MINUTES OF THEHouse COMMITTEE ON Judiciary
Held in Room 522, at the Statehouse at 3:30 axxxp. m., on March 21, 1978
All members were present except:
The next meeting of the Committee will be held at 3:30 NEXT No. m., on March 22 , 19.78
These minutes of the meeting held on, 19 were considered, corrected and approved
EAMUA
Chairman

The conferees appearing before the Committee were:

The meeting was called to order by the Chairman who asked Rep. Martin for a report from his subcommittee on Senate Bills 550, 551 and 583.

Rep. Martin stated the subcommittee recommends no change in the provisions which conferees said were controversial—in particular, the language regarding children. There was a question regarding (e) concerning liability, and there was feeling that the paragraph may not be necessary at all. Rep. Augustine told the committee they had talked with Judge Schowengerdt and in fact had asked all conferees, and none of them addressed themselves to that particular subsection. Most of the concern seemed to be relative to age and Judge Schowengerdt's other concern.

It was moved conceptually by Rep. Augustine to amend the bill on page 1 and page 12, reverting to existing law and deleting the language referred to, along with lines 415, 416, 421, 422, 423 and 424. Motion was seconded by Rep. Martin. The Chairman stated as he understood it, this would mean striking lines 348 and 349 on page 10, along with lines 356 through 359, lines 415 and 416, and lines 421 through line 424. Rep. Ferguson expressed opposition because of the burdens involved and Rep. Martin agreed he understood what Rep. Ferguson was saying, but thought the most important thing is to not prohibit action by someone because they are reluctant to get involved. Upon vote, motion carried by a majority, with Rep. Ferguson voting No.

Rep. Martin inquired if the committee feels (e) is needed. Mr. Griggs explained it had been the intention of the interim to provide protection when a person is placed in a facility for emergency observation without his consent. He noted he did not know of any instances of people being sued, and there had been no testimony to that effect during the interim.

It was moved by Rep. Mills and seconded by Rep. Hurley that subsection (e) be stricken. Motion carried by a majority.

It was then moved by Rep. Martin and seconded by Rep. Augustine that SB 550, as amended, be recommended favorably. Motion carried by a majority.

Rep. Baker reported on subcommittee work regarding HCR 5046. He distributed a proposed balloon amendment. (See exhibit.) Rep. Roth noted they had worked on language in response to questions raised in committee. Mr. Griggs noted it limits initiative to the 15 articles except for 11 and 14. He explained there is no way to tighten down on Article 15 because it includes just about everything except the Bill of Rights. Rep. Frey inquired why "may" is changed to "shall" in line 48, and Rep. Baker explained they wanted to limit initiative to the Constitution only.

The Chairman suggested separating the individual amendments rather than dealing with them all at once, and suggested the amendments on page one, and the first and last on page 2 are merely technical in nature. It was moved by Rep. Hoagland and seconded by Rep. Hayes that these amendments be adopted. Motion carried.

Rep. Hoagland stated he had problems with the other amendments because it would seem with the restrictions would mean a lawsuit everytime there is an attempt at initiative. Also, he expressed concern about the ten year limit. Rep. Roth stated he felt the ten year restriction had merit and moved the adoption of that amendment. Motion was seconded by Rep. Frey.

Rep. Whitaker offered a substitute motion that the Resolution, as previously amended, be recommended for adoption. Motion was seconded by Rep. Hoagland. Upon vote, motion carried 9 yes to 5 no.

Rep. Martin distributed a balloon on SB 551 (see exhibit), and moved to amend the report to allow appropriate language to refer to the bill which has passed. Motion was seconded by Rep. Frey and carried.

Rep. Frey suggested and the committee agreed the word "within" was missing in the report and should be incorporated. It was moved by Rep. Augustine and seconded by Rep. Foster that the subcommittee report be accepted. Rep. Lorentz noted a person could be incompetent and still not dangerous to self or others, and asked what will protect such people. Rep. Martin explained it is similar to the present mental illness statutes. Mr. Griggs stated the safeguard is the fact the hospital is supposed to release the person when he is not dangerous to himself or others.

