

Approved _____
Date 2/20/89

MINUTES OF THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATION

The meeting was called to order by Senator Lana Oleen at
Chairperson

1:30 ~~XXX~~ a.m./p.m. on February 13, 1989 in room 531-N of the Capitol.

All members were present except: Senator Doyen

Committee staff present:
Julian Efird - Research
Jill Wolters - Research
Ellen Piekalkiewicz - Research
Nancy Jones - Secretary

Conferees appearing before the committee:
Senator Alicia Salisbury
Louis Armstrong, Administrator, Barbers Board
Elizabeth Taylor - Kansas Barbers
Wilma George - Electrologist, Topeka, Ks.
Dale Manar - Parsons, Ks.
Carol Brown - Lawrence, Ks.
Representative Wisdom
Ellen Pielkalkiewicz

Discussion on SB 66 - Concerning consolidation of administrative operations of Board of Barbers and Board of Cosmetologists.

Senator Salisbury presented a brief review of interim studies conducted by the Joint Committee on Rules & Regulations. The issues of consolidation of the barbers and cosmetologists boards and regulations regarding sanitation were studied in depth. The Joint Committee recommended that the two boards continue to operate and that consolidation occur regarding administration of the two boards with one administrator and one office. HB 2075, a companion bill, directs the Health & Environment Department to develop model regulations pertaining to sanitation standards for all shops and schools for both professions. Senator Salisbury stated SB 66 does not consolidate or eliminate the Boards of Barbers and Cosmetologists, but provides for one administrator.

(Attachment 1)

Louis Armstrong gave testimony in favor of SB 66 and explained amendments being proposed by the Kansas barbers.

(Attachment 2)

Ellen Piekalkiewicz presented a review of the study conducted by the Joint Committee on Rules & Regulations, considering options for board structure. Staff members, fee analysis and resource estimate were highlighted for the committee.

(Attachment 3)

Elizabeth Taylor testified as favoring SB 66 with amendments. Mrs. Taylor stated the barbers recommend the Executive Director be neither a barber or cosmetologist and that expenditures for administration of the boards be paid prorata from fees collected from each board.

(Attachment 4)

Wilma George gave testimony opposing SB 66 in its present form. It is felt the executive director should be knowledgeable of the cosmetology profession. Objection was voiced to appointment of a public person to serve as director of the combined boards. Merits of the present director were noted.

(Attachment 5)

Dale Manar testifying in opposition to SB 66 stated the executive director should have knowledge of cosmetology as his decisions affect the welfare of many Kansans. A concern was expressed regarding the proposal to increase yearly license fees for cosmetologists from \$10 to \$35. More representation of the cosmetologists should be a consideration.

(Attachment 6)

Unless specifically noted, the individual remarks recorded herein have not been transcribed verbatim. Individual remarks as reported herein have not been submitted to the individuals appearing before the committee for editing or corrections.

CONTINUATION SHEET

MINUTES OF THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATION,

room 531-N, Statehouse, at 1:30 a.m.~~p.m.~~ on February 13, 1989.

Carol Brown gave testimony supporting Henri Fournier as Executive Director as he has brought financial stability to the Board of Cosmetology. It is felt the Board of Barbers examiners are not trained to determine needs of cosmetologists and electrologists. (Attachment 7)

Chairman Oleen asked committee members to note copies of written testimony opposing SB 66 from Beverly Waldo and Delores Randolph. (Attachments 8 & 9)

Representative Bill Wisdom reviewed past experiences regarding legislation of the cosmetologists and barbers boards. Representative Wisdom stated that the barbers are more unionized and cosmetologists do not favor this. He is opposed to one administrative director and one board for both professions.

Committee members discussed a proposed joint computer system and the estimated savings to the barbers board under this plan. The overstaffing of the barbers board is also a concern. Placement of an electrologist on the board should be considered.

Henri Fournier replied to questions supporting accomplishments of the Kansas Board of Cosmetologists and strongly supports having two boards.

