			Date
MINUTES OF THESE	NATE COMMITTEE ON	NJUDICIARY	
The meeting was called to	order bySenator	Elwaine F. Pomeroy Chairperson	at
10:00 a.m./pxxx. on _	March 17		of the Capitol.

Hein, Mulich and Werts.

April 23,

Approved ___

Senators Pomeroy, Winter, Burke, Feleciano, Gaar,

1983

Committee staff present: Mary Torrence, Revisor of Statutes

Mike Heim, Legislative Research Department Mark Burghart, Legislative Research Department

Conferees appearing before the committee:

And members were present excepts were:

Representative Robert Frey Jim Clark, Kansas County and District Attorneys Association Bonnie Buchele, Kansas Women's Political Caucus Barbara Sue Hawver, Kansas Women's Political Caucus Elizabeth Taylor, Kansas Association of Domestic Violence Programs Representative Wanda Fuller

House Bill 2008 - Sex offenses; crimes, punishments and criminal procedure.

The chairman explained this bill is a result of an interim committee study that deals with rape and other sex crimes.

Representative Robert Frey stated this bill has been refined to the point that it will meet with the approval of the people of Kansas. He explained the bill, the summer committee's recommendation, and the changes the bill had gone through to reach the form it is in now. Discussion was had concerning the language in the bill in line 32, and the definition of spouse concerning common law marriages.

Jim Clark testified his association does support the bill, particularly those sections containing the definition which adds penetration by an object. They also support broadening the definition. He stated they support recognizing some of the deviate conduct in Section 15 and 16(c) in sexual battery crimes. They support Section 17, broadening the rape shield statute. They support Section 2, the removal of resistance from the definition; they do support the desering the crime of rape.

Bonnie Buchele appeared in support of the bill. She explained she is a consultant on sexual assault at the Menninger Foundation. She testified rape is not a sexual crime, it is a violent crime. She has seen 150 rape victims, and there are six elements that are very important to them. A copy of her remarks is attached (See Attachment #1). A committee member inquired about retaining the elimination of spousal immunity. Bonnie Buchele answered, their organization believes rape is rape and is interested in a statute that is enforceable. They are supporting the elimination of spousal immunity, but doubt the votes are present to pass it in that form.

Barbara Sue Hawver testified in support of the bill as it is now; would rather take this step now, of passing the bill, than losing the bill. A copy of her remarks is attached (See Attachment #2). A committee member inquired about aggravated rape within marriage. She replied, she thinks bodily harm exists when one person has been violated by another. Committee discussion with her followed.

Elizabeth Taylor appeared in support of the bill. Her organization's main concerns are: the addition of object rape in Section 1, and Subsection 1, removal of resistance, and inclusion of rape within a marriage. The chairman inquired

CONTINUATION SHEET

MINUTES OF THE	SENATE	COMMITTEE ON _	JUDICIARY	,
room _514-S_, Statel	nouse, at 10:00	a.m./pxxxx on	March 17	, 1983

House Bill 2008 continued

if they would support the removal of spousal immunity. She replied, they would, but they are very happy with the bill. The chairman inquired of instances of mistreatment of a wife by a husband that would not reach the standard of great physical harm. She replied, they do include in abuse, mental abuse; women who have mental abuse also have had physical abuse. Committee discussion continued concerning what is considered bodily harm. Representative Frey commented that it depends whether you can get a doctor to come forward to state whether it is great bodily harm. It is difficult to get a doctor to say that was great bodily harm. He tends to think that is conservative; psychological damages would follow body harm.

