

Senate Resolution No. 1704

By Senators Masterson, Blasi and Sykes

1-21

A RESOLUTION adopting rules for the Senate of the State of Kansas for the terms of the Senators commencing with the 2025 regular session of the Legislature.

Be it resolved by the Senate of the State of Kansas: The following rules shall be the rules of the Senate for the terms of the Senators commencing with the 2025 regular session of the Legislature.

RULES OF THE SENATE

2025-2028

Rule 1. Time of Meetings. The Senate on the first day of a session shall convene at 2:00 p.m., and at all other times shall convene at 2:30 p.m., unless otherwise ordered by the Senate.

Rule 2. Convening – Quorum – Assuming Duties of Chair. (a) The President shall take the chair at the hour fixed for the convening of the Senate, and the roll shall be called in order to ascertain if a quorum is present. A majority of the Senators then elected (or appointed) and qualified shall constitute a quorum, and, in the absence of a quorum, the Senators present, by majority vote, may take such measures as they shall deem necessary to secure the presence of a quorum.

(b) In the absence of the President, the Vice President shall assume the duties of the President. The President or Vice President may also name any Senator to temporarily perform the duties of the chair, but the Senator so named shall not act as President beyond adjournment, unless by leave of the Senate. A Senator shall not lose the right of voting on any subject while serving or acting as President.

Rule 3. Absence of Member. No Senator shall fail to attend when the Senate is in session without first obtaining leave of the Senate, unless prevented from attending by sickness or other sufficient cause.

Rule 4. Order of Business and Session Proforma. The order of business, following the roll call and prayer by the Chaplain, shall be as follows:

1. Introduction and reference of bills and concurrent resolutions.
2. Consideration of messages from the Governor.
3. Communications from state officers.
4. Consideration of messages from the House of Representatives.
5. Consideration of motions to concur or nonconcur.

6. Reports of select committees.
7. Consent Calendar.
8. Final Action on bills and concurrent resolutions.
9. Introduction of original motions and senate resolutions.
10. Correction and approval of the Journal.
11. Consideration of motions and senate resolutions.
12. Reports of standing committees.
13. General orders.

The Senate may meet from time to time for the sole purpose of processing routine business of the Senate. These sessions shall be known as Session Proforma.

(1) Time of Meeting. Session Proforma shall be announced at least one legislative day in advance with the hour for meeting Proforma set on the previous legislative day.

(2) Order of Business. The only orders of business that may be considered during Session Proforma are:

- (a) Introduction and reference of bills and concurrent resolutions.
- (b) Receipts of messages from the Governor.
- (c) Communications from state officers.
- (d) Receipt of messages from the House of Representatives.
- (e) Reports of select and standing committees.
- (f) Presentation of petitions.

(3) Motions. No motion shall be in order other than the motion to adjourn.

(4) Objections. Any objection by any member shall require the Session Proforma to adjourn to the next day, Saturday and Sunday excluded, at 2:30 p.m.

(5) Quorum and Roll. There shall be no requirement for a quorum or taking of the roll. No demand for a roll call for a quorum shall be in order.

(6) Effect of Certain Rules. If a legislative day referred to in Rule 11, 12, 28, 32, 33, 52, 55, 67 or 68 occurs on a legislative day which is also the day on which a Session Proforma is held, the term "legislative day" as used in such rule means the next legislative day subsequent to the legislative day on which the Session Proforma is held.

The presentation of petitions shall be a special order of business on Friday of each week immediately preceding the regular order of business.

Rule 5. Business in Order at Any Time. Messages from the Governor, messages from the House of Representatives, introduction and reference of bills and concurrent resolutions, reports of standing committees and reports of select committees may be received and considered under any order of business.

Rule 6. Special Order. Whenever any bill or other matter is made the

special order for a particular day, and shall not be reached or completed on that day, it shall be returned to its place in the General Orders, unless it shall be made the special order for another day. When any special order is under consideration, it shall take precedence over any special order for a subsequent hour of the same day, but such subsequent special order shall be taken up immediately after the previous order has been disposed of. Notation of a special order shall be placed before the first order of business on the calendar for that day, giving the subject to be considered and the time fixed for its consideration. When that time arrives, other business shall be suspended until the special order has been considered.

Rule 7. Standing Committees. (a) There shall be a standing committee named the Committee on Organization, Calendar and Rules, which shall consist of five members, the chairperson of which shall be the president of the Senate and the vice chairperson of which shall be the majority leader of the Senate. The vice president of the Senate, the assistant majority leader and the majority whip shall be members of the committee. No bill or resolution, other than resolutions adopting, amending or revoking rules of the Senate or Joint Rules of the Senate and House of Representatives, shall be introduced by or be referred to the Committee on Organization, Calendar and Rules.

(b) The following shall be the other standing committees:

	Number of members
1. Agriculture and Natural Resources	11
2. Assessment and Taxation	9
3. Commerce	11
4. Confirmation Oversight	6
5. Education	11
6. Federal and State Affairs	11
7. Financial Institutions and Insurance	9
8. Governmental Efficiency	9
9. Interstate Cooperation	7
10. Judiciary	13
11. Local Government, Transparency and Ethics	9
12. Public Health and Welfare	11
13. Transportation	11
14. Utilities	11
15. Ways and Means	11

(c) The Committee on Organization, Calendar and Rules shall appoint the chairperson and vice chairperson or vice chairpersons thereof and shall designate the ranking minority member of each committee. *{For any changes to be made in the appointment of a chairperson or vice chairperson by the committee, the president of the Senate must be*

1 *voting on the prevailing side.}* The president of the Senate shall appoint
2 the members of each standing committee of the Senate. The minority
3 leader shall submit recommendations for the appointment of minority
4 members to the standing committees of the Senate to the Committee on
5 Organization, Calendar and Rules. The Committee on Organization,
6 Calendar and Rules shall have a standing subcommittee on calendar
7 which shall be the president of the Senate, the vice president of the Senate
8 and the majority leader of the Senate. The Majority Leader shall be the
9 chairperson of the subcommittee. The Committee on Organization,
10 Calendar and Rules may establish such other subcommittees of the
11 Committee on Organization, Calendar and Rules as the Committee deems
12 appropriate.

13 (d) The Committee on Organization, Calendar and Rules shall have
14 a standing subcommittee on rules which shall be the president of the
15 Senate, the vice president of the Senate, the majority leader of the Senate,
16 one member of the Senate from the majority party appointed jointly by
17 the president of the Senate, the vice president of the Senate and the
18 majority leader of the Senate and one member who shall be the minority
19 leader of the Senate or the designee of the minority leader. The
20 chairperson of the subcommittee on rules shall be the vice president of
21 the Senate. The subcommittee on rules shall consider rules questions
22 arising during a convening of the Senate.

23 (e) The Committee on Organization, Calendar and Rules and all of
24 its subcommittees may close their meetings.