Chairman Oleen expressed the concern that language in the bill addressing sanitation and inspection is antiquated and needs updating.

Meeting adjourned. The next meeting will be February 14, 1989.

GUEST LIST

COMMITTEE: SENATE GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATION

DATE 2/13/89

NAME	COMPANY / ORGANIZATION	ADDRESS
Jane Adams	Cosmetologist	1821 N.W. 59 th Terr
Ellen Druvin	Hair Benders & Co.	4011 W. 21 st - Top of plateau 1501 E. Spruce - 7300 Clinton Parkway - St. Louis
Ref Swartz	Hair Academy of Hair Design	119 W 10 th Hays, KS
Kathi M. Bantz	Liberal Academy of Hair Design	530 S. Kansas - Liberal KS.
Barbara Krufter	Electrolysis & Skin Care Clinic	1115 W. 10 th Topeka, KS.
Jane Blake	Jane Blake School of Hair Styling	Topeka KS KC, KS
"	"	"
"	"	Emporia KS 4840 College Blvd Overland Park KS 66211
Sandra Jensen	Jensen & Stephens, Inc.	
Gennie Osburn	Cosmetologist	13946 SW 89 th
Bob George	Visitor	1208 W. 10 th , Topeka
Mrs. Carolyn Brown	Coethologist	1119 or 1117 Massachusetts Ave., Ark City
Mauda Lush	Salon owner & Cosmetologist	207 E. Madison City
Norothy Keady	Cosmetologist	7640 W. 195 th - Pittsfield, 6085, Ks.
Larry Main	Salon owner & Cosmetologist	ARI Box 493 Topeka KS.
Libma B. George	Electrolysis Clinic of Topeka	1115 W. 10 th Topeka 66604
Nipie Brattton	1321 Parkridge Cosmetologist	Wichita, Ks.
Laura Jay	Box 1585	Leta, Ks. 67861
Laura M. Hank	Box 337 - Cosmetologist	Manassas KS 66755
Karen Tomlinson	717 Ks Ave Topeka	Ex Director
Urbet Lyman	711 N. Mt Carmel	Wichita
Terrie Lippert	717 Ks. Ave Topeka	Secretary Body Cos.
Delores Randolph	President of Kansas Cosmetologist Assn.	Kansas City, Kansas 66101
Elizabeth E. Taylor	Ks Barbers	Topeka
Frederick J. Laurin	Vermont KS. Schools of Cosmetology	Wichita, KS 67211
Aug Dale Mannan	Kansas Cosmetologist Assn.	106 Poplar Parsons KS 67351
John D. Hudson	Barber Stylist	RR # 1 - BX 13 Hoyt KS.

Ca. D. Randolph 940 Stealy Shop Owner KA
Cad D Randolph 8534 Ashell KCA Rep.

Deanna E. Jones 2921 N. 64th Terr. KCA Representative

Scott Wallace 616 N. 17th PARSONS KCA Rep.

CHAS CRUM 512 Poyntz Av. Manhattan, Kansas Cosmetologist
School Owner

Geri Lapham 1125 Laramie, Manhattan, Ks. KCA Rep.

Gayle Kilhon 106 Railroad Silver Lake, Ks. KCA Rep. Salon Owner

Virginia Crawley 420 Aquarius Silver Lake, Ks. Cosmetologist

Mary Entrop Topeka D.O.B.

Louis Armstrong Rt. 5 - Ft. Scott

Steve Swadlow Tecumseh KS

Board of Examiners
Cosmetologist

Nancy Handling

Topeka

Intern San Francisco

L. C. Pety

Prott

Barber

Temp Stearns

Topeka

Barber

Charles & Lutz

Topeka

Barber Board

Chad M. Irwin

Topeka

Cosmetologist

Companion Bill
to S.B. 2075

SESSION OF 1989

SUPPLEMENTAL NOTE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 2075

As Amended by House Committee on
Public Health and Welfare

Brief*

H.B. 2075, as amended, creates new law directing the Secretary of Health and Environment to adopt rules and regulations establishing sanitation standards for professions, shops, salons, clinics, schools, and colleges regulated by the state Board of Barber Examiners and the state Board of Cosmetology. Further, the bill would amend several statutes pertaining to personal and environmental sanitation standards of the Board of Barber Examiners and the Board of Cosmetology authorizing the Boards to enforce the sanitation rules and regulations adopted by the Secretary.