Rep. Hoagland commented there was concern about the fiscal note involved in bringing medical staff in for hearing, and Rep. Frey agreed there is some travel involved, but during the interim he had gotten the impression there were not that many people involved. He expressed the opinion the hearing should take place in the jurisdiction where the original hearing was held.

Upon vote, motion carried.

The Chairman noted the language in line 29 regarding the location is separate and apart from the committee report, and would need a separate amendment. It was moved by Rep. Hayes and seconded by Rep. Gillmore that this amendment be adopted, making the hearing in the original jurisdiction. Rep. Martin offered a substitute motion to allow the patient to decide on the location. Motion was seconded by Rep. Augustine. Rep. Hayes noted he doubted any patient would opt to go back to the county where he was tried, and Rep. Frey agreed that counsel should make that decision. Rep. Martin withdrew his motion. Upon vote of the original motion, it carried by a majority.

It was moved by Rep. Hayes and seconded by Rep. Martin that the bill as amended be recommended favorably. Motion carried.

Rep. Martin reported the subcommittee suggests SB 583 be recommended favorably. He moved the bill be reported favorably. Motion was seconded by Rep. Augustine. Rep. Heinemann suggested line 46 needed to be cleaned up by striking "or" and putting in a comma, and the same thing on line 48. Rep. Martin agreed and upon vote the motion carried for the bill as amended, to be reported favorably.

Rep. Gastl reported the subcommittee has discussed SB 845 and had talked with a number of conferees. It is their recommendation that the bill should be heard before the full committee. The Chairman inquired if there were people who would like to be heard.

Mr. Mark Bennett, representing the American Insurance Association stated that there are a number of people who would like to be heard but as no meeting had been announced they were not there. He stated this bill really creates another cause of action in automobile cases. He explained there is great concern about the cost of insurance and such legislation will certainly mean more payouts resulting in higher premiums. He expressed fear this kind of proposal would result in coniving between husbands and wives and that the committee should be aware there are plenty of people willing to participate in fraud.

Rep. Heinemann noted the present law says that married persons can sue and be sued the same as if they were not married, and the Chairman stated he did not see how the court can uphold inter-spousal immunity.

Mr. Gary Pauley, State Farm Insurance Company of Bloomington, Illinois, noted he had not been aware there was to be a hearing. He stated he had talked to some insurance executives and their reaction was one of surprise that the legislature would be considering a new right under the law.

The Chairman noted that State Farm writes in Oklahoma where they do have this kind of law, and inquired if Mr. Pauley has any figures. He stated he attempted to get some information recently but there is no way they can come up with a dollar figure on any individual issue, but that he is sure there would be an impact although they cannot isolate it.

Mr. Ed Johnson, Kansas Association of Casualty and Property Companies, testified he would underline what had been said; that they feel lines 25 and 26 invites contrived situations and urged striking all after "tort" through 'vehicle" in line 26.

The Chairman asked the subcommittee to continue study and deliberations in this matter.

The Chairman noted SB 468 is a carry over from last session and would give hired investigators in the District Attorneys' offices law enforcement authority. Mr. Gene Olander, Shawnee County District Attorney appeared in favor of the bill. He stated some people in the Senate would like to require such investigators to attend the law enforcement training school and he had no objection to that amendment. He explained the problem has arisen because the sheriff refuses to deputize them and they have no authority.

It was moved by Rep. Heinemann and seconded by Rep. Hayes that the bill be amended to include the training requirement. Motion carried. It was moved by Rep. Hayes and seconded by Rep. Heinemann that the bill as amended be recommended favorably.

Rep. Stites expressed concern about starting a new policy which he feels could be abused, and Rep. Hoagland agreed. Rep. Mills stated it seemed everyone who has law enforcement officers want to build their on private army. Rep. Lorentz stated the need is really in the rural areas and if the committee really wanted to do something they should fill that void. Upon vote, motion lost six yes to eight no.

