

SENATE BILL No. 43

AN ACT concerning education; concerning school finance; concerning certain funds and the use of revenue therein; concerning persons preparing to teach in schools; concerning litigation relating to school finance; amending K.S.A. 8-272, 72-6405, 72-6433, 72-6438, 74-32,101 and 74-32,102 and K.S.A. 2004 Supp. 60-2102 and 72-6407; also repealing K.S.A. 72-6405, as amended by section 44 of 2005 House Bill No. 2247, 72-6433, as amended by section 23 of 2005 House Bill No. 2247, 74-32,101 as amended by section 11 of 2005 Senate Bill No. 48, and 74-32,102, as amended by section 12 of 2005 Senate Bill No. 48, and K.S.A. 2004 Supp. 72-6407, as amended by section 12 of 2005 House Bill No. 2247, 72-6407, as amended by section 1 of 2005 House Bill No. 2059, and sections 1, 19, 28, 29, 31 and 34 through 40 of 2005 House Bill No. 2247.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. (a) Each school district shall compile and report expenditures of the district in providing programs required by law and the number of pupils enrolled in such programs. Such information shall be compiled and reported in the manner required by the department.

(b) The department shall verify, on an on-going basis, expenditures of school districts in providing programs required by law and the number of pupils enrolled in such programs. Such verification may be conducted on a sample-basis of school districts.

New Sec. 2. As used in sections 3 through 9, and amendments thereto:

(a) "District" or "school district" means any school district which submits an application pursuant to section 4, and amendments thereto;

(b) "program" means the Kansas skills for success in school program;

(c) "department" means the Kansas department of education;

(d) "state board" means the state board of education; and

(e) "pupil" means any pupil in kindergarten or any of the grades one through three.

New Sec. 3. (a) Each school district shall determine each child's mathematics and reading skill-level and whether each child is progressing adequately in acquiring mathematics and reading skills for the child's grade-level. Districts shall use the grade-level standards and respective indicators adopted by the state board in making such determinations. Districts shall use state assessments or diagnostic assessments that meet the standards determined by the state board during kindergarten and each of the grades one through three to determine a child's level of performance and to target specialized instructional interventions, programs and strategies. A child's progress shall be assessed at least once each year. Annual diagnostic assessments shall meet the diagnostic assessment requirements of the department.

(b) A district shall include in each participating school's improvement plan research-based intervention programs or strategies and interventions determined by the district. District-determined interventions may include, but are not limited to, individualized instruction, alternative teaching methods, a restructured school day, extended time strategies and any other intervention the district deems necessary.

(c) If a child has been identified as needing assistance, the plan for the school shall create a mechanism to track the child's interventions and progress. The school shall determine the methods by which the child's progress is measured. When a child has achieved the appropriate skills for the child's grade-level, no further interventions shall be necessary unless the child falls behind in another grade. If the child does not achieve the appropriate skills for the child's grade-level despite intervention, the school shall take action to initiate additional interventions for the child to achieve such skills. When appropriate, districts are encouraged to utilize skilled and trained community-based organizations and individuals to implement intervention plans.

New Sec. 4. (a) Applications for grants under the program shall be prepared and submitted in the form and manner required by the state board. The application shall be accompanied by any information required by the state board.

(b) The amount of money awarded through a grant shall not exceed the amount of actual expenses incurred by the district in the establishment and maintenance of the district's plan of interventions. If a district is paid more than it is entitled to receive under the program, the state board shall notify the district of the amount of such overpayment, and such district shall remit the same to the state board. The state board shall remit any moneys so received to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt

of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the state school district finance fund. If any district fails so to remit, the state board shall deduct the excess amounts so paid from future payments becoming due to the district. If any district is paid less than the amount to which it is entitled under any distribution made under this act, the state board shall pay the additional amount due at any time within the school year in which the underpayment was made or within 60 days after the end of such school year.

(c) The board of education of any district which is awarded a grant for an improvement plan shall make periodic and special reports to the state board of education as it may request.

New Sec. 5. (a) On or before January 1, 2006, the state board may adopt rules and regulations for the development and implementation of plans of intervention established under the program. The state board shall establish standards and criteria for reviewing, evaluating and approving school improvement plans and applications for grants submitted by districts. All grants shall be awarded by the state board in accordance with the standards and criteria established by the state board. No district shall be eligible to receive a grant unless the district includes within its plan specific strategies for intervention.

(b) Upon request of a school district, the state board shall provide technical assistance regarding the establishment and maintenance of the improvement plan.

New Sec. 6. On or before September 1, 2006, the state board of education shall report its progress on the implementation of the Kansas skills for success in school program to the legislative educational planning committee. The state board shall submit other reports as requested by the chairperson of the legislative educational planning committee. On or before September 1, 2007, and each year thereafter, the state board shall make an annual report on the program to the legislative educational planning committee. Annual reports shall include data relating to and supporting evaluations of goals, objectives and outcomes established by the state board. On or before the first day of the legislative session in 2007, and each year thereafter, the legislative educational planning committee shall prepare and submit to the legislature a report on the program and any recommendations relating thereto.

New Sec. 7. (a) In school year 2006-2007 and in each school year thereafter, subject to the limits of appropriations therefore, the state board may award grants to districts whose applications have been approved by the state board pursuant to the skills for success program.

(b) Moneys awarded through grants authorized by this section shall be distributed proportionately among districts receiving such grants on a per pupil basis.

(c) Moneys received by a district under subsection (a) shall be credited to the skills for success in school fund of the district established pursuant to section 9, and amendments thereto.

New Sec. 8. Any appropriations for the implementation of the provisions of sections 2 through 8, and amendments thereto, shall not exceed \$20,000,000, in the aggregate, from one or more funds in the state treasury.

New Sec. 9. (a) There is hereby established in every district a fund which shall be called the skills for success in school fund, which fund shall consist of all moneys deposited therein or transferred thereto according to law. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all moneys received by the district pursuant to the skills for success in school program shall be credited to the skills for success in school fund established by this section. The expenses of a district directly attributable to the establishment and maintenance of the district's plan of interventions shall be paid from the skills for success in school fund.

(b) Any balance remaining in the skills for success in school fund at the end of the budget year shall be carried forward into the skills for success in school fund for succeeding budget years. Such fund shall not be subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 79-2925 through 79-2937, and amendments thereto. In preparing the budget of such school district, the amounts credited to and the amount on hand in the skills for success in school fund, and the amount expended therefrom shall be included in

the annual budget for the information of the residents of the school district. Interest earned on the investment of moneys in any such fund shall be credited to that fund.

New Sec. 10. (a) There is hereby established in every district a fund which shall be called the preschool-aged at-risk education fund, which fund shall consist of all moneys deposited therein or transferred thereto according to law. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all moneys received by the district from whatever source for preschool-aged at-risk assistance plans or programs shall be credited to the preschool-aged at-risk education fund established by this section. The expenses of a district directly attributable to providing preschool-aged at-risk assistance or programs shall be paid from the preschool-aged at-risk education fund.