House Committee amendments delete from the statutes relative to barbers and cosmetologists, references to "gross immorality" and "immoral" conduct as grounds for refusal to issue, renew, revoke, or suspend the licenses of a barber or cosmetologist. Other Committee amendments are technical and clarifying.

Background

H.B. 2075 was recommended by the Joint Committee on Administrative Rules and Regulations as a result of its review of the statutes and regulations of each of the Boards. The sanitary rules and regulations of the Boards seemed antiquated and inconsistent with current knowledge about sanitation and disease control. Since current law requires the Secretary of Health and Environment to "approve" the sanitary regulations of each of the Boards, the Joint Committee concluded that the expertise of the Secretary should be used to draft and adopt sanitary regulations which would reflect present needs for sanitation and appropriate methods to ensure protection of the public. Present responsibility of the Boards to enforce sanitary regulations is maintained.

* Supplemental Notes are prepared by the Legislative Research Department and do not express legislative intent.

S.G.O.
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ATTACH-1

The House Committee amendments continue past legislative action to delete references to "moral conduct" from licensing statutes in order to remove subjective criteria from licensing boards and to require the boards to adopt more specific standards relative to "professional conduct."

My name is Louis Armstrong and I am from Fort Scott. I am retired from the U. S. Postal Service. I was a Postal Inspector for 13 years and then Dist. Manager for postal operations in Iowa. As an inspector I was trained to audit accounts and as a district manager I was responsible for preparation and management of sizeable budgets.

As of Feb. 18, I will become the Administrative Officer for the board of barber examiners. Since Jan. 18 I have been working in the board office on an interim appointment. I hasten to add that I have neither a barbering or cosmetology back ground and I am here to express my personal views and not those of the barbering or cosmetology professions.

I am a fiscal conservative by nature and believe that governmental agencies should operate efficiently and economically. I am in favor of SB-66 and the potential for improved administrative efficiency that it offers. I also favor those features which will allow the board of barber examiners and the Kansas state board of cosmetology to retain their own identities and establish general policies for their respective professions.

There are provisions which call for certain actions to be under the joint authority of the two boards. I have reservations concerning this as the two boards with five members each could easily reach a 5 to 5 impasse.

I have drafted amendments which might provide viable alternatives to potential impasses. Please bear with me as I am a complete novice at drafting amendments.

Section 1 (a) calls for implementation on January 1, 1990. It should be feasible to move this date to the beginning of this next fiscal year. This would provide an earlier "shake down" period and a better opportunity for the Executive Director to come up with more accurate budget estimates for Fiscal Year 1991. Also, I believe that some financial savings would be realized at an earlier date.

AMENDMENT PROPOSAL

New Section 1 (a) On and after ~~January 1, 1990~~ July 1, 1989 the offices, equipment, supplies and staff of the board of barber examiners and the Kansas state board of cosmetology are hereby consolidated.

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ATTACH -2

Section 1 (b) For reasons stated earlier, I believe that it might be impractical for the two boards to reach mutual agreement on the appointment of an Executive Director. For that reason, this amendment calls for the appointment to be made by the governor.

AMENDMENT PROPOSAL

~~(b) The board of barber examiners and the Kansas state board of cosmetology jointly shall appoint a person to serve as executive director of such boards on and after January 1, 1990. The executive director shall serve at the pleasure of such boards jointly.~~ The governor shall appoint a person to serve as executive director of both boards.

Section 1 (e) For same reasons as just cited, this amendment would call for the governor to set the salary of the executive director.