25 (f) The two major political parties shall have proportional
26 representation on each standing committee other than the Committee on
27 Organization, Calendar and Rules. In the event application of the
28 preceding sentence results in a fraction, the party having a fraction
29 exceeding .5 shall receive representation as though such fraction were a
30 whole number.

31 (g) The successor committees provided in Rule 7 of the Rules of the
32 Kansas Senate for the 2021-2024 term are incorporated by reference. All
33 successor standing committees established by Rule 7 shall inherit the
34 authority and duties of the standing committee that such successor
35 committee succeeded for purposes of reference in statutes and other
36 documents.

37 **Rule 8. Special and Select Committees.** Special and Select
38 committees of the Senate and the Chairperson thereof shall be appointed
39 by the President.

40 **Rule 9. Standing Committees – Duties of Chairperson, etc.** (a) The
41 chairperson of each committee shall preside at all meetings of the
42 committee. The chairperson may designate another member to preside in
43 the absence of the chairperson and vice chairperson.

1 (b) The chairperson of each committee may call a special meeting of
2 the committee when necessary.

3 (c) The chairperson shall have full charge of the committee.

4 (d) The chairperson of each committee shall cause minutes of each
5 meeting of the committee to be prepared, subject to approval of the
6 committee within 14 session days or by sine die adjournment, whichever
7 is earlier. The Senate portion of the Legislature's website and the minutes
8 shall show the name of the member, person, state or local agency,
9 organization or entity that requested a bill or resolution for introduction,
10 the action taken by the committee upon each bill or resolution considered
11 and the amendments, if any, voted upon and the disposition of each,
12 whether adopted or not. At the request of the author of a bill or resolution
13 or any amendment to a bill or resolution, or on request of any member of
14 the committee, the intent of the author shall be stated in the committee
15 minutes. At the conclusion of each legislative session, copies of all
16 committee minutes shall be filed with the Director of Legislative
17 Administrative Services.

18 **Rule 10. Vote in Senate Committee.** At the time of taking any action
19 upon any bill or resolution, any member of a committee may demand a
20 division of the vote and the chairperson shall be required to record the
21 number of votes for and against the action as a part of the minutes.

22 **Rule 11. Committee Action on Bills and Resolutions.** (a) A
23 committee may recommend that the Senate act favorably, unfavorably or
24 without recommendation upon any measure or may recommend
25 amendments to measures referred to it which are germane to the subject
26 of the measure. If a committee recommends amendments to a bill or
27 resolution referred to it which strike out all of the material in the bill or
28 resolution subsequent to the enacting clause or resolving clause and
29 inserts new material, and the bill or resolution was sponsored by an
30 individual member or members, the committee becomes the sponsor of
31 the bill or resolution and the committee name will be printed on the bill or
32 resolution as the sponsor. Committee recommendations shall be made by
33 committee report to the Senate. Committee reports shall be signed by the
34 chairperson, and shall be transmitted to the Senate not later than the
35 second legislative day following the action of the committee.

36 (b) When a committee fails to report on any bill or resolution within
37 seven legislative days following reference to such committee, the bill or
38 resolution may be withdrawn from the committee by an affirmative vote
39 of 24 members of the Senate on a motion made as provided in this
40 subsection. For the purposes of this subsection, if a bill or resolution has
41 been referred to a subsequent committee, a motion to withdraw such bill
42 or resolution from such subsequent committee may be made at any time.
43 Such a motion shall be made in writing, giving the reasons for withdrawal

1 from the committee. Such motion shall be made under the order of
2 business introduction and notice of original motions and Senate
3 resolutions. Only one bill or resolution may be named in such a motion.
4 The motion shall be read by the reading clerk or the member making the
5 motion and shall be printed in the calendar of the next legislative day
6 under the order of business consideration of motions and Senate
7 resolutions offered on a previous day. The motion shall be considered on
8 the legislative day following the day it is made. If the motion prevails, the
9 bill or resolution shall be placed on the calendar under the order of
10 business General Orders.

11 (c) Motions to withdraw a bill or resolution from a committee are
12 not subject to amendment or debate.

13 **Rule 12. Adversely Reported Bills and Resolutions.** All bills or
14 resolutions adversely reported shall go upon the Calendar for one day,
15 under the head of Bills Adversely Reported. A motion to place an
16 adversely reported bill (or resolution) under the order of business General
17 Orders on the Calendar shall be made when the bill (or resolution) is
18 upon the Calendar and shall be made when Introduction of Original
19 Motions and Senate Resolutions is in order, and that motion shall then lie
20 over until the next legislative day when the order of business
21 Consideration of Motions and Senate Resolutions is reached, but if such
22 motion is defeated once it shall not be renewed. If an adversely reported
23 bill or resolution has been previously referred separately under Rule 32
24 (authorizing the reference of the same bill or resolution to two or more
25 standing committees), then the motion shall be to return the adversely
26 reported bill (or resolution) with the committee report attached to the next
27 committee to which it was referred. If the motion to place the bill (or
28 resolution) on the Calendar under the order of business General Orders or
29 to return the bill (or resolution) to the next committee of reference shall
30 prevail, then the words "Adversely Reported" shall be printed in a line
31 underneath the title of the bill or resolution, and to prevail such motion
32 shall require an affirmative vote of 24 members of the Senate.

33 **Rule 13. When Bill or Concurrent Resolution Placed on General**
34 **Orders.** When a bill or a concurrent resolution to amend the constitution
35 has been reported to the Senate by a committee with the recommendation
36 that it pass or be adopted, it shall immediately be placed on the Calendar
37 under the order of business General Orders.

38 **Rule 14. Address the President – To Be Recognized – Speak But**
39 **Twice on the Same Subject.** Every Senator rising to debate or to present
40 any matter shall address the President and shall not proceed until
41 recognized. When two or more Senators shall address the President at the
42 same time, the President shall name the Senator who is to speak first. No
43 Senator, except for the Senator who is carrying a bill, resolution or report,

1 shall speak more than twice on the same day on the same subject without
2 leave of the Senate.

3 **Rule 15. No Senator Shall Be Interrupted.** No Senator, when
4 speaking shall be interrupted except by a call to order by the presiding
5 officer, or by a Senator through the presiding officer, desiring to ask a
6 question. If a Senator speaking yields to a question, the interruption shall
7 be confined solely to such question. Senators shall be referred to as "the
8 Senator from _____" (naming the Senator's home county) followed by
9 the Senator's title and name.

10 **Rule 16. Personal Privilege.** Senators raising a point of personal
11 privilege shall confine themselves to remarks which concern themselves
12 personally and shall not address or debate matters under consideration by
13 the Senate.

14 **Rule 17. Questions of Order – How Determined.** A question of
15 order may be raised at any time and when a Senator shall be called to
16 order the Senator shall stop speaking until the presiding officer has
17 determined whether the Senator was in order. Every question of order
18 shall be decided by the presiding officer, subject to an appeal to the
19 Senate by any member. The vote on an appeal to the Senate under this
20 rule shall not be a roll call vote. Every appeal on a question of order shall
21 be taken without debate.