Representative Wanda Fuller stated she was disappointed in the testimony by most of the women she heard this morning. She read to the committee of three particular rape cases and stated, in 11 states rape laws apply to wives. She also read cases concerning rape in marriage. She testified Kansas is one of the states that still does not recognize that rape can occur in marriage. She presented a proposed amendment to the bill to totally eliminate spousal immunity (See Attachment #3). The chairman explained if the committee is supportive of this amendment, they could get the bill worked in that form, and explained procedures which would permit a vote by the full House without jeopardizing the bill. Representative Fuller added, it is a problem how to define extreme bodily harm; the statutes from the Iowa law has one of the model laws that is acceptable and is working. A committee member inquired if she thought the bill would be lost if the House amendment is left in. She answered, she would prefer, if the spousal amendment is taken out but suggested as an alternative the one, two and three degrees of type of rape. During the discussion, Roberta Hawver stated she would prefer no distinction between marital rape and non-marital rape. Jim Clark added, from a prosecution standpoint, it is an easier case if change aggravated battery against a spouse, rather than making it aggravated rape within the marriage. Kathleen Sebelius pointed out that if spousal examination were eliminated, there still would be the prosecutorial discretion, the judgment of the prosecutor as well as the victim. Considerable committee discussion followed.

Senator Gaar moved to approve the minutes of February 21, 1983; Senator Winter seconded the motion, and the motion carried.

The meeting adjourned.

<u>GUESTS</u>

SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

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Jim Clark	Tople	KCDAA
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Sary Intermill	Topeka	KS NARAL
Kamy Hums	Laurence	Steinegers Staff
Lunge R. White	Lawrence,	Senator Winter Secretary
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Bryan Krantz	Topeka	ACLU

GUESTS

SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

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Testimony of Bonnie, J. Buchele on Behalf of the Kansas Women's Political Caucus to the Senate Judiciary Committee, March 17, 1983--Regarding House Bill #2008:

Chairman Pomeroy and Members of the Committee:

My name is Bonnie Buchele. I am here on behalf of the Kansas
Women's Political Caucus to state our general support for House Bill #2008.

I have been asked to speak to the committee because of my professional interest and experience in the area of sexual assault. I am the consultant on sexual assault at The Menninger Foundation where I am a psychotherapist in the Adult Outpatient Department. My educational background is that I have a Master's Degree in Counseling from the University of Kansas and with a little luck I will receive my Ph.D. in Counseling Psychology from the University of Kansas in May. I have written and researched in the area of sexual assault and am familiar with the current literature and thinking on the subject. During the last 10 years as a therapist and consultant, I have seen over 150 rape victims and have trained volunteer rape counselors for Topekans Against Crime in the City of Topeka. I also serve as their professional consultant.

We have monitored, studied, conferred, strategized, and worried more over this bill than any other pending legislation so far this session. Six of its elements are very important to us and are important revisions of the law because they are based on the research literature covering rape victims as well as the fact that rape is a violent crime not a sexual one. Those elements are:

Atch. 1

- 1. Elimination of victim resistance: A person filled with terror as is the case of the victim in a rape often finds it impossible to physically resist an assailant. Due to differences in physical size and/or the presence of a weapon, active resistance can be life threatening and thus is an unwise course.
- 2. Creating the crimes of sexual battery and aggravated sexual battery expands the law to make sexual assaults that are not actual rape in violation of the law.
- 3. Expanding the rape shield statute to apply to other sex-related offenses is necessary because assaults are often comprised of multiple offenses.
- 4. <u>Including rape with an object</u> in the definition of rape is proper because this does occur, can cause severe physical damage and trauma, and has previously not been chargeable as a crime.
- 5. Stating the law in terms that are not gender specific makes women offenders subject to the provisions of the statute. This is appropriate because within the last two years verified accounts of men raped by women have appeared in the literature. This change in the law will make it possible to charge women assailants.
- 6. Creating the category of aggravated rape within a marriage and rape
 when spouses are separated and living apart establishes protection
 for a sizable group of persons who have had none heretofore and who
 are often the victims of rape.

The brevity of my statement should not be construed as a lack of strong support and commitment to the passage of this bill. I would be happy to entertain any questions that you might have.



KANSAS WOMEN'S POLITICAL CAUCUS

My name is Roberta Sue Hawver. I am an attorney in private practice here in Topeka. A substantial portion of my work involves domestic relations. Additionally, I serve as a resource person for The Battered Women's Center.

