actions. Any party which files an appeal to the state banking board of the commissioner's determination applicant who requests a hearing shall pay to the commissioner a fee in an amount established by rules and regulations of the commissioner, adopted pursuant to K.S.A. 9-1713 and amendments thereto, to defray the board's commissioner's expenses associated with the conduct of the appeal

 $\frac{(i)}{(i)}$ When the commissioner determines that a trust company domiciled in this state has established or is operating a trust service office in violation of the laws governing the operation of such trust company, the

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commissioner shall give written notice to the trust company of such determination. Within 15 days after receipt of such notification, the trust company may appeal in writing to the state banking board the commissioner's determination file a written request for a hearing. The board commissioner shall fix a date for hearing, which hearing shall be held within 45 days from the date of such appeal and shall be conducted con-6 7 duct the hearing in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act within 45 days after such request is filed. At such 9 hearing the board shall hear all matters relevant to the commissioner's determination and shall approve or disapprove the commissioner's deter-10 11 mination, and the decision of the board shall be final and conclusive. If 12 the trust company does not appeal to the state banking board from the 13 eommissioner's determination or if an appeal is made and the commis-14 sioner's determination is upheld by the board request a hearing, the commissioner may proceed as provided in K.S.A. 9-1714 and amendments 15 16 thereto, until such time as the commissioner determines the trust com-17 pany is in full compliance with the laws governing the operation of a trust 18 service office. 19

Sec. 36. K.S.A. 1998 Supp. 74-3004 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-3004. (a) There is hereby created a state banking board which shall be composed of nine members. Six members of the board shall be bankers with not less than five years' actual banking experience in a state bank in this state or persons with not less than five years' actual experience in a state chartered savings and loan association in this state, or any combination thereof and three shall represent the public interest in the regulation, operation and control of state banks and trust companies. All -members shall be selected from the state at large. No nonbanker member representing the public interest shall concurrently serve as an officer or director in any state or national bank or trust company wherever located. One of the nine members shall be elected annually The commissioner shall serve as chairperson of the board. The commissioner shall not be a voting member of the board. The board shall be appointed by the governor. Persons appointed to the board shall be subject to confirmation by the senate as provided in K.S.A. 75-4315b, and amendments thereto. Except as provided by K.S.A. 1998 Supp. 46-2601, no person appointed to the board shall exercise any power, duty or function as a member of the board until confirmed by the senate. No more than five members of the board shall be from the same political party. Subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4315c, and amendments thereto, of the six banker or savings and loan association members, the governor shall appoint one from each Kansas congressional district as presently constituted and the remainder from the state at large. Appointment of nonbanker members representing the public interest shall be made with due consideration for achieving

from the state at large

representation of the various geographic sectors of the state.

(b) Except as provided by subsection (c), terms of members of the board shall be for three years. Each member shall serve until a successor is appointed and confirmed. No person shall serve more than two terms as a member of the board. In the event of a vacancy on the board, the governor shall appoint a new member of the same qualification to fill the unexpired term.

(c) The terms of members who are serving on the board on the effective date of this act shall expire on March 15, of the year in which such member's term would have expired under the provisions of this section prior to amendment by this act. Thereafter, members shall be appointed for terms of three years and until their successors are appointed and confirmed.

Sec. 37. K.S.A. 74-3005 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-3005. Members of the state banking board attending meetings of such board, or attending a subcommittee meeting thereof authorized by such board, shall be paid compensation, subsistence allowances, mileage and other expenses as provided in K.S.A. 75-3223, and amendments thereto. The commissioner shall act as secretary for said board and shall keep a permanent record of all meetings and proceedings of said board in his the commissioner's office.

Sec. 38. K.S.A. 1998 Supp. 74-3006 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-3006. (a) The board shall meet once each month quarter, on dates it agrees upon, and shall meet at other times as the board deems necessary unless no applications which require the board's consideration are pending or when called by the ehairperson or any three members of the board state bank commissioner. Six members of the board shall constitute a quorum, and a majority vote of the board shall be necessary to carry any question. No action of the board shall be taken except in a formal meeting and after a favorable vote of a majority of the entire board. The members of the board during business hours shall have free access to all of the records in the office of the commissioner. The board shall act in an advisory capacity in all matters pertaining to the conduct and welfare of the banking department and the administration of the banking laws of this state except as otherwise specifically provided by law.

(b) The board, in accordance with K.S.A. 75-4319 and amendments thereto, may recess for a closed or executive meeting to discuss information deemed confidential by virtue of K.S.A. 9-1712 and amendments thereto.

Sec. 39. K.S.A. 1998 Supp. 74-3007 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-3007. The savings and loan board created by K.S.A. 74-3113 and amendments thereto is hereby abolished. All of the powers, duties and functions of the existing savings and loan board are hereby transferred

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STATE OF KANSAS BILL GRAVES GOVERNOR

Judi M. Stork
Acting Bank Commissioner

Kevin C. Glendening
Assistant Deputy Commissioner



Sonya L. Allen General Counsel

Louise A. Monell Administrative Officer

OFFICE OF THE STATE BANK COMMISSIONER

SENATE COMMITTEE ON FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INSURANCE

Senate Financial Institutions & Insurance

February 11, 1999

Date 2/11/99

Attachment #

Mr. Chairman and Members of the Committee:

Thank you for letting me appear today in support of Senate Bill 271. The principal purpose of this bill is to combine the Office of the Consumer Credit Commissioner into the Office of the State Bank Commissioner. Our agency supports this proposal for several reasons.