22 **Rule 18. Explaining Votes.** Senators may explain their votes only
23 after every Senator first has had the opportunity to vote. Thereafter, an
24 explanation of vote may be heard followed by the opportunity for any
25 Senator to change their vote before the roll is closed and the tally of the
26 vote is recorded. Not more than two minutes shall be allowed for any
27 explanation. The explanation shall be inserted in the Journal if the
28 Senator makes a request at the time of voting or makes a request of the
29 Secretary of the Senate prior to adjournment, and the written explanation
30 is presented to the Secretary of the Senate during or within two hours
31 following that day's adjournment on the same legislative day. No Senator
32 in explaining a vote may use the name of or otherwise identify any other
33 Senator as part of the explanation without the consent of the other
34 Senator. No written explanation shall contain more than 200 words. If the
35 written explanation contains more than 200 words, only the first 200
36 words of the explanation shall be printed in the journal.

37 **Rule 19. Vote Unless Excused – Contempt.** Any Senator, who is
38 directly interested in a question, may be excused from voting, even
39 though there is a call of the Senate. The Senator, who is requesting to be
40 excused from voting, shall state the reasons for the request, occupying not
41 more than five minutes. Such statements shall be made either
42 immediately before or immediately after the vote is called but before the
43 result is announced. The question on excusing any Senator from voting

1 shall be taken without debate and a majority of those voting shall be
2 necessary to excuse the Senator. If a Senator refuses to vote, when not
3 excused, such refusal shall constitute contempt and the President shall, in
4 such case, order the offending Senator before the bar of the Senate and all
5 privileges of membership shall be refused such Senator until the
6 contempt is corrected as determined by vote of the Senate.

7 **Rule 20. When Not Permitted to Vote.** No Senator shall be allowed
8 to vote unless the Senator is seated in the Senator's assigned seat within
9 the Senate chamber when the vote is taken.

10 **Rule 21. Filling Certain Vacancies.** (a) When a vacancy occurs in the
11 office of President and the Legislature is adjourned to a date more than 60
12 days after the occurrence of the vacancy, the Senate shall meet within 30
13 days and elect a member to fill the vacancy. The Vice President shall
14 within 10 days of such occurrence issue a call for the meeting at a time
15 not less than 10 days and not more than 20 days after the date of the call.

16 (b) When a vacancy occurs in the office of Vice President or
17 majority leader of the Senate, and the Legislature is adjourned to a date
18 more than 30 days after the occurrence of the vacancy, the President shall
19 appoint an acting Vice President or acting majority leader to serve until
20 the convening of the next session of the Legislature, at which time the
21 vacancy shall be filled as though the acting interim appointment had not
22 been made.

23 (c) When a vacancy occurs in the office of minority leader of the
24 Senate and the Legislature is adjourned to a date more than 30 days after
25 the occurrence of the vacancy, the assistant minority leader shall become
26 the acting minority leader to serve until the convening of the next session
27 of the Legislature, at which time the vacancy shall be filled as though the
28 acting minority leader had not so served.

29 (d) It is the intention of this rule that any person elected, appointed
30 or designated to serve in accordance herewith to fill a vacancy shall
31 exercise all of the duties and powers of the office so filled.

32 **Rule 22. Party Affiliation – Change.** If any Senator changes political
33 party affiliation: (1) From the political party of such Senator at the time
34 of the Senator's election; or (2) if the Senator was appointed, from the
35 political party of the district convention which elected such person to be
36 so appointed, the following shall apply:

37 (a) Such Senator shall be removed from all memberships on
38 standing and other committees, from all positions of chairperson or vice
39 chairperson of a standing or other committee, and from any office of the
40 Senate held at the time of such change. The Committee on Organization,
41 Calendar and Rules shall appoint a Senator to fill any vacancy which
42 arises under this subpart (a).

43 (b) The proportion of Senators from major political parties on each

1 standing committee originally determined under Rule 7 (providing for
2 proportional representation of members of political parties upon standing
3 committees) shall not be altered. The Committee on Organization,
4 Calendar and Rules shall fill each standing committee member position
5 vacated by such Senator by appointing a Senator of the political party
6 from which such Senator changed.

7 **Rule 23. Open Meetings Provisions.** The open meeting law (K.S.A.
8 75-4317 et seq., and amendments thereto) shall apply to meetings of the
9 Senate and all of its standing committees, select committees, special
10 committees and subcommittees of any of such committees. Caucuses of
11 Senate majority and minority parties and meetings of the Committee on
12 Organization, Calendar and Rules and its subcommittees may be closed.

13 **Rule 24. Motions in Writing.** All motions to amend bills and
14 resolutions shall be made in writing, and upon request of any Senator
15 shall be read by the reading clerk before being voted upon. All other
16 motions shall be reduced to writing when desired by any Senator.

17 **Rule 25. Motions Withdrawn.** Any motion may be withdrawn by the
18 maker before amendment or decision is made thereon except as the
19 foregoing is modified by Rule 40 (relating to procedure in the committee
20 of the whole).

21 **Rule 26. Motions in Order When Question Under Debate.** When a
22 question is under debate, no motion shall be in order, except:

23 Not Debatable

- 24 1. To fix time to which to adjourn.
- 25 2. To adjourn.
- 26 3. To lay on the table.
- 27 4. For the previous question.
- 28 5. To recess to a time certain.

29 Debatable

- 30 6. To postpone to a day certain.
- 31 7. To commit to a standing committee.
- 32 8. To commit to a special committee.
- 33 9. To commit to the Committee of the Whole.
- 34 10. To amend.
- 35 11. To postpone indefinitely.

36 The several motions specified in this rule shall have precedence in the
37 order named and the first five shall be decided without debate.

38 **Rule 27. Division of Question.** (a) If the question in debate contains
39 several points, any Senator may have the same divided, but a motion to
40 strike out and insert shall be indivisible. When a bill or resolution is under
41 consideration in the Senate and after debate is concluded and final action
42 has been announced on the bill or resolution, a request for division of
43 question shall not be in order.

1 (b) A request for division of question shall be in writing specifying
2 the manner in which the question is to be divided.

3 (c) The rejection of a motion to strike out and insert one proposition
4 shall not prevent a motion to strike out and insert another proposition, nor
5 prevent a subsequent motion simply to strike out; nor shall the rejection
6 of a motion simply to strike out prevent a subsequent motion to strike out
7 and insert.

8 **Rule 28. Reconsideration of Pending Matters.** When a question has
9 been once put and decided it shall be in order for any Senator who voted
10 with the prevailing side to move for a reconsideration thereof, but no
11 motion for reconsideration of any vote shall be in order after the bill,
12 resolution, message, report, amendment or motion, upon which the vote
13 was taken, shall have gone out of the possession of the Senate, nor shall
14 any motion for reconsideration be in order unless made on the same day
15 on which the vote was taken or the next legislative day. No question shall
16 be reconsidered more than once.