AMENDMENT PROPOSAL

(e) The executive director of the board of barber examiners and the Kansas state board of cosmetology shall be in the unclassified service of the Kansas civil service act and, within the limits of appropriations, shall receive an annual salary ~~jointly fixed by the boards~~ by the governor. All other employees shall be in the classified service of the Kansas civil service act.

Section 1 (f), as now written, calls for continuation of a separate "barber fee fund" and a separate "cosmetology fee fund". It also specifies that expenditures for offices, equipment, supplies and staff used jointly by the two boards would be paid "equally from the budget of each board".

The barber board budget for FY 1990 will approximate \$95,000 and the cosmetology budget nearly \$300,000. If the barber fee funds were required to pay an equal share of the consolidated administrative functions, it would be necessary to at least double the present barber fees. The annual license for a barber is already 350% higher than a cosmetology license. I will discuss the fee structure later.

This proposed amendment calls for elimination of the separate funds and creation of a joint cosmetology/barbering fund. This would greatly simplify the administrative payment procedures for personnel, equipment, supplies etc.

Section 1 (f) continued:

Some may advocate continuation of the separate funds and pro rating administrative costs. In my judgement this would be unnecessarily complicated. It would require specific identification of equipment, supply and employee payroll costs that should be allocated to one fund or the other. This could cause dissent between the two boards.

I should also note that this amendment, if approved, would incorporate Sec. 12 of SB-66 and would replace need for existing statutes. Specifically 74-2704 and 65-1817.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT

(f) On and after July 1, 1989, the "barber fee fund" and the "cosmetology fee fund" are hereby abolished and a joint "cosmetology/barber fee fund" is established. All expenditures for offices, equipment, supplies and staff used or employed jointly by the board of barber examiners and the Kansas state board of cosmetology shall be paid ~~equally from the budget of each board.~~ from this fund. All fees and payments required to be paid for examinations, penalties or licenses shall be paid to the executive director. The executive director shall remit such fees to the state treasurer at least monthly. Upon receipt of any such remittance the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury and credit 20% thereof to the state general fund and the balance to the cosmetology/barber fee fund. All expenditures from such fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the executive director or by a person or persons designated by the executive director.

Section 9 (a) calls for four cosmetologists and one public member for the Kansas state board of cosmetology. The barber board is not mentioned. The existing statute covering the barber board, 74-1805, calls for three barbers and two public members. I believe that the make up of the two boards should be the same with respect

to numbers of professional and public members. I might mention that the professionals on both boards conduct the "practical" portion of the examination when a new barber or cosmetologist is tested for a license. Because of that policy, I would recommend that each board have four professionals. If this committee should agree, it would be necessary to incorporate the barber board make up in SB-66 or to amend 74-1805.

Section 10 (a) This would be a minor change allowing the executive director to call a board meeting in addition to the chairperson and making the executive director responsible for keeping the records.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT

Section 10 (a) lines 248 and 249 only.

chairperson or executive director. The board executive director etc.

Before closing I would like to make a few observations based on my limited exposure to the hair care professions.

For all practical purposes the barber and the cosmetologist provide the same basic services to their clientele. There are some differences such as shaving and beard trims on the barbering side and manicuring on the cosmetology side. It would follow that their respective license fees would be in the same general range. That is not the case. A barber license is renewed annually for \$35.00. A cosmetology license is renewed every other year for \$20.00 for annual rate of \$10.00. There are similar differences in the shop and school license fees. If SB-66 is not passed it is a foregone conclusion that barber fees will have to be raised by 25 to 30% during the next fiscal year.

I would not suggest that the fee structure be tampered with in SB-66. However, I foresee the possibility that, under an efficient consolidation of administrative functions, that the fee structure could eventually be on a more equitable footing and without a radical increase for a cosmetology license. This would require a true spirit of cooperation and understanding between the two boards.