- •First, we think that it will enhance consumer service. Numerous individuals contact our agency daily because they are unsure of the appropriate place to call. A more centralized location for consumers to call regarding lending questions or concerns would be beneficial to all citizens.
- •Secondly, both the Consumer Credit department and our agency regulate a portion of the mortgage lending industry. Consumer Credit regulates non-bank second mortgage lenders. We regulate first mortgage lenders and mortgage brokers. Combining the regulation of the mortgage industry just makes sense. One regulator to supervise this industry would be more efficient.
- •Third, we regulate a portion of consumer lending via our supervision of banks. The Consumer Credit agency regulates consumer loans from non-bank lenders. Again, one supervisor would be more efficient.
- •Finally, there is the issue of staffing. The Office of the State Bank Commissioner could provide services to a Consumer Credit division that are currently not available to them inhouse. We have a legal department consisting of two attorneys and a paralegal. Our department also staffs information technology people as well as an individual who handles staff training, marketing and public relations. In addition, we intend to devote one staff member, at least on a part time basis, to assist in formulating a consumer education plan for our agency. By adding the Consumer Credit department to our office, these functions can be shared and we can maximize the utilization of our Kansas government staff.

I have several amendments to offer to this bill today. I would be happy to review those with you now or answer any questions. Thank you again for this opportunity to appear. The Office of the State Bank Commissioner supports this bill and urges your favorable consideration for passage.

SENATE BILL No. 271

By Committee on Financial Institutions and Insurance

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AN ACT transferring the duties of the consumer credit commissioner to the state bank commissioner; creating a program of consumer credit affairs within the office of the state bank commissioner; abolishing the office of the consumer credit commissioner; amending K.S.A. 74-3005 and 75-1308 and K.S.A. 1998 Supp. 74-3004 and 74-3006 and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 16-403 and 16-609.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. The office of the consumer credit commissioner created by K.S.A. 16-403 and amendments thereto is hereby abolished. Except as otherwise provided in this act, all of the powers, duties and functions of the existing consumer credit commissioner are hereby transferred to and conferred and imposed upon the state bank commissioner established by K.S.A. 75-1304 and amendments thereto.

- New Sec. 2. (a) The state bank commissioner shall be the successor in every way to the powers, duties and functions of the consumer credit commissioner in which the same were vested prior to the effective date of this act. Every act performed in the exercise of such powers, duties and functions by or under the authority of the state bank commissioner shall be deemed to have the same force and effect as if performed by the consumer credit commissioner in which such powers, duties and functions were vested prior to the effective date of this act.
- (b) Whenever the consumer credit commissioner, or words of like effect, are referred to or designated by a statute, contract or other document, such reference or designation shall be deemed to apply to the state bank commissioner.
- (c) All orders and directives of the consumer credit commissioner in existence on the effective date of this act shall continue to be effective and shall be deemed to be orders and directives of the state bank commissioner until revised, amended or nullified pursuant to law.
- (d) All rules and regulations of the consumer credit commissioner, in existence on the effective date of this act shall continue to be effective and shall be deemed to be duly adopted rules and regulations of the state bank commissioner until revised, amended, revoked or nullified pursuant to law.



- (e) The state bank commissioner shall succeed to whatever right, title or interest the consumer credit commissioner has acquired in any real property in this state, and the state bank commissioner shall hold the same for and in the name of the state of Kansas.
- (f) On and after the effective date of this act, whenever any statute, contract or other document concerns the power or authority of the consumer credit commissioner, the state bank commissioner shall succeed to such power or authority.
- New Sec. 3. (a) When any conflict arises as to the disposition of any property, power, duty or function or the unexpended balance of any appropriation as a result of any abolition, transfer, attachment or change made by or under authority of this act, such conflict shall be resolved by the governor, whose decision shall be final.
- (b) The Kansas state bank commissioner shall succeed to all property, property rights and records which were used for or pertain to the performance of the powers, duties and functions transferred to the bank commissioner. Any conflict as to the proper disposition of property or records arising under this section, and resulting from the transfer, attachment or all or part of the powers, duties and functions of the consumer credit commissioner, shall be determined by the governor, whose decision shall be final.
- New Sec. 4. (a) No suit, action or other proceeding, judicial or administrative, lawfully commenced, or which could have been commenced, by or against any state agency or program mentioned in this act, or by or against any officer of the state in such officer's official capacity or in relation to the discharge of such officer's official duties, shall abate by reason of this act. The court may allow any such suit, action or other proceeding to be maintained by or against the successor of any such state agency or any officer affected.
- (b) No criminal action commenced or which could have been commenced by the state shall abate by the taking effect of this act.
- New Sec. 5. On the effective date of this act, the balances of all funds appropriated or reappropriated for the consumer credit commissioner, are hereby transferred to the state bank commissioner. The director of accounts and reports shall transfer all moneys in the consumer credit fee fund to the bank commissioner fee fund. On the effective date of this act, all liabilities of the consumer credit fee fund existing prior to the effective date of this act are imposed on the bank commissioner fee fund. The consumer credit fee fund is hereby abolished.
- New Sec. 6. On the effective date of this act, officers and employees who, immediately prior to such date, were engaged in the performance of powers, duties or functions involved in the administration of any law administered by the consumer credit commissioner, and who, in the opin-