17 **Rule 29. Previous Questions.** Ten Senators shall have the right to
18 move the previous question on any bill, resolution, message, report,
19 amendment, or motion. If no amendment is pending the previous question
20 shall be as follows: "Shall the main question be now put?" If the previous
21 question is decided in the affirmative by a majority vote of those present,
22 the main question shall be put without further amendment or debate. If
23 amendments are pending a motion for the previous question shall concern
24 only the last amendment that is pending on which, if the previous
25 question is adopted, the debate will be closed only upon such amendment.
26 The previous question on other questions than the main question shall be
27 as follows: "Shall the question on the (amendment, amendment of an
28 amendment, substitute or other motion affecting same as the case may be)
29 now be put?"

30 **Rule 30. Endorsement on Bills, etc.** Before any bill, resolution or
31 petition, addressed to the Senate, shall be received or read, the title of the
32 bill or resolution or a brief statement of the contents of the petition shall
33 be typed on the jacket, with the name of the Senator or committee
34 introducing it.

35 **Rule 31. Introduction of Bills and Concurrent Resolutions.** Every
36 bill and concurrent resolution shall be introduced by a Senator, by a
37 committee, on the report of a committee, by message from the House of
38 Representatives, or by proper prefiling as provided by law. For the
39 purpose of introduction, every bill and concurrent resolution shall be
40 placed in the possession of the secretary and the reading clerk shall read
41 the title, except citations of statutes amended or repealed. The reading
42 clerk shall also read the name of the sponsor of the bill or resolution if it
43 has a single sponsor. If the bill or resolution has two sponsors the reading

1 clerk shall read the names of both sponsors, but if the bill or resolution
2 has more than two sponsors the reading clerk shall read the name of the
3 first sponsor together with the words "and others."

4 **Rule 32. Reference of Bills and Resolutions.** All bills and resolutions
5 shall be referred or rereferred to appropriate standing committees, special
6 or select committees appointed under Rule 8 or the Committee of the
7 Whole by the President. Upon the day of its introduction or upon the next
8 legislative day, the President shall refer every bill and each concurrent
9 resolution to be referred to the appropriate standing committee, special or
10 select committees appointed under Rule 8 or the Committee of the
11 Whole. Bills or resolutions prefiled under K.S.A. 46-801 et seq., and
12 amendments thereto, may be referred by the President to the appropriate
13 standing committee, special or select committees appointed under Rule 8
14 or the Committee of the Whole at any time subsequent to the prefiling of
15 such bill or resolution with the secretary of the senate. Bills introduced by
16 committees, if germane to the purpose and scope of the committee, may
17 be referred to the Committee of the Whole; otherwise to the appropriate
18 standing committee or special or select committees appointed under Rule
19 8. All bills making an appropriation shall be referred to the Committee on
20 Ways and Means. The President may refer a bill or resolution to two or
21 more standing committees or special or select committees appointed
22 under Rule 8, or any combination thereof, jointly, or separately, in such
23 order as the President may direct, and such bill or resolution, when so
24 referred, shall be considered by the committees in joint meeting, or by
25 each of the committees separately in the order named in the reference,
26 and when the reference is made jointly, the chairperson of the committee
27 named first shall be chairperson of the joint committee.

28 **Rule 33. Consent Calendar and Recording Reports.** Whenever a
29 standing committee is of the opinion that a bill or resolution upon which
30 it is reporting is of non-controversial nature, it shall so state in its
31 committee report. Whenever a bill or resolution is so reported, it shall be
32 placed upon a separate calendar, to be known as the Consent Calendar.
33 Each bill or resolution appearing on the Consent Calendar shall remain
34 thereon for at least two full legislative days before being considered
35 under the order of business Final Action. At any time prior to the call for
36 the vote under the order of business Final Action on a bill or resolution on
37 the Consent Calendar, any member may object to the same as being
38 controversial and the same shall be stricken from the Consent Calendar
39 and take its place on General Orders in the usual order. If no such
40 objection is made prior to the call for such vote on the bill or resolution, it
41 shall be voted upon with other bills and resolutions under the order of
42 business Final Action but before consideration of other bills or
43 resolutions appearing on the calendar under such order of business.

1 **Rule 34. Final Action on Bills and Concurrent Resolutions.** On
2 final action on any bill or concurrent resolution, the reading clerk shall
3 read the title, except citations to statutes amended or repealed. If the bill
4 is reported for final action without debate, the question shall be at once
5 put: "Shall the bill pass?" No debate shall be allowed, and no motion shall
6 be in order except the motion for a call of the Senate, unless in case
7 where a bill has been ordered to be placed on final action subject to
8 amendment, or to amendment and debate or unless by the unanimous
9 consent of the Senate, amendments may be made and considered. Like
10 procedure shall apply to concurrent resolutions except that the question
11 put shall be: "Shall the resolution be adopted?" On final action, bills and
12 resolutions may be bulked together for roll call unless objection be made
13 by any Senator.

14 **Rule 35. Final Passage by Yeas and Nays.** The question upon the
15 final passage of a bill and every concurrent resolution for amendment of
16 the constitution of Kansas or ratification of an amendment to the
17 Constitution of the United States shall be taken by a roll call vote of the
18 yeas and nays, which shall be entered on the Journal, and unless the bill
19 or concurrent resolution receives the number of votes required by the
20 constitution to pass it, it shall be declared lost, except in cases provided
21 for in Rule 36 (relating to the absence of a quorum).

22 **Rule 36. No Quorum on Final Vote – Effect.** If, on taking the vote
23 on final action on a bill or concurrent resolution, it shall appear that a
24 quorum is not present, then the bill or concurrent resolution shall retain
25 its place on the Calendar and shall again be considered for final action
26 when that order of business is again taken up by the Senate.

27 **Rule 37. Roll Call Vote.** A roll call vote shall be taken upon all
28 questions upon the demand of five Senators.

29 **Rule 38. Call of Senate – When Made – How Enforced.** (a) A call of
30 the Senate may be had upon the demand of five Senators, pending a roll
31 call on the final passage of any bill or resolution, or on any motion to
32 strike the enacting clause of a bill or the resolving clause of a resolution,
33 or indefinitely postpone any bill or resolution, and before the result is
34 announced. When a call is demanded, the President shall order the doors
35 of the Senate to be closed and all members to be in their seats unless
36 excused by the President. The President shall direct the Secretary to call
37 the roll of the Senators and note the absentees, after which the names of
38 the absentees shall be again called, and those for whose absence no
39 sufficient excuse is given may be sent for and taken into custody by the
40 Sergeant at Arms, or by Assistant Sergeants at Arms appointed for the
41 purpose, and brought before the bar of the Senate, where unless excused
42 by a majority of the Senators present, they shall be reprovved by the
43 President for the neglect of duty.

1 (b) No motion to dispense with further proceedings under the call of
2 the Senate shall be entertained until the President shall be satisfied that
3 the Sergeant at Arms has made diligent effort to secure the attendance of
4 the absentees.