(b) Any balance remaining in the preschool-aged at-risk education fund at the end of the budget year shall be carried forward into the preschool-aged at-risk education fund for succeeding budget years. Such fund shall not be subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 79-2925 through 79-2937, and amendments thereto. In preparing the budget of such school district, the amounts credited to and the amount on hand in the preschool-aged at-risk education fund, and the amount expended therefrom shall be included in the annual budget for the information of the residents of the school district. Interest earned on the investment of moneys in any such fund shall be credited to that fund.

New Sec. 11. (a) Except as provided by subsection (b), school facilities weighting may be assigned to enrollment of a district only if the district has adopted a local option budget in an amount equal to the state prescribed percentage for the school year. School facilities weighting may be assigned to enrollment of the district only in the school year in which operation of a new school facility is commenced and in the next succeeding school year.

(b) School facilities weighting may be assigned to the enrollment of a district which adopted a local option budget in an amount which is not less than 25%, if the issuance of bonds to finance such facilities has been approved at an election held on or before June 30, 2005.

New Sec. 12. (a) As used in this section, “school district” or “district” means a school district authorized to make a levy under this section.

(b) The board of education of any district may levy a tax on the taxable tangible property within the district for the purpose of financing the costs incurred by the state that are attributable directly to assignment of the cost of living weighting to the enrollment of the district. There is hereby established in every school district a fund which shall be called the cost of living fund, which fund shall consist of all moneys deposited therein or transferred thereto in accordance with law. All moneys derived from a tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be credited to the cost of living fund. The proceeds from the tax levied by a district credited to the cost of living fund shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the state school district finance fund.

(c) The state board of education shall determine whether a district may levy a tax under this section as follows:

(1) Determine the statewide average appraised value of single family residences for the calendar year preceding the current school year;

(2) multiply the amount determined under (1) by 1.25;

(3) determine the average appraised value of single family residences in each school district for the calendar year preceding the current school year; and

(4) subtract the amount determined under (2) from the amount determined under (3). If the amount determined for the district under (4) is a positive number and the district is authorized to adopt and has adopted a local option budget in an amount equal to the state prescribed percentage in the current school year, the district qualifies for assignment of cost of living weighting and may levy a tax on the taxable tangible property of the district for the purpose of financing the costs that are attributable directly to assignment of the cost of living weighting to enrollment of the district.

(d) Except as provided by subsection (e), no tax may be levied under

this section unless the board of education adopts a resolution authorizing such a tax levy and publishes the resolution at least once in a newspaper having general circulation in the district. Except as provided by subsection (e), the resolution shall be published in substantial compliance with the following form:

Unified School District No. _____,
_____ County, Kansas.

RESOLUTION

Be It Resolved that:

The board of education of the above-named school district shall be authorized to levy an ad valorem tax in an amount not to exceed the amount necessary to finance the costs attributable directly to the assignment of cost of living weighting to the enrollment of the district. The ad valorem tax authorized by this resolution may be levied unless a petition in opposition to the same, signed by not less than 5% of the qualified electors of the school district, is filed with the county election officer of the home county of the school district within 30 days after the publication of this resolution. If a petition is filed, the county election officer shall submit the question of whether the levy of such a tax shall be authorized in accordance with the provisions of this resolution to the electors of the school district at the next general election of the school district, as is specified by the board of education of the school district.

CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the above resolution was duly adopted by the board of education of Unified School District No. _____, _____ County, Kansas, on the _____ day of _____, (year)_____.

Clerk of the board of education.

All of the blanks in the resolution shall be filled. If no petition as specified above is filed in accordance with the provisions of the resolution, the resolution authorizing the ad valorem tax levy shall become effective. If a petition is filed as provided in the resolution, the board may notify the county election officer to submit the question of whether such tax levy shall be authorized. If the board fails to notify the county election officer within 30 days after a petition is filed, the resolution shall be deemed abandoned and of no force and effect and no like resolution shall be adopted by the board within the nine months following publication of the resolution. If a majority of the votes cast in an election conducted pursuant to this provision are in favor of the resolution, such resolution shall be effective on the date of such election. If a majority of the votes cast are not in favor of the resolution, the resolution shall be deemed of no effect and no like resolution shall be adopted by the board within the nine months following such election.

(e) Any resolution adopted pursuant to this section for school year 2005-2006 shall not be subject to the provisions of subsection (d) relating to publication, protest or election.

New Sec. 13. (a) As used in this section:

(1) "School district" or "district" means a school district which: (A) Has an extraordinary declining enrollment; and (B) has adopted a local option budget in an amount which equals the state prescribed percentage under K.S.A. 72-6433, and amendments thereto.

(2) "Extraordinary declining enrollment" means an enrollment which has declined during the preceding three school years at a rate of at least 15% per year or by at least 150 pupils per year.

(b) (1) A school district may levy an ad valorem tax on the taxable tangible property of the district each year for a period of time not to exceed two years in an amount not to exceed the amount authorized by the state board of tax appeals under this subsection for the purpose of financing the costs incurred by the state that are directly attributable to assignment of extraordinary declining enrollment weighting to enrollment of the district. The state board of tax appeals may authorize the district to make a levy which will produce an amount that is not greater than the difference between the amount of replacing revenues lost as a result of the declining enrollment of the district.

(2) The board of tax appeals shall certify to the state board of education the amount authorized to be produced by the levy of a tax under subsection (a).

(c) A district may levy the tax authorized pursuant to this section for a period of time not to exceed two years unless authority to make such levy is renewed by the state board of tax appeals. The state board of tax appeals may renew the authority to make such levy for periods of time not to exceed two years.

(d) There is hereby established in every district a fund which shall be called the declining enrollment fund. Such fund shall consist of all moneys deposited therein or transferred thereto according to law. The proceeds from the tax levied by a district under authority of this section shall be credited to the declining enrollment fund of the district. The proceeds from the tax levied by a district credited to the declining enrollment fund shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the state school district finance fund.

New Sec. 14. (a) As used in this section:

(1) “School district” or “district” means a school district which has an extraordinary declining enrollment.

(2) “Extraordinary declining enrollment” means an enrollment which has declined during the preceding three school years at a rate of at least 5% per year or by at least 50 pupils per year.

(3) “Joint committee” means the joint committee on state building construction.

(b) The board of education of any school district shall not authorize the issuance of any bonds for the construction of a new building without having first advised and consulted with the joint committee. Prior to the date of the hearing of the joint committee at which the board is scheduled to appear, the board shall submit any information requested by the joint committee. Following such hearing, the committee shall make a recommendation on the advisability of the proposed issuance of bonds. A copy of the committee’s recommendation shall be provided to the school district and to the state board of education within 15 days of the date of the hearing.