My testimony will be focused primarily on §§3 and 9 of H.B. 2008, concerning diminished spousal immunity, but I will be happy to answer questions on any portion of the bill and would like to comment on that portion dealing with gender nuetrality.

While my experience has been entirely limited to female rape victims, the literature is recording a growing number of male rape victims. Just as I believe the law should provide redress for married victims, I believe female offenders should be held accountable.

Ideally the law would recognize that nonconsensual sex is rape and prohibit it regardless of marital status.

Realistically, H.B. 2008 provides redress for most victims of marital rape/sodomy as in most instances violence is a factor.

For myself it brings us one big step closer to the day when I can rest assured I need never tell another client that her husband's violation of her was not a violation of the law.

Atch. 2



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[As Amended by House Committee of the Whole]

As Amended by House Committee

Session of 1983

HOUSE BILL No. 2008

By Special Committee on Judiciary

Re Proposal No. 10

12-20

AN ACT concerning crimes, punishments and criminal procedure; relating to certain sex offenses and crimes affecting family relationships, and evidence admissible in prosecutions therefor; defining and classifying the erime of sexual battery certain crimes; amending K.S.A. 21-3501 through 21-3506, 21-3508, 21-3512, 21-3515, 21-3602, 21-3603 and 60-447a and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 21-3507.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 21-3501 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-3501. The following definitions apply in this article unless a different meaning is plainly required:

- (1) "Sexual intercourse" means any penetration of the female sex organ by the male sex organ; or by any object. Any penetration, however slight, is sufficient to constitute sexual intercourse. "Sexual intercourse" does not include penetration of the female sex organ by an object in the course of medical treatment or examination, performed in a manner and for purposes which are medically recognized as ethical and acceptable.
- (2) "Sodomy" means oral or anal copulation; oral or anal copulation or sexual intercourse between a person and an animal; or any penetration of the anal opening by any object. Any penetration, however slight, is sufficient to constitute sodomy. "Sodomy" does not include penetration of the anal opening by an object in the course of medical treatment or examination, performed in a manner and for purposes which are medically recognized as ethical and acceptable.

* indicates where language is deleted

Atch. 3

- (3) "Spouse" means a lawful husband or wife, unless the couple is living apart in separate residences or either spouse has filed an action for annulment, separate maintenance or divorce or for relief under the protection from abuse act.
- (4) "Unlawful sexual act" means any rape, rape within a marriage, aggravated rape within a marriage, indecent liberties with a child, indecent liberties with a ward aggravated indecent liberties with a child, criminal sodomy, aggravated criminal sodomy, or criminal sodomy within a marriage, aggravated criminal sodomy within a marriage, lewd and lascivious behavior or, sexual battery or aggravated sexual battery, as defined in this article code.

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- (3) "Woman" means any female human being.
- Sec. 2. K.S.A. 21-3502 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-3502. (1) Rape is the act of sexual intercourse committed by a man with a woman not his wife, and without her consent when committed sexual intercourse with a person who is not one's spouse and who does not consent to the sexual intercourse, under any of the following circumstances:
- (a) When a woman's resistance the victim is overcome by force or fear; or
- (b) when the woman victim is unconscious or physically powerless to resist; or;
- (c) when the woman victim is incapable of giving her consent because of mental deficiency or disease, which condition was known by the man offender or was reasonably apparent to him the offender, or
- (d) when the woman's resistance is prevented by victim is incapable of giving consent because of the effect of any alcoholic liquor, narcotic, drug or other substance administered to the woman victim by the man offender, or by another for the purpose of preventing the woman's resistance person with the offender's knowledge, unless the woman victim voluntarily consumes or allows the administration of the substance with knowledge of its nature.
 - (2) Rape is a class B felony.
 - New Sec. 3. (1) [Aggravated] Rape within a marriage is sex-

ual intercourse with a person who is one's spouse and who does not consent to the sexual intercourse, under any of the following circumstances [if]:

[(a) The victim is]

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- (a) When the victim is [(i) overcome by force or fear;
- 0088 (b) when the victim is [(ii)] unconscious or physically pow-
 - (c) when the victim to [(iii)] incapable of giving consent because of mental deficiency or disease, which condition was known by the offender or was reasonably apparent to the offender; or
 - (d) when the victim is [(iv)] incapable of giving consent because of the effect of any alcoholic liquor, narcotic, drug or other substance administered to the victim by the offender, or by another person with the offender's knowledge, unless the victim voluntarily consumes or allows the administration of the substance with knowledge of its nature:[; and]
 - (2) Rape within a marriage is a class D felony.

0101 New Sec. 4: (1) Aggrevated rape within a marriage is rape 0192 within a marriage, as defined by section 3, when

0103 [(b)] the offender

- 0104 (a) [(i)] Inflicts great bodily harm upon the victim;
- (b) [(ii)] causes any disfigurement or dismemberment to the victim;
- (e) [(iii)] during the commission of the act, displays a deadly weapon in a threatening manner or uses or threatens to use force which may inflict great bodily harm, disfigurement, dismemorate or death; or
- 0111 (d) [(iv)] is aided and abetted by one or more persons.
- 0112 (2) Aggravated rape within a marriage is a class B felon
- Sec. 3 5-[4]. K.S.A. 21-3503 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-3503. (1) Indecent liberties with a child is engaging in either of the following acts with a child under the age of sixteen (16) years who is not the spouse of the offender who is not one's
- 37 spouse married to the offender and who is under 16 years of age:
- 0118 (a) The act of Sexual intercourse; or
 - (b) any lewd fondling or touching of the person of either the

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child or the offender, done or submitted to with the intent to arouse or to satisfy the sexual desires of either the child or the offender or both.

(2) Indecent liberties with a child is a class C felony.

Sec. 4 6 [5]. K.S.A. 21-3504 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-3504. (1) Indecent liberties with a ward Aggravated indecent liberties with a child is either of the following acts when committed with a child under the age of sixteen (16) years the commission of indecent liberties with a child, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3503 and amendments thereto, by:

- (a) A parent, adoptive parent, stepparent or grandparent of the child; or
- (b) any guardian, proprietor or employee of any foster home, orphanage, or other public or private institution for the care and custody of minor children, to whose charge such the child has been committed or entrusted by any court, probation officer, department of social and rehabilitation services or other agency acting under color of law:
 - (a) The act of sexual intercourse;
- (b) Any lewd fondling or touching of the person of either the child or the offender, done or submitted to with the intent to arouse or satisfy the sexual desires of either the child or the offender or both.
- (2) Indecent liberties with a ward Aggravated indecent liberties with a child is a class B felony.
- Sec. 5 7 [6]. K.S.A. 21-3505 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-3505. (1) Criminal sodomy is oral or anal copulation sodomy between persons who are not husband and wife or consenting adult members of the opposite same sex; or between a person and an animal; or coitus with an animal. Any penetration; however slight, is sufficient to complete the crime of sodomy.
 - (2) Criminal sodomy is a class B misdemeanor.
- Sec. 6 8 [7]. K.S.A. 21-3506 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-3506. Aggravated criminal sodomy is sodomy committed:
- (a) With force or threat of force; or where bodily harm is inflicted on the victim during the commission of the crime; or