To be quite frank, I believe that over the years a sense of professional jealousy has developed between the two professions. I also believe that

an opportunity for the two boards to meet jointly once or twice a year would greatly enhance mutual understanding.

Another point in favor of SB-66. Each board now employs inspectors who make on site inspections of every shop across Kansas. The barber inspector inspects only barber shops and the cosmetology inspector inspects the cosmetology shops. This results in much duplication of time and travel expense. Through mutual cooperation between the two boards, I can foresee the day when only one inspector would visit a town and conduct inspections of all shops.

It has become apparent to me that the professional barbers and cosmetologists take a great deal of pride in their crafts and so they should. In many shops across Kansas they are working side by side and this cannot but help to improve communications and mutual understanding. The barber board is now without our one and only office assistant due to a transfer. I mention this in order to publicly thank Mr. Henry Fournier who is my counterpart in the cosmetology board office. Henry has graciously offered that I call on his staff when questions arise that I am not yet equipped to handle. This with Henry knowing fully that he and I may have friendly disagreements on the merits of SB-66.

I will close by stating that I have no preconceived bias either for or against either of the two professions. I firmly believe that the bill would be in the best interest of the public and state government. Even more so, I can foresee long term benefits to the barbering and cosmetology professions.

MEMORANDUM

February 10, 1989

TO: Senate Governmental Organization Committee

FROM: Ellen Piekalkiewicz, Kansas Legislative Research Department

RE: S.B. 66 -- Merging the Administrative Functions of the Board of Barber Examiners and the Board of Cosmetology

The Joint Committee on Administrative Rules and Regulations this summer studied and reviewed the statutes creating the Board of Barber Examiners and Board of Cosmetology, the statutes governing the activities of the boards, and the rules and regulations which each board has adopted to interpret and implement those statutes. The Committee considered the following options for board structure:

1. Maintain the status quo.
2. Make nominal changes in the statutes of the boards, but make no changes to their structure and administration.
3. Merge the boards and create one board of cosmetologists and barbers.
4. Preserve the structure of the two separate boards, but combine the administrative functions of the boards, establishing one executive director who would be appointed by the Governor.
5. Maintain the structure of two separate boards with their own administrative operations, but make the statutes of the boards analogous.
6. Abolish the boards and mandate that the Department of Health and Environment undertake the duties of protecting public health.

The Committee voted to introduce legislation to merge the administrative functions of the boards.

S.B. 66 merges the administrative functions of the boards and in conjunction with this establishes one executive director to be appointed by both boards. In addition, the bill states that all expenditures for offices, equipment, supplies, and staff used or employed jointly by the boards shall be paid equally from the budget of each board.

Board of Cosmetology

Five-member board -- two licensed operators of shops, two licensed cosmetologists, and one public member.

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ATTACH-3

The Board has a staff of eight full-time employees -- an executive director, one full-time inspector, four part-time inspectors, and four full-time clerical positions. The Board's recommended budget for FY 1990 is \$292,467.

There are approximately 27,000 cosmetologists and 3,900 cosmetology salons.

Cosmetologists pay a biannual license fee of \$20.

The fee fund analysis for the Board of Cosmetology based on the House Appropriations Committee's recommendations is as follows:

<u>Resource Estimate</u>	<u>Actual FY 88</u>	<u>Estimated FY 89</u>	<u>Estimated FY 90</u>
Beginning Balance	\$ 107,189	\$ 123,370	\$ 124,369
Net Receipts	<u>271,998</u>	<u>275,998</u>	<u>279,998</u>
Total Funds Available	\$ 379,187	\$ 399,368	\$ 404,367
Less: Expenditures	<u>255,699</u>	<u>274,999</u>	<u>292,467</u>
Ending Balance	<u>\$ 123,488</u>	<u>\$ 124,369</u>	<u>\$ 111,900</u>

Board of Barber Examiners

Five-member board -- three licensed barbers and two public members.

The Board has a staff of 2.5 FTE positions -- two part-time inspectors, and one full-time secretary.