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ion of the state bank commissioner, are necessary to perform the powers, duties and functions involved in the administration of any law administered by the consumer credit commissioner, shall be transferred to, and shall become officers and employees of the bank commissioner. Any such officer or employee shall retain all retirement benefits and all rights of civil service which had accrued to or vested in such officer or employee prior to the effective date of this act. The service of each such officer and employee so transferred shall be deemed to have been continuous.

New Sec. 7. (a) On the effective date of this act, the balance of all funds appropriated and reappropriated to the consumer credit commissioner is hereby transferred to the state bank commissioner and shall be used only for the purpose for which the appropriation was originally made.

(b) On the effective date of this act, the liability for all accrued compensation or salaries of officers and employees who, immediately prior to such date, were engaged in the performance of powers, duties or functions of any state agency or officer transferred by this act, or which becomes a part of the office of the state bank commissioner or the powers, duties and functions of which are transferred to the bank commissioner, shall be assumed and paid by the state bank commissioner.

New Sec. 8. (a) There is hereby established in the office of the bank commissioner a program of banking and trust company regulation to enforce the provisions of chapter 9 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated and amendments thereto or rules and regulations adopted thereunder. The program shall be under the supervision of the state bank commissioner, and the commissioner shall employ a deputy commissioner to administer the program and appoint such personnel as may be necessary for the proper administration of the program. The deputy commissioner shall be in the unclassified service of the Kansas civil service act.

(b) The deputy commissioner administering the banking regulation program shall perform all duties and functions delegated by the commissioner regarding:

(1) The administration and enforcement of chapter 9 of Kansas Statutes Annotated and amendments thereto; and

(2) such other duties as may be assigned by the commissioner.

New Sec. 9. (a) There is hereby established in the office of the bank commissioner a program of consumer credit regulation. The program shall be under the supervision of the state bank commissioner, and the commissioner shall employ a deputy commissioner to administer the program and appoint such personnel as may be necessary for the proper administration of the program. The deputy commissioner shall have at least five years' experience in an executive position in a consumer credit business regulated by the commissioner or at least five years' experience

See attached amendment to K.S.A. 75-3135

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as a state or federal regulator of a consumer credit business regulated by the commissioner. The deputy commissioner shall be in the unclassified service of the Kansas civil service act and shall receive an annual salary fixed by the bank commissioner.

(b) The deputy commissioner administering the consumer credit program shall perform all duties and functions delegated by the commis-

sioner regarding:

(1) The regulation of investment certificates of investment companies as set forth in article 6 of chapter 16 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated as amended and supplemented;

(2) the administration of the uniform consumer credit code as set forth in chapter 16a of the Kansas Statutes Annotated as amended and

supplemented;

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(3) the administration of the fair credit reporting act as set forth in article 7 of chapter 50 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated as amended and supplemented;

(4) the regulation of credit service organizations as set forth in article 11 of chapter 50 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated as amended and

supplemented;

(5) the regulation of mortgage business as set forth in article 22 of chapter 9 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated as amended and supplemented; and

(6) such other duties as may be assigned by the commissioner.

Sec. 10. K.S.A. 1998 Supp. 74-3004 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-3004. (a) There is hereby created a state banking board which shall be composed of nine members. Six members of the board shall be bankers with not less than five years' actual banking experience in a state bank in this state or persons with not less than five years' actual experience in a state chartered savings and loan association in this state, or any combination thereof and three shall represent the public interest in the regulation, operation and control of state banks and trust companies. Allmembers shall be selected from the state at large. No nonbanker member representing the public interest shall concurrently serve as an officer or director in any state or national bank or trust company wherever located. One of the nine members shall be elected annually The commissioner shall serve as chairperson of the board. The commissioner shall not be a voting member of the board. The board shall be appointed by the governor. Persons appointed to the board shall be subject to confirmation by the senate as provided in K.S.A. 75-4315b, and amendments thereto. Except as provided by K.S.A. 1998 Supp. 46-2601, no person appointed to the board shall exercise any power, duty or function as a member of the board until confirmed by the senate. No more than five members of the board shall be from the same political party. Subject to the provisions





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of K.S.A. 75-4315c, and amendments thereto, of the six banker or savings and loan association members, the governor shall appoint one from each Kansas congressional district as presently constituted and the remainder from the state at large. Appointment of nonbanker members representing the public interest shall be made with due consideration for achieving representation of the various geographic sectors of the state.

(b) Except as provided by subsection (c), terms of members of the board shall be for three years. Each member shall serve until a successor is appointed and confirmed. No person shall serve more than two terms as a member of the board. In the event of a vacancy on the board, the governor shall appoint a new member of the same qualification to fill the

unexpired term.