The Chairman noted SB 911 creates a District Attorney in Douglas County, and that he has talked with the delegation, all of whom indicate they have no problem with the bill. It was moved by Rep. Foster and seconded by Rep. Frey that the bill be reported favorably. Mr. Griggs pointed out there should be a clean-up amendment on line 29 and on page four, which he believes is a printing error. Rep. Foster amended his motion to include those amendments. Upon vote, motion carried by a majority.

The Chairman handed out proposed amendments to HCR 5085 and announced this Resolution as well as HCR 5062 would be considered the next day. With regard to HCR 5062, he stated he felt the statute is self-executing and the regulations are not necessary, but that KCCR feels they need them. He explained the original regulations were far in excess of statutory authority; that he had met with the Commission and several others and they have compromised with the proposed amendments.

The meeting was adjourned.

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E.T. JANSSEN Bo ZD Lugar

Judy Vennuch

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House Concurrent Resolution No. 5046

By Special Committee on Judiciary—A

Re Proposal No. 36

A PROPOSITION to amend article 14 of the constitution of the state of Kansas by adding a new section thereto, relating to constitutional amendments initiated by the people.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Kansas, two-thirds of the members elected to the House of Representatives and two-thirds of the members elected to the Senate concurring therein:

Section 1. The following proposition to amend the constitution of the state of Kansas shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the state for their approval or rejection: Article 14 of the constitution of the state of Kansas is amended by adding a new section thereto to read as follows:

- "§ 3. / Propositions for the amendment of this constitution may be initiated by the people and submitted to the electors of the state for their approval or rejection at any general election held in November of an even-numbered year. In order for the people to initiate a constitutional amendment, the following requirements for signatures of registered voters on a petition must be met:
- "(a) In each of at least seventy-five (75) counties, there must be obtained at least the number of signatures that is equal to ten percent (10%) of the total vote cast in the county for the office of secretary of state governor at the last election for such office; and
- "(b) The total number of signatures obtained statewide must be at least equal to ten percent (10%) of the total vote cast statewide for the office of secretary of state governor at t' last election for such office.

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Proposal of amendments initiated by the people; procedure; power of legislature.

electors

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"The legislature shall prescribe the form of the petitions, the time and manner of filing petitions, a method for determining the validity thereof and publication requirements. An amendment initiated by the people may amend one or more articles of the constitution and related subject matter in other articles as necessary to accomplish the objectives of the amendment. Not more than five three amendments proposed by initiative shall be submitted at the same election. In the event that more than five three validly submitted amendments are filed, the five three amendments which are filed the earliest shall be submitted at the next general election held in November of an even-numbered year. The legislature may provide for the withdrawal of an initiated amendment by its sponsors at any time prior to its submission to the electors.

"If a majority of the electors voting on any amendment proposed by initiative shall vote in favor thereof, the amendment shall become a part of this constitution. If any conflicting amendments to the constitution shall be approved by the people at the same election, the amendment that receives the largest number of affirmative votes shall prevail and in the case of a tie vote the constitution, as it was constituted immediately prior to the election, shall prevail and the conflicting amendments shall be of no force or effect."

Sec. 2. This resolution, if concurred in by two-thirds of the members elected to the house of representatives and two-thirds of the members elected to the senate, shall be entered on the journals, together with the yeas and nays. The secretary of state shall cause this resolution to be published as provided by section 1 of article 14 of the constitution, and shall cause the proposed amendment to be submitted to the electors of the state at the general election in the year 1978.

the method of determining the sponsors of petitions,

, the procedure for the withdrawal of petitions, the procedure for appeals from a finding that the same or a substantial similar amendment was rejected within ten (10) years before its proposed resubmission

and all amendments authorized by this section shall be initiated by the people in accordance therewith