There are approximately 1,600 barbers and 960 barber shops.

Barbers pay an annual license fee of \$35.

The fee fund analysis for the Board of Barber Examiners based on the House Appropriations Committee's recommendations is as follows:

<u>Resource Estimate</u>	<u>Actual FY 88</u>	<u>Estimated FY 89</u>	<u>Estimated FY 90</u>
Beginning Balance	\$ 47,372	\$ 47,490	\$ 37,106
Net Receipts	<u>74,344</u>	<u>74,140</u>	<u>76,080</u>
Total Funds Available	\$ 121,716	\$ 121,630	\$ 113,186
Less: Expenditures	<u>73,547</u>	<u>84,524</u>	<u>88,134</u>
Ending Balance	<u>\$ 48,169</u>	<u>\$ 37,106</u>	<u>\$ 25,052</u>



KANSAS BARBERS FOR LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Legislative Office 933 Kansas Ave. Topeka, KS 66612
Elizabeth E. Taylor, Legislative Consultant

February 13, 1989

TO: Senator Lana Oleen, Chairman
Senate Governmental Organization Committee

FR: Elizabeth E. Taylor, Legislative Consultant
Kansas Barbers for Legislative Action

RE: Support for SB 66 and Amendments Thereto

The Kansas Barbers for Legislative Action represents the 1,800 licensed barbers in Kansas. After reviewing SB 66 in some detail and looking at the legislative history concerning the attempts to combine the administration of the Kansas Board of Barber Examiners and the Kansas Board of Cosmetologists, we give our support to SB 66 under the following conditions:

- that the person selected as Executive Director for the combined administration of the Boards be neither a barber nor a cosmetologist. We feel it is appropriate that the administrative branch of the Boards be impartial to either Board and that the policies be determined by the separate Boards. We feel the following amendment would meet this end:

Section 1 (e) "The executive director of the board of barber examiners and the Kansas state board of cosmetology shall be other than a licensed barber or a licensed cosmetologist and shall be in the unclassified service of the Kansas civil service act and, within limits of appropriations therefor, shall receive an annual salary jointly fixed by the boards and approved by the governor. All other employees shall be in the classified service of the Kansas civil service act.

- that all expenditures for the administration of the Boards be paid PRORATA from the fees collected from each Board. Because the Kansas barbers represent only 7% of the combined number of licensed cosmetologists and barbers who would fall under the jurisdiction of the combined administration, an equal sharing of the cost is not appropriate. We hope that this is simply an oversight on the part of the drafters of the bill. Therefore, we suggest the following amendment:

Section 1 (f) All expenditures for offices, equipment, supplies and staff used or employed jointly by the board of barber examiners and the Kansas state board of cosmetology shall be paid on a prorated share based on the number of licensees by either board from the budget of each board.

As a general philosophy, the KBLA will continue to support efforts which make governmental activity more efficient and less costly to the licensees and to the public. With the passage of SB 66 amended as suggested above, we feel this will enhance such efficiency.

Please know that KBLA will support the passage of SB 66 Only with the above mentioned amendments. It is our opinion that these amendments are necessary for the fair and equitable combination of the administrative functions of the Boards.

Thank you for the opportunity to represent the position of the licensed Kansas barbers.

S.G.O.
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ATTACH -4

Regarding Senate Bill #66

We do not object to the Board of Barbers and the Board of Cosmetology consolidating into one State Agency. Nor do we object to an Executive Director to serve both Boards jointly.

However, we do want an Executive Director to be knowledgeable in the profession, especially cosmetology, since it is the larger of the two groups:

<u>COSMETOLOGY</u>	<u>BARBERS</u>
24,000 Licensed Cosmetologists	^{1,915} 1,800 Licensed Barbers
35 Schools with 165 Instructors and 1,500 Students	6 Schools with 80 Students
\$10 license fee to practice	\$35 license fee to practice

We do object to appointing a public person to serve as Director of the Combined Boards. The Director should have the same skills and training as those to whom he or she is administering. The Director should be knowledgeable in the laws, rules and regulations for salons, sterilization and sanitation, school curriculum, testing, etc.