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(c) The terms of members who are serving on the board on the effective date of this act shall expire on March 15, of the year in which such member's term would have expired under the provisions of this section prior to amendment by this act. Thereafter, members shall be appointed for terms of three years and until their successors are appointed and confirmed.

New Sec. 11. (a) There is hereby created a state consumer credit advisory board which shall be composed of nine members. Six members of the board shall be persons with not less than five years' actual experience in the operation of a consumer loan or related company or regulation of the consumer loan industry in this state, and three shall represent the public interest in the regulation, operation and control of consumer loan and related companies. All members shall be selected from the state at large. No member representing the public interest shall concurrently serve as an officer or director in any consumer loan or related company wherever located. The commissioner shall serve as chairperson of the board. The chairperson shall be a nonvoting member of the board. The board shall be appointed by the governor. Persons appointed to the board shall be subject to confirmation by the senate as provided in K.S.A. 75-4315b, and amendments thereto. Except as provided by K.S.A. 1998 Supp. 46-2601, no person appointed to the board shall exercise any power, duty or function as a member of the board until confirmed by the senate. No more than five members of the board shall be from the same political party. Subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4315c, and amendments thereto, of the six persons representing the consumer credit industry, the governor shall appoint one from each Kansas congressional district as presently constituted and the remainder from the state at large. Appointment of members representing the public interest shall be madewith due consideration for achieving representation of the various portions of the consumer credit industry regulated by the commissioner.

(b) Except as provided by subsection (c), terms of members of the

from the state at large

From the state at large



board shall be for three years. Each member shall serve until a successor is appointed and confirmed. No person shall serve more than two terms as a member of the board. In the event of a vacancy on the board, the governor shall appoint a new member of the same qualification to fill the unexpired term.

- (c) (1) The governor shall appoint one member representing the public and two members representing the consumer credit industry for a term which expires on March 15 of the calendar year which starts after the effective date of this act.
- (2) The governor shall appoint one member representing the public and two members representing the consumer credit industry for a term which expires on March 15 of the second calendar year which starts after the effective date of this act.
- (3) The governor shall appoint one member representing the public and two members representing the consumer credit industry for a term which expires on March 15 of the third calendar year which starts after the effective date of this act.
- (4) Thereafter, members shall be appointed for terms of three years and until their successors are appointed and confirmed.
- Sec. 12. K.S.A. 74-3005 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-3005. Members of the state banking board attending meetings of such board, or attending a subcommittee meeting thereof authorized by such board, shall be paid compensation, subsistence allowances, mileage and other expenses as provided in K.S.A. 75-3223 and amendments thereto. The commissioner shall aet as secretary for said board and shall keep a permanent record of all meetings and proceedings of said such board in his the commissioner's office.

New Sec. 13. Members of the consumer credit advisory board attending meetings of such board, or attending a subcommittee meeting thereof authorized by such board, shall be paid compensation, subsistence allowances, mileage and other expenses as provided in K.S.A. 75-3223 and amendments thereto. The commissioner shall keep a permanent record of all meetings and proceedings of such board in the commissioner's office.

Sec. 14. K.S.A. 1998 Supp. 74-3006 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-3006. (a) The state banking board shall meet once each month quarter; on dates it agrees upon, and shall meet at other times as the board deems necessary or when called by the ehairperson or any three members of the board state bank commissioner. Six members of the board shall constitute a quorum, and a majority vote of the board shall be necessary to carry any question. No action of the board shall be taken except in a formal meeting and after a favorable vote of a majority of the entire board. The members of the board during business hours shall have free



[month]
Tunless no applications which require
the board's consideration are pending



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access to all of the records in the office of the commissioner. The board shall act in an advisory capacity in all matters pertaining to the conduct and welfare of the banking department and the administration of the banking laws of this state except as otherwise specifically provided by law.

(b) The board, in accordance with K.S.A. 75-4319 and amendments thereto, may recess for a closed or executive meeting to discuss information deemed confidential by virtue of K.S.A. 9-1712 and amendments thereto.

New Sec. 15. (a) The consumer credit advisory board shall meet once each quarter on dates it agrees upon or when called by the state bank commissioner. Six members of the board shall constitute a quorum, and a majority vote of the board shall be necessary to carry any question. No action of the board shall be taken except in a formal meeting and after a favorable vote of a majority of the entire board. The board shall act in an advisory capacity in all matters pertaining to the administration of the laws of this state pertaining to consumer credit.

(b) The board, in accordance with K.S.A. 75-4319 and amendments thereto, may recess for a closed or executive meeting to discuss information deemed confidential.

Sec. 16. K.S.A. 75-1308 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-1308. The commissioner shall keep a record of all fees collected by him or her the commissioner, together with a record of all expenses incurred in making the examinations of all banks and trust companies. The bank commissioner shall remit all moneys received by or for him or her the commissioner from such fees to the state treasurer at least monthly. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount thereof in the state treasury. Twenty percent (20%) of each such deposit shall be credited to the state general fund and the balance shall be credited to the bank commissioner fee fund. All expenditures from the bank commissioner fee fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the bank commissioner or by a person or persons designated by him or her the commissioner.