5 **Rule 39. Roll Call Votes.** Every Senator in the Senate chamber when
6 a roll call is taken shall respond clearly and audibly when the Senator's
7 name is called. If there is a call of the Senate, the Senator must vote Yea
8 or Nay, except as provided in Rule 19 (Senators excused from voting if
9 directly interested in the question). When there is no call of the Senate,
10 the Senator may pass and shall be recorded in the Journal as present and
11 passing. After the roll is completed and before the roll is closed, a Senator
12 may change such Senator's vote. No vote shall be recorded and no change
13 in vote may be made without unanimous consent of the Senate after
14 announcement by the presiding officer that the roll is closed. No motion
15 shall be in order during a roll call vote except as provided under Rule 34
16 for final action on bills and concurrent resolutions and except for a call of
17 the Senate.

18 **Rule 40. Committee of the Whole.** On motion the Senate may go
19 into Committee of the Whole. The President shall appoint a chairperson
20 to preside over the Committee of the Whole. The rules of the Senate shall
21 be observed in the Committee of the Whole, so far as applicable except
22 that there shall be no limit on the number of times of speaking and Rule
23 38 (authorizing a call of the senate) shall not apply. A motion to lay on the
24 table or a call for the previous question shall not be in order. No substitute
25 motion to amend a bill or resolution shall be in order. A substitute motion
26 to report a bill or resolution to the full Senate once made shall be decided
27 subject only to debate and Rule 50 (motion to strike the enacting or
28 resolving clause). A roll call shall be had on any question subject to the
29 requirements of Rule 37.

30 **Rule 41. No Quorum in Committee of the Whole – Procedure.** If at
31 any time, when in Committee of the Whole, it be ascertained that there is
32 no quorum present, the chairperson shall immediately vacate the chair
33 and report the fact to the President.

34 **Rule 42. How Bills or Resolutions Considered – Committee of the**
35 **Whole.** Bills or resolutions shall be considered in Committee of the
36 Whole in the following manner: The standing committee report shall first
37 be considered and if it is adopted the bill or resolution as amended by the
38 committee report shall be considered section by section, and as each
39 section is considered, amendments from the floor are in order to that
40 section. If the committee report is not adopted, the bill or resolution,
41 without committee amendments, shall be considered section by section,
42 and as each section is considered amendments from the floor are in order
43 to that section. After a section has been considered, no amendment

1 thereto shall be in order until the whole bill or resolution has been read
2 through. After the original bill or resolution, together with standing
3 committee amendments, has been considered section by section the
4 chairperson shall announce "Amendments to the bill (or resolution)
5 generally are in order," and amendments not before offered may be made
6 to any part of the bill or resolution. A motion to amend the bill or
7 resolution shall not be in order while a motion to strike the enacting
8 clause or resolving clause is pending.

9 **Rule 43. Amendments.** (1) Amendments to bills shall be germane to
10 the subject of the bill being amended, and the fact that an amendment is
11 to a section in the same chapter of the Kansas Statutes Annotated as an
12 existing section in the bill shall not automatically render the amendment
13 germane. Amendments to concurrent resolutions for amendments of the
14 constitution of Kansas or ratification of an amendment to the Constitution
15 of the United States shall be germane to the subject of the resolution
16 being amended.

17 (2) All amendments to bills or resolutions shall be submitted in
18 writing on a form provided by the Senate or on a form substantially
19 similar. All amendments to printed bills or resolutions shall specify the
20 page and line number as shown on the printed bill or resolution. If a bill
21 or resolution has not been printed, amendments must refer to the typed
22 bill or resolution. All amendments adopted shall be recorded in the
23 Journal. The action taken on all amendments, whether adopted or
24 rejected, shall be recorded in the Journal. When a bill or resolution has
25 been amended, it shall be engrossed before it is enrolled.

26 (3) In the case of amendment by substitute bill or by substitute
27 concurrent resolution, motion shall be made to substitute a written bill or
28 concurrent resolution for the bill or concurrent resolution under
29 consideration.

30 (4) A motion to amend a motion to amend a bill or resolution shall
31 not be in order.

32 (5) Unless by majority consent to correct an error in drafting, no
33 amendment to increase the amount of expenditures that would be
34 authorized in a provision of an appropriations bill shall be in order unless
35 the amendment contains a provision reducing, by a like or greater
36 amount, expenditures that would be authorized in another provision of
37 such appropriations bill. Those portions of a motion to amend a bill as
38 described in this subsection shall be indivisible.

39 **Rule 44. Report of Committee of the Whole Subject to**
40 **Amendment – Time for.** The report of the Committee of the Whole is
41 subject to amendment to correctly reflect what has occurred in the
42 Committee of the Whole by motions made at the time the report is offered
43 for adoption by the Senate. When a bill is reported with the

1 recommendation that the enacting clause be stricken, and the report is
2 agreed to by the Senate, the bill shall be considered killed.

3 **Rule 45. Motion for Committee of the Whole to Rise and Report**
4 **Progress.** A motion that the Committee of the Whole shall rise and report
5 progress on any bill shall always be in order and shall be decided without
6 debate, and the matter being considered shall be the first order of business
7 at the next session of the committee, subject to such postponement as the
8 subsequent Committee of the Whole may determine. After a motion to
9 rise and report progress has been adopted, the Subcommittee on Calendar
10 of the Committee on Organization, Calendar and Rules may change for
11 the resumption of the current session of the Committee of the Whole the
12 order of consideration of bills and resolutions.

13 **Rule 46. Division of the Senate.** Whenever a voice vote has been
14 taken upon any question in either the Senate or the Committee of the
15 Whole, any Senator may call for a division of the Senate or Committee of
16 the Whole.

17 **Rule 47. Bills and Resolutions to Final Action.** When the Committee
18 of the Whole shall favorably report a bill or resolution, and the report is
19 adopted by the Senate, the bill or resolution shall be considered as
20 ordered to the order of business Final Action. The vote upon the final
21 passage of the bill shall not be taken on the same day on which the bill is
22 placed on Final Action. Bills and resolutions to be sent to the House shall
23 be properly corrected under the supervision of the Secretary of the
24 Senate. The Secretary of the Senate is authorized to correct misspelled
25 words, punctuation and "doublets" or repeated words when preparing
26 bills, resolutions or other documents for signature by officers of the
27 Senate and House.

28 **Rule 48. Bills and Resolutions – Inclusion of Amendments.** When a
29 bill or resolution is amended, the Secretary of the Senate shall attach to
30 the original copy all amendments made in the Senate. Substitute bills and
31 substitute concurrent resolutions shall accompany the bill or concurrent
32 resolution for which each is substituted. Upon passage, Senate bills or
33 resolutions, including the original copy and amendments, shall be
34 transmitted to the House.

35 **Rule 49. Reports of Transmittals in Journal – Committee –**
36 **Reports.** Report of transmittal of bills and resolutions to the House shall
37 be immediately entered upon the Journal.