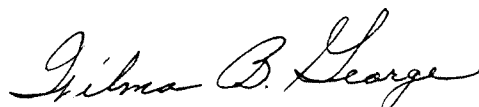
Electrologists are licensed by the State Board of Cosmetology. Electrolysis is the permanent removal of superfluous hair by an electric filament (needle).

We remove hair from the largest protective organ of the body which is the skin and Electrolysis is considered, by the I.R.S., a medical procedure making it tax deductible for income tax purposes.

Electrolysis is a specialized field of Cosmetology requiring an additional 500 hours in an accredited school beyond the cosmetology license. This passed legislation in 1987 and, as Electrologists, we are proud of you for making this happen. This legislation put Kansas far above many other states and we in Kansas are recognized for our quality.

We want to keep Kansas a notch above the other states by keeping a Director who is trained in our profession. The present Director of Cosmetology has been most successful in operating a financially sound and smooth running Board of Cosmetology.

Mr. Henri Fournier has proved to be a leader, a knowledgeable, successful and dedicated Director and, in behalf of the Cosmetologists in our State and the Kansas Association of Professional Electrologists, we would like to see him continue in that position.



Wilma B. George
Certified Clinical Electrologist

FROM THE KANSAS COSMETOLOGY ASSOCIATION:

Good afternoon, my name is Dale Manar. I am here along with our Kansas Cosmetology Association President, members of our Board of Directors, and members of our association.

I am 3rd Vice President of the Kansas Cosmetology Association, member of the legislative committee, member of the Labette County Republican Central Committee, and a practicing cosmetologist with 13 years experience.

I am here to speak in opposition to Senate Bill #66, because we feel the executive director being appointed should have a sound working knowledge of cosmetology. This executive director will make important decisions about the health and welfare of over 2 million Kansans.

As to the issue of inspectors working for both boards, we are concerned that the high standards of sanitation required for the protection of the public would suffer.

We are also concerned about the proposal of increasing licenses from \$10.00 a year to \$35.00 a year in these poor economic conditions that are occurring within the state. Because of the disproportionate numbers of cosmetologists as compared to barbers, we are also concerned of the combination of the treasuries. Since the Cosmetologists would be contributing more to this treasury we should have more representation on the Board of Cosmetology to administer these funds.

Now please take a look at the facts that caused us to make these conclusions.

There are:

1. 24,000 Cosmetologists compared to 1,800 Barbers in the State of Kansas.
2. There are 4,000 Salons compared to 1,060 Barber shops.
3. There are 35 certified schools of Cosmetology compared to 6 barber schools.
4. There are 1,500 cosmetology students enrolled in cosmetology schools.
5. The cosmetology profession is growing by 1,000 licensed cosmetologist per-year as opposed to a declining rate of barber licenses issued.

S.G.O.
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ATTACH-6

CAROL BROWN
ELECTROLOGIST



BOB BROWN
COSMETOLOGIST

Thank you for letting me speak today. I am Carol Brown. I have been licensed by the Kansas State Board of Cosmetology since 1975. I have been practicing electrolysis since 1978.

House Bill 2382 legislated electrolysis training in 1988.

Today I ask you to reconsider Senate Bill 66.

In view of Kansas State Board of Cosmetology success with the administration and licensing of 24,000 Kansas Cosmetologists. I am here to support Mr. Henri Fournier.

Please consider Mr. Fournier, a cosmetologist, as executive director. Mr. Fournier is educated and proficiently aware of all services pertaining to cosmetologists and barbers. During the 18 years that he has been executive director, the Kansas State Board of Cosmetology is financially stable.

As a result of House Bill 2382, signed into law, we have the opportunity for a Kansas School of Electrolysis. All 24,000 licensed cosmetologists are eligible to attend. Further education within our state allows more services to be performed that generate taxable income.