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- (b) With a child under the age of sixteen (16) years:
- (a) Sodomy with a child who is not one's spouse married to the
 offender and who is under 16 years of age;
- (b) causing a child under 16 years of age to engage in sodomy
 with any person or an animal; or
 - (c) sodomy with a person who is not one's spouse and who does not consent to the sodomy or causing a person, without the person's consent, to engage in sodomy with any person or an animal, under any of the following circumstances:
- 0166 (i) When the victim is overcome by force or fear;
- 0167 (ii) when the victim is unconscious or physically powerless;
- 0168 (iii) when the victim is incapable of giving consent because of 0169 mental deficiency or disease, which condition was known by the 0170 offender or was reasonably apparent to the offender; or
- (iv) when the victim is incapable of giving consent because of the effect of any alcoholic liquor, narcotic, drug or other substance administered to the victim by the offender, or by another person with the offender's knowledge, unless the victim voluntarily consumes or allows the administration of the substance with knowledge of its nature.
- 0177 (2) Aggravated criminal sodomy is a class B felony.
- 9178 Sec. 7. K.S.A. 21-3507 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9170 21-3507. (1) Adultery is engaging in sexual intercourse by or 9180 sodomy with a person with another who is not his the offender's 9181 spouse if:
 - (a) Such person The offender is married; or
- 0183 (b) Such person the offender is not married and knows that 0184 the other person involved in such intercourse the act is married.
- 0185 (2) Adultery is a class C misdemeanor.
- [Sec. -8. K.S.A. 21-3507 is hereby amended to read as fololsomer lows: 21-3507. (1) Adultery is engaging in sexual intercourse by or sodomy with a person with another who is not his spouse who olso is not married to the offender if:
- 0190 (a) Such person The offender is married; or
- (b) Such person The offender is not married and knows that the other person involved in such intercourse the act is married.
 - (2) Adultery is a class C misdemeanor.]

New Sec. 9. (1) [Aggravated] Criminal sodomy within a marriage is sodomy with a person who is one's spouse and who does not consent to the sodomy, under any of the following eireumstances [if]:

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When the victim is [(i)] overcome by force of fear;

when the victim is [(ii)] unconscious or physically pow-0200 erless; 0201

(e) when the dictim is [(iii)] incapable of/giving consent because of mental deficiency or disease, which condition was known by the offender or was reasonably apparent to the offender; or

(d) when the victim in [(iv)] incapable of giving consent because of the effect of an alcoholic liquor, narcotic, drug or other substance administered to the victim by the offender, or by another person with the offender knowledge, unless the victim voluntarily consumes or allows the administration of the substance with knowledge of its/nature[; and]

(2) Criminal sodomy within a marriage is a class D felony. New Sec. 10. (1) Aggravated criminal sodomy within a marriage is sodomy within a marriage, as defined by section 0, when

[(b)] the offender,

(a) [(i)] Inflicts great bodily harm upon the victim;

(b) [(ii)] causes any disfigurement or dismemberment to the victim:

during the commission of the act, displays a deadly weapon in a threatening manner or uses or threatens to use force which may inflict great bodily harm, disfigurement, dismemberment or death; or

(d) X(iv)] is aided and abetted by one or more persons.

0003 Aggravated criminal sodomy within a marriage is a class R 0224 0225

Sec. 8 11 [10]. K.S.A. 21-3508 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-3508. (1) Lewd and lascivious behavior is:

0227 (a) The commission of an act of Engaging in sexual inter-0228 course or sodomy with any person or animal with knowledge or 0229 reasonable anticipation that the participants are being viewed by