Sec. 17. K.S.A. 16-403, 16-609, 74-3005 and 75-1308 and K.S.A. 1998 Supp. 74-3004 and 74-3006 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 18. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

Article 31.-SALARIES AND ASSISTANTS; MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

75-3135. Salary of bank commissioner; appointment of deputy commissioner; assistants and employees. The bank commissioner shall receive an annual salary to be fixed by the governor with the approval of the state finance council. The bank commissioner is hereby authorized to appoint a two deputy commissioner commissioners who shall be in the unclassified service under the Kansas civil service act and who shall receive an annual salary fixed by the bank commissioner. The deputy commissioner of the banking division shall supervise all banks and trust companies as directed by the commissioner and shall perform other such duties as may be required by the commissioner. The deputy commissioner of the consumer and mortgage lending division shall supervise all consumer and mortgage lending functions as directed by the commissioner and shall perform other duties as may be required by the commissioner. If the office of the commissioner is vacant or if the commissioner is absent or unable to act, the deputy commissioner of the banking division shall be the acting commissioner. The deputy commissioner of the banking division shall have at least five years' experience as a state bank officer or five years' experience as a state or federal bank regulator deposit insurance corporation bank examiner. The deputy commissioner of consumer and mortgage lending shall have at least five years experience in consumer or mortgage lending, five years experience as a state or federal regulator or related experience. The bank commissioner is also authorized to appoint or contract for, in accordance with the civil service law, such special assistants and other employees as are necessary to properly discharge the duties of the office. (L. 1987, ch. 54, § 14; May 7.)



KANSAS

Bill Graves Governor OFFICE OF CONSUMER CREDIT COMMISSIONER

David R. Brant
Acting
Commissioner

TESTIMONY REGARDING SENATE BILL No. 271 Proposed Merger of Consumer Credit with the Bank Commissioner

Financial Institutions and Insurance Committee

Kansas Senate

"CONSUMER PROTECTION THROUGH REASONABLE REGULATION"

Mr. Chairman and members of the committee, thank you for this opportunity to testify regarding Senate Bill No. 271.

Based on my experience as the Acting Commissioner, I have advised this committee, the interim committee, and the Governor that the staff should be expanded and that the regulatory powers should be strengthened to ensure that the state is doing its best in achieving effective consumer protection in these challenging times.

I have requested and am in the process of proposing a number of substantive amendments to the Consumer Credit Code, the addition of examiners and a staff attorney, and that the Commissioner's job be full-time and better compensated. In addition, the agency's efforts in consumer education are critical and must be enhanced and expanded.

It appears there are two alternatives: 1) add staff and funding to the existing agency; or 2) merge the agency with a compatible partner agency. Attached for your consideration is an outline of four reasons to consider merging Consumer Credit with the Bank Commissioner. The proposed merger is not expected to save any money in the short term but will hopefully enhance consumer protection, achieve coordination in regulation, and efficiently utilize the staff and resources of both agencies.

Also attached are a number of suggested amendments to Senate Bill No. 271. Thank you for your consideration.

Senate Financial Institutions & Insurance

Date 2/11/99

Attachment # 7

PROPOSED MERGER

CONSUMER CREDIT

- Kansas is one of only five states with Consumer Credit as a separate agency.
- Focus is on unfair and abusive non-bank lending practices.

Reasons to consider merger:

1) Equalize <u>consumer protection</u> between state regulators

Consumers who borrow from non-bank lenders

Consumers who borrow from banks and S&Ls

BANK COMMISSIONER

2) <u>Coordination</u> in regulating the mortgage industry

Consumer Credit licenses non-bank mortgage lenders

Consumer Credit regulates 2nd mortgage non-bank loans

Banking registers mortgage brokers

Banking regulates 1st mortgages

3) Achieve <u>uniformity</u> in the interpretation and enforcement of the Uniform Consumer Credit Code ("UCCC")

Consumer Credit enforces
UCCC for non-bank lenders

Banking enforces UCCC for bank lenders

4) Share and maximize staff utilization

Consumer Credit

Needs full-time Administrator

- 0 Staff Attorneys
- 0 Computer Techs
- 0 Consumer Education
- 4 Examiners
- Administrative Staff (personnel, purchasing, budget)

Banking

- 2 Staff Attorneys
- 2 Computer Techs
- 1 Marketing/Public Information
- 50 Examiners
- 2 Administrative Staff (personnel, purchasing, budget)

SENATE BILL No. 271

By Committee on Financial Institutions and Insurance

2-9

AN ACT transferring the duties of the consumer credit commissioner to the state bank commissioner; creating a program of consumer credit affairs within the office of the state bank commissioner; abolishing the office of the consumer credit commissioner; amending K.S.A. 74-3005 and 75-1308 and K.S.A. 1998 Supp. 74-3004 and 74-3006 and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 16-403 and 16-609.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. The office of the consumer credit commissioner created by K.S.A. 16-403 and amendments thereto is hereby abolished. Except as otherwise provided in this act, all of the powers, duties and functions of the existing consumer credit commissioner are hereby transferred to and conferred and imposed upon the state bank commissioner established by K.S.A. 75-1304 and amendments thereto.