38 **Rule 50. Motion to Strike Enacting or Resolving Clause – Debate**
39 **Limited.** No Senator may speak more than twice on a motion to strike the
40 enacting clause of a bill or the resolving clause of a resolution, and no
41 other motion, except a motion to adjourn, shall be in order until the
42 motion to strike the enacting clause or resolving clause has been decided
43 by roll call vote.

1 **Rule 51. Two-thirds Vote Not Necessary Except on Final Passage**
2 **of Resolution.** When a resolution requiring a vote of 2/3 of the Senate for
3 adoption is under consideration, a vote of 2/3 shall not be needed to
4 decide any question short of its final passage, except as provided by these
5 rules.

6 **Rule 52. Bills and Resolutions Considered in Regular Order.** The
7 Subcommittee on Calendar of the Committee on Organization, Calendar
8 and Rules shall designate from day to day and from time to time the bills
9 and resolutions to be considered that day and on the next legislative day,
10 and the order of consideration fixed by this subcommittee shall not be
11 changed, except by unanimous consent or by a 2/3 vote of all the
12 members of the Senate then elected (or appointed) and qualified, if
13 unanimous consent is refused, or as provided in Rule 45.

14 **Rule 53. Changing Order on Calendar.** Not more than one bill or
15 resolution may be named in a motion to change the order of the Calendar,
16 and on each motion no Senator except the Senator making the motion
17 shall speak more than once, nor longer than two minutes.

18 **Rule 54. Resolutions – Classes – Procedures Thereon.** Resolutions
19 shall be of the following classes: (1) Senate resolutions; and (2) Senate
20 concurrent resolutions. In acting on them, the Senate shall observe the
21 following procedure:

22 (1) Senate resolutions shall be in writing, shall be read and shall lie
23 over one day. Senate resolutions other than resolutions for the amendment
24 of rules of the Senate shall not be printed unless ordered by the Senate.
25 There shall be no roll call unless ordered. With the consent of the
26 majority of Senators present and voting, either the requirement to read
27 Senate resolutions or the requirement to lie over one day, or both, may be
28 dispensed with.

29 (2) Senate concurrent resolutions shall be in writing, shall be read by
30 title, and shall lie over one day. All Senate concurrent resolutions shall be
31 printed, and shall require a roll call on motion to adopt. Propositions to
32 amend the constitution shall be made by concurrent resolution and
33 referred to the proper committee. Other concurrent resolutions may be
34 referred to a proper committee by the President.

35 (3) Notwithstanding any other rule of the Senate to the contrary, no
36 Senator shall request and be the primary sponsor of more than three
37 Senate resolutions or concurrent resolutions which congratulate,
38 commemorate, commend, honor or are in memory of any individual,
39 entity or event during a legislative session of the Senate, except upon
40 approval of the President.

41 All House concurrent resolutions, when in the Senate, shall follow the
42 same procedure as Senate concurrent resolutions.

43 This rule shall not apply to resolutions relating to the business of the

1 day, nor to resolutions for organization or adjournment.

2 **Rule 55. Confirmation of Appointments by Governor or Other**
3 **State Official.** All nominations or appointments made by the governor or
4 other state official, which are subject to Senate confirmation, may be
5 considered and acted upon by the Senate in either executive or regular
6 session except that no final action thereon may be taken in executive
7 session. When nominations or appointments are made by the governor or
8 other state official for confirmation by the Senate, they shall, unless
9 otherwise ordered by the President, be referred to appropriate committees
10 by the President. Nominations or appointments referred to committees
11 shall be returned to the Senate within 20 legislative days after the same
12 are referred, together with a report thereon, unless additional time be
13 granted by a majority vote of senators present. If the nomination or
14 appointment is not returned to the Senate within the period of time
15 specified for its return and additional time has not been granted, the
16 nomination or appointment shall be considered to be returned to the
17 Senate without recommendation on the next legislative day following the
18 last day of the period of time specified for its return. Any such
19 appointment may be considered and acted upon by the Senate at any time
20 after the nomination or appointment is returned to the Senate. The
21 chairperson of the committee which recommends for confirmation a
22 nomination or appointment may speak more than twice on the same day
23 on the subject of the nomination or appointment. No motion to confirm
24 any such appointment or nomination shall be in order without the
25 unanimous consent of the Senate until the nomination or appointment is
26 returned to the Senate, unless one day's previous notice thereof is given in
27 open session or by posting the appointments or nominations to be
28 considered near the entrance to the Senate chamber. Appointments shall
29 be confirmed by the Senate only by an affirmative vote of a majority of
30 all members of the Senate then elected (or appointed) and qualified.

31 **Rule 56. Admittance to Floor – Lobbying on Floor – Galleries.** No
32 person shall be admitted to the floor of the Senate except elective state
33 officers; members of the Legislature; friends of the members of the
34 Senate, upon invitation signed by the President and the Senator extending
35 the invitation; former members of the Senate, officers and employees of
36 the legislative branch, and members of the news media who are actually
37 employed, and who have a card of admission from the President. The
38 Senate by resolution, may issue such invitations as it desires. Persons so
39 admitted must stay in the perimeter of the Senate chamber except with the
40 express permission of a member of the Senate. No one registered with the
41 Secretary of State as an agent or lobbyist may be on the floor of the
42 Senate during the hours of 9:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. nor at the time the
43 Senate is in session. No person, other than a state officer or employee of

1 the legislative branch or legislator, shall discuss any measure with any
2 Senator on the floor of the Senate during the time the Senate is in session.
3 Any person who violates this rule or any person who shall gain admission
4 to the floor of the Senate by false representation shall be forthwith ejected
5 from the Senate chamber and thereafter be denied admission. No
6 employee shall lobby for or against any measure pending in the Senate,
7 and any employee violating this rule shall be forthwith discharged.
8 Former members of the Senate may be introduced when on the floor, but
9 no other introductions shall be made during the session of the Senate,
10 except the President may announce the attendance of school students or
11 other groups visiting the Senate.

12 Visitors shall be allowed in one or both galleries of the Senate in
13 accordance with directions to the Sergeant at Arms from the President.

14 **Rule 57. Electronic Devices; Food and Drink; Photographic**
15 **Record of Vote; President's Gallery.** (a) The making of telephone calls
16 in the galleries of the Senate is prohibited. Except for security personnel,
17 the use of wireless electronic telecommunications devices emitting an
18 audible sound or tone to announce or initiate communications in a
19 committee room during any time when a committee or subcommittee is in
20 session in the room, in the galleries during any time when the Senate is in
21 session and in the Senate Chamber during any time the Senate is in
22 session is prohibited. The use of video recorders, cellular devices used as
23 a video recording device or other video equipment in the galleries is
24 prohibited, except for the official live feed of Senate proceedings or as
25 granted by permission of the President. Flash photography and the
26 possession of food or drink in the galleries is prohibited.

27 (b) No photographic or similar record shall be made of the vote of any
28 member upon any measure on which a division of the Senate has been
29 called, except that any photographic or similar record made by the official
30 live video feed of Senate proceedings, the credentialed media or as
31 granted permission by the President shall be permitted.