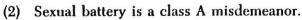
0231	others; or	1
0232	(b) the exposure of a sex organ in a public place, or in the	į
0233	presence of a person who is not the spouse of the offender or and	
0234	who has not consented thereto, with intent to arouse or gratify the	
0235	sexual desires of the offender or another.	
0236	(2) Lewd and lascivious behavior is a class B misdemeanor.	9
0237	Sec. 9 12 [11]. K.S.A. 21-3512 is hereby amended to read as	
0238	follows: 21-3512. (1) Prostitution is performing for hire, or offer-	
0239	ing or agreeing to perform for hire where there is an exchange of	
0240	value, any of the following acts:	Í
0241	(a) Sexual intercourse; or	
0242	(b) oral or anal copulation sodomy; or	
0243	(c) manual or other bodily contact stimulation of the genitals	
0244	of any person with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual	
0245	desires of the offender or another.	
0246	(2) Prostitution is a class B misdemeanor.	
0247	Sec. 10 13 [12]! K.S.A. 21-3515 is hereby amended to read as	10
0248	follows: 21-3515. (1) Patronizing a prostitute is either:	
0249	(a) Knowingly entering or remaining in a house of prostitu-	
0250	tion with intent to engage in sexual intercourse, sodomy or any	
0251	unlawful sexual act with a prostitute; or	
0252	(b) knowingly hiring a prostitute to engage in sexual inter-	
0253	course, sodomy or any unlawful sexual act.	
0254	(2) Patronizing a prostitute is a class C misdemeanor.	
0255	Sec. 11 14 [13]. K.S.A. 21-3602 is hereby amended to read as	11
0256	follows: 21-3602. Incest is marriage to or engaging in sexual	
0257	intercourse or sodomy with a person who is 16 or more years of	
0258	age and who is known to the defendant offender to be related to	
0250	him the offender as brother or, sister of the one-half as well as the	1
0260	whole blood, half-brother, half-sister, uncle, aunt, nephew or	
0261	niece.	
0262	Incest is a class E felony.	12
0263	Sec. 12 15 [14]. K.S.A. 21-3603 is hereby amended to read as	12
0264	follows: 21-3603. (1) Aggravated incest is engaging in sexual	
0265	intercourse, sodomy or any unlawful sexual act by a parent with a	
0266	person he that the offender knows is his the offender's child.	.

(2) As used in this section, "parent" for the purposes of this

section means a natural father or mother, an adoptive father or mother, a stepfather or stepmother or a grandfather or grandmother parent, adoptive parent, stepparent or grandparent of any degree.

- (3) As used in this section, "child" for the purposes of this section means a son, daughter, grandson or granddaughter natural child or grandchild, regardless of legitimacy or age; and also means a stepson or stepdaughter or adopted son or adopted daughter, or a stepchild or adopted child under the age of eighteen (18) 18 who is 16 or more years of age and who is known to the offender to be related to the offender as natural parent or child, or as natural grandparent or grandchild of any degree, regardless of legitimacy.
 - (4) (2) Aggravated incest is a class D felony.

New Sec. 13 16 [15]! (1) Sexual battery is the unlawful, intentional touching of the person of another who is not the spouse of the offender and who does not consent thereto, with the intent to arouse or satisfy the sexual desires of the offender or another.



(3) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the Kansas criminal code.

New Sec. 14 17 [16]. (1) Aggravated sexual battery is:

- (a) The unlawful, intentional application of force to the person of another who is not the spouse of the offender and who does not consent thereto, with the intent to arouse or satisfy the sexual desires of the offender or another; or
 - (b) sexual battery against a person under 16 years of age;
- (c) sexual battery committed in another's dwelling by one who entered into or remained in the dwelling without authority;
- (d) sexual battery of a person who is unconcious or physically powerless; or
- (e) sexual battery of a person who is incapable of giving consent because of mental deficiency or disease, which condition was known by, or was reasonably apparrent to, the offender.
 - (2) Aggravated sexual battery is a class D felony.
- (3) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the Kansas criminal code.