- New Sec. 2. (a) The state bank commissioner shall be the successor in every way to the powers, duties and functions of the consumer credit commissioner in which the same were vested prior to the effective date of this act. Every act performed in the exercise of such powers, duties and functions by or under the authority of the state bank commissioner shall be deemed to have the same force and effect as if performed by the consumer credit commissioner in which such powers, duties and functions were vested prior to the effective date of this act.
- (b) Whenever the consumer credit commissioner, or words of like effect, are referred to or designated by a statute, contract or other document, such reference or designation shall be deemed to apply to the state bank commissioner.
- (c) All orders and directives of the consumer credit commissioner in existence on the effective date of this act shall continue to be effective and shall be deemed to be orders and directives of the state bank commissioner until revised, amended or nullified pursuant to law.
- (d) All rules and regulations of the consumer credit commissioner, in existence on the effective date of this act shall continue to be effective and shall be deemed to be duly adopted rules and regulations of the state bank commissioner until revised, amended, revoked or nullified pursuant to law.

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- (e) The state bank commissioner shall succeed to whatever right, title or interest the consumer credit commissioner has acquired in any real property in this state, and the state bank commissioner shall hold the same for and in the name of the state of Kansas.
- (f) On and after the effective date of this act, whenever any statute, contract or other document concerns the power or authority of the consumer credit commissioner, the state bank commissioner shall succeed to such power or authority.
- New Sec. 3. (a) When any conflict arises as to the disposition of any property, power, duty or function or the unexpended balance of any appropriation as a result of any abolition, transfer, attachment or change made by or under authority of this act, such conflict shall be resolved by the governor, whose decision shall be final.
- (b) The Kansas state bank commissioner shall succeed to all property, property rights and records which were used for or pertain to the performance of the powers, duties and functions transferred to the bank commissioner. Any conflict as to the proper disposition of property or records arising under this section, and resulting from the transfer, attachment or all or part of the powers, duties and functions of the consumer credit commissioner, shall be determined by the governor, whose decision shall be final.
- New Sec. 4. (a) No suit, action or other proceeding, judicial or administrative, lawfully commenced, or which could have been commenced, by or against any state agency or program mentioned in this act, or by or against any officer of the state in such officer's official capacity or in relation to the discharge of such officer's official duties, shall abate by reason of this act. The court may allow any such suit, action or other proceeding to be maintained by or against the successor of any such state agency or any officer affected.
- (b) No criminal action commenced or which could have been commenced by the state shall abate by the taking effect of this act.
- New Sec. 5. On the effective date of this act, the balances of all funds appropriated or reappropriated for the consumer credit commissioner, are hereby transferred to the state bank commissioner. The director of accounts and reports shall transfer all moneys in the consumer credit fee fund to the bank commissioner fee fund. On the effective date of this act, all liabilities of the consumer credit fee fund existing prior to the effective date of this act are imposed on the bank commissioner fee fund. The consumer credit fee fund is hereby abolished.
- New Sec. 6. On the effective date of this act, officers and employees who, immediately prior to such date, were engaged in the performance of powers, duties or functions involved in the administration of any law administered by the consumer credit commissioner, and who, in the opin-

Replace "New Sec. 5" on page 2, lines 32 through 39 with:

New Sec. 5. (a) On the effective date of this act, the balances of all funds appropriated or reappropriated for the consumer credit commissioner are hereby transferred to the state bank commissioner and shall be used only for the purposes for which the appropriations were originally made. The director of accounts and reports shall establish a new consumer credit regulation fee fund within the chart of accounts for the state bank commissioner and shall transfer all moneys in the existing consumer credit fee fund being abolished by this act to such consumer credit regulation fee fund of the state bank commissioner.

(b) On the effective date of this act, all liabilities of the consumer credit fee fund existing before the effective date of this act shall be transferred to the new consumer credit regulation fee fund to be established within the chart of accounts for the state bank commissioner as provided by subsection (a) of this section. Such liabilities shall be paid by the state bank commissioner from such consumer credit regulation fee fund of the state bank commissioner. Upon transfer of the balances and liabilities of the existing consumer credit fee fund to the new consumer credit regulation fee fund within the chart of accounts of the state bank commissioner as provided by this act, the existing consumer credit fee fund shall be abolished.

NOTE: K.S.A. 16a-2-302(c) will also need the amended or deleted since it relates to the consumer credit fee fund.

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ion of the state bank commissioner, are necessary to perform the powers, duties and functions involved in the administration of any law administered by the consumer credit commissioner, shall be transferred to, and shall become officers and employees of the bank commissioner. Any such officer or employee shall retain all retirement benefits and all rights of civil service which had accrued to or vested in such officer or employee prior to the effective date of this act. The service of each such officer and employee so transferred shall be deemed to have been continuous.

New Sec. 7. (a) On the effective date of this act, the balance of all funds appropriated and reappropriated to the consumer credit commissioner is hereby transferred to the state bank commissioner and shall be used only for the purpose for which the appropriation was originally made.

(b) On the effective date of this act, the liability for all accrued compensation or salaries of officers and employees who, immediately prior to such date, were engaged in the performance of powers, duties or functions of any state agency or officer transferred by this act, or which becomes a part of the office of the state bank commissioner or the powers, duties and functions of which are transferred to the bank commissioner, shall be assumed and paid by the state bank commissioner.