(c) If the joint committee recommends against the issuance of any bonds for the construction of a new building and if the district proceeds to issue bonds for such construction, the district shall not be entitled to, and shall not receive, state aid for such bonds under K.S.A. 75-2319, and amendments thereto unless approved by the state board.

(d) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any district which is not entitled to state aid under K.S.A. 75-2319, and amendments thereto.

New Sec. 15. The appropriation of moneys necessary to pay general state aid and supplemental general state aid under the school district finance and quality performance act and state aid for the provision of special education and related services under the special education for exceptional children act shall be given first priority in the legislative budgeting process and shall be paid first from existing state revenues.

Sec. 16. K.S.A. 2004 Supp. 72-6407 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6407. (a) (1) “Pupil” means any person who is regularly enrolled in a district and attending kindergarten or any of the grades one through 12 maintained by the district or who is regularly enrolled in a district and attending kindergarten or any of the grades one through 12 in another district in accordance with an agreement entered into under authority of K.S.A. 72-8233, and amendments thereto, or who is regularly enrolled in a district and attending special education services provided for preschool-aged exceptional children by the district.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection, a pupil in attendance full time shall be counted as one pupil. A pupil in attendance part time shall be counted as that proportion of one pupil (to the nearest $\frac{1}{10}$) that the pupil’s attendance bears to full-time attendance. A pupil attending kindergarten shall be counted as $\frac{1}{2}$ pupil. A pupil enrolled in and attending an institution of postsecondary education which

is authorized under the laws of this state to award academic degrees shall be counted as one pupil if the pupil's postsecondary education enrollment and attendance together with the pupil's attendance in either of the grades 11 or 12 is at least $\frac{5}{6}$ time, otherwise the pupil shall be counted as that proportion of one pupil (to the nearest $\frac{1}{10}$) that the total time of the pupil's postsecondary education attendance and attendance in grade 11 or 12, as applicable, bears to full-time attendance. A pupil enrolled in and attending an area vocational school, area vocational-technical school or approved vocational education program shall be counted as one pupil if the pupil's vocational education enrollment and attendance together with the pupil's attendance in any of grades nine through 12 is at least $\frac{5}{6}$ time, otherwise the pupil shall be counted as that proportion of one pupil (to the nearest $\frac{1}{10}$) that the total time of the pupil's vocational education attendance and attendance in any of grades nine through 12 bears to full-time attendance. A pupil enrolled in a district and attending special education and related services, except special education and related services for preschool-aged exceptional children, provided for by the district shall be counted as one pupil. A pupil enrolled in a district and attending special education and related services for preschool-aged exceptional children provided for by the district shall be counted as $\frac{1}{2}$ pupil. A preschool-aged at-risk pupil enrolled in a district and receiving services under an approved at-risk pupil assistance plan maintained by the district shall be counted as $\frac{1}{2}$ pupil. A pupil in the custody of the secretary of social and rehabilitation services and enrolled in unified school district No. 259, Sedgwick county, Kansas, but housed, maintained, and receiving educational services at the Judge James V. Riddel Boys Ranch, shall be counted as two pupils.

(3) A pupil residing at the Flint Hills job corps center shall not be counted. A pupil confined in and receiving educational services provided for by a district at a juvenile detention facility shall not be counted. A pupil enrolled in a district but housed, maintained, and receiving educational services at a state institution shall not be counted. A pupil enrolled in a virtual school in a district but who is not a resident of the state of Kansas shall not be counted.

(b) "Preschool-aged exceptional children" means exceptional children, except gifted children, who have attained the age of three years but are under the age of eligibility for attendance at kindergarten.

(c) "At-risk pupils" means pupils who are eligible for free meals under the national school lunch act and who are enrolled in a district which maintains an approved at-risk pupil assistance plan.

(d) "Preschool-aged at-risk pupil" means an at-risk pupil who has attained the age of four years, is under the age of eligibility for attendance at kindergarten, and has been selected by the state board in accordance with guidelines consonant with guidelines governing the selection of pupils for participation in head start programs. ~~The state board shall select not more than 5,500 preschool-aged at-risk pupils to be counted in any school year.~~

(e) "Enrollment" means: (1) (A) *Subject to the provisions of paragraph (1)(B), for districts scheduling the school days or school hours of the school term on a trimestral or quarterly basis, the number of pupils regularly enrolled in the district on September 20 plus the number of pupils regularly enrolled in the district on February 20 less the number of pupils regularly enrolled on February 20 who were counted in the enrollment of the district on September 20; and for districts not specified in this clause paragraph (1), the number of pupils regularly enrolled in the district on September 20;* (B) *a pupil who is a foreign exchange student shall not be counted unless such student is regularly enrolled in the district on September 20 and attending kindergarten or any of the grades one through 12 maintained by the district for at least one semester or two quarters or the equivalent thereof;*

(2) if enrollment in a district in any school year has decreased from enrollment in the preceding school year, enrollment of the district in the

current school year means whichever is the greater of (A) enrollment in the preceding school year minus enrollment in such school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils were enrolled, plus enrollment in the current school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils are enrolled, or (B) the sum of enrollment in the current school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils are enrolled and the average (mean) of the sum of (i) enrollment of the district in the current school year minus enrollment in such school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils are enrolled and (ii) enrollment in the preceding school year minus enrollment in such school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils were enrolled and (iii) enrollment in the school year next preceding the preceding school year minus enrollment in such school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils were enrolled; or

(3) the number of pupils as determined under K.S.A. 72-6447 or section 2 of 2005 House Bill No. 2059, and amendments thereto.

(f) “Adjusted enrollment” means enrollment adjusted by adding at-risk pupil weighting, program weighting, low enrollment weighting, if any, ~~correlation~~ *extraordinary declining enrollment* weighting, if any, school facilities weighting, if any, ancillary school facilities weighting, if any, *cost of living weighting, if any*, special education and related services weighting, and transportation weighting to enrollment.

(g) “At-risk pupil weighting” means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts on the basis of enrollment of at-risk pupils.

(h) “Program weighting” means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts on the basis of pupil attendance in educational programs which differ in cost from regular educational programs.

(i) “Low enrollment weighting” means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts having under 1,725 enrollment on the basis of costs attributable to maintenance of educational programs by such districts in comparison with costs attributable to maintenance of educational programs by districts having 1,725 or over enrollment.

(j) “School facilities weighting” means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts on the basis of costs attributable to commencing operation of new school facilities. ~~School facilities weighting may be assigned to enrollment of a district only if the district has adopted a local option budget and budgeted therein the total amount authorized for the school year. School facilities weighting may be assigned to enrollment of the district only in the school year in which operation of a new school facility is commenced and in the next succeeding school year.~~

(k) “Transportation weighting” means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts on the basis of costs attributable to the provision or furnishing of transportation.