No amendment proposing to repeal or amend any section in article 11 or 14 of this constitution and no amendment relating to taxation or constitutional amendment and revision may be proposed by the people pursuant to this section. In addition, propositions for the amendment of this constitution initiated by the people shall not change the ordinance, preamble, bill of rights, schedule or resolutions nor shall such amendment enact a new article to this constitution; otherwise,

shall

If a proposed amendment to this constitution which was initiated by the people pursuant to this section is thereafter rejected at an election thereon, the same or a substantially similar amendment, as determined by the secretary of state may not thereafter be resubmitted by the initiative of the people until the general election that occurs ten (10) years after the general election at which such amendment was rejected.

approved and this constitution shall be changed accordingly

of conflicting amendments

Session of 1978

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SENATE BILL No. 551

By Special Committee on Judiciary-A

Re Proposal No. 31

12-7

AN ACT relating to criminal procedure; providing a procedure for annual hearings for certain persons found not guilty be-0017 cause of insanity. 0018

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas: 0019

Section 1. (1) Any person found not guilty because of insanity who remains in the state security hospital or a state hospital for over one year pursuant to a commitment under K.S.A. 1977 Supp. 22-3428 shall be entitled to an annual hearing to determine whether or not such person continues to be dangerous to himself, herself or others. At least thirty (80) days prior to the end of each one year period that any such person remains committed, the chief medical officer of the state security hospital or state hospital where the person is committed, or such officer's designee, shall send the committing court district court of the county where the person is hospitalized notice of the annual commitment date and 0030 report of a medical examination made by a member of the upital etall within the preveding thirty (30) days, With respect 0032 to any person who on the offective date of this act has remained in-0033 the state everity housital or a state hospital for elever months or 0034 more purcuant to a commitment-under K.S.A. 1977 Supp. 22 0035 3128, the notice and report provided by this subsection shall be 0036 given within fifteen (15) clays after the offeetive date of this act? 0037

(2) Upon receipt of a notice and report provided for in subsection (1), the court shall set a date for the hearing, giving notice thereof to the county or district attorney of the county where the person is hospitalized, the county or district attorney of t county in which the person was originally ordered committed,

annually to request a

The request shall be made in writing to the district court of the county where the person is hospitalized and shall be signed by the committed person or such person's counsel. When the request is filed, the court shall forthwith give notice of the request to

and such officer

conduct a mental examination of the person and such.

twenty (20) days from the date upon which notice from the court was received

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the committed person and such person's counsel. If there is no counsel of record, the court shall appoint a counsel for the 0044 committed person. The committed person shall have the right to 0045 procure, at his or her own expense, a mental examination by a 0046 physician of his or her own choosing. If a committed person is 0047 financially unable to procure such an examination, the aid to 0048 indigent defendants provisions of article 45 of chapter 22 of the 0049 Kansas Statutes Annotated shall be applicable to such person. A 0050 committed person requesting a mental examination pursuant to 0051 K.S.A. 22-4508 may request a physician of his or her own choos-0052 ing, whereupon the judge shall inquire as to the estimated cost 0053 therefor. If such physician agrees to accept compensation in an 0054 amount in accordance with the compensation standards set by the 0055 board of supervisors of panels to aid indigent defendants, the 0056 judge shall appoint the requested physician; otherwise, the court 0057 shall designate a physician to conduct the examination. Copies of 0058 each mental examination of the committed person shall be filed 0059 with the court at least five days prior to the hearing and copies 0060 thereof, when requested, shall be supplied to the prosecuting 0061 attorney county or district attorneys receiving notice pursuant to 0062 this section and the committed person's counsel at least five days 0063 prior to the hearing. 0064

- (3) At the hearing the committed person shall have the right to present evidence and cross examine the witnesses. Both county or district attorneys receiving notice pursuant to this section shall be permitted to participate in the hearing. If the court finds the committed person is no longer dangerous to himself, herself or others, the court shall order the person discharged; otherwise, the person shall remain committed.
- (4) Costs of a hearing held pursuant to this section shall be assessed against and paid by the county in which the person was originally ordered committed.
- OO75 Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after oo76 its publication in the statute book.