New Sec. 8. (a) There is hereby established in the office of the bank commissioner a program of banking and trust company regulation to enforce the provisions of chapter 9 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated and amendments thereto or rules and regulations adopted thereunder. The program shall be under the supervision of the state bank commissioner, and the commissioner shall employ a deputy commissioner to administer the program and appoint such personnel as may be necessary for the proper administration of the program. The deputy commissioner shall be in the unclassified service of the Kansas civil service act.

(b) The deputy commissioner administering the banking regulation program shall perform all duties and functions delegated by the commissioner regarding:

(1) The administration and enforcement of chapter 9 of Kansas Statutes Annotated and amendments thereto; and

(2) such other duties as may be assigned by the commissioner.

New Sec. 9. (a) There is hereby established in the office of the bank commissioner a program of consumer credit regulation. The program shall be under the supervision of the state bank commissioner, and the commissioner shall employ a deputy commissioner to administer the program and appoint such personnel as may be necessary for the proper administration of the program. The deputy commissioner shall have at least five years experience in an executive position in a consumer oredit business regulated by the commissioner or at least five years' experience.

NOTE: New Sec. 7 could be deleted if the proposed amendment and re-wording of New Sec. 5 is adopted as oútlined above.

division

in consumer lending, regulatory, legal or related experience

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as a state or federal regulator of a consumer credit business regulated by the commissioner. The deputy commissioner shall be in the unclassified service of the Kansas civil service act and shall receive an annual salary fixed by the bank commissioner.

(b) The deputy commissioner administering the consumer credit program—shall perform all duties and functions delegated by the commissioner regarding:

(1) The regulation of investment certificates of investment companies as set forth in article 6 of chapter 16 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated as amended and supplemented;

(2) the administration of the uniform consumer credit code as set forth in chapter 16a of the Kansas Statutes Annotated as amended and supplemented;

(3) the administration of the fair credit reporting act as set forth in article 7 of chapter 50 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated as amended and supplemented;

(4) the regulation of credit service organizations as set forth in article 11 of chapter 50 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated as amended and supplemented;

(5) the regulation of mortgage business as set forth in article 22 of chapter 9 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated as amended and supplemented; and

(6) such other duties as may be assigned by the commissioner.

Sec. 10. K.S.A. 1998 Supp. 74-3004 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-3004. (a) There is hereby created a state banking board which shall be composed of nine members. Six members of the board shall be bankers with not less than five years' actual banking experience in a state bank in this state or persons with not less than five years' actual experience in a state chartered savings and loan association in this state, or any combination thereof and three shall represent the public interest in the regulation, operation and control of state banks and trust companies. All members shall be selected from the state at large. No nonbanker member representing the public interest shall concurrently serve as an officer or director in any state or national bank or trust company wherever located. One of the nine members shall be elected annually The commissioner shall serve as chairperson of the board. The commissioner shall not be a voting member of the board. The board shall be appointed by the governor. Persons appointed to the board shall be subject to confirmation by the senate as provided in K.S.A. 75-4315b, and amendments thereto. Except as provided by K.S.A. 1998 Supp. 46-2601, no person appointed to the board shall exercise any power, duty or function as a member of the board until confirmed by the senate. No more than five members of the board shall be from the same political party. Subject to the provisions

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NOTE: The definition of Administrator in K.S.A. 16a-1-301(2) should be amended to refer to the Deputy Commissioner.

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of K.S.A. 75-4315c, and amendments thereto, of the six banker or savings and loan association members, the governor shall appoint one from each Kansas congressional district as presently constituted and the remainder from the state at large. Appointment of nonbanker members representing the public interest shall be made with due consideration for achieving representation of the various geographic sectors of the state.

(b) Except as provided by subsection (c), terms of members of the board shall be for three years. Each member shall serve until a successor is appointed and confirmed. No person shall serve more than two terms as a member of the board. In the event of a vacancy on the board, the governor shall appoint a new member of the same qualification to fill the unexpired term.

(c) The terms of members who are serving on the board on the effective date of this act shall expire on March 15, of the year in which such member's term would have expired under the provisions of this section prior to amendment by this act. Thereafter, members shall be appointed for terms of three years and until their successors are appointed and confirmed.

New Sec. 11. (a) There is hereby created a state consumer credit advisory board which shall be composed of nine members. Six members of the board shall be persons with not less than five years' actual experi--ence in the operation of a consumer loan or related company or regulation of the consumer loan industry in this state, and three shall represent the public interest in the regulation, operation and control of consumer loan and related companies. All members shall be selected from the state at large. No member representing the public interest shall concurrently serve as an officer or director in any consumer loan or related company wherever located. The commissioner shall serve as chairperson of the board. The chairperson shall be a nonvoting member of the board. The board shall be appointed by the governor. Persons appointed to the board shall be subject to confirmation by the senate as provided in K.S.A. 75-4315b, and amendments thereto. Except as provided by K.S.A. 1998-Supp. 46 2601, no person appointed to the board shall exercise any power, duty or function as a member of the board until confirmed by the senate. No more than five members of the board shall be from the same political party. Subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4315c, and amendments thereto, of the six persons representing the consumer credit industry, the governor shall appoint one from each Kansas congressional *district as presently constituted and the remainder from the state at large. Appointment of members representing the public interest shall be made with due consideration for achieving representation of the various pertions of the consumer credit industry regulated by the commissioner.