15 Sec. 15 18 [17]. K.S.A. 60-447a is hereby amended to read as 0305 follows: 60-447a. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 0306 (2), in any The provisions of this section shall apply only in a 0307 prosecution for the erime of: (a) Rape, as defined by K.S.A. 0308 21-3502, or for aggravated assault with intent to commit rape, as 0309 \$0201 provided in K.S.A. 21-3410, or for an attempt to commit 0310 rape, as provided in K.S.A. 21-3301, or for conspiracy to commit 0311 rape; as provided in K.S.A. 21-3302 and amendments thereto; (b) 0312 -[aggravated] rape within a marriage, as defined in section 3 and -amendments thereto; (c) aggravated rape within a marriage, as defined in section 4 and amendments thereto; (d) indecent liberties with a child, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3503 and amendments (c) thereto; (e) indecent liberties with a ward (e) [(d)] aggravated indecent liberties with a child, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3504 and 0318 (d) amendments thereto; (d) (f) [(e)] aggravated criminal sodomy as 0319 defined by K.S.A. 21-3506 and amendments thereto; (e) (g) crimi-0320 nal sodomy within a marriage; as defined in section 0 and 0381 amendments thereto; (h) [(f)] aggravated criminal sodomy within 0322 a marriage, as defined in section 10[9] and amendments thereto; 0323 (e) (i) [(g)] renticement of a child, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3509 and 0324 amendments thereto; (f) (j) {(h)} aggravated indecent solicitation 0325 (f) of a child, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3511 and amendments thereto; 0326 (g) (k) -[(i)] sexual exploitation of a child as defined in K.S.A. (g) 0397 21-3516 and amendments thereto; (h) (l) [(j)] aggravated sexual 0328 (h) battery, as defined in section 14 [16] and amendments thereto; 0329 (14)(m) [(lx)] incest, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3602 and amendments 0330 (i) thereto; (i) (n) ((1) aggravated incest, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3603 0331 (j) and amendments thereto; (j) (o) [(m)] aggravated assault, as 0332 (k) defined in K.S.A. 21-3410 and amendments thereto, with intent to 0333 commit any crime specified above; (k) (p) [(n)] indecent solicita-0334 (1)tion of a child, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3510 and amendments 0335 (m) thereto; or (1) (a) [(o)] sexual battery, as defined in section 13 [15]. 0336 and amendments thereto; or (r)-{(p)} attempt, as defined in K.S.A. 13 0337 21-3301 and amendments thereto, or conspiracy, as defined in (n) 0338 K.S.A. 21-3302 and amendments thereto, to commit any crime 0339 specified above. 0340 (2) Except as provided in subsection (3), in any prosecution to 0341

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which this section applies, evidence of the complaining witness' previous sexual conduct with any person including the defendant shall not be admissible, nor shall any and no reference shall be made thereto in the presence of the jury, except under the following conditions: The defendant shall make a written motion by the defendant shall be made at least seven days before the eommencement of the trial to the court to admit evidence or testimony concerning the previous sexual conduct of the complaining witness. The seven-day notice required herein may be The motion must be made at least seven days before the com-0350 mencement of the trial unless that requirement is waived by the 0351 court. The motion shall state the nature of such evidence or 0352 testimony and the its relevancy thereof, and shall be accompanied 0353 by an affidavit in which an offer of proof of such the previous 0354 sexual conduct of the complaining witness is stated. The court 0355 shall conduct a hearing on the motion in camera. At the conclu-0356 sion of the hearing, if the court finds that evidence proposed to be 0357 offered by the defendant regarding the previous sexual conduct 0358 of the complaining witness is relevant and is not otherwise 0359 inadmissible as evidence, the court may make an order stating 0360 what evidence may be introduced by the defendant and the 0361 nature of the questions to be permitted. The defendant may then 0362 offer evidence and question witnesses in accordance with the 0363 0364 order of the court. 0365

(2) (3) In any prosecution for a crime designated in subsection (1), the prosecuting attorney may introduce evidence concerning any previous sexual conduct of the complaining witness, and the complaining witness may testify as to any such previous sexual conduct. If such evidence or testimony is introduced, the defendant may cross-examine the witness who gives such testi-0370 mony and offer relevant evidence limited specifically to the 0371 rebuttal of such evidence or testimony introduced by the prosecutor or given by the complaining witness. 0373 0374

(3) (4) As used in this section, "complaining witness" means the alleged victim of any crime designated in subsection (1), the prosecution of which is subject to this section.

Sec. 16 19 [18]. K.S.A. 21-3501 through 21-3508, 21-3512,



0379 21-3515, 21-3602, 21-3603 and 60-447a are hereby repealed.

O380 Sec. 17 20 [19]! This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.