~~(l) “Correlation weighting” means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts having 1,725 or over enrollment on the basis of costs attributable to maintenance of educational programs by such districts as a correlate to low enrollment weighting assigned to enrollment of districts having under 1,725 enrollment. “Cost of living weighting” means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts to which the provisions of section 12, and amendments thereto, apply on the basis of costs attributable to the extraordinary cost of living in the district.~~

(m) “Ancillary school facilities weighting” means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts to which the provisions of K.S.A. 72-6441, and amendments thereto, apply on the basis of costs attributable to commencing operation of new school facilities. Ancillary school facilities weighting may be assigned to enrollment of a district only if the district has levied a tax under authority of K.S.A. 72-6441, and amendments thereto, and remitted the proceeds from such tax to the state treasurer. Ancillary school facilities weighting is in addition to assignment of school facilities weighting to enrollment of any district eligible for such weighting.

(n) “Juvenile detention facility” means: (1) Any secure public or pri-

vate facility which is used for the lawful custody of accused or adjudicated juvenile offenders and which shall not be a jail;

(2) any level VI treatment facility licensed by the Kansas department of health and environment which is a psychiatric residential treatment facility for individuals under the age of 21 which conforms with the regulations of the centers for medicare/medicaid services and the joint commission on accreditation of health care organizations governing such facilities; and

(3) the Forbes Juvenile Attention Facility, the Sappa Valley Youth Ranch of Oberlin, Salvation Army/Koch Center Youth Services, the Clarence M. Kelley Youth Center, the Clarence M. Kelley Transitional Living Center, Trego County Secure Care Center, St. Francis Academy at Atchison, St. Francis Academy at Ellsworth, St. Francis Academy at Salina, St. Francis Center at Salina, King's Achievement Center, and Liberty Juvenile Services and Treatment.

(o) "Special education and related services weighting" means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts on the basis of costs attributable to provision of special education and related services for pupils determined to be exceptional children.

(p) "Virtual school" means any kindergarten or grades one through 12 course offered for credit that uses distance-learning technologies which predominantly use internet-based methods to deliver instruction and for which the course content is available on an "anytime, anyplace" basis, but the instruction occurs asynchronously with the teacher and pupil in separate locations, not necessarily located within a local education agency.

(q) "*Extraordinary declining enrollment weighting*" means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts to which the provisions of section 13, and amendments thereto, apply on the basis of reduced revenues attributable to the declining enrollment of the district.

Sec. 17. K.S.A. 72-6433 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6433. (a) (1) The board of any district may adopt a local option budget in each school year in an amount not to exceed an amount equal to the district prescribed percentage of the amount of state financial aid determined for the district in the school year. As used in this section, "district prescribed percentage" means:

(A) For any district that was authorized to adopt and that adopted a local option budget in the 1996-97 school year and to which the provisions of K.S.A. 72-6444, and amendments thereto, do not apply in the current school year, in the 2001-02 school year and in each school year thereafter, a percentage that is equal to 80% of the percentage specified in the resolution under which the district was authorized to adopt a local option budget in the 1996-97 school year;

(B) for any district that was authorized to adopt and that adopted a local option budget in the 1996-97 school year and to which the provisions of K.S.A. 72-6444, and amendments thereto, apply in the current school year, a percentage in the 2001-02 school year and each school year thereafter that is equal to the sum of the percentage of the amount of state financial aid the district was authorized to budget in the preceding school year and the percentage computed for the district by the state board under the provisions of K.S.A. 72-6444, and amendments thereto;

(C) for any district that was not authorized to adopt a local option budget in the 1996-97 school year and to which the provisions of K.S.A. 72-6444, and amendments thereto, apply in the current school year, a percentage in the 2001-02 school year and each school year thereafter that is equal to the sum of the percentage of the amount of state financial aid the district was authorized to budget in the preceding school year and the percentage computed for the district by the state board under the provisions of K.S.A. 72-6444, and amendments thereto;

(D) for any district to which the provisions of K.S.A. 72-6444, and amendments thereto, applied in the 1997-98 school year and to which the provisions of K.S.A. 72-6444, and amendments thereto, do not apply

in the current school year because an increase in the amount budgeted by the district in its local option budget as authorized by a resolution adopted under the provisions of subsection (b) causes the actual amount per pupil budgeted by the district in the preceding school year as determined for the district under provision (1) of subsection (a) of K.S.A. 72-6444, and amendments thereto, to equal or exceed the average amount per pupil of general fund budgets and local option budgets computed by the state board under whichever of the provisions (7) through (10) of subsection (a) of K.S.A. 72-6444, and amendments thereto, is applicable to the district's enrollment group, a percentage that is equal to the percentage of the amount of state financial aid the district was authorized to budget in the preceding school year if the resolution authorized the district to increase its local option budget on a continuous and permanent basis. If the resolution that authorized the district to increase its local option budget specified a definite period of time for which the district would retain its authority to increase the local option budget and such authority lapses at the conclusion of such period and is not renewed, the term district prescribed percentage means a percentage that is equal to the percentage of the amount of state financial aid the district was authorized to budget in the preceding school year less the percentage of increase that was authorized by the resolution unless the loss of the percentage of increase that was authorized by the resolution would cause the actual amount per pupil budgeted by the district to be less than the average amount per pupil of general fund budgets and local option budgets computed by the state board under whichever of the provisions (7) through (10) of subsection (a) of K.S.A. 72-6444, and amendments thereto, is applicable to the district's enrollment group, in which case, the term district prescribed percentage means a percentage that is equal to the percentage of the amount of state financial aid the district was authorized to budget in the preceding school year less the percentage of increase that was authorized by the resolution plus a percentage which shall be computed for the district by the state board in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 72-6444, and amendments thereto, except that, in making the determination of the actual amount per pupil budgeted by the district in the preceding school year, the state board shall exclude the percentage of increase that was authorized by the resolution.

(2) (A) Subject to the provisions of subpart (B), the adoption of a local option budget under authority of this subsection shall require a majority vote of the members of the board and shall require no other procedure, authorization or approval.

(B) In lieu of utilizing the authority granted by subpart (A) for adoption of a local option budget, the board of a district may pass a resolution authorizing adoption of such a budget and publish such resolution once in a newspaper having general circulation in the district. The resolution shall be published in substantial compliance with the following form:

Unified School District No. _____,

_____ County, Kansas.

RESOLUTION

Be It Resolved that:

The board of education of the above-named school district shall be authorized to adopt a local option budget in each school year for a period of time not to exceed _____ years in an amount not to exceed _____% of the amount of state financial aid determined for the current school year. The local option budget authorized by this resolution may be adopted, unless a petition in opposition to the same, signed by not less than 5% of the qualified electors of the school district, is filed with the county election officer of the home county of the school district within 30 days after publication of this resolution. In the event a petition is filed, the county election officer shall submit the question of whether adoption of the local option budget shall be authorized to the electors of the school district at an election called for the purpose or at the next general election, as is specified by the board of education of the school district.

CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the above resolution was duly adopted by the board of education of Unified School District No. _____, _____ County, Kansas, on the _____ day of _____, _____.