32 (c) The gallery located above the offices of the President and the
33 Majority Leader shall be considered the President's gallery. Enforcement
34 of this rule in the President's gallery shall be subject to the discretion of
35 the President.

36 **Rule 58. Chairs of Senators.** No person except a member of the
37 Senate, shall occupy the chair of any Senator at any time except with the
38 approval of and in the presence of a member of the Senate.

39 **Rule 59. The News Media.** Employees of the news media displaying
40 a card of admission from the President may only occupy space designated
41 for them in the Senate chamber. They shall be subject to all the rules of
42 the Senate and shall conduct themselves with proper decorum while in
43 the Senate chamber. They shall not lobby, directly or indirectly, for or

1 against any measure pending before the legislature.

2 **Rule 60. Secretary of Senate – Duties.** The Secretary of the Senate
3 shall be appointed by the President. It shall be the duty of the Secretary to
4 call the roll; report correctly the result of all votes; correct the Journal as
5 may be directed by the Senate; read all bills, resolutions, petitions or
6 other papers which the Senate may require; deliver all messages to the
7 House of Representatives; certify all enrolled bills and present same to
8 the President or Vice President of the Senate for signature; endorse upon
9 every paper presented in the Senate the successive stages of action had
10 thereon, and see that proper records are made of the transmission of every
11 paper from one house to the other, or from one office to another; and
12 attend generally to such other matters as the office may require. The
13 Secretary of the Senate shall deliver to the printer all bills and other
14 documents ordered to be printed and take the receipt of the printer
15 therefor. In order to secure a uniform and systematic procedure, the
16 following clerks and their assistants shall be under the supervision of the
17 Secretary: Assistant Secretary of the Senate, Journal Clerks, Calendar
18 Clerks, Enrolling Clerks, Bill Status Clerk, Reading Clerk and Bill Clerk.

19 **Rule 61. Impeachment.** The provisions of this rule shall apply to
20 impeachment, and nothing in the rules of the Senate or in any statute shall
21 impair or limit the powers of the Senate with respect to impeachment. In
22 addition to other powers, the President shall possess the powers and
23 perform the duties in this rule.

24 (1) The President shall call the Senate into session within 30 days of
25 the receipt by the President of any request by a board of managers of the
26 House of Representatives to lay articles of impeachment before the
27 Senate.

28 (2) The Senate by a majority vote of the members then elected (or
29 appointed) and qualified may adopt, amend or suspend rules applicable to
30 trial of any impeachment.

31 (3) The President and any officer or committee acting under
32 authority of this rule may follow any statutory procedure to the extent the
33 same is not in conflict with the provisions of this rule, but nothing in this
34 rule nor in any statute shall be deemed to constitute a waiver of any
35 inherent powers of the Senate.

36 **Rule 62. Sergeant at Arms – Duties.** The Sergeant at Arms shall be
37 appointed by the President, and shall serve under the President's
38 direction, control and supervision and at the President's pleasure and shall
39 execute all orders of the President or Senate. The Sergeant at Arms shall
40 have the general supervision of the Senate Chamber, the cloak rooms,
41 gallery and lobby, and shall preserve order within the chamber at all
42 times. The Sergeant at Arms may arrest and take into custody any person
43 gaining admission to the floor of the Senate through false representations

1 or violation of Rule 56 (listing persons authorized to be admitted to the
2 floor of the Senate). All violations shall be immediately reported to the
3 President for action by the Senate. No person except those entitled to
4 admittance on the floor of the Senate pursuant to Rule 56 (listing persons
5 authorized to be admitted to the floor of the Senate) shall lounge or loaf
6 in the Senate chamber when the Senate is not in session, and the Sergeant
7 at Arms shall detail at least one assistant to remain in the chamber at all
8 times when the same is open. The President may appoint and remove
9 Assistant Sergeants at Arms to serve under the supervision of the
10 Sergeant at Arms. All doorkeepers and night watchmen shall be Assistant
11 Sergeants at Arms.

12 **Rule 63. Requisitions for Printing.** All requisitions upon the Director
13 of Printing for calendars, bills, documents, and printed matter of any
14 nature whatsoever, must be approved by the Director of Legislative
15 Administrative Services.

16 **Rule 64. Employees – Duties.** All employees shall report each day to
17 their respective supervisors. The Director of Legislative Administrative
18 Services or some person designated by the director shall keep a record of
19 the attendance of each employee. The supervisor of an employee may
20 discharge the employee at any time. The word "employee" as used in this
21 section shall include all persons employed by the Senate, except the
22 secretaries of each of the members of the Senate and except the Secretary
23 of the Senate and Sergeant at Arms, which officers may be removed by
24 the President of the Senate.

25 **Rule 65. Pages.** Not more than 20 pages shall serve during any
26 legislative day. Appointments shall be restricted to boys and girls of
27 middle school, junior high or high school age.

28 **Rule 66. Secretaries to Members.** Each Senator shall be entitled to
29 select a secretary and shall inform the Director of Legislative
30 Administrative Services of the selection. The secretaries shall not be paid
31 for time they are not in attendance unless excused by their respective
32 Senators. From the convening of the Senate until adjournment on any
33 day, except during recesses, no Senator's secretary shall be stationed at
34 the Senator's desk, except that this provision shall not apply to the
35 administrative assistant designated by the President.

36 **Rule 67. Suspension of Rules.** (a) A motion to suspend the rules may
37 be made and considered under any order of business. A 2/3 affirmative
38 vote of all Senators then elected (or appointed) and qualified shall be
39 required for its adoption. The motion shall be decided without debate.

40 (b) A motion to declare an emergency, suspend the rules, and
41 advance a bill to Final Action shall be considered as one motion. It may
42 be made and considered immediately under any order of business, and be
43 debatable on the question of the emergency. A 2/3 affirmative vote of all

1 Senators then elected (or appointed) and qualified shall be required for its
2 adoption.

3 (c) A bill advanced to Final Action under subsection (b) which is not
4 considered during the legislative day on which it is advanced to Final
5 Action shall be placed on the next legislative day on the Calendar under
6 the order of business General Orders.

7 **Rule 68. Amendments to Rules.** No rule of the Senate shall be
8 adopted, amended or revoked without a 2/3 affirmative vote of all
9 members of the Senate then elected (or appointed) and qualified, and no
10 motion to adopt, amend or revoke any rule of the Senate shall be in order
11 without the unanimous consent of the Senate, unless one day's previous
12 notice thereof shall be given in open session.

13 Notwithstanding any provision of the rules of the Senate to the
14 contrary, no notice shall be required for the adoption of a resolution
15 adopting, amending or revoking any one or more rules of the Senate at
16 the commencement of a legislative session, and adoption of any such
17 resolution shall require only the affirmative vote of not less than a
18 majority of the Senators then elected (or appointed) and qualified, subject
19 to the following conditions: (1) The resolution is sponsored by the
20 President or any three Senators, and (2) either (a) a copy thereof is e-
21 mailed to each Senator not later than 11:00 p.m. on the Thursday
22 preceding the Monday on which the legislative session is to commence or
23 (b) in lieu of e-mailing copies of the resolution are made available to
24 Senators on the first day of the legislative session and Final Action is
25 taken on the second legislative day.