(b) Except as provided by subsection (c), terms of members of the

Consumer Credit Advisory Board

1st choice: delete sections 11, 13, and 15

2nd choice: amend as follows

at least five years in consumer lending, legal, or related experience

industry

entities

board shall be for three years. Each member shall serve until a successor is appointed and confirmed. No person shall serve more than two terms as a member of the board. In the event of a vacancy on the board, the governor shall appoint a new member of the same qualification to fill the unexpired term.

- (c) (1) The governor shall appoint one member representing the public and two members representing the consumer credit industry for a term which expires on March 15 of the calendar year which starts after the effective date of this act.
- (2) The governor shall appoint one member representing the public and two members representing the consumer credit industry for a term which expires on March 15 of the second calendar year which starts after the effective date of this act.
- (3) The governor shall appoint one member representing the public and two members representing the consumer credit industry for a term which expires on March 15 of the third calendar year which starts after the effective date of this act.
- (4) Thereafter, members shall be appointed for terms of three years and until their successors are appointed and confirmed.
- Sec. 12. K.S.A. 74-3005 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-3005. Members of the state banking board attending meetings of such board, or attending a subcommittee meeting thereof authorized by such board, shall be paid compensation, subsistence allowances, mileage and other expenses as provided in K.S.A. 75-3223 and amendments thereto. The commissioner shall aet as secretary for said board and shall keep a permanent record of all meetings and proceedings of said such board in his the commissioner's office.
- New Sec. 13. Members of the consumer credit advisory board attending meetings of such board, or attending a subcommittee meeting thereof authorized by such board, shall be paid compensation, subsistence allowances, mileage and other expenses as provided in K.S.A. 75-3223 and amendments thereto. The commissioner shall keep a permanent record of all meetings and proceedings of such board in the commissioner's office.
- Sec. 14. K.S.A. 1998 Supp. 74-3006 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-3006. (a) The *state banking* board shall meet once each month quarter, on dates it agrees upon, and shall meet at other times as the board deems necessary or when called by the chairperson or any three members of the board state bank commissioner. Six members of the board shall constitute a quorum, and a majority vote of the board shall be necessary to carry any question. No action of the board shall be taken except in a formal meeting and after a favorable vote of a majority of the entire board. The members of the board during business hours shall have free

see note on page 5

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access to all of the records in the office of the commissioner. The board shall act in an advisory capacity in all matters pertaining to the conduct and welfare of the banking department and the administration of the banking laws of this state except as otherwise specifically provided by law.

(b) The board, in accordance with K.S.A. 75-4319 and amendments thereto, may recess for a closed or executive meeting to discuss information deemed confidential by virtue of K.S.A. 9-1712 and amendments thereto.

New Sec. 15. (a) The consumer credit advisory board shall meet once each quarter on dates it agrees upon or when called by the state bank commissioner. Six members of the board shall constitute a quorum, and a majority vote of the board shall be necessary to carry any question. No action of the board shall be taken except in a formal meeting and after a favorable vote of a majority of the entire board. The board shall act in an advisory capacity in all matters pertaining to the administration of the laws of this state pertaining to consumer credit.

(b) The board, in accordance with K.S.A. 75 4319 and amendments thereto, may recess for a closed or executive meeting to discuss information deemed confidential

Sec. 16. K.S.A. 75-1308 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-1308. The commissioner shall keep a record of all fees collected by him or her the commissioner, together with a record of all expenses incurred in making the examinations of all banks and trust companies. The bank commissioner shall relate all moneys received by or for him or her the commissioner from such fees to the state treasurer at least monthly. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount thereof in the state treasury. Twenty percent (20%) of each such deposit shall be credited to the state general fund and the balance shall be credited to the bank commissioner fee fund. All expenditures from the bank commissioner fee fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the bank commissioner.

Sec. 17. K.S.A. 16-403, 16-609, 74-3005 and 75-1308 and K.S.A. 1998 Supp. 74-3004 and 74-3006 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 18. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

deputy commissioner or

Replace last section, "Sec. 16" of bill as follows:

Sec. ??. K.S.A. 75-1308 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-1308. The commissioner shall keep a record of all fees collected by the commissioner, together with a record of all expenses incurred in the administration of the programs for banking and trust company regulation and consumer credit The bank commissioner shall remit all fees collected to the state treasurer at least monthly. receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount to the state treasury. Twenty percent (20%) of each such deposit shall be credited to the The balance of each such deposit derived state general fund. from fees collected for banking and trust company regulation shall be credited to the bank commissioner fee fund and the balance of each such deposit derived from fees collected for consumer credit regulation shall be credited to the consumer credit regulation fee fund. All expenditures from the bank commissioner fee fund and the consumer credit regulation fee fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the bank commissioner or by a person or persons designated by the commissioner.