Clerk of the board of education.

All of the blanks in the resolution shall be appropriately filled. The blank preceding the word “years” shall be filled with a specific number, and the blank preceding the percentage symbol shall be filled with a specific number. No word shall be inserted in either of the blanks. The percentage specified in the resolution shall not exceed the district prescribed percentage. The resolution shall be published once in a newspaper having general circulation in the school district. If no petition as specified above is filed in accordance with the provisions of the resolution, the board may adopt a local option budget. If a petition is filed as provided in the resolution, the board may notify the county election officer of the date of an election to be held to submit the question of whether adoption of a local option budget shall be authorized. If the board fails to notify the county election officer within 30 days after a petition is filed, the resolution shall be deemed abandoned and no like resolution shall be adopted by the board within the nine months following publication of the resolution. If any district is authorized to adopt a local option budget under this subpart, but the board of such district chooses, in any school year, not to adopt such a budget or chooses, in any school year, to adopt such budget in an amount less than the amount of the district prescribed percentage of the amount of state financial aid in any school year, such board of education may so choose. If the board of any district refrains from adopting a local option budget in any one or more school years or refrains from budgeting the total amount authorized for any one or more school years, the authority of such district to adopt a local option budget shall not be extended by such refrainment beyond the period specified in the resolution authorizing adoption of such budget, nor shall the amount authorized to be budgeted in any succeeding school year be increased by such refrainment. Whenever an initial resolution has been adopted under this subpart, and such resolution specified a lesser percentage than the district prescribed percentage, the board of the district may adopt one or more subsequent resolutions under the same procedure as provided for the initial resolution and subject to the same conditions, and shall be authorized to increase the percentage as specified in any such subsequent resolution for the remainder of the period of time specified in the initial resolution. Any percentage specified in a subsequent resolution or in subsequent resolutions shall be limited so that the sum of the percentage authorized in the initial resolution and the percentage authorized in the subsequent resolution or in subsequent resolutions is not in excess of the district prescribed percentage in any school year. The board of any district that has been authorized to adopt a local option budget under this subpart and levied a tax under authority of K.S.A. 72-6435, and amendments thereto, may initiate, at any time after the final levy is certified to the county clerk under any current authorization, procedures to renew its authority to adopt a local option budget in the manner specified in this subpart or may utilize the authority granted by subpart (A). As used in this subpart, the term “authorized to adopt a local option budget” means that a district has adopted a resolution under this subpart, has published the same, and either that the resolution was not protested or that it was protested and an election was held by which the adoption of a local option budget was approved.

(3) The provisions of this subsection are subject to the provisions of subsections (b) and (c).

(b) The provisions of this subsection (b) shall be subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 72-6433a, and amendments thereto.

(1) The board of any district that adopts a local option budget under subsection (a) may increase the amount of such budget in each school year in an amount which together with the percentage of the amount of

state financial aid budgeted under subsection (a) does not exceed the state prescribed percentage of the amount of state financial aid determined for the district in the school year if the board of the district determines that an increase in such budget would be in the best interests of the district.

(2) No district may increase a local option budget under authority of this subsection until: (A) A resolution authorizing such an increase is passed by the board and published once in a newspaper having general circulation in the district; or (B) the question of whether the board shall be authorized to increase the local option budget has been submitted to and approved by the qualified electors of the district at a special election called for the purpose. Any such election shall be noticed, called and held in the manner provided by K.S.A. 10-120, and amendments thereto, for the noticing, calling and holding of elections upon the question of issuing bonds under the general bond law. The notice of such election shall state the purpose for and time of the election, and the ballot shall be designed with the question of whether the board of education of the district shall be continuously and permanently authorized to increase the local option budget of the district in each school year by a percentage which together with the percentage of the amount of state financial aid budgeted under subsection (a) does not exceed the state prescribed percentage in any school year. If a majority of the qualified electors voting at the election approve authorization of the board to increase the local option budget, the board shall have such authority. If a majority of the qualified electors voting at the election are opposed to authorization of the board to increase the local option budget, the board shall not have such authority and no like question shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the district within the nine months following the election.

(3) (A) Subject to the provisions of subpart (B), a resolution authorizing an increase in the local option budget of a district shall state that the board of education of the district shall be authorized to increase the local option budget of the district in each school year in an amount not to exceed _____% of the amount of state financial aid determined for the current school year and that the percentage of increase may be reduced so that the sum of the percentage of the amount of state financial aid budgeted under subsection (a) and the percentage of increase specified in the resolution does not exceed the state prescribed percentage in any school year. The blank preceding the percentage symbol shall be filled with a specific number. No word shall be inserted in the blank. The resolution shall specify a definite period of time for which the board shall be authorized to increase the local option budget and such period of time shall be expressed by the specific number of school years for which the board shall retain its authority to increase the local option budget. No word shall be used to express the number of years for which the board shall be authorized to increase the local option budget.

(B) In lieu of the requirements of subpart (A) and at the discretion of the board, a resolution authorizing an increase in the local option budget of a district may state that the board of education of the district shall be continuously and permanently authorized to increase the local option budget of the district in each school year by a percentage which together with the percentage of the amount of state financial aid budgeted under subsection (a) does not exceed the state prescribed percentage in any school year.

(4) A resolution authorizing an increase in the local option budget of a district shall state that the amount of the local option budget may be increased as authorized by the resolution unless a petition in opposition to such increase, signed by not less than 5% of the qualified electors of the school district, is filed with the county election officer of the home county of the school district within 30 days after publication. If no petition is filed in accordance with the provisions of the resolution, the board is authorized to increase the local option budget of the district. If a petition is filed as provided in the resolution, the board may notify the county election officer of the date of an election to be held to submit the question

of whether the board shall be authorized to increase the local option budget of the district. If the board fails to notify the county election officer within 30 days after a petition is filed, the resolution shall be deemed abandoned and no like resolution shall be adopted by the board within the nine months following publication of the resolution.

(5) The requirements of provision (2) do not apply to any district that is continuously and permanently authorized to increase the local option budget of the district. An increase in the amount of a local option budget by such a district shall require a majority vote of the members of the board and shall require no other procedure, authorization or approval.

(6) If any district is authorized to increase a local option budget, but the board of such district chooses, in any school year, not to adopt or increase such budget or chooses, in any school year, to adopt or increase such budget in an amount less than the amount authorized, such board of education may so choose. If the board of any district refrains from adopting or increasing a local option budget in any one or more school years or refrains from budgeting the total amount authorized for any one or more school years, the amount authorized to be budgeted in any succeeding school year shall not be increased by such refrainment, nor shall the authority of the district to increase its local option budget be extended by such refrainment beyond the period of time specified in the resolution authorizing an increase in the local option budget if the resolution specified such a period of time.