26 **Rule 69. Robert's Rules of Order.** In all cases where these rules or
27 the joint rules of the Senate and House of Representatives do not apply,
28 the rules of parliamentary law in Robert's Rules of Order Newly Revised,
29 11th edition, shall govern.

30 **Rule 70. Number Designation of Substitute Bills and Substitute**
31 **Concurrent Resolutions.** (a) Whenever a substitute bill is recommended
32 by a committee report, and whenever a substitute bill is approved by
33 amendment from the floor, the substitute bill shall be printed as provided
34 for bills introduced, and the bill number designation shall be substantially
35 as follows:

36 (1) In the case of bills substituted for Senate bills, "Substitute for
37 Senate Bill No. _____," and the blank shall be filled with the number
38 of the bill for which substitution is made or recommended.

39 (2) In the case of bills substituted for House bills, "Senate Substitute
40 for House Bill No. _____," and the blank shall be filled with the
41 number of the bill for which substitution is made or recommended.

42 (b) Whenever a substitute concurrent resolution is recommended by
43 a committee report, and whenever a substitute concurrent resolution is

1 approved by amendment from the floor, the substitute concurrent
2 resolution shall be printed as provided for concurrent resolutions
3 introduced, and the resolution number designation shall be substantially
4 as follows:

5 (1) In the case of concurrent resolutions substituted for Senate
6 concurrent resolutions, "Substitute for Senate Concurrent Resolution No.
7 _____," and the blank shall be filled with the number of the concurrent
8 resolution for which substitution is made or recommended.

9 (2) In the case of concurrent resolutions substituted for House
10 concurrent resolutions, "Senate Substitute for House Concurrent
11 Resolution No. _____," and the blank shall be filled with the number of
12 the concurrent resolution for which substitution is made or recommended.

13 **Rule 71. General Rule Not to Read Amendments.** Amendments to
14 bills or resolutions shall not require readings as for bills introduced or
15 resolutions introduced, except as otherwise provided in Rule 72 (subject
16 matter of bill or resolution materially changed by senate amendment) or
17 Rule 73 (subject matter of senate bill or resolution materially changed by
18 house amendment).

19 **Rule 72. Subject Change by Senate.** Whenever an amendment
20 adopted by the Senate has materially changed the subject of a bill or
21 resolution, the title of the bill or resolution so amended shall be read in
22 the manner prescribed for the introduction of bills or resolutions, and take
23 its place upon the Calendar under the order of business Final Action.

24 **Rule 73. Subject Change by House.** Whenever the House adopts
25 amendments to a Senate bill or senate concurrent resolution which
26 materially changes its subject, upon return of such bill or resolution to the
27 Senate, the title of such bill or resolution shall be read in the manner
28 prescribed for the introduction of bills or resolutions and such bill or
29 resolution shall be referred as provided in Rule 32 (reference of bills and
30 resolutions).

31 **Rule 74. Determination of When Subject of Bill or Resolution**
32 **Materially Changed.** The President may determine when a bill or
33 resolution is subject to Rule 72 (subject matter of bill or resolution
34 materially changed by senate amendment) or Rule 73 (subject matter of
35 senate bill or senate concurrent resolution materially changed by house
36 amendment). The President's determination under this rule, that a bill or
37 resolution has been materially changed is subject to an appeal to the
38 Senate by any member. A 2/3 vote of the members of the Senate present
39 and voting shall be required to overturn the ruling of the chair. The vote
40 on an appeal to the Senate under this rule shall not be a roll call vote.
41 Every appeal under this rule shall be taken without debate.

42 **Rule 75. Executive Reorganization Orders.** When an executive
43 reorganization order is received from the Governor, it shall be referred to

1 an appropriate committee by the President. The committee to which an
2 executive reorganization order is referred shall report its
3 recommendations thereon, by recommending adoption of a Senate
4 resolution, not later than the 60th calendar day of any regular session and
5 not later than 30 calendar days after it has received such referral
6 whichever occurs first. If a committee fails to report upon an executive
7 reorganization order within the time specified in this rule, such committee
8 shall be deemed to have returned the same to the Senate without
9 recommendation. When a report or return of an executive reorganization
10 is made, it and all resolutions for approval or disapproval thereof shall be
11 made the special order of business in accordance with Rule 6 (special
12 order of business) at a time not later than the last day the executive
13 reorganization order may be disapproved under section 6 of article 1 of
14 the Constitution of Kansas. The Senate shall act to approve or reject
15 every reorganization order unless at the time set for such action the House
16 of Representatives shall have already rejected such executive
17 reorganization order.

18 **Rule 76. Censure or Expulsion.** Whenever three or more Senators
19 desire to lodge a complaint against any other Senator requesting that the
20 Senator be censured or expelled for misconduct, the complaining
21 Senators shall sign and file a written statement of such complaint with the
22 Secretary of the Senate. In such event, the President shall appoint a select
23 committee for consideration thereof composed of five Senators, no more
24 than three of whom shall be members of the same political party, and
25 none of whom shall have signed the complaint to be considered. The
26 select committee may dismiss the complaint after inquiry or may set the
27 matter for hearing. Reasonable notice and an opportunity to appear shall
28 be afforded the Senator against whom a complaint has been filed. Select
29 committees meeting under authority of this section shall be authorized to
30 meet and exercise compulsory process without further authorization,
31 subject only to the limitations and conditions prescribed in article 10 of
32 chapter 46 of Kansas Statutes Annotated. Upon completing its hearing
33 and deliberations thereon the select committee may dismiss the complaint
34 or may submit a recommendation to the full Senate for censure or
35 expulsion, and upon receiving such report the Senate may without further
36 hearing or investigation censure or expel the member against whom the
37 complaint was filed. Censure or expulsion of a Senator under this rule
38 shall require a 2/3 majority vote of those members elected (or appointed)
39 and qualified.

40 **Rule 77. Taking from the Table.** The affirmative vote of a 2/3
41 majority of all Senators then elected (or appointed) and qualified shall be
42 required for the adoption of a motion to take any question or proposition
43 from the table after the adoption of a motion to table or lay such question

1 or proposition on the table. The provisions of this rule shall apply to
2 motions both in standing committees and the Senate.

3 **Rule 78. Placing Material on Members' Desks.** No items or material
4 shall be placed upon the desk of any member of the Senate unless any
5 such item or material bears the signature or name of the Senator
6 responsible for its distribution. This Rule 78 shall not apply to items or
7 material provided by legislative staff, the Governor or state agencies.

8 **Rule 79. Decorum.** During the time the Senate is in session
9 professional dress is required on the floor of the Senate, which shall
10 include a coat, tie and slacks or other dress pants for men and equivalent
11 professional dress for women.