STATE OF KANSAS

JIM PARRISH

STATE SENATOR NINETEENTH DISTRICT
SHAWNEE AND JEFFERSON
COUNTIES
909 TOPEKA AVENUE
TOPEKA, KANSAS 66612



TOPEKA

SENATE CHAMBER

COMMITTEE ASSIGNMENTS

MEMBER: JUDICIARY

LOCAL GOVERNMENT LEGISLATIVE, CONGRESSIONAL AND JUDICIAL APPORTIONMENT

APPORTIONMENT CLAIMS AND ACCOUNTS

Jest greated

April 3, 1977

The Honorable Dick Brewster Chairman of the House Judiciary Committee Statehouse Topeka, KS 66612

Dear Dick:

Senate Bill No. 468 passed the Senate Thursday, March 31, 1977. Because I was presiding over the Committee of the Whole, I was unable to submit a needed amendment.

The bill gives law enforcement powers to certain investigators who work for district attorneys. However, there is no requirement for training or qualifications.

I attempted to insert a requirement that investigators attend the law enforcement training acadmey during committee discussion, but my attempts failed on a partisan vote. Enclosed with this letter is a copy of the bill with language suggested by Art Griggs.

If this bill is worked this year, I would appreciate your help in getting it amended. If the bill is held over, perhaps it can be amended next year.

Thanks for your cooperation.

Most sincerely,

Jim Parrish

JP:jm

enclosure cc Speaker John Carlin, Pat Hurley, Jim Slattery 4,2

Session of 1977

JU25

SENATE BILL No. 468

By Committee on Federal and State Affairs

3-24

AN ACT relating to district attorneys; concerning the powers of investigative personnel; amending K.S.A. 22a-106 and repealing the existing section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 22a-106 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22a-106. (a) Within the limits of appropriations therefor, the district attorney shall appoint such assistant district attorneys, deputy district attorneys and other stenographic, investigative and clerical hire personnel as may be necessary to carry out the functions of the district attorney's office in such judicial district, and he the district attorney shall determine the annual compensation of each assistant district attorney and other persons appointed pursuant to this subsection. The county commissioners shall determine and allow such reasonable sums from funds of the county for the compensation of assistants, deputies and other stenographic, investigative and clerical hire personnel and for other expenses of such office as may be necessary to carry out the function of such office.

(b) Each assistant and deputy district attorney shall have been regularly admitted to practice law within the state of Kansas prior to his appointment. Each district attorney and his *or her* assistant district attorneys shall devote full time to official duties and shall not engage in the civil practice of law, except as required in performing his official duties while serving as district attorney or assistant district attorney, and shall not refer any client or other person or any matter to any designated attorney or firm of attorneys.

(c) The board of county commissioners of each county con-

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tained in judicial districts 3, 10, 18 and 29 shall provide suitab.
office space within such county for the district attorney, his *or her*assistants, deputies, office personnel and equipment.
(d) Notwithstanding any of the

(d) Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this act the district attorney, with the approval of the board of county commissioners, may appoint and employ special counsel when necessary to assist the district attorney in the discharge of his the district attorney's duties, such special counsel not to be subject to the restrictions contained in paragraph (b) herein.

(e) Any county contained in judicial districts 3, 10, 18 or 29 may receive and expend for the operation of the office of district attorney any federal moneys made available therefor.

(f) Investigative personnel appointed pursuant to this section shall have the same authority as law enforcement officers have to arrest a person but such investigative personnel, in any civil or criminal action arising from the exercise of the authority of a law enforcement officer, shall not have any immunity provided to county or district attorneys and their assistants.

O062 Sec. 2. K.S.A. 22a-106 is hereby repealed.

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One Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the official state paper.

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Sec. 3. All officers regularly appointed by the board shall be qualified under the provisions of article 56 of chapter 74 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, but any office may receive a temporary appointment pending completion of the requirements for a certificate attesting to the satisfactory completion of the required number of hours of accredited instruction at the law enforcement training center.

If they are given powers to arrest, etc., they should have the necessary training.

Art ariggs worked of the above possible amendment.