(7) Whenever an initial resolution has been adopted under this subsection, and such resolution specified a percentage which together with the percentage of the amount of state financial aid budgeted under subsection (a) is less than the state prescribed percentage, the board of the district may adopt one or more subsequent resolutions under the same procedure as provided for the initial resolution and shall be authorized to increase the percentage as specified in any such subsequent resolution. If the initial resolution specified a definite period of time for which the district is authorized to increase its local option budget, the authority to increase such budget by the percentage specified in any subsequent resolution shall be limited to the remainder of the period of time specified in the initial resolution. Any percentage specified in a subsequent resolution or in subsequent resolutions shall be limited so that the sum of the percentage authorized in the initial resolution and the percentage authorized in the subsequent resolution or in subsequent resolutions together with the percentage of the amount of state financial aid budgeted under subsection (a) is not in excess of the state prescribed percentage in any school year.

(8) (A) Subject to the provisions of subpart (B), the board of any district that has adopted a local option budget under subsection (a), has been authorized to increase such budget under a resolution which specified a definite period of time for retention of such authorization, and has levied a tax under authority of K.S.A. 72-6435, and amendments thereto, may initiate, at any time after the final levy is certified to the county clerk under any current authorization, procedures to renew the authority to increase the local option budget subject to the conditions and in the manner specified in provisions (2) and (3) of this subsection.

(B) The provisions of subpart (A) do not apply to the board of any district that is continuously and permanently authorized to increase the local option budget of the district.

(9) As used in this subsection:

(A) “Authorized to increase a local option budget” means either that a district has held a special election under provision (2)(B) by which authority of the board to increase a local option budget was approved, or that a district has adopted a resolution under provision (2) (A), has published the same, and either that the resolution was not protested or that it was protested and an election was held by which the authority of the board to increase a local option budget was approved.

(B) “State prescribed percentage” means ~~25%~~ 27% for school year

2005-2006, 29% for school year 2006-2007 and 30% for school year 2007-2008 and each school year thereafter.

(c) To the extent the provisions of the foregoing subsections conflict with this subsection, this subsection shall control. Any district that is authorized to adopt a local option budget in the 1997-98 school year under a resolution which authorized the adoption of such budget in accordance with the provisions of this section prior to its amendment by this act may continue to operate under such resolution for the period of time specified in the resolution or may abandon the resolution and operate under the provisions of this section as amended by this act. Any such district shall operate under the provisions of this section as amended by this act after the period of time specified in the resolution has expired.

(d) (1) There is hereby established in every district that adopts a local option budget a fund which shall be called the supplemental general fund. The fund shall consist of all amounts deposited therein or credited thereto according to law.

(2) Subject to the limitation imposed under provision (3), amounts in the supplemental general fund may be expended for any purpose for which expenditures from the general fund are authorized or may be transferred to the general fund of the district or to any program weighted fund or categorical fund of the district.

(3) Amounts in the supplemental general fund may not be expended nor transferred to the general fund of the district for the purpose of making payments under any lease-purchase agreement involving the acquisition of land or buildings which is entered into pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 72-8225, and amendments thereto.

(4) Any unexpended and unencumbered cash balance remaining in the supplemental general fund of a district at the conclusion of any school year in which a local option budget is adopted shall be disposed of as provided in this subsection. If the district did not receive supplemental general state aid in the school year and the board of the district determines that it will be necessary to adopt a local option budget in the ensuing school year, the total amount of the cash balance remaining in the supplemental general fund shall be maintained in such fund or transferred to the general fund of the district. If the board of such a district determines that it will not be necessary to adopt a local option budget in the ensuing school year, the total amount of the cash balance remaining in the supplemental general fund shall be transferred to the general fund of the district. If the district received supplemental general state aid in the school year, transferred or expended the entire amount budgeted in the local option budget for the school year, and determines that it will be necessary to adopt a local option budget in the ensuing school year, the total amount of the cash balance remaining in the supplemental general fund shall be maintained in such fund or transferred to the general fund of the district. If such a district determines that it will not be necessary to adopt a local option budget in the ensuing school year, the total amount of the cash balance remaining in the supplemental general fund shall be transferred to the general fund of the district. If the district received supplemental general state aid in the school year, did not transfer or expend the entire amount budgeted in the local option budget for the school year, and determines that it will not be necessary to adopt a local option budget in the ensuing school year, the total amount of the cash balance remaining in the supplemental general fund shall be transferred to the general fund of the district. If the district received supplemental general state aid in the school year, did not transfer or expend the entire amount budgeted in the local option budget for the school year, and determines that it will be necessary to adopt a local option budget in the ensuing school year, the state board shall determine the ratio of the amount of supplemental general state aid received to the amount of the local option budget of the district for the school year and multiply the total amount of the cash balance remaining in the supplemental general fund by such ratio. An amount equal to the amount of the product shall

be transferred to the general fund of the district. The amount remaining in the supplemental general fund may be maintained in such fund or transferred to the general fund of the district.

(e) *To the extent the provisions of the foregoing section conflict with this subsection, this subsection shall control. Any district that adopted or was authorized to adopt a local option budget for school year 2004-2005 in an amount equal to 25% may adopt a local option budget for school year 2005-2006 in an amount not to exceed the state prescribed percentage in effect on July 1, 2005, by adoption of a resolution. Such resolution shall not be subject to the provisions of this section relating to publication, protest or election.*

Sec. 18. K.S.A. 72-6438 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6438. (a) The state school district finance fund, established by K.S.A. 1991 Supp. 72-7081 prior to its repeal by ~~this the school district finance and quality performance~~ act, is hereby continued in existence and shall consist of (1) all moneys credited to such fund under K.S.A. 72-6418 ~~and~~, 72-6431 ~~and K.S.A.~~, 72-6441 ~~and sections 12 and 13~~, and amendments thereto, and (2) all amounts transferred to such fund.

(b) The state school district finance fund shall be used for the purpose of school district finance and for no other governmental purpose. It is the intent of the legislature that the fund shall remain intact and inviolate for such purpose, and moneys in the fund shall not be subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 75-3722, 75-3725a and 75-3726a, and amendments thereto.

(c) Amounts in the state school district finance fund shall be allocated and distributed to school districts as a portion of general state aid entitlements provided for under this act.

Sec. 19. K.S.A. 72-6405 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6405. (a) K.S.A. 72-6405 through 72-6440 and the provisions of 2005 House Bill No. 2247 ~~and sections 1 through 18 of this act~~, and amendments thereto, shall be known and may be cited as the school district finance and quality performance act.

(b) The provisions of ~~this act~~ *the school district finance and quality performance act* are severable. If any provision of ~~this that~~ act is held to be invalid or unconstitutional, it shall be presumed conclusively that the legislature would have enacted the remainder of ~~this such~~ act without such invalid or unconstitutional provision.