Mr. Fournier is capable of overseeing all the needs our electrolysis school will require.

My concerns with Senate Bill 66 are as follows:

The board of Barber examiners would determine hours and practice work required of students in each subject of cosmetology, onychology and electrology taught in a licensed school. Barbers are not and never been trained in these cosmetology services.

S.G.O.
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ATTACH-7



CAROL BROWN
ELECTROLOGIST

BOB BROWN
COSMETOLOGIST

Five members proposed to represent Kansas state board of cosmetology donot represent a practicing electrologist or a practicing onychologist.

Kansas state board of cosmetology needs a cosmetologist as executive director.

In closing; I ask you to reconsider Senate Bill 66 and compare the success of Kansas State Board of Cosmetology history with the board of barber examiners history.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads 'Carol Brown'.

Carol Brown

Electrologist

attach 7-2

Symmetique's, Inc.

5830 Woodson, Suite 207 • Mission, Kansas 6620
(913) 236-4020

February 10, 1989

TO: THE SENATE COMMITTEE
REGARDING: SENATE BILL #66

I feel it is imperative at this time to express my opinions on the above mentioned bill. I am a Cosmetologist and, also, a Certified Clinical Electrologist and I am governed by the State Board of Cosmetology. It is, therefore, in my interest, after having read this bill, to advise you that I am not in favor of passing this bill as it is written.

Henri Fournier has served as our Director for many years to the utmost satisfaction and it is my opinion that we need someone of his experience and expertise to oversee the Cosmetology Board. It would be a big mistake for our profession to hire someone in this position that would know positively nothing about our profession and I would strongly object to this.

There are twenty four thousand cosmetologists in the State of Kansas paying a license fee of \$10.00 versus eighteen hundred barbers paying a license fee of \$35.00. I understand that their yearend balance is becoming depleted while the cosmetologists yearend balance is in excellent shape. Therefore, I do not feel this puts the barbers in a very good position to be dictating as to who will be Executive Director. It is pretty apparent that their needs are much greater than ours.

I am not against barbers and cosmetologists being governed under the same board, but, I am against the Senate Bill #66 and feel it should be rejected in its entirety.

Respectfully,

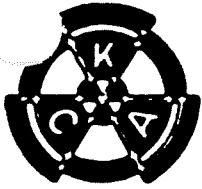


Beverly Waldo, C.C.E.

Certified Clinical Electrologist

S.G.O.
2-13-89
ATTACH-3

FEB 9 1989



KANSAS COSMETOLOGISTS' ASSOCIATION, INC.

AFFILIATED WITH

NATIONAL HAIRDRESSERS AND COSMETOLOGISTS' ASSOCIATION, INC.

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Senator Bogina
Senator Doyen
Senator Francisco
Senator Gaines
Senator Kanan
Senator Moran
Senator Strick
Senator Vidricksen
Senate Governmental Organization Committee

Dear Senators,

It has come to my attention through our Legislative Chairman, Jackie Rice, that Senate Bill #66 proposes combining certain administrative functions of the Cosmetology and Barbers Boards.

The Kansas Cosmetologist' Association, Inc. Board of Directors and our members are opposed to this Bill #66.

We are opposed to combining the two Boards.

We are also opposed to the fact that there are no provisions in the Bill defining the qualifications of the Executive Director. With no qualifications in the Bill, it is very possible that an Executive Director with no working knowledge of Cosmetology or Barbering will be appointed.

This is a big concern to us. This is not in the best interest of Cosmetology.

Please consider our concerns at the hearing that is scheduled for Monday, February 13, 1989.

Thank You,

Delores Randolph

Delores Randolph
President

Kansas Cosmetologist' Association Inc.

KANSAS COSMETOLOGISTS AS:

DELORES RANDOLPH
940 GREELEY
KANSAS CITY KS 66101



MADD

S.G.O.
2-13-89
ATTACH-9