Sec. 20. K.S.A. 74-32,101 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-32,101. As used in this act:

(a) “Executive officer” means the chief executive officer of the state board of regents appointed under K.S.A. 74-3203a, and amendments thereto;

(b) “qualified student” means a person who: (1) Is a resident of the state of Kansas; (2) has been accepted for admission to or is enrolled full time in a course of instruction leading to ~~certification~~ *licensure* as a teacher; and (3) has qualified for the award of a scholarship under the teacher service scholarship program on the basis of having demonstrated scholastic ability, or who has previously so qualified and remains qualified for renewal of the scholarship on the basis of remaining in good standing and making satisfactory progress toward completion of the requirements of the course of instruction in which enrolled;

(c) “hard-to-fill teaching discipline” means (1) a teaching discipline in which there is a critical shortage of teachers as determined and specified by the state board of education; *and (2) the teaching disciplines of mathematics and science for any of the grades five through 12; and*

(d) “underserved area” means a geographic area of the state in which there is a critical shortage of teachers as determined and specified by the state board of education.

Sec. 21. K.S.A. 74-32,102 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-32,102. (a) There is hereby established the teacher service scholarship program. A scholarship may be awarded under the teacher service scholarship program to any qualified student and may be renewed for each

such student who remains qualified for the scholarship. Determination of the students qualified for such scholarships shall be made by the executive officer. Scholastic ability shall be determined on the basis of any one or more of the following: (1) High ACT or SAT score; (2) rank in high school graduation class; (3) cumulative high school or college grade point average; or (4) any other indicator of scholastic ability which the state board of regents determines to be demonstrative of potential for successful completion of a course of instruction leading to ~~certification~~ *licensure* as a teacher. To the extent practicable and consistent with qualification factors, consideration shall be given to *qualified* students who are members of ethnic minority groups.

(b) A scholarship awarded under the program shall provide for payment to a qualified student of (1) an amount not to exceed 70% of the cost of attendance for an academic year at the teacher education school in which the qualified student is enrolled if such teacher education school is maintained by a state educational institution or (2) an amount not to exceed 70% of the average amount of the cost of attendance for an academic year at the teacher education schools maintained by the state educational institutions if the teacher education school in which the qualified student is enrolled is not a state educational institution. A qualified student may be awarded a scholarship for not more than four academic years of undergraduate study, except that a qualified student who is enrolled full time in a course of instruction leading to ~~certification~~ *licensure* in a teaching discipline for which graduate study is required may be awarded a scholarship for the duration of the course of instruction.

New Sec. 22. (a) If a petition is filed in a district court of this state alleging a violation of Article 6 of the Kansas constitution, the chief judge of such district court shall notify the chief justice of the supreme court of such petition within three business days thereafter.

(b) Within three business days of receiving such notice, the chief justice shall notify the chief judge of the court of appeals. Within 10 business days of receiving notice by the chief justice, the chief judge shall appoint a panel of three current or retired district court judges to preside over such civil action. The chief judge shall designate one of such judges to be the presiding judge of the panel. The judicial panel shall be considered a court of competent jurisdiction to hear and decide the civil action.

(c) The judicial panel shall establish venue pursuant to section 23, and amendments thereto.

New Sec. 23. (a) In any action alleging a violation of Article 6 of the Kansas constitution, venue shall be brought in the county as designated by the three judge panel appointed pursuant to section 22, and amendments thereto. In making such designation, the judicial panel shall consider the location of the parties and the witnesses.

Sec. 24. K.S.A. 2004 Supp. 60-2102 is hereby amended to read as follows: 60-2102. (a) *As of right*. Except for any order or final decision of a district magistrate judge, the appellate jurisdiction of the court of appeals may be invoked by appeal as a matter of right from:

(1) An order that discharges, vacates or modifies a provisional remedy.

(2) An order that grants, continues, modifies, refuses or dissolves an injunction, or an order that grants or refuses relief in the form of mandamus, quo warranto or habeas corpus.

(3) An order that appoints a receiver or refuses to wind up a receivership or to take steps to accomplish the purposes thereof, such as directing sales or other disposal of property, or an order involving the tax or revenue laws, the title to real estate, the constitution of this state or the constitution, laws or treaties of the United States.

(4) A final decision in any action, except in an action where a direct appeal to the supreme court is required by law. In any appeal or cross appeal from a final decision, any act or ruling from the beginning of the proceedings shall be reviewable.

(b) The appellate jurisdiction of the supreme court may be invoked

by appeal as a matter of right from a preliminary or final decision in which a statute of this state has been held unconstitutional as a violation of Article 6 of the Kansas constitution *pursuant to section 22, and amendments thereto*. Any appeal filed pursuant to this subsection shall be filed within 30 days of the date the preliminary or final decision is filed ~~or within 30 days of the effective date of this act, whichever is later~~. ~~The provisions of this subsection shall expire on July 1, 2006.~~

(c) *Other appeals*. When a district judge, in making in a civil action an order not otherwise appealable under this section, is of the opinion that such order involves a controlling question of law as to which there is substantial ground for difference of opinion and that an immediate appeal from the order may materially advance the ultimate termination of the litigation, the judge shall so state in writing in such order. The court of appeals may thereupon, in its discretion, permit an appeal to be taken from such order, if application is made to it within 10 days after the entry of the order under such terms and conditions as the supreme court fixes by rule. Application for an appeal hereunder shall not stay proceedings in the district court unless the district judge or an appellate court or a judge thereof so orders.

Sec. 25. K.S.A. 8-272 is hereby amended to read as follows: 8-272.

(a) Any school district conducting an approved course in driver training and any student attending a nonpublic school accredited by the state board of education conducting an approved course in driver training shall be entitled to participate in the state safety fund created by K.S.A. 8-267, and amendments thereto. In August of each year, the superintendent of each school district and the governing authority of each nonpublic school shall report to the state board of education the number of students who have been in attendance for a complete driver training course conducted by such school district or nonpublic school during the past school year. ~~From the state safety fund in the state treasury, \$1,540,000 shall be distributed in the manner hereinafter provided to the respective school districts and nonpublic schools on order of the state board of education in the ratio that the number of students in each school district or nonpublic school in attendance for such complete courses bears to the total number of students in all such schools and nonpublic schools in attendance for such complete courses.~~ The state board of education shall certify to the director of accounts and reports the amount due each school district and each student of a nonpublic school *entitled to payment under this subsection*. The director of accounts and reports shall draw warrants on the state treasurer payable to the treasurer of each school district and to each student of a nonpublic school entitled to payment under this subsection upon vouchers approved by the state board and shall cause such warrants to be delivered to the respective school districts and nonpublic schools. If the amount appropriated in any year from the state safety fund ~~shall~~ ~~be~~ ~~is~~ insufficient to pay the full amount each school district and each student of a nonpublic school is entitled to receive under this subsection, then the entire amount appropriated for such year shall be prorated among all school districts and all students of nonpublic schools in proportion to the amount each school district and each student of a nonpublic school is entitled to receive. No moneys in the state safety fund shall be used for any purpose other than that specified in this subsection or for the support of driver improvement programs. The state board of education shall prescribe all forms necessary for reporting in connection with this act. The funds shall be distributed on or before November 1 each year.

(b) (1) Any school district conducting an approved course in motorcycle safety as a part of an approved course in driver training; any student attending a nonpublic school accredited by the state board of education conducting an approved course in motorcycle safety as a part of an approved course in driver training or any community college conducting an approved course in motorcycle safety shall be entitled to participate in the motorcycle safety fund created by K.S.A. 8-267, and amendments

thereto. The state board of education may establish, by rules and regulations, standards for the conduct, operation and approval of courses in motorcycle safety and for the qualifications of instructors for such courses *conducted by a school district or nonpublic accredited school*. Such standards shall not include the requirement that instructors be ~~certificated licensed~~ by the state board of education. In August of each year, the superintendent of each school district; ~~or the governing authority of each nonpublic school or the chief administrative officer of each community college~~ shall report to the state board of education the number of students who have been in attendance for a complete course in motorcycle safety as a part of the driver training course conducted by such school district; ~~or nonpublic school or community college~~ during the past school year. ~~From the motorcycle safety fund in the state treasury, \$210,000 shall be distributed in the manner hereinafter provided to the respective school districts, nonpublic schools and community colleges on order of the state board of education in the ratio that the number of students in each school district, nonpublic school or community college in attendance for such complete courses in motorcycle safety bears to the total number of students in all such schools, nonpublic schools and community colleges in attendance for such complete courses.~~ The state board of education shall certify to the director of accounts and reports the amount due each school district; ~~and each student of a nonpublic school and each community college entitled to payment under this subsection.~~ The director of accounts and reports shall draw warrants on the state treasurer payable to the treasurer of each school district; ~~and to each student of a nonpublic school and to each treasurer of each community college~~ entitled to payment under this subsection upon vouchers approved by the state board and shall cause such warrants to be delivered to the respective school districts; ~~and nonpublic schools and community colleges.~~ If the amount appropriated in any year from the motorcycle safety fund shall be insufficient to pay the full amount each school district; ~~and each student of a nonpublic school and each community college~~ is entitled to receive under this subsection, then the entire amount appropriated for such year shall be prorated among all school districts; ~~and all students of nonpublic schools and all community colleges~~ in proportion to the amount each school district; ~~and each student of a nonpublic school and each community college~~ is entitled to receive. No moneys in the motorcycle safety fund shall be used for any purpose other than that specified in this subsection or for the support of motorcycle driver improvement programs. The state board of education shall prescribe all forms necessary for reporting in connection with this act. The funds shall be distributed on or before November 1 each year.

(2) *Any community college conducting an approved course in motorcycle safety shall be entitled to participate in the motorcycle safety fund created by K.S.A. 8-267, and amendments thereto. The state board of regents may establish, by rules and regulations, standards for the conduct, operation and approval of courses in motorcycle safety and for the qualifications of instructors for such courses conducted by a community college. Such standards shall not include the requirement that instructors be licensed by the state board of education. In August of each year, the chief administrative officer of each community college shall report to the state board of regents the number of students who have been in attendance for a complete course in motorcycle safety as a part of the driver training course conducted by such community college during the past school year. The state board of regents shall certify to the director of accounts and reports the amount due each community college entitled to payment under this subsection. The director of accounts and reports shall draw warrants on the state treasurer payable to the treasurer of each community college entitled to payment under this subsection upon vouchers approved by the state board and shall cause such warrants to be delivered to the respective community colleges. If the amount appropriated in any year from the motorcycle safety fund shall be insufficient to pay the full amount each*

community college is entitled to receive under this subsection, then the entire amount appropriated for such year shall be prorated among all community colleges in proportion to the amount each community college is entitled to receive. No moneys in the motorcycle safety fund shall be used for any purpose other than that specified in this subsection or for the support of motorcycle driver improvement programs. The state board of regents shall prescribe all forms necessary for reporting in connection with this act. The funds shall be distributed on or before November 1 each year.

(c) For the purpose of this subsection, “vocational education school” means community college, area vocational-technical school or area vocational school. Any vocational education school conducting an approved course in truck driving shall be entitled to participate in the truck driver training fund created by K.S.A. 8-267, and amendments thereto. The state board of ~~education~~ *regents* may establish, by rules and regulations, standards for the conduct, operation and approval of courses in truck driver training and for the qualifications of instructors for such courses. Such standards shall not include the requirement that instructors be certified by the state board of ~~education~~ *regents*. In August of each year, the chief administrative officer of each vocational education school shall report to the state board of ~~education~~ *regents* the number of students who have been in attendance for a complete course in truck driver training conducted by such vocational education school during the past school year. ~~From the truck driver training fund in the state treasury, \$70,000 shall be distributed in the manner hereinafter provided to the respective vocational education school on order of the state board of education in the ratio that the number of students in each vocational education school in attendance for such complete courses in truck driver training bears to the total number of students in all such vocational education schools in attendance for such complete courses.~~ The state board of ~~education~~ *regents* shall certify to the director of accounts and reports the amount due each vocational education school *entitled to payment under this subsection*. The director of accounts and reports shall draw warrants on the state treasurer payable to the treasurer of each vocational education school entitled to payment under this subsection upon vouchers approved by the state board of *regents* and shall cause such warrants to be delivered to the respective vocational education school. If the amount appropriated in any year from the truck driver training fund shall be insufficient to pay the full amount each vocational education school is entitled to receive under this subsection, then the entire amount appropriated for such year shall be prorated among all vocational education schools in proportion to the amount each vocational education school is entitled to receive. No moneys in the truck driver training fund shall be used for any purpose other than that specified in this subsection or for the support of truck driver training programs. The state board of ~~education~~ *regents* shall prescribe all forms necessary for reporting in connection with this act. The funds shall be distributed on or before November 1 each year.

Sec. 26. K.S.A. 8-272, 72-6405, 72-6433, 72-6438, 74-32,101 and 74-32,102 and K.S.A. 2004 Supp. 60-2102 and 72-6407 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 27. On July 1, 2005, K.S.A. 72-6405, as amended by section 44 of 2005 House Bill No. 2247, 72-6433, as amended by section 23 of 2005 House Bill No. 2247, and K.S.A. 2004 Supp. 72-6407, as amended by section 1 of 2005 House Bill No. 2059, 72-6407, as amended by section 12 of 2005 House Bill No. 2247, 74-32,101, as amended by section 11 of 2005 Senate Bill No. 48, 74-32,102, as amended by section 12 of 2005 Senate Bill No. 48, and sections 1, 19, 28, 29, 31 and 34 through 40 of 2005 House Bill No. 2247 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 28. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the Kansas register.

I hereby certify that the above BILL originated in the SENATE, and passed that body

SENATE adopted
Conference Committee Report _____

President of the Senate.

Secretary of the Senate.

Passed the HOUSE
as amended _____

HOUSE adopted
Conference Committee Report _____

Speaker of the House.

Chief Clerk of the House.

APPROVED _____